Census 61, P. No. 111

M. Int. 86
800

POPULATION CENSUS OF PAKISTAN 1961

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORT

KOHAT

PARTS I—V

GENERAL DESCRIPTION, GENERAL TABLES, HOUSING TABLES
POPULATION TABLES AND VILLAGE STATISTICS

COMPILED AND ISSUED UNDER THE AUTHORITY
OF
MINISTRY OF HOME & KASHMIR AFFAIRS
(Home Affairs Division)
GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN

CENSUS ORGANISATION, PAKISTAN

OFFICE OF THE CENSUS COMMISSIONER, KARACHI

	From	To
Mr. M. H. Sufi, C.S.P., Census Commissioner	15-6-59	22-10-59
Mr. R. D. Howe, M.B.E., S.Q.A., C.S.P., Census Commissioner	23-10-59	5-3-61
Mr. A. Rashid, C.S.P., Census Commissioner and *Ex Officio* Joint Secretary	6-3-61	24-1-63 —

CENSUS ADVISER

Col. E. H. Slade, M.B.E., M.C., F.I.S.	3-2-61	12-6-62
Mr. Lowell T. Galt	13-6-62	—

DY. CENSUS COMMISSIONER

Mr. N. Shamsi	24-7-59	31-8-62

O.S.D. (CENSUS)

Mr. Mohammad Hafiz Sheikh	3-9-62	—

DIRECTORATE OF CENSUS, EAST PAKISTAN

Mr. A. Rashid, C.S.P., Provincial Director of Census ..	14-3-60	2-3-61
Mr. H. H. Nomani, S.K., E.P.C.S. (Retd.), Provincial Director of Census	4-4-61	15-1-63 —
Mr. B. Ahmed, E.P.C.S., Joint Director of Census, Dacca Zone and H.Q.	3-11-59	31-1-63 —
Mr. P.A. Nazir, C.S.P., Joint Director of Census, Chittagong Zone	24-3-60	15-5-61
Mr. M. B. Alam, E.P.C.S., Dy. Director of Census, Rajshahi Zone	5-4-60	31-5-61
Mr. A. K. Choudhury, E.P.C.S., Dy. Director of Census, Jessore Zone	15-4-60	23-2-62
Mr. Ruhul Ameen, E.P.C.S., Dy. Director, Machine Sorting Centre, Dacca	6-12-60	—

DIRECTORATE OF CENSUS, WEST PAKISTAN

Mr. Aslam Abdullah Khan, C.S.P., Provincial Director of Census	2-11-59	15-1-63 —
Mr. S. M. Sharif, P.C.S. (Retd.), Dy. Director of Census, H.Q.	15-1-60	—
Mr. K.M.A. Samdani, C.S.P., Joint Director of Census, Peshawar Zone	6-4-60	31-5-61
Mr. A. Majid, P.C.S., Joint Director of Census, Hyderabad Zone	29-2-60	30-6-61
Mr. Ghulam Hussain, Dy. Director of Census, Quetta Zone	29-2-60	31-3-62

DIRECTORATE OF CENSUS, KARACHI

Mr. Agha Mustafa Qasim Qizilbash, Dy. Director of Census, Karachi	4-2-60	1-1-62

MACHINE SORTING CENTRE, KARACHI

Mr. W.A. Abbasi, Asstt. Director, Machine Sorting Centre, Karachi	15-9-60	—

FOREWORD

The "district" in Pakistan is the basic unit of administration and the focal point of all social, cultural, economic, administrative and developmental activities. This administrative reality was made the key-note of the publication programme of the 1960 Housing Census and 1961 Population Census. Accordingly, a separate report for each of the 62 Districts and 6 Agencies was included in that programme. The idea originated in June 1960 with my predecessor in office Mr. R. D. Howe, MBE, SQA, CSP, ably supported by his Deputy Mr. N. Shamsi. As initially conceived the District Census Report was to have been in 8 parts, namely:—

Part I	..	Geography and brief history of the administrative district.
Part II	..	General Information.
Part III	..	Housing and Household Statistics.
Part IV	..	Vital Statistics.
Part V	..	Cottage Industries.
Part VI	..	Population Statistics
Part VII	..	Village Lists.
Part VIII	..	Maps.

It was intended that the Village List should also include the complete location code number of every village and a fairly complete description of each block. Part VIII—Maps—was intended to include, besides the maps of the district, all urban area maps which have been collected and made up-to-date during the census operations. Recognizing that it was a very big task, Mr. Howe, while asking for the views of the Provincial Directors of Census, frankly said : "Admittedly, it is an ambitious project, but in my opinion the labour involved will not be out of all proportion to the tremendous value of the end product."

The first reaction of the Provincial Directors was not favourable. They thought that the Zonal Officers did not have the time and necessary background to do justice to Part I—'Geography and brief history of the administrative district'. Meanwhile, Mr. S.M. Ikram, C.S.P. Member, Board of Revenue, West Pakistan, got interested in the District Census Reports and he hoped that "in spite of obvious difficulties the Distt. Census Reports should be enlarged and converted into handy and business-like District Decennial Gazetteers". Mr. Ikram's idea was pursued for some time but when it was found that the rewriting of Gazetteers involved far greater efforts outlay and much longer time than Census could afford, the Census Organisation reverted to the original plan of a brief narrative for Part I.

It was planned that the Zonal Census Officers would write short notes on the history, geography and a few administrative activities of the district after the Big Count was over in 1961. The Zonal Census Officers were actually busy in the field collecting the preliminary reports and consolidating them for inclusion in the provisional census results of Pakistan till he en l of February, 1961. The work on the writing of the descriptive part was not therefore started until the middle of March 1961. I took over from Mr. Howe in the beginning of March 1961 and, although, initially, like Mr. Aslam Abdullah Khan, Provincial Director of Census, West Pakistan, I was myself hesitating from a sense of inadequacy to undertake such a big project, it did not take me long to be

convinced about the tremendous value of presenting the district in all its aspects in a handy volume for the use of planners, administrators and the general public. After much consideration and consultation the scope of the Reports (except for the Agencies) was narrowed down to the following five parts only—

Part I	..	General Description.
Part II	..	General Tables.
Part III	..	Housing Tables.
Part IV	..	Population Tables
Part V	..	Village Statistics.

For various administrative reasons the reports for Agencies will be much shorter without the Housing Tables and Village Statistics but they will contain information about different Tribes and their social and economic life.

It was actually Part I, General Description, which called for the greatest amount of labour, research and co-ordination by the Census Officers at various levels. As stated earlier, there were some views that this part should have been more or less an up-to-date version of the encyclopaedic District Gazetteer. As against it there were advocates in the Census Organization of cutting it to the bare bones and present only a short description of the geography, natural resources and the administrative system of the district. I found it necessary to strike a middle course between these two extreme views and after much consideration the "General Description" was planned to contain the following chapters—

Chapter I	..	History, Geography and Administration.
Chapter II	..	People and Their Environments.
Chapter III	..	Important Places.
Chapter IV	..	District Headquarter Town.

I must admit that the inclusion of the last three chapters is my idea as I felt that this would constitute a special contribution of the Census Officers to the total information about the districts. Population Census is admittedly the most comprehensive national stock-taking that a country embarks upon from time to time. The main object of census is no doubt taking an accurate count of the people according to their various demographic and social characteristics. In the process of census taking, however, a mass of related and ancillary information is collected, directly or indirectly, by the census-taker. The 'Census Officer', to use the generic term, applied to all those who were appointed to take the census, travelled widely and observed closely all manner of men and lands, thereby gaining valuable knowledge of the physical features, agriculture, industry, public health, communications, housing and above all of the way of life and cultural pattern of the people. I had no doubt in my mind that these officers could pool their knowledge and write out a short account of the people and their environments, the important places they saw and the district headquarter town in which they worked with great deal of confidence and accuracy. Despite various limitations, particularly lack of reference material and shortage of time, the Zonal Census Officers wrote out the draft Reports in time.

The Part I—General Description—of these Reports is essentially a compilation rather than a fully original writing. The very nature of the assignment left hardly any choice but to make the well-documented and authoritative District Gazetteers the main source of this compilation. The sections on physical features, geography, geology, climate, river and mountain systems, flora, fauna, history are largely adaptations from the relevant District Gazetteers. These have, of course, been modified, revised and enlarged wherever necessary to make the information up-to-date and factual. The Zonal Officers also toured

the districts extensively and consulted revenue and executive officers as well as well-informed local people about facts and statistics given in every section. The sections on Agriculture, Irrigation, Communication, Industry, Administration, Medical and Health, Education and Land Reforms are mostly original writings but do not fail to include relevant information from District Gazetteers not rendered obsolete by passage of time. The section on the Basic Democracies is an entirely new feature giving a brief pen-picture of the revolutionary concept of national and local administration as working in practice. The reports drafted by the Zonal Officers were sent to the respective Deputy Commissioners for scrutiny and comments. The object of routing the reports through the Deputy Commissioners was to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the facts and figures. The Deputy Commissioners, busy as they were with their multifarious co-ordinating and developmental activities, found time not only to check the drafts but in almost all cases also to add their personal contributions in several sections, thereby making definite improvements in the text.

The chapter on "The People and their Environments" is an attempt at a sociological and demographic study of the district. This was added in September 1961 when the Zonal Officers had already left the scene. As no specific instruction was given to the Zonal Officers earlier in this regard, their treatment of the demographic features was casual and incidental. The Deputy Commissioners were, therefore, asked to rewrite the sections on races and tribes, dress, dwelling houses, food and health, betrothals and marriages, births and deaths, religion, customs and usages, main and subsidiary occupations, and cultural pattern of the people. In these sections the District Gazetteers again played an important part but from their intimate knowledge of the district the Deputy Commissioners and their Revenue Assistants threw new and interesting light on the life and activity of its people. In several districts these sections have been entirely re-written.

The chapter on the "District Headquarter Town" was added much later and the help of the Assistant Directors of Census in charge of and Sorting Centres was very much welcomed at that stage for writing a brief account of these towns. This chapter is, in fact, an original contribution of the Census Officers.

It was not found administratively feasible to include in these Reports all the maps that the Census Organisation had collected during the census operations. I quite realise that the inclusion of urban area maps would have enriched these volumes but due to the overriding considerations of economy and time these had to be left out. Maps are, however, an integral part of any report that claims to present a comprehensive picture of the district and keeping this point in view two maps of the district have been included in these Reports. One of the maps is in colour showing the district by sub-divisions/Tehsils and such details as railways, roads, canals, rivers, hills and mountains, district, subdivision and Thana headquarters and important places. The other map is in black and white showing the industrial establishments and agricultural products of the district in symbols and letters. There is one feature in the District Census Reports which, to our knowledge, has not been included in any previous census or gazetteer publications. I refer to the photographs of the people and the land in which they live and work. Simultaneously with my request to the Deputy Commissioners for the report on the "People and Their Environments", they were asked to take suitable photographs of the people, young and old, their activities in the field and at home, the typical landscapes and the places of historical importance and of scenic beauty.

The photographs thus collected are in themselves a storehouse of information and provide ample material for a general study of demographic and economic characteristics of the country. For lack of space, we have been able to reproduce only a part of the photographs but we hope they are fairly representative of the people and their surroundings.

All the officers engaged in the original drafting of the various sections and chapters of Part I "General Description" of these reports gave commendable performance. It is no reflection on the merit of their work that despite their sincere and wholehearted work these drafts had to be thoroughly edited at the level of the Provincial Directors and Census Commissioner. The Provincial Directors have in their 'Introduction' related their experience in revising, enlarging or condensing, adjusting and checking the wealth of information already supplied in these draft reports. While doing so, they undertook extensive tours of the districts and brought their knowledge and experience to bear upon the final shape of the information given. I also felt it necessary to take extensive tours in the different sectors of our big and widely separated country and made demographic and economic investigation into representative facts. The District Census Reports of West Pakistan came under the thorough scrutiny of Mr. Aslam Abdullah Khan, Provincial Director of Census, while I gave only general editorial guidance. So far as East Pakistan Reports are concerned, I am glad to take the responsibility of large scale editing of the various chapters and sections. I was emboldened to do so by the fact of my association with the district, and sub-divisional administration of that Province for nearly a quarter of a century and also by the knowledge I had acquired during my extensive tours of every single Census District of the Province in the year 1960 in connection with the organization of the census.

For a small census organisation consisting of barely half a dozen officers at the top, publication of a District Census Report for each of the sixty-two districts and six agencies is undoubtedly a huge undertaking. We are painfully conscious of our shortcomings and limitations. None of my colleagues who produced the General Description of the Report claim to be a scholar "with a flair for penmanship"—a quality which Mr. Ikram desired in a writer of gazetteers—yet all of them took up the challenge cheerfully and did their very best to complete the job once undertaken. Ours is a modest effort which by no stretch of imagination can replace the excellent gazetteers. We were at one stage tempted to call Part I of the Report —a Brief Gazetteer—but we saw the peril in time and named it—General Description—which it really is. I would request the readers not to look for the details or merits of a gazetteer in these volumes but I do hope that until gazetteers are extensively rewritten, these will be found useful as up-to-date reference materials.

Mr. Aslam Abdullah Khan shook off his initial hesitation and in spite of his full-time occupation as Secretary, Basic Democracies, West Pakistan, thoroughly revised the descriptive portions of the Reports. In particular, his intimate knowledge of the Frontier areas and the districts of Quetta and Peshawar Divisions has enriched the reports of these districts. Mr. H. H. Nomani, M.A., S.K., who has varied experience of the district administration of East Pakistan as District Magistrate and Deputy Commissioner has also taken pains to go through the reports closely and given his valuable suggestions for their improvement. Mr. Aslam Abdullah Khan and Mr. H. H. Nomani stood solidly by me at all times of stress and strain and I am deeply grateful to them for their valuable help.

I must also place on record my deep appreciation of the energetic, intelligent and painstaking editing of all the District Census Reports of East Pakistan by Mr. Bahauddin Ahmed, Joint Director of Census, East Pakistan. He brought to bear in his writing and compilation a sharp insight and wide research into the history, geography and lives of the people of the districts. Mr. Sheikh Muhammad Sharif, Deputy Director of Census, Headquarter, West Pakistan, did an equally good job in the preliminary editing of these reports and in helping his Director by collecting reference material. I have also great pleasure in thanking Messrs P. A. Nazir, CSP, K.M.A. Samdani, CSP,A. Majid, PCS, B. Ahmed, EPCS, B. Alam, EPCS, Ghulam Husain, and A.K. Chowdhury, EPC, Zonal Census Officers who laid the foundation of this unpretentious but laborious work of census reporting. As Karachi did not form part of the West Pakistan Province until some time after the conclusion of enumeration the descriptive part of the Karachi report was compiled independently by Mr. Agha Mustafa Qasim Qizilbash, Deputy Director of Census, Karachi. He undertook a very laborious research in order to collect accurate and up-to-date information about the various aspects of Karachi life. His task was rendered all the more difficult by the fact that no separate gazetteer for Karachi as such had been written ever before. He continued to display devoted enthusiasm and gave much material help for this report even after his reversion to his parent department. I must thank him for his deep devotion to duty and his unfailing co-operation. I also highly appreciate the services of Mr. Mohammed Hafiz Shaikh, Officer on Special Duty, Census, who gave me material support in recasting and editing this report.

Mr. Ruhul Amin, Deputy Director of Machine Sorting Centre, Dacca, and Mr. W.A. Abbasi, Assistant Director of Machine Sorting Centre, Karachi, showed a high degree of technical skill and organizing ability in producing the Housing CensusTables with such a mass of details. I highly value their contribution to the success of the District Census Reports and extend to them my heartiest thanks. Messrs Akhlaque Hosain Kazi and Jalaluddin Ahmed Chowdhury, Assistant Directors of Compilation Centre, Lahore and Dacca, played a similarly important role in giving the final shape to the Population Tables. Part IV of this report bears ample testimony to their ability and hard work. The Statistical Officers Mr. Haq Nawaz Shaikh at Lahore, and Mr. Riaz-ud-Din at Dacca also made substantial contribution to the accuracy of the Population Tables and Village Statistics by their steady, painstaking and intelligent statistical work. The Assistant Directors of Hand Sorting Centres who compiled the report for the district towns deserve my special thanks as they were asked to do something which was beyond the normal call of their duty and they did it without the slightest murmur. My special and grateful thanks are due to Colonel E. H. Slade, MBE, MC, FIS, who had been with the Census Organisation as Census Adviser till May, 1962, for his ungrudging help in planning the final get-up of the District Census Reports. I feel at a loss to think what I would have done without his active guidance in the preparation of the coloured and black and white district maps as well as in selecting the proper symbols for the local details included in the Village Statistics. Besides being a distinguished statistician, he was also an artist-cartographer. He drew out the master copies of the maps with his own hand and wrote out the instructions for their printing. He had to leave us before the Reports came out in print but I hope he will be statisfied with the result. We are immeasurably indebted to him for his wise

counsel and help. I am also thankful to his successor, Mr. Lowell T. Galt, head of the United States Statistical Advisory Service to Pakistan, for his keen personal interests in these reports and his encouraging comments and suggestions.

I have no words to adequately thank the officers and staff of the Central and Provincial Governments, various Ministries and Departments, the districts and sub-divisional officers and a host of other public-spirited men and women of our country who gave unstinted support, help and encouragement in the planning, preparation and publication of these Reports. In particular, I gratefully acknowledge the substantial help that the Chief Secretaries of the two Provincial Governments gave us by agreeing to let us have the photographs of the districts through their official photographers free of cost and by letting the District Officers write out the chapter on the "People and Their Environments," I am particularly happy to record that all the District Officers, in many cases assisted by their Revenue Assistants and Additional District Magistrates, enthusiastically took up this additional and unscheduled responsibility. The Secretaries, Information Departments and the Directors of Information of both the Provincial Governments rendered invaluable service in the matter of obtaining suitable photographs from far-flung corners of the districts. The Directors of Land Records and Surveys made our task easier by supplying up-to-date roads and places maps of the districts as well as area figures. The Surveyor-General of Pakistan has been equally generous with the supply of topographical and administrative maps. I also acknowledge with great pleasure our indebtedness to various newspaper articles, learned societies, journals, periodicals, university professors, social scientists, geographers and historians for the valuable information we collected from them for inclusion in the reports. I would also like to thank Mr. N.H. Khandker, Controller of Printing and Stationery, and Mr. Qasim Ali, Deputy Controller of Printing and Stationery, and the various printing presses, particularly the Ilmi Press, Lahore, for their technical know-how, unhesitating advice and prompt service at all stages of the printing of these Reports. Lastly, I must thank the staff of the Census Organisations in the Centre and the Provinces who worked untiringly to edit, check and verify these Reports statistically and aesthetically. The Statistical Section of my Office did a fine job in this regard and were ably assisted by a very good team of Draftsmen who produced the cover plates and the maps inside. In particular, I am grateful to Messers Safdar Husain and A. Sattar, Statistical Officers and Messrs Hasan Akhtar and Din Mohammed, Investigators, for careful and painstaking checking of the narrative portions of all the districts.

A RASHID, CSP.,
Census Commissioner, Pakistan
and Ex Officio Joint Secretary.

INTRODUCTION

The District Census Report of Kohat District is one of the 51 similar reports being published separately for each District and Agency of West Pakistan.

In the last Census, the statistical results of the Census were published in various Provincial and Central Reports. Thus there were separate reports for the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and Bahawalpur, Sind & Khairpur and Baluchistan Provinces. These reports did not provide data in a handy volume separately for smaller geographical and administrative units namely; the districts with the result that the district statistics which were collected at much labour and expense were lost in the statistical totals for larger areas for the Province as a whole.

The integration of the former Provinces and States into the unified Province of West Pakistan has further underlined the need for statistics on district basis, as the individual identity of districts tends to get lost in the statistical totals contained in the Provincial Statistical Report. Further, the growing importance of developmental activities undertaken by Government for smaller administrative and geographical areas has made it imperative that data in much greater detail for districts should be made available to the administrators, planners and experts for the purpose of planning and development. The Provincial and All-Pakistan Reports do not meet this requirement to the desired extent.

The "Village List" published for the first time in 1951 provided limited information for all villages in each district giving the total population, the number of houses and other local details. These volumes proved very usefull for the Government Departments and other non-official bodies and individual users.

The District Census Report now being brought out is a more ambitious project and attempts to present the statistical data for the district which is often dull and lifeless against the living background of its geography, history and its people. It is hoped that this volume will acquaint the reader with the district as a geographic, administrative and human entity, against which its statistics will acquire a new meaning and help present the district in all its aspects.

This report is in five parts, namely—Part I—General Description, Part II—General Tables, Part III—Housing Tables, Part IV—Population Tables compiled from the Population Census, 1961 and Part V—Village Statistics.

In Part I, an attempt has been made to give a general picture of the district on the lines of the old District Gazetteers, though within a much shorter compass incorporating the changes which have taken place since the time the Gazetteers were last published. The General Description includes brief paragraphs on geography and geology, flora and fauna, climate, brief history, administrative set-up, Health, Education, Communications, Basic Democracies, Agriculture and Industries, Land Reforms, the population and its composition, ethnological and demographical features, cultural pattern of the people, important places of interest, etc. It also contains a brief description of the district headquarters town. Besides, this Part also con-

tains maps and pictures which have been provided to enable the reader to have a clearer perspective of the district and its people.

Part II includes tables giving general information provided by sources other than Census. Inclusion of this Part was considered necessary in order to bring within one volume some general statistical information which, like the Census data, is commonly required by planners and administrators. The general information tables include data on rainfall, temperature, Irrigation, Industries, Dak Bungalows, Educational Institutions, Hospitals, Road, Basic Democracies, etc. These tables were collected from the Government Departments at the Provincial Headquarters and other Divisional and District Offices of some Departments. The data supplied by the Departments has been checked only for purposes of editing. While efforts have been made to eliminate all errors, the Census Organization is not responsible for the accuracy of the data presented in these Tables. In some cases data in respect of particular Tables was either not supplied in time or not in the required form. Such tables perforce have had to be omitted from this volume. My thanks are due to the Heads of various Departments and Offices for their ungrudging and prompt response. All these tables were carefully scrutinized by Mr. Haq Nawaz, Statistical Officer of my office and gone over by Mr. S.M. Sharif, Deputy Director before they were incorporated in this Report.

The Housing Tables which form Part III of this Report were entirely processed in the Machine Sorting Centre, Karachi. They were compiled and tabulated by mechanical operation on cent per cent basis for all urban areas, and on a 10% sample basis in the case of rural areas. The Housing Tables provide invaluable information about the housing conditions in both urban and rural areas, the number of occupied and unoccupied houses, congested houses, size and structural characteristics of the housing units, size of family and the size of households, etc. All this work was done in the Machine Sorting Centre at Karachi under the able direction of Mr. W.A. Abbasi, Assistant Director, Machine Sorting Centre, to whom my thanks are due for furnishing this part of the Report.

Part IV contains the Population Tables which are based on data collected during the Big Count in January, 1961. These Tables provide data about population for smaller administrative areas down to Tehsils by sex and religion, urban and rural population, the composition of the population by age, sex and marital status, literacy and by mother-tongue, birthplace and main economic activities. It may be noted that detailed cross-classification of the Non-Agricultural Labour Force by occupations and industry has been left to be done by machine-sorting and the result will be published separately in a set of tables especially designed for the purpose. The Population Tables have been extracted from the Provincial Tables pertaining to this District. They are based on the data collected on the Individual Census Schedules by a large army of Census field workers, viz., the Enumerators, Supervisors, Charge Superintendents, District Census Officers and Zonal, Deputy/Assistant Directors. The names of some officers of each category are given elsewhere in this Report. In the District of Kohat the Census was taken by 899 Enumerators, 126 Supervisors, 19 Charge Superintendents and 3 District Census Officers. After the field work was over records were sent by the District Census Officers to the Hand Sorting Centre, Peshawar which worked under the able guidance and control of Mr. A.U. Saleem, Assistant Director of Census, Incharge Hand Sorting Centre, Peshawar. Here the schedules were unstapled and sorted and re-sorted according to different characteristics,

in accordance with Sorting and Compilation instructions, issued from the office of the Census Commissioner, Pakistan. A large number of Sorters, Supervisors, Inspectors and Compilers worked on this tedious and difficult job under the inspiring leadership of Mr. A.U. Saleem. After the sorting operations were over the Record Sheets which were prepared for each tabulating region separately, were transferred to the Central Compilation Office at Lahore, where the data was compiled by Mr. Akhlaque Hosain Kazi, Assistant Director of Census (Compilation), West Pakistan. Thus the data contained in Part IV represents the cumulative efforts of a large army of workers, both paid and unpaid, to whom the Census Organization acknowledges a debt of deep gratitude, for without their efforts, there would have been no Census. I wish I could name all of them individually but that would require a volume in itself.

In Part V, a complete list of the villages of the district has been arranged by Tehsils, Qanungo Halqas and Patwar Circles. The Village Statistics give for each village, the Hadbast Number, area, total population by sex, total literates, total number of houses and house-holds. Besides the above, local details showing the location, Schools, Post and Telegraph Offices, Railway Stations, Police Stations, Union Council Offices, Dak Bungalows, Dispensaries and Hospitals, etc., have been shown by appropriate symbols. The Village Statistics were originally compiled in the Hand Sorting Centre, Peshawar, from the summaries prepared by the Census Supervisors and Charge Superintendents, The figures of population were thoroughly checked after physical counting of the individual enumeration schedules at the Circle Sort. The data about houses and households are based on the summaries prepared by the Charge Superintendents on the results of Housing Census conducted in September, 1960. These figures were checked and adjusted, where necessary, with reference to the results of the Machine tabulation done in Census Commissioner's Office, Karachi. The literacy figures have been taken from the summaries prepared by the Census Supervisors and Charge Superintendents after the "Big Count". The particulars of "Hadbast" numbers, and local details were obtained from the Deputy Commissioner. The area figures have been supplied by the Deputy Commissioner, Kohat and are based on revenue records. The Village Statistics were thoroughly scrutinised by the Statistical Officer in my office before incorporation in this Report.

The data presented have been arranged by Tehsils and in each Tehsil the Villages have been grouped by Field Qanungo Circles and within each Field Qanungo Circle by Patwari Circles. A summary giving the total population of the district with its distribution by sexes to the nearest thousand by Tehsils and number of Qanungo Halqas, Patwari Circles and Villages has been given at the beginning. Similar summaries by Field Qanungo Circles within each Tehsil indicating separately figures of urban localities have also been added.

Part I—General Description was compiled by Mr. A. U. Saleem, Assistant Director of Census, Peshawar. The chapters on 'People and their Environments' and 'Important Places' were written by Mr. F K. Bandial, Deputy Commissioner, Kohat. In preparing this Part they made extensive use of the District Gazetteer of Kohat and various other published materials. The draft was seen by Sh. Muhammad Sharif, Deputy Director of Census, West Pakistan, who enlarged it and added several useful suggestions. The Census Commissioner and Mr. Muhammed Hafiz Sheikh, Officer on Special Duty (Census) were kind enough to Spare enough time to edit this part of the

Report and I am grateful to them for their guidance, inspiration and help in giving a final shape to it. In its present form and content this part is the result of the cumulative efforts of Mr. A. U. Saleem, Mr Mohammad Hafiz Sheikh, Mr. S. M. Sharif and myself besides M. Rauf Ahmed Bhatti, my Stenographer, who typed several drafts of it. I am therefore, grateful to them all for their efforts.

The maps appearing in this volume were drawn in the Statistical Section of my office by Mr. Muhammad Saleem, Draftsman, under the close supervision and guidance of Mr. Haq Nawaz, Statistical Officer. Mr. Waheed Akhtar Sheikh, Statistical Assistant and of Sh. Muhammad Sharif, Deputy Director. I am grateful to them for the hard work they have put in for the preparation of these maps.

My thanks are also due to Sh. Niaz Ahmad of the Ilmi Press, Lahore, where these reports have been printed from the "master copies" prepared in my office, through the photo-offset process.

The photographs which appear in this volume have been obtained by the courtesy of the Director of Public Relations, West Pakistan and his staff and the Deputy Commissioner, Kohat to whom we are highly indebted.

I must express my gratitude to Mr. F.K. Bandial, Deputy Commissioner, Kohat, all Heads of Departments of the Government of West Pakistan, Mr. Ishfaq Ahmad, Revenue Assistant, and all subordinate revenue staff, who have rendered invaluable services in the collection and compilation of the Village Statistics and other data presented in this volume.

I must also record my appreciation for the hard work put in by Sh. Muhammad Sharif, Deputy Director of Census, West Pakistan, Mr. Akhlaque Hosain Kazi, Assistant Director of Census (Compilation) Lahore, Mr. A.U. Saleem, Assistant Director of Census, Hand Sorting Centre, Peshawar Mr. Haq Nawaz, Statistical Officer, Mr. Waheed Akhtar Sheikh, Statistical Assistant and other staff in my own office who have given unremitting pains in completing this volume for publication. It is hoped that this volume will be of benefit to the various Departments of Government and will also be useful as a reference material.

My thanks are also due to Mr. Lowell T. Galt, Statistical Adviser to the Government of Pakistan and Dr. James Maslowski, Adviser, Planning and Development Department, Government of West Pakistan, who were kind enough to visit the Compilation Centre and offer valuable advice and guidance at the crucial stages in which the data took the shape of comprehensible tables.

The idea of publishing comprehensive statistics for district collected in the 1961 Census had its beginnings in the Village List of 1951. The proposal was first made by Mr. R.D. Howe, in 1961. The idea was doggedly pursued and developed by Mr. A. Rashid, his successor, and the format, lay-out and plan of the present volume is due entirely to his vision, planning and perseverance in getting this project translated from a mere idea into reality. I must confess that I faltered and hesitated at many stages in completing this assignment as being too ambitious for Census, but his unflagging interest and inspiration made the publication of this volume in its present shape possible.

ASLAM ABDULLAH KHAN, C.S.P.,
Director of Census,
West Pakistan.

CONTENTS

Page

FOREWORD .. .. (*i*)

INTRODUCTION .. .. (*vii*)

PART I—GENERAL DESCRIPTION

KOHAT DISTRICT AT A GLANCE I-1

CHAPTER 1. GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY AND ADMINISTRATION I-3

1.1 Name—1.2 Location—1.3 Boundaries—1.4 Area—1.5 Physical Features and Topography—1.6 Geology—1.7 Flora—1.8 Fauna—1.9 Rivers and Nallahs—1.10 Mountains and Hills—1.11 Lakes and Marshes—1.12 Climate—1.13 Rainfall—1.14 History—1.15 Administration—1.16 Basic Democracies 1.17 Irrigation—1.18 Agriculture—1.19 Communications—1.20 Industries 1.21 Medical—1.22 Land Reforms.

CHAPTER 2. PEOPLE AND THEIR ENVIRONMENTS I-10

2.1 Population—2.2 Density—2.3 Urban/Rural Population—2.4 Languages and Literacy—2.5 Educational Levels—2.6 Ethnography—2.7 Deaths—2.8 Marriages—2.9 Dress—2.10 Food—2.11 Occupations—2.12 Amusements and Recreations—2.13 Fairs and Festivals.

CHAPTER 3. IMPORTANT PLACES I-18

3.1 Karak—3.2 Hangu—3.3 Thall—3.4 Fort Lockhart—3.5 Dhoda—3.6 Special Areas.

CHAPTER 4. KOHAT TOWN I-22

4.1 Location and Area—4.2 Population—4.3 General Climate—4.4 Education 4.5 Transportation and Roads—4.6 Trade and commerce—4.7 Banks—4.8 Medical—4.9 Parks—4.10 Rest Houses—4.11 Recreations—4.12 Press—4.13 Important Buildings—4.14 Historical Places.

PART II—GENERAL TABLES

TABLES		Page
1.	Temperature	II-1
2.	Rainfall	II-2-3
3.	Acres under crops	II-2-3
4.	Co-operative Societies	II-4-5
5.	Public Electric supply undertakings	II-6
6.	Rest Houses	II-7
7.	Forests	II-8-9
8.	Recognised Educational Institutions	II-10
9.	List of Post Offices	II-11-12
10.	List of Selected Factories	II-12
11.	Hospitals and Dispensaries	II-13-14
12.	Small Scale Industries	II-14
13.	Village Roads	II-15-16
14.	Roads	II-17

PART III—HOUSING TABLES

1.	Houses, Households, Persons in the household by sex and average number of persons per household and house—1960	III-2-3
2.	Occupied and Unoccupied Houses—1960	III-4-5
3.	Households by number of Persons and average number of persons per household and by Tenure—1960	III-4-5
4.	Households by tenure of premises occupied showing number of rooms and average number of rooms per Household—1960	III-6-21
5.	Households by tenure of premises occupied showing number of persons per room, 1960	III-22-23
6.	Occupied Houses by tenure showing principal material used in walls and roof—1961	III-24-25
7.	Occupied Houses According to structural type—1960	III-26-27
8.	Families by size and type—1960	III-28-29
9.	Families by number of Persons and average number of persons per family—1960	III-28-29
	Housing Census Register	Appendix III-A

PART IV—POPULATION TABLES

TABLES		Page
1.	Population by Sex, Area and persons per square mile—1951 and 1961 ..	IV-2-3
2.	Urban and Rural population—1951 and 1961	IV-2-3
3.	Population by Sex and Religion, of headquarters town, 1961 and Population by Religion, 1951	IV-4-5
4.	Population by Sex of Towns 1951 and 1961	IV-4-5
5.	Decennial changes in population of Towns 1901 to 1961	IV-6-7
6.	Population by marital status and Sex, 1951 and 1961	IV-8-9
7.	Population by age in completed years, by 5 years age-groups, Sex and Marital Status 1961	V-10-11
8.	Population aged 60 years and over by ten years Age-groups in completed years and Sex, 1961	IV-12-13
9.	Children aged 0—14 in completed months/years showing single month to 11 months, single year to 9 years and the age groups 10—11 and 12—14	IV-14-15
10.	Population by places of birth—1961	IV-16-17
11.	Population by religious groups—1951 and 1961	IV-18-19
12.	Population by Religious Groups and Sex, 1961	IV-18-19
13.	Disabled persons by Sex, Age Groups and Nature of Disability—1961 ..	IV-19
14.	Population by Mother Tongues and Sex-1961	IV-20
15.	Persons who commonly speak one or more of the Main Languages of Pakistan—1951 and 1961	IV-21
16.	Literate persons by Sex—1961	IV-22-23
17.	Literate persons, by Sex in Towns—1961	IV-22-23
18.	Literate persons by Religion and Sex—1961	IV-24-25
19.	Persons able to read and write, read only and Illterates, by Age and Sex—1961 ..	IV-24-25
20.	Persons able to read and write, read only and illiterates, by Age and Sex of Headquarters town 1961	IV-26
21.	Languages of Literacy, 1951 and 1961	IV-26-27
22.	Students who were attending schools, etc. at the time of Census, 1961 ..	IV-28-29
23.	Students who at the time of the Census were attending schools or colleges, showing educational age groups and sex—1961	IV-30-31
24.	Students who at the time of the Census were attending Schools, Colleges, Technical Educational Institutions or Maktabs, showing educational Age-Groups and Sex 1961	IV-32-33
25.	Educated persons by Sex and Age showing those still attending school/Colleges and those whose formal education had ceased, 1951 and 1961	IV-34-37
26.	Educated persons by Sex and Age showing those still attending school/Colleges and those whose formal education had ceased—1961	IV-38-39
27.	Educational levels (Highest Grade passed) 1961	IV-40-41

PART IV—POPULATION TABLES—*Contd.*

TABLES		Page
28.	Holders of Certificates, Diplomas and Professional Degrees—1961	IV-42-43
29.	Owners of agricultural land, by Age and Sex—1961	IV-42-43
30.	Population by Economic Activity—1961	IV-44-45
31.	Population by Economic Activity—1961. (Rural)	IV-44-45
32.	Population by Economic status, Age-Groups and Sex, 1961	IV-46-47
33.	Occupations of the Agricultural Labour Force—1961	IV-46-47
	Enumerators Booklet and Schedule	Appendix IV-A

PART V—VILLAGE STATISTICS

	Page
Introduction	V-1
Summary Table by Tehsil	V-5
Summary Table by Qanungo Halqas and Urban Localities	V-6
Kohat Tehsil	V-7
Urban Localities	V-7
Ustarzai Payan Qanungo Halqa	V-7
Garhi Nawaz Khan Qanungo Halqa	V-9
Gumbat Qanungo Halqa	V-11
Lachi Bala Qanungo Halqa	V-12
Karak Tehsil	V-16
Urban Localities	V-16
Thati Nasrati Qanungo Halqa	V-16
Karak Qanungo Halqa	V-19
Hangu Tehsil	V-20
Urban Localities	V-20
Thal Qanungo Halqa	V-20
Hangu Qanungo Halqa	V-21

CENSUS ORGANISATION, WEST PAKISTAN

A—Enumeration Period District Census officers	(*i*)
B—Post Enumeration Period, Officers-in-charge, Hand Sorting Centre	(*xi*)

LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

		Facing Page
1.	Kohat Fort	Frontispiece
2.	Circuit House, Kohat	I-6
3.	Cattle Fair.	I-6
4.	A model of the Tando Dam Project to be built near Kohat on Kohat Toi (River). The Dam will be completed in about 2 years time and will cost Rs. 4 crores. It will provide irrigation to about 32,500 acres	I-7
5.	Though old but still going strong	I-7
6.	An adult male working in the field	I-8
7.	Typical landscape of the District	I-8
8.	A typical family of the District going on a journey in their usual means of transportation	I-9
9.	A typical dwelling house	I-9
10.	A young boy below ten years of age in his usual home dress ..	I-12
11.	A young girl below ten years of age in her work-a-day dress ..	I-12
12.	A mother with her infant baby	I-13
13.	Another mother with her infant baby	I-13
14.	An Adult male in his usual dress	I-14
15.	A Pathan enjoying *Hukka*	I-14
16.	Bus Stand, Kohat	I-15
17.	National Bank of Pakistan, Kohat	I-15
18.	Town Hall, Kohat	I-20
19.	District Courts, Kohat	I-20
20.	Government High School, Kohat	I-21
21.	Polo ground with an Army memorial in the fore-ground ..	I-21
22.	Kohat Tehsil building	I-22

23. General Post Office, Kohat I-22
24. A shopping centre in Kohat I-23
25. Grain Market, Kohat I-23
26. Municipal Gardens, Kohat I-24
27. Gymkhana Club, Kohat I-24
28. Municipal Library, Kohat I-25

LIST OF MAPS

Facing Page

1. District Map .. ..Inner back title
2. Agriculture and Industrial Map I-10

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORT

KOHAT

PART-I

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

COMPILED BY

A. U. SALEEM

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF CENSUS,

PESHAWAR

AND

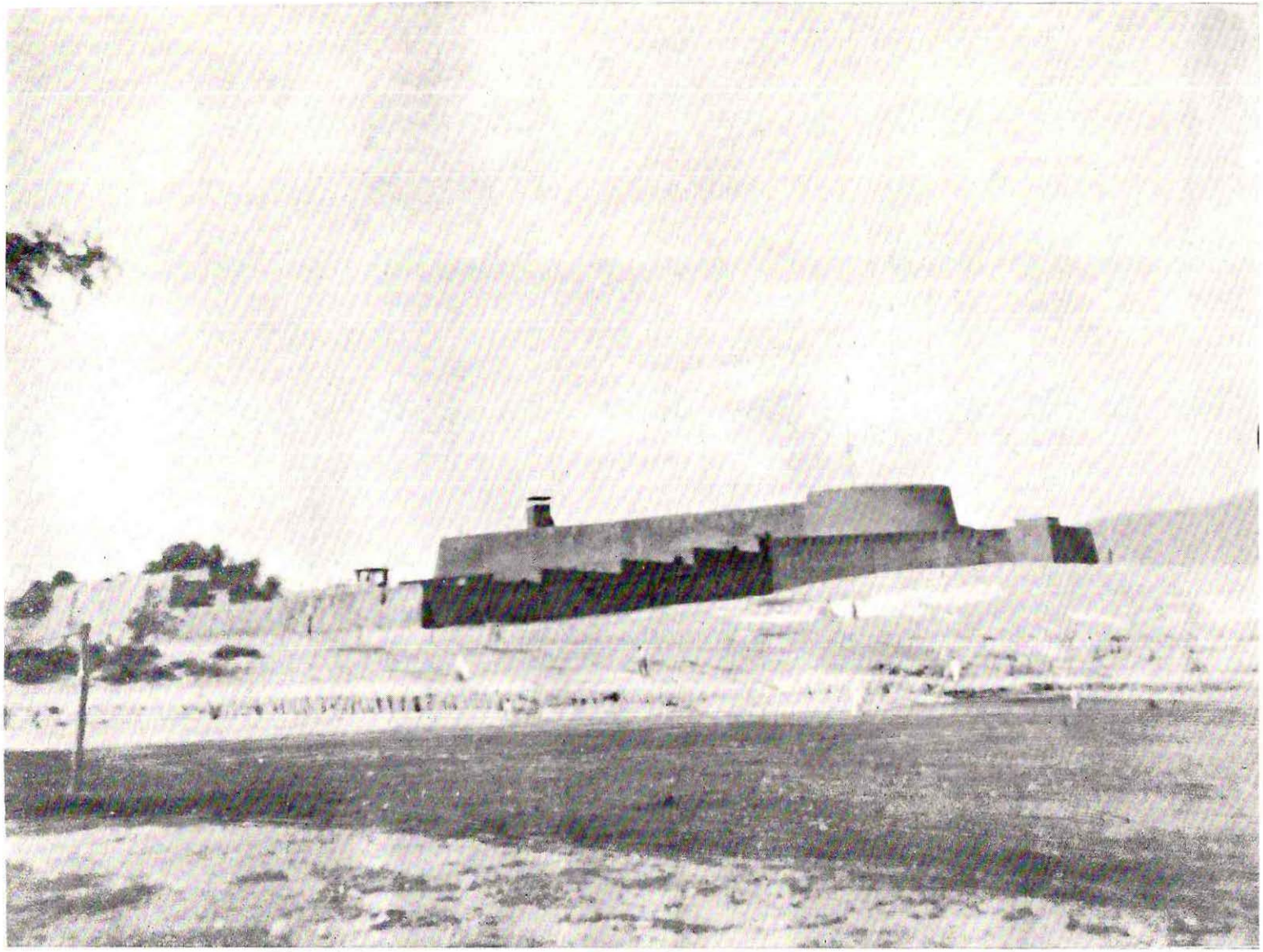
MUHAMMAD SHARIF SHEIKH, T.K., P.C.S. (Rtd.)

DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENSUS, WEST PAKISTAN

LAHORE

CONTENTS

		Page
KOHAT DISTRICT AT A GLANCE ..		I-1
CHAPTER 1—GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY AND ADMINISTRATION		I-3
CHAPTER 2	PEOPLE AND THEIR ENVIRONMENTS	I-10
CHAPTER 3	IMPORTANT PLACES	I-18
CHAPTER 4	KOHAT TOWN	I-23



Kohat Fort.

KOHAT DISTRICT AT A GLANCE

1.	AREA	.. 3,473 sq. miles.
2.	POPULATION	.. 6,27,795 persons.
3.	DENSITY	.. 181 persons per sq. mile.
4.	SEX RATIO (FEMALES TO 1,000 MALES)	951
5.	LITERACY	.. 11.73%
6.	CLIMATE	.. Moderate in summer, fairly cold in winter.
7.	MAIN CROPS	.. Wheat, Bajra, Gram, Maize, Jawar and Rice.
8.	MAIN LANGUAGES SPOKEN	.. Pushto, Punjabi and Urdu.
9.	TRIBES, IF ANY	.. Pathans, Awans, Khattak, Bangash and Orakzai.
10.	ECONOMY	.. Agricultural.
11.	UNIVERSITY, COLLEGES & SCHOOLS	
	Colleges	.. 1
	High Schools	.. 17
12.	COMMUNICATION	
	Metalled Roads	.. 185 miles
	Un-Metalled Roads	.. 232 miles.
	Railways	.. Two Railway lines pass through the District.
13.	INDUSTRIES	.. Cottage Industry products are *Baan* making, mats, *Chappals*, Arms and Ammunition.
14.	IMPORTANT PLACES	.. Karak, Hangu, Thall, Fort Lockhart, Dhoda.
15.	ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISIONS	
	(*a*) Tehsils	.. Kohat, Karak and Hangu.
	(*b*) Qanungo Halqas	.. 8
	(*c*) Union Councils	.. 29
	(*d*) Municipal Committee	.. Kohat
	(*e*) Town Committees	.. 2
	(*f*) Villages	.. 289

CHAPTER 1

GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY AND ADMINISTRATION

1.1 NAME.

The early history of the district of Kohat is found in the traditions which date back to the times before the Emperor Babur invaded this part of the country. It is said that in Buddhist times two Rajas named, Adh and Kohat settled along the northern border of the district. Raja Kohat gave his name to the town of Kohat and Raja Adh to the ruins of an old fort on the hill side north of Muhammadzai, a village 4 miles to the west of Kohat. It is thus the district of Kohat got its name.

1.2 LOCATION.

The district lies in longitude 30°48′ and 33°45′ N and latitudes 70°30′ and 72°1′ E.

1.3 BOUNDARIES.

The district is bounded—

On the north by Peshawar district and the Afridi and Orakzai hills;

On the north west by Orakzai Tirah; On the South West the hills of Wazirs;

On the south D. I. Khan district from which it separates Trans-Indus by Bittanis range;

On the east by the Indus river.

1.4 AREA.

The total area of the district is 3,473 sq. miles. Its position in respect of area in Pakistan is 36th and 29th in West Pakistan.

1.5 PHYSICAL FEATURES & TOPOGRAPHY.

The district consists of a succession of ranges of broken hills whose general trend is east and west, and between which lie open valleys, seldom more than 4 or 5 miles in width. These ranges are of no great height, though several peaks attain an altitude of 4,700 or 4,900 feet. As the district is generally elevated, Hangu to the northward being 2,800′ and Kohat, its head-quarter, 1,700′ above sea-level, the ranges rise to only inconsiderable heights above the plain. The general slope is to the east, towards the Indus, but on the south-west the fall is towards the west into the Kurram river.

The most fertile part is the Hangu Tehsil, which comprises the valley of Lower and Upper Miranzai. The rest of the district consists of ranges of hills much broken into spurs, ravines, and valleys, which are sometimes, cultivated but more often bare and sandy.

1.6 GEOLOGY.

There is no accurate record of the scientific investigation about the Geology of the district. The northern hills are of lime-stone, the southern half of the district consists of nummulitic limestones and hard rocks of gypsum series. The bulk of strata, however, consists of sandstone. The special feature of Geology of the district are enormous beds of rock salt at the Chata Ismail Khel, Bahadur Khel and Karak.

(*a*) Minerals.

The entire district of Kohat is generally

hilly and mountaneous and is supposed to be rich in mineral deposits. However, no proper survey of the mineral wealth of the district has so far been made. The known minerals are the salt deposits, at Chata Ismail Khel, Bahadur Khel and Karak and the limestone deposits scattered throughout the district.

1.7 FLORA.

Kohat is pre-eminently the country of Olive and Mulberry. The gurgulla is very common all the north of the district. On the hill sides the bog myrtle and snatha is found. The rohira grows near Hangu. In unirrigated parts of the district trees are scarce. A few *ber* trees are generally found near the villages. In cultivated area Mulberry is very common. Among smaller shrubs the *badza* and the *Marwandi* are the commonest.

1.8 FAUNA.

Some wolves and Leopards are found, the former in the plains, the latter in the mountainous tracts. The Jackals are common. As regards game birds the common grey partridge, *chakor* and *sisi* are common. Quail are plentiful in their season. Obara and sand grouse visit the district in the cold weather. The only good place for ducks is the Khaud lake near Shakardarra. In the Kurram and Kohat Toi the principal fish is the *Mahasher*.

1.9 RIVERS AND NALLAS.

No river passes through Kohat district and the principal streams are the Kohat and Teri Tois (Streams), both tributaries of the Indus, and the Shkalai which flows in the Kurram. The Kohat Toi has a small perennial flow which disappears before it reaches the town of Kohat, but the stream reappears some miles lower down and thence flows continuously to the Indus. The Teri Toi has little or no perennial flow and the Shkalai is also small, though perennial. The length of Kohat Toi from its source is about 90 miles upto Indus while the length of Teri Toi is about 60 miles.

1.10 MOUNTAINS AND HILLS.

The district consists of a succession of ranges of broken hills whose general trend is east to west and between which lie open valleys, seldom more than 4 or 5 miles in width. None of these attain any great altitude. The Cherat, Nilab, Mirkh, Wali, Swanai Sar, Miran Dai, and Lawaghar ranges are all nearly of the same height. The only Hill 5,000 feet high is Jalala Sar in the Cherat range and all other ranges have peaks varying from 4,700 to 4,900 feet.

1.11 LAKES AND MARSHES.

The whole district seen from a height has the appearance of having formed a series of lakes divided by parallel ridges and connected by narrow defiles but the only one lake worth mention is situated at Dhand near Shakardara. It is about a quarter of a mile long. There are no marshes in the district.

1.12 CLIMATE.

The maximum and minimum temperature of the district is shown in the table below:—

	Maximum Mean	Minimum mean	Average
Summer ..	100.7	79.3	90.0
Winter ..	71.8	48.4	60.1
Spring ..	76.1	57.2	66.1

The district as a whole lies high, and the hot season, though oppressive, is short, and the spring and autumn months are pleasant. The winter is very cold, and a cutting west wind, known as the Hangu breeze, blows down the Miranzai Valley to Kohat for weeks together. Owing to the great extremes of

heat and cold, pneumonia is common, but malaria fever is the chief cause of mortality.

1.13 **RAINFALL.**

The monsoon rains do not usually penetrate as far as Kohat and the rainfall is very capricious. Average rainfall during the past five years has been 21.09".

1.14 **HISTORY.**

The early history of the district of Kohat is found in the traditions which date back to the times before the Emperor Babar invaded this part of the country. The first historical mention of the district occurs in his Memoirs. The district was then, as now, divided between the Bangash and Khattak branches of the Pathan race, the Bangash occupying the Miranzai Valley, with the western portion of Kohat, while Khattaks held the remainder of the eastern territory up to the bank of the Indus. Some historians, however, do not recognise Bangash as Pathans. According to tradition the Bangash were driven from Gardez in the Ghilzai country, and settled in the Kurram valley about the fourteenth century. From there they spread eastward and occupied the Miranzai and Kohat region after ousting the Aurakzais. The Khattaks are said to have left their native home in the Suleiman mountains about the 13th century and settled in Bannu. Then on account of a quarrel with the ancestors of the Bannuchis, they migrated about 200 years later to their present domains in Kohat.

Since the raid of Babur in 1505, the district of Kohat had a chequered history until the British settled it. In 1738 Nadar Shah invaded India and passed through Peshawar district. A portion of his army is said to have marched to Bannu via Kurram and Buland Khel. District Kohat thus escaped invasion. Kohat, however, became a part of the Durrani Empire in 1747 but authority was exercised only through the Bangash and Khattaks Chiefs. Early in the nineteenth century, Kohat and Hangu formed a governor-ship under Sardar Samad Khan. In 1828 the sons of Sardar Samad Khan were driven out by the Peshawar Sardars. About 1834 the Sikhs occupied the country but found themselves unable to levy revenue from the mountaineers. Ranjit Singh, therefore, placed Sultan Mohammad Khan in a position of importance at Peshawar, and made him a grant of Kohat, Hangu and Teri. Thus the Sikh abandoned Kohat and their garrison at Teri was at the same time destroyed by the Khattak Chief Rasul Khan. From 1836 to 1842 Sultan Mohammad Khan remained Jagirdar and Ruler of Kohat. In 1848 the 2nd Sikh War broke out, as a result of which Col. George Lawrence, the British Officer at Peshawar, took refuge at Kohat, but Sultan Muhammad Khan played him false and delivered him over as a prisoner to the Sikhs. At the close of the campaign, Sultan Mohammad Khan and his adherent retired to Kabul and the district along with the Punjab was annexed to the British dominions. At annexation the western boundary was left undefined; but in August, 1851, Upper Miranzai was formally annexed by proclamation. In March 1858 it was finally decided that the Kurram river was to form the western boundary of the district, thus excluding the Buland Khel on the opposite bank.

The war of independence of 1857 had its repercussions in Kohat district also. The progress of events in the rest of the Punjab necessarily reacted on the people and created considerable excitement amongst them. Englishmen had to face many difficulties in administering the district. The famous disturbances are the Bazoti troubles (1867-1869) , the disturbance in Tirah, Kohat Pass troubles (1875-1877) and Jawaki expedition (1877-78). Hardly was the Jawaki affair

over when the Afghan War commenced which created disturbances in the district. Similarly the Waziri expedition of 1880 and Burk disturbances are famous. Later when in 1901 the North West Frontier was formed into a separate Province Kohat became one of its districts.

In 1947 when Pakistan came into being this district also became a part of Pakistan along with the other districts and Agencies of the old Frontier Province.

Kohat is one of the 4 districts of Peshawar division and is the southern most. It comprises 3 tehsils namely, Kohat, Karak and Hangu. Apart from the settled area the district has a tribal belt attached with it which includes the famous Adam Khel Pass. There has been little change in the boundaries or the area of the district since Independence.

1.15 ADMINISTRATION.

The district is under the general charge of a Deputy Commissioner, who combines the functions of District Magistrate as well as Collector. He is also responsible for the coordination of the functions of all nation-building departments in the district. On the judicial side he is assisted by six Magistrates while on the revenue side he is assisted by a Revenue Assistant with a Tehsildar and a Naib-Tehsildar in each Tehsil. For revenue administration the district is divided into 3 Tehsils namely, Kohat, Karak and Hangu, who have their tehsil headquarters at these respective places.

The police administration is vested in the District Superintendent of Police, who is assisted by two Deputy Superintendents of Police, on the executive side. For police administration the district is divided into 12 police stations. Each police station is under the charge of a Sub-Inspector with one or two Assistant Sub-Inspectors of Police.

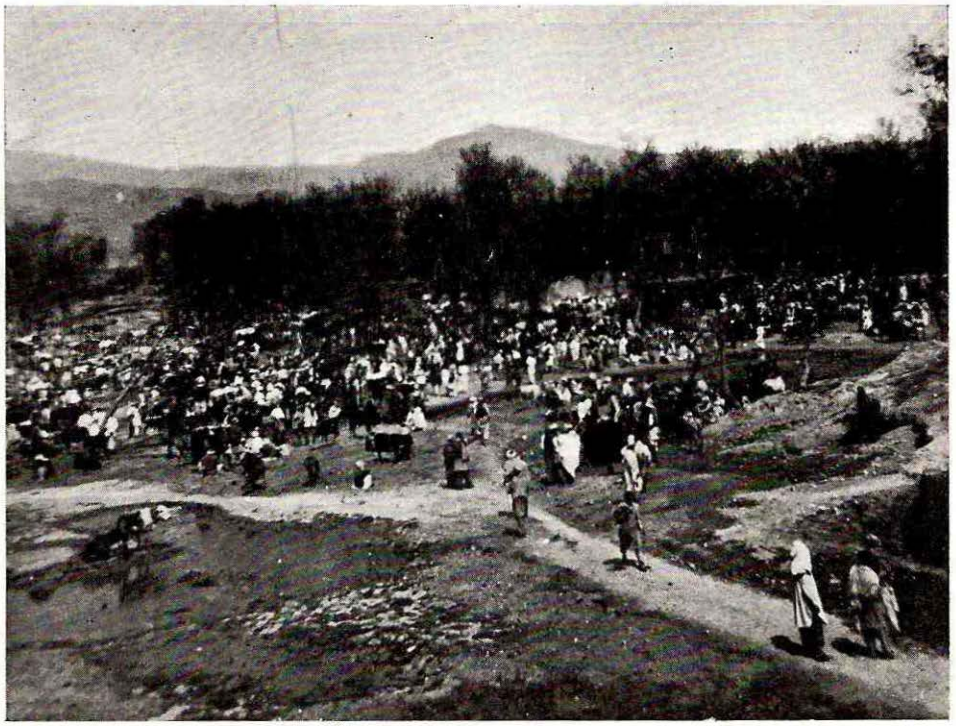
The judicial administration of the district is under a Senior Sub-Judge, who is assisted by one Sub-Judge.

The set-up of other departments in the district is as follows:—

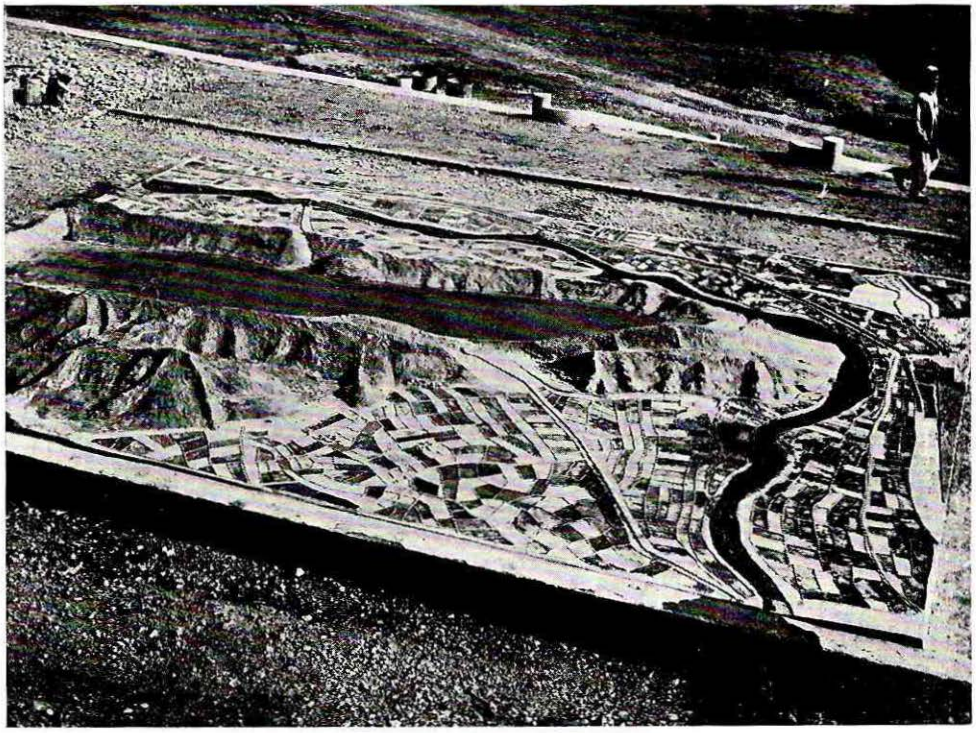
1.	Agriculture	.. Extra Assistant Director.
2.	Animal Husbandry.	.. Assistant Director, Animal Husbandry.
3.	Cooperative	.. Assistant Registrar of Cooperative Societies.
4.	P.W.D. (B & R).	.. Executive Engineer.
5.	P.W.D. (Irrigation).	.. Sub-Divisional Officer.
6.	Public Health.	.. Assistant District Health Officer.
7.	Medical	.. Civil Surgeon.
8.	Industries	.. Industrial Development Officer.
9.	Forests	.. Divisional Forest Officer.
10.	Education	.. District Inspector of Schools.
11.	Food	.. District Food Controller.
12.	Fisheries	.. Assistant Warden of Fisheries.
13.	Basic Democracies.	.. Assistant Director of Basic Democracies.
14.	Excise & Taxation.	.. Excise and Taxation Officer.
15.	Income-tax	Income Tax Officer.
16.	Central Excise & Customs.	.. Superintendent of Central Excise & Customs at Mardan.
17.	Postal	.. Assistant Superintendent, Post Offices.



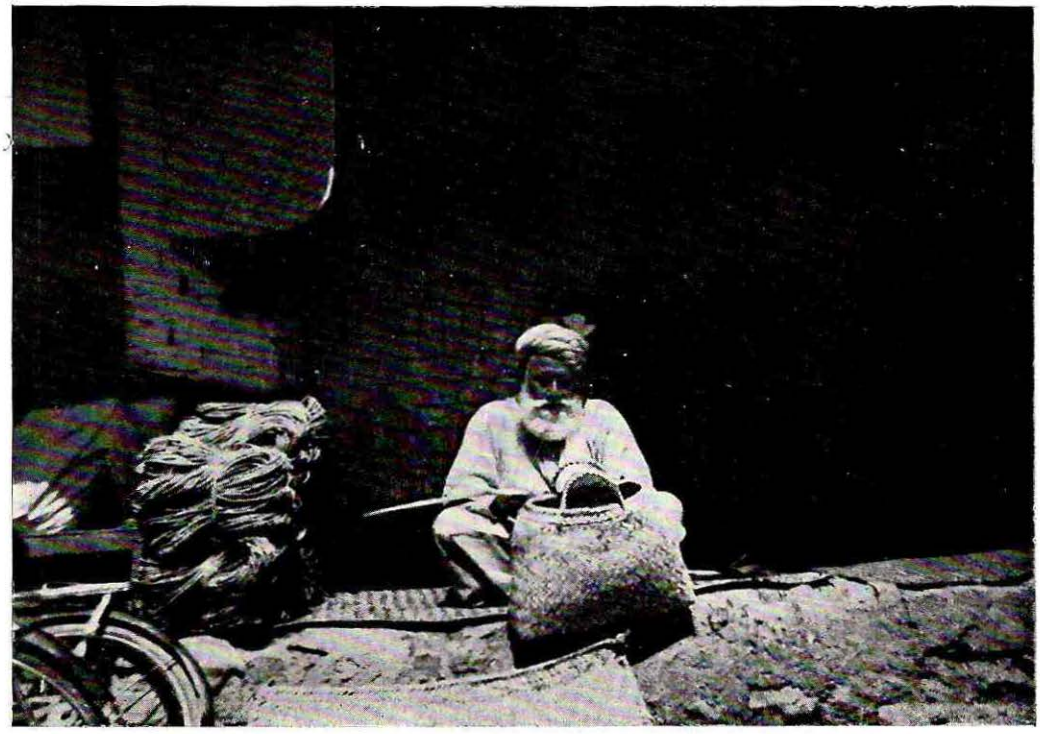
Circuit House, Kohat.



Cattle fair.



A model of the Tando Dam Project to be built near Kohat on Kohat Toi (River). The Dam will be completed in about 2 years time and will cost Rs. 4 crores. It will provide irrigation to about 32,500 acres.



Though old but still going strong.

1.16 **BASIC DEMOCRACIES.**

One of the most far-reaching and momentous reforms of the Revolutionary Regime was the introduction of Basic Democracies. The election to the Basic Democracies were held in early 1960. These institutions have created unprecedented social and political awakening among the masses, who are now eagre to come to grips with the problem of poverty, illiteracy and disease in the rural areas. One of the principal aims of the Basic Democracies is the association of the people with the administration at each level and making the functionaries of Government accountable to the elected representatives of the people. The tiers of the Basic Democracies with their structure and composition is indicated in the table below:—

Name of Council	Number	Total	Total number of members		
			Elected	Appointed	Official
1. District Council ..	1	43	—	22	21
2. Tahsil Councils ..	3	59	—	59	—
3. Union Councils ..	—	441	299	142	—
4. Town Committees ..	2	19	13	6	—

The name and the number of Municipal Committees with their structure and composition is given below:—

Name	No. of Union Committees	Total number of members	
		Elected	Appointed
Kohat	5	51	2
One Union Committee Kohat Cantonments.	—	13	—

The District Council consists of 43 members of whom 22 are appointed and 21 are official members. The representatives of all the Departments in the district are members of the District Council.

1.17 **IRRIGATION.**

Most of the cultivated area in the district is *barani* and there are practically no artificial means of irrigation in the district. Attempts have been made from time to time to sink tube-wells at various places. The area right from Kohat city and Jungle Khel to Kathmatu owes its irrigation to Jungle Khel springs.

Tando Dam Project.

For supplementing the inadequate rainfall which serves agriculture, the farmer in Kohat Valley has tried to exploit all the potential resources which include some natural springs and the perennial flows of the Kohat Toi. Here and there, persian wells have also been installed but the limited ground-water potential does not make large

scale development of this type a feasible proposition. The Kohat Toi by and large remains the principal source of water for agricultural purposes in this region but here too the flood water which constitute the major component of this source is wasted during the summer months, as there are no means now available of holding it back for subsequent use in the lean months.

The present scheme is designed to conserve these summer flood flows for throughout the year and thereby provide some measure of permanent irrigation.

The present Project plan has been developed after a careful investigation by Water and Power Development Authority. Briefly the construction features of the Project are:—

1. A 113-foot high earthen dam at the mouth of the dry off channel basin farming the reservoir, having a live storage capacity of 64,800 acre feet.

2. A weir in the Kohat Toi which will divert flood flows into a 3,000 cusecs feeder canal emptying into the reservoir through a 10 feet diameter inlet tunnel.

3. Outlet works for releasing water from the reservoir for irrigation—consisting of a 10-foot diameter concrete-lined pressure tunnel, controlled by two 42-inch diameter Howell Bunger valves.

4. A spilway to protect the dam from over-topping, consisting of a 30-foot uncontrolled weir discharging through a 10-foot diameter concrete lined tunnel.

5. A distribution system for delivery of irrigation water consisting of a concrete-lined main canal and unlined distributaries and minors.

6. A drainage system, mostly deferred until the need therefore is confirmed, consisting of such facilities as are required to control the level of the water table and prevent waterlogging.

The Tando Dam has been designed to feed irrigation supplies to an area of 32,500 acres located in Kohat valley at a cost of Rs. 4½ crores.

1.18 AGRICULTURE.

The major crops of the district are Wheat, *Bajra*, Gram and Maize. *Jowar* and Rice come next.

The local variety of wheat is poor in quality and it does not respond to local manure. Experiments have, however, been made to evolve new varieties. On an average, wheat occupies an area of about 1,72,973 acres annually.

Gram is grown over an area of 25,459 acres.

Maize is sown almost exclusively in the *Barani* areas of Hangu Tehsil. The total area cultivated by this crop is 23,854 acres.

Bajra is mostly grown in Karak Tehsil and covers an area of 25,764 acres in whole of the district.

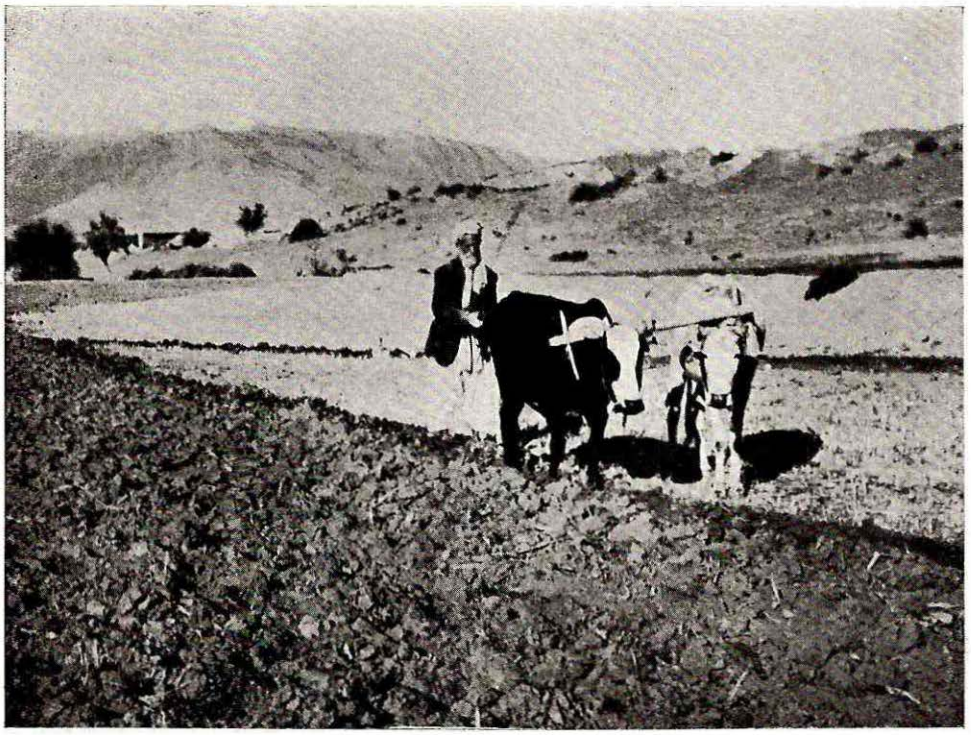
Only 825 acres are annually put under rice in Hangu and Kohat Tehsils.

Method of sowing different crops and harvesting is ploughing, sowing, irrigation and harvesting.

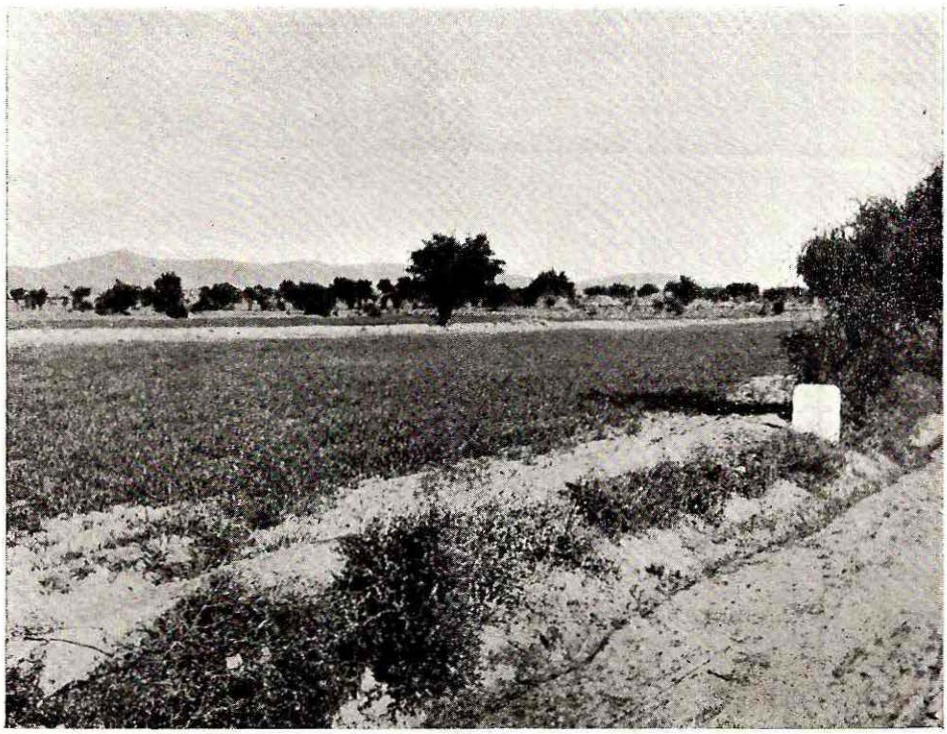
1.19 COMMUNICATIONS.

(*a*) Roads

The total length of roads in the district of Kohat is 417.580 miles out of which black top roads account for 178.430 miles, metalled roads for 5.82 miles and shingled roads for 231.330 miles.



An adult male working in the field.



Typical landscape of the District.



A typical family of the District going on a journey in their usual means of transportation.



A typical dwelling house.

(*b*) Railways.

Two railway lines pass through the district—one is narrow guage which runs between Kohat and Thall. The important railway stations are Hangu and Chakarkot; and the other is broad guage which runs between Khushal-Garh and Kohat.

1.20 **INDUSTRIES.**

At present there is no industry in the district worth the name. A Textile Mill has, however, been sanctioned for Kohat and efforts are being made to set it up as early as possible. It is proposed to have 215 power-looms and 12,500 spindles. It is expected to produce fine and superfine cotton yarn and cloth.

(*a*) Cottage Industries.

The main cottage industries of the district are *Baan* making, Mats, Baskets, Ropes, etc., from the Mazri leave which grows in the district. The other cottage industry products are the *Kohati Chappals*. Another landmark in the field of cottage industry is the Arms and Ammunition Factories situated in the Kohat Pass. The rifles porduced by these factories are of fairly good quality and are in a great demand, within and outside the district.

1.21 **MEDICAL.**

There are two hospitals at Kohat namely Government Liaquat Memorial Hospital with 100 beds and Lady Griffith Female Hospital with 40 beds. Besides there are departmental hospitals and dispensaries run by the Police, Jail and Pakistan Western Railway with bed strength of 18, 7 and 4 respectively. There is also an Additional Police Hospital with 24 beds. Five Civil hospitals are located at Hangu, Shakardara, Gurguri, Karak and Lari with 20, 12, 12, 20 and 12 beds respectively. Besides there are 14 Civil dispensaries spread all over the rural areas of the district. There is a Police Hospital at Hangu with bed strength of 20. The Frontier Constabulary is also maintaining a hospital at Hangu with 22 beds and at Samana, Shahidan and Kohat.

The common diseases are malaria, diarrhea and dysentery.

1.22 **LAND REFORMS.**

As a result of the promulgation of Martial Law Regulation No. 64, an area of about 31,000 acres has been resumed from 3 declarants of this district. In addition an area of about 5,600 acres has also been resumed in village Shakardarra.

As the resumed area mainly consists of hilly tracts there has been no perceptible effect on the agricultural economy of the district.

CHAPTER 2

PEOPLE AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT

2.1 POPULATION.

The total population enumerated in 1961 including the Special Area under the Deputy Commissioner was 6,27,795 out of which 3,21,769 were males and 3,06,026 females. The population for the same area enumerated in 1951 Census excluding Non-Pakistanis was 4,32,637 out of which 2,26,957 were males and females were 2,05,680. The percentage increase during the 10 years between 1951 and 1961 works out to 45.11—the percentage of increase amongst the males 41.78 and among the females 48.79. The sub-joined statement indicates the population growth in the district excluding Special Area under the Deputy Commissioner for the period 1901 to 1961:—

STATEMENT

TOTAL POPULATION AND VARIATION FROM 1901 to 1961

	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941	1951	1961
Population ..	2,17,865	2,22,690	2,14,123	2,36,273	2,89,404	3,00,682	3,78,304
Increase/Decrease of Population over preceding Census.	—	4,825	—8,567	22,150	53,131	11,278	77,622
Percentage of Increase/ decrease over preceding Census.	—	2.2	—3.8	10	23	3.8	25.81

2.2 DENSITY.

The average density of population per square mile in the district including the Special Area under the Deputy Commissioner works out to 181 persons. The position of the district in order of population is 44th in Pakistan and 28th in West Pakistan. In order of density the district stands 40th in Pakistan and 24th in West Pakistan.

2.3 URBAN/RURAL POPULATION.

The urban/rural distribution of the population excluding Special Area under the Deputy Commissioner is indicated below:—

	1961	1951	Percentage (1961)
Total ..	3,78,304	3,00,682	100.00
Rural ..	3,06,966	2,47,107	81.14
Urban ..	71,338	53,575	18.96

The areas classified as urban in the district in the 1961 Census were Kohat Municipality, Kohat Cantonment, Thall Town and Hangu Town.

In respect of urbanisation the district has registered an increase of 33.16 per cent over the decennial period, which shows the extent of mobility of the population. The principal reasons for mobility are industrialisation and greater educational and employment opportunities in urban localities.

2.4 LANGUAGES AND LITERACY.

The principal mother tongue of the district is Pushto. The other important languages spoken in the district are Punjabi and Urdu. The percentage of people speaking these languages in the district is indicated in the table below:—

Name of language	Percentage
Pushto ..	92.25
Punjabi ..	9.65
Urdu ..	7.76

The number of literates recorded in the 1961 Census is 44,392 out of which 39,434 are males and 4,958 females, which gives an overall percentage of 11.73. Considering the literacy figures by sex, the percentage of literacy amongst males is 20.66 and females 2.64.

The position of the district in respect of literacy in Pakistan is 27th and in West Pakistan 15th.

2.5 EDUCATIONAL LEVELS.

The educational levels of the literate sections of the population is further analysed below:—

	Total	Males	Females
Post Graduates	64	61	3
Graduates ..	384	354	30
Under Graduate	589	543	46
Matric Pass ..	5,208	4,945	263
Middle Pass ..	6,294	5,715	579
Primary Pass ..	21,657	19,139	2,518
Read upto 4th Class	4,857	4,191	666

The figures of persons holding professional or technical Certificates, Diplomas and degrees are as follows:—

	Total	Males	Females
Education ..	5,442	5,135	307
Medicine ..	131	122	9
Engineering ..	35	35	—
Agriculture ..	201	198	3
Commerce ..	9	9	—
Law ..	30	30	—
Other professions	24	16	8

2.6 ETHNOGRAPHY.

(*A*) Institution & Customs.

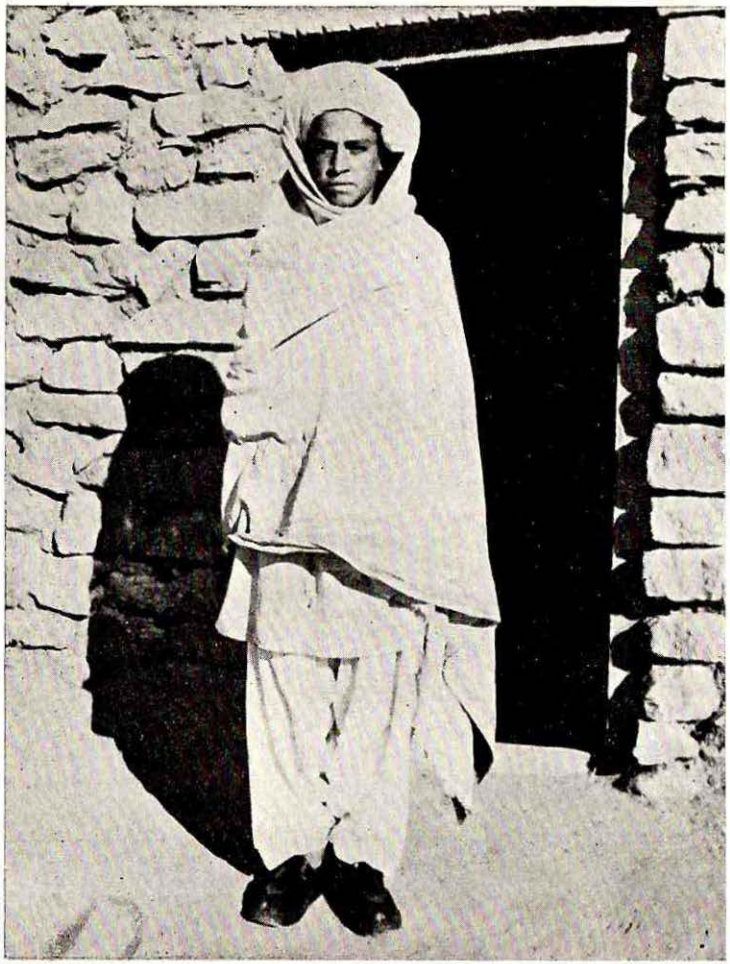
In view of the fact that the Pathans form a vast majority of the population in the district it would be more interested to survey their institutions and customs as a whole rather than by tribe.

(*a*) The Jirga.

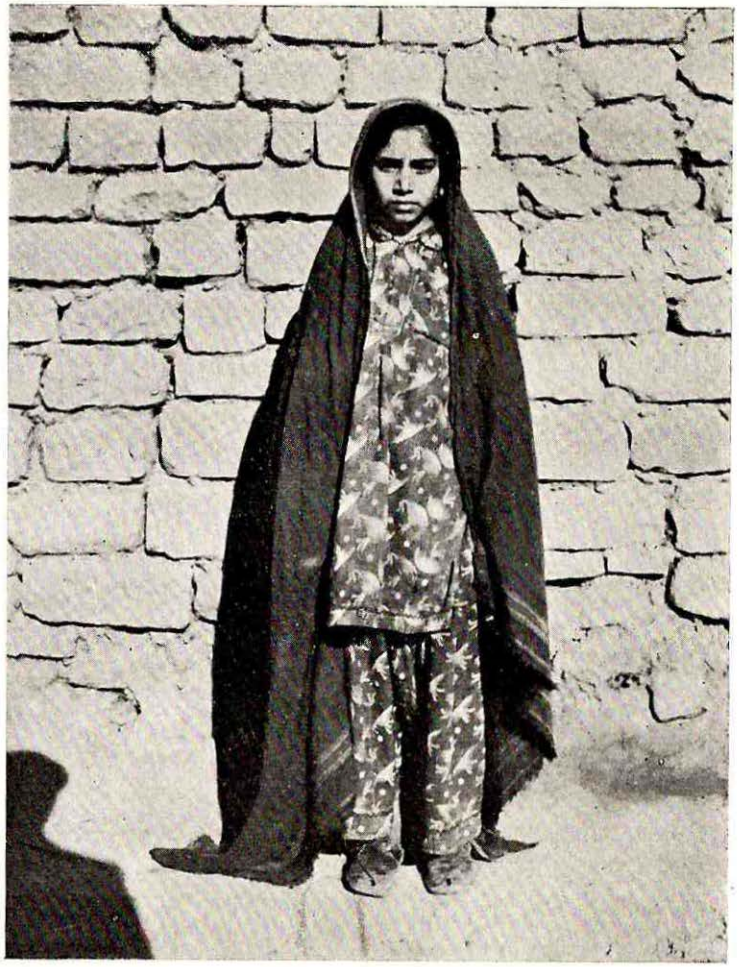
The Jirga is a representative body of village tribal elders which has the power to take decisions in disputes of varying nature. The role played by a *Jirga* in the tribal area of the district is of considerable importance. It has the power to take major decisions in the nature of declaration of hostilities or the raising of Lashkars against those who have gone against its declared wishes.

(*b*) The Hujra.

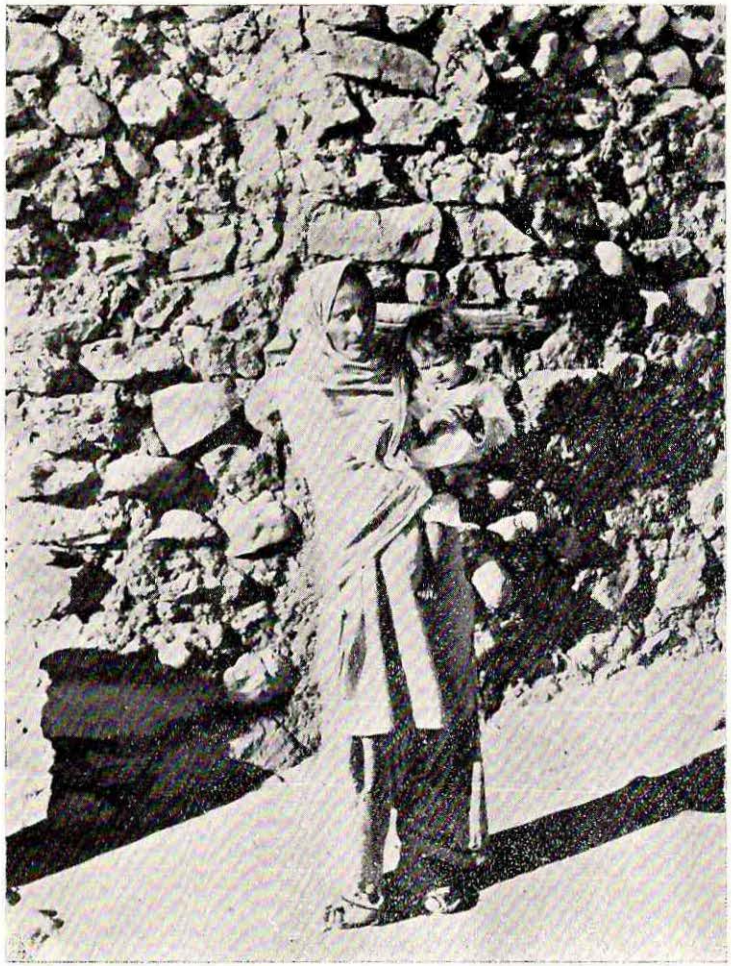
The *Hujra* is a characteristic institution of the Pathans resembling a club to some extent. It consists usually of a building with an open courtyard in front, which is set apart for the male members of a "Khel" or family. It forms a meeting place for the people in moments of leisure or relaxation and it is to this place that unmarried youngmen retire for the night. Here, in the *Hujra* , one find a common scene of the elders, reclining on *Charpais*, with the younger element, reverrently sitting at their feet, listening to their narratives and discourses. On occasions of



A young boy below ten years of age in his usual home dress.



A young girl below ten years of age in her work-a-day dress.



A mother with her infant baby.



Another mother with her infant baby.

political control of the Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.

(ii) The Adam Khel Afridis.

These occupy the Darra or the Kohat Pass coming under the political control of the Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.

(3) The Awans.

The Awans occupy the area along the banks of the Indus and have enthological affinity with the Awan across the Indus on the Khushalgarh side and Campbellpur district.

(c) Other Customs.

(i) Purdah

The Socio-religious institution of *Purdah* is not characteristically Pathan. In the tribal areas under the Kohat district and within the settled territory the womenfolk of the Khattak, Orakzai, the Bangash, Afridi and lesser tribes go without veils. Strictly speaking *Purdah* in its rigid form is restricted to the upper classes. It is in the fact associated with respectability. The observance of *Purdah* in its extreme form would obviously be detrimental to efficiency and economic output by the agricultural class especially as women too are important bread/wage earners. Hence in rural areas the *Purdah* is almost absent yet the free mixing of Sexes is absolute taboo.

(ii) Thega.

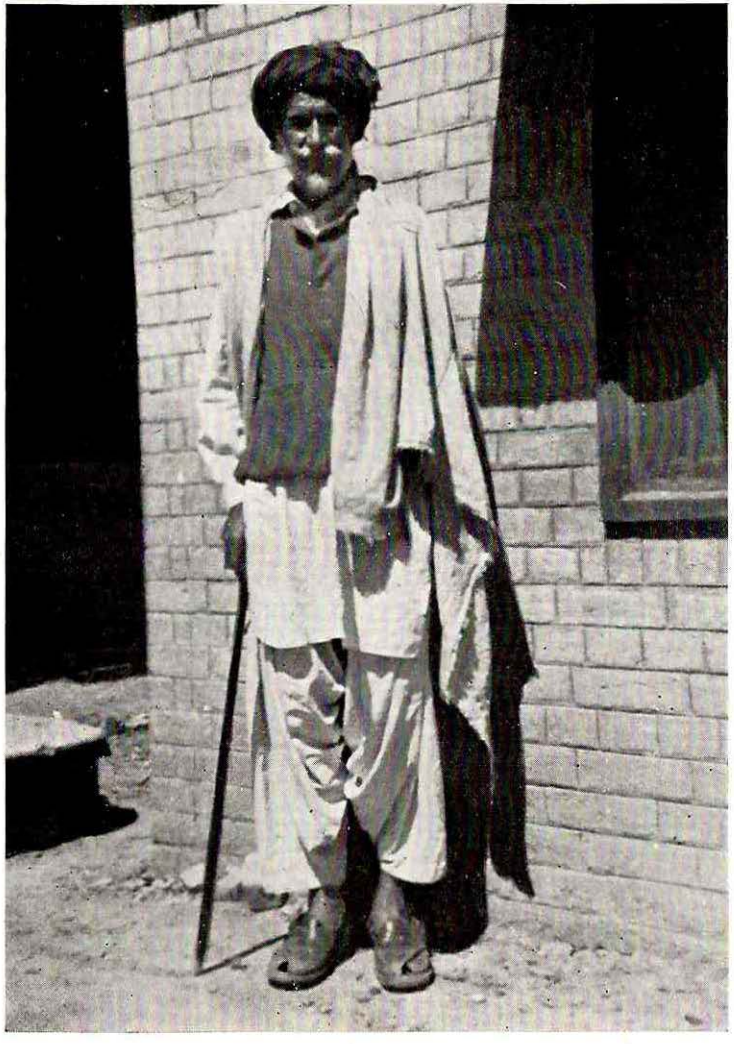
This custom is currently confined to the tribal areas of the district primarily the Orakzais of Tirah and the Afridis. The *Thega* or stone is a symbol implying cease-fire between the belligerents for a given period of time. These truces may take a permanent form or one adopted as a temporary measure for a specified period on the termination of which if the dispute is un-resolved enmity commences. The breaking of any of the conditions of truce within the *Thega* period is sacrilege and incurs the wrath of friend and foe alike. Few dare attempt this for the reaction is violent hostility. A pledge broken is honour gone.

2.7 DEATHS.

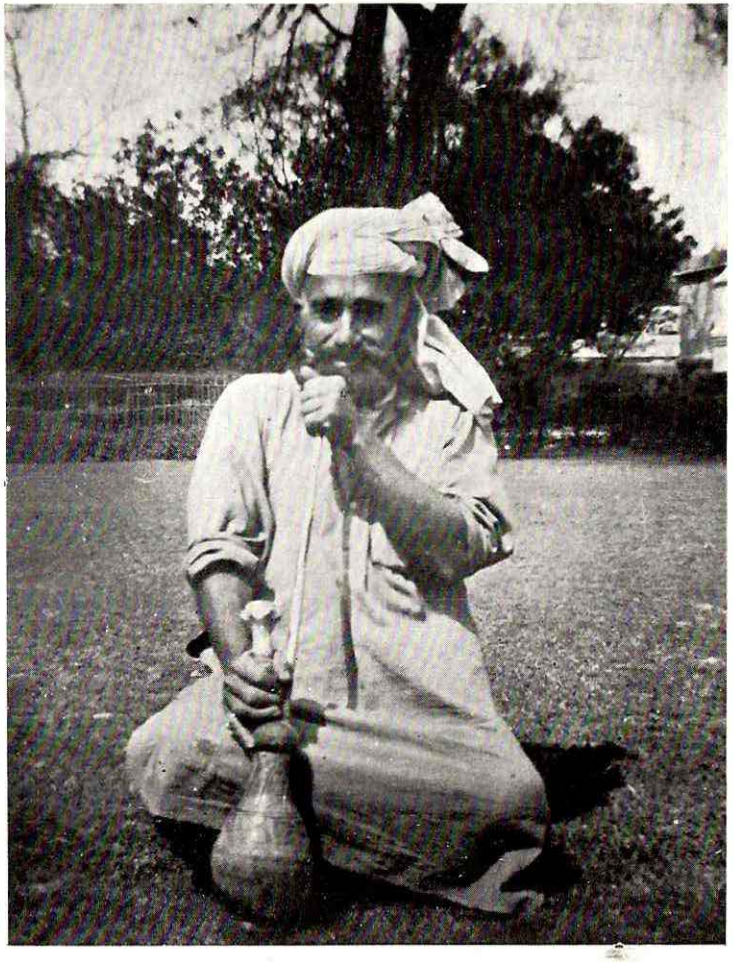
Death ceremonies of the Pathans have no marked difference from those of Muslims elsewhere. The exception perhaps is that expenses on charities and sacrifices are on rather a davish scale. In fact there is little variation between expenses incurred on occasions of death and festive events such as on marriage or circumcision.

2.8 MARRIAGES.

Marriage, to a large degree, is arranged by parents and guardians. Marriage of first cousins is not in-frequent nor is the marrying of a brother's widow; the latter largely as an economic and protective measure. The Pathan, in sentiment, will sympathise with lovers in poetry and fiction; but lovers in real life pay for it with their lives. This penalty is highly prevalent in the tribal areas of the Orakzai and Afridi; inhabitants of the settled area, however, cannot resort to this summary justice easily, primarily for the fear of law. Occasionally, should the opportunity present itself, they are not averse to killing the seduce and the seduced regardless of consequences. Marriage is generally preceded by betrothal. Overtures for marraige are initiated by a common friend, a *dum* (bard) or a *nai* (barber) in different cases. On favourable response pecuniary matters are settled and an agreement arrived at. On the appointed night a deputation from the bridegroom's side visits the bride's house and the marriage is solemnised with a feast and celebrations. Marriage ceremonies which were on a very lavish scale in days of yore, have taken a sober hue since recent legislation restricting the number of guests and type of food.



An adult male in his usual dress.



A Pathan enjoying Hukka.



Bus Stand, Kohat.



National Bank of Pakistan, Kohat.

the mark of respectability and riches and as such one finds very few heads wearing it. A loose *Chadar* wrapped round the body or placed over the shoulder also forms a necessary component of the male dress.

By and large the female attire is black except that in the case of well-to-do people the colour of the cloth can vary as much as its quality. Their *shalwar* is a massive thing containing yards of cloth, very broad between waists and the knees, and narrow, tight fitting down below at the feet.

2.10 FOOD.

The people of this district are good eaters. Their diet consists of cereals like wheat, maize, barley, and bajra. In addition they eat pulses, vegetables, meat and *Lassi* or churned curd. Normally three meals are taken in a day. A light one in the morning followed by the principal meal in the afternoon and the second one in the evening. In the latter part of the afternoon the habit of tea drinking has become a ritual.

The Pathan is particularly fond of *Chapli Kabab* as his love for meat is universal. *Pulao* too is a must on festive occasions. Expensive tea sets of foreign make including Russian, China and the famous *Gardher* is not uncommon in the far-flung corners of the district. Crude locally made earthern crockery is gradually giving place to China.

2.11 OCCUPATIONS.

Pathan society, basically feudal, is undergoing a gradual change which of necessity must follow in the wake ofeconomic progress and educational enlightenment. Progress dictates change from hereditary vocations. The capacity and qualification of the individual now crosses the barriers imposed by custom.

The main division of population, according to occupations, is as under:—

(*a*) Agriculturists.

The population dependent on agriculture is composed of four major categories:—

(1) Non-cultivating Proprietors.

(2) Cultivating Proprietors.

(3) Agricultural labourers.

Of these by far the most important sections are the cultivating proprietors and tenant cultivators who together constitute more than 80% of the population dependent on agriculture. By and large the holdings in this district are small and self cultivated.

(*b*) Artisans and Craftsmen.

Village artisans form a large working class, who coupled with craftsmen and cottage workers depend directly or indirectly on agriculture. They have their counter parts in urban areas. Whereas those of rural areas are for the most part hereditary followers of their vocation the Urban dwellers are lesser so. It is these artisans who discharge a very major part of the essential functions of a rural economy. To this category belong the Black-smith or *Lohar*, Carpenter or *Tarkhan*, Weaver or *Jolaha*, Barber or *Nai*, Potter or *Kulal*, Oil Pressure or *Teli*, Cobbler or *Chumar*, Tailor or *Durzi* and the Musician or *Dum*.

(*c*) Liberal Professions.

To this class belong the teachers, the doctors and lawyers. With the gradual spread of education their numbers are expanding as well their standard of living as economic prosperity increases. The urban areas of the district, however, are an attraction for this class as the rural areas provide a comparatively frugal means of livelihood or opportunity to carry on their profession as they desire.

(*d*) **The Asthanadars.**

These are families with a religious background occupying positions of respect and veneration. Though not very large in numbers this section of the population is economically, socially and even politically very strong. The *Asthanadars* do not constitute a homogenous tribe, rather, they are descendants of those from many a tribe, who in days gone by rose to position of eminence as spiritual leaders. Their chief source of living is land as by far the greater proportion of them own it. There are others who depend on charity and seasonal payment of people to whose religious requirements they minister.

(*e*) **Government Service.**

The martial qualities of the Khattaks have gained the respect they deserve in the Armed Forces. The annals of many a Regiment is replete with examples of their bravery and discipline. A major portion of Pathans currently serving in the Army are recruited from the Pathans of the settled area of this district among whom are the Khattaks and Bangash. The Darra Adam Khel Afridis are also recruited in large measure. These categories of service are to a marked degree responsible for reducing the burden on the strained agricultural economy of this district. Government service as a whole being the preserve of the Educated Class, the best talent of the district is naturally affected there.

(*f*) **Trade and Commerce Class.**

The trading class which was the dominion of Hindus and Sikhs prior to Independence created a fleeting vacuum. This preserve is now manned by Pathans from all walks of the social ladder. The taboo that once existed in following this occupation no long exists, thus those following this vocation have no stigma attached to their names. The proposed Textile Mill in Kohat and the thriving Timber Market in Thall provide material evidence of the change in approach and outlook.

2.12 **AMUSEMENTS AND RECREATIONS.**

(*a*) **Literature and the Arts of Peace.**

The Arts of Peace such as literature, sculpture, painting, dancing and architecture have not developed much. Music too has not received the sympathetic treatment it deserved despite the fact that it is appreciated when played. Thus on the "Social ladder" of the Pathans the *Dum* and dancing girls espousing music as their profession occupy the lowest rungs. Perhaps the only class that is placed below them is that of the sweepers known as *Shkhels* when Muslims. Literature in Pushto has not been ignored. Pushto verse not differing appreciably from the Pushto that is spoken today existed in a very early period. Pushto prose must have been known to the earlier Afghans, but prose specimen of the pre-Islamic period extinct to-day One of the earliest specimens of Pushto prose is *Khair-ul-Bayan* written in 949 *Hijri* by Bayazid known as *Pir-i-Roshan* by his followers a major portion of which were in Tirah. By far the most notable contribution to Pushto prose and poetry was made by Khushal Khan Khattak and members of his family. This Khattak Chief has justly been called the master of pen and sword, and deftly did he weild both. Adept in poetry and prose the output of this versatile writer was prolific.

(*b*) **Music.**

Though custom frowns on those who find in music their profession, the Pathan is fond of music seldom failing to listen with rapt attention and appreciative thought. Musical instruments are the Drum, the *Surnai* or *Turai* and the *Rabab*, a form of stringed instrument.

Music is fast, noisy, martial and stirring. In contrast to Indian Music it does not produce a depressing effect. Pathan music,

however, lacks variety and is confined to a few simple tunes. In recent years, however, Pathans have sought to blend their music with the Indian but with what success only the future will tell.

(c) Games.

Pathans on the whole are fond of field sports by nature. Hawking, hunting with grey hounds and small game shooting are popular pastimes. Of these hawking and hunting with game dogs are a dying sport in view of the expense involved. The interesting and manly sport of tent-pegging, once so popular, has almost disappeared under the stress of economic considerations. However, to a restricted degree one still finds it among the Khattaks or Karak Tehsil of this district.

Games of children are rather few such as *Kabbadi*, *Tatti*, and *Aksain*. With the spread of education in the rural areas modern sports such as Football, Hockey, athletics and wrestling are gaining ground. The town of Kohat, however, has a very high reputation for producing Footballers.

Quail fighting is a favourite amusement in rural areas. The sources of amusement for men are few, those for women are fewer.

(*d*) Dancing.

Except for the Khattaks the other Pathan tribes do not encourage dancing. The Khattak dance, however, has gained world-wide acclaim as a martial folk dance. The dance consists of a swift whirling motion in a circle by the dancers each throwing his head back and clapping hands in unison to the shrill notes of the *Surnai* interspersed with the thundering beat of the *Dhol*.

Dances by women is quite a favourite form of diversion, but they dance only on such occasion as marriages, betrothals, circumcisions and on the birth of male child that too in the *zenana* or female part of the house. The intermingling of sexes is tabooed in dancing, nor does either sex watch the performance of the other.

2.13 FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.

Local festivals take the form of *Urs* or *Melas* and as such are of restricted nature. By far the most important festivals are the *Id-ul-Fitr* and *Id-ul-Azha*. To occasions of merry making the Pathan looks forward, as a major part of the year goes in unrelieved monotony. *Nauroze* is the new year festival of the Shias. The Holy Prophet's Birthday is celebrated with enthusiasm but is too solemn an event to be treated as a festival. Muharram on the other hand is a period of lamentation.

CHAPTER 3

IMPORTANT PLACES

3.1 KARAK.

Karak Tehsil lies to the south of Kohat City at a distance of 71 miles. Its headquarter is Karak town, and to reach it one travels on the metalled Kohat-Bannu High-Way for 58 miles and then branches of to the left at village Surdag and travels another 13 miles of shingled fair weather road. It is actually the two Nullahs through the bed of which the road cuts across that ascribe it fair weather character because they are not fordable when in flood due to rain. The population of Karak town was 2,002 in 1951 and is 4,604 according to 1961 Census. Excluding citizens and the menial class the entire population is Khattak by tribe. At Karak we have the normal Tehsil Staff comprising a Tehsildar, a Naib-Tehsildar and Sub-Treasury Officer and the Clerical personnel. Also there is a Police Station at Karak in the charge of the Station House Officer. For the purposes of criminal administration there is an Extra Assistant Commissioner and a Deputy Superintendent of Police to look after the entire Tehsil which has two more Police Stations namely—Latamber and Thathi Nasrathi besides Tehsil Council for Karak Tehsil. The drinking water supply is drawn from the wells, but the water is brackish. There is no electric current yet available there but electric poles, etc., are being installed to make it available in near future. There is only one High School at Karak. Boys who wish to pursue further studies after their Matriculation generally go to the Government College Bannu which is at a distance of 30 (Thirty) miles from Karak or to Government College, Kohat, which is 71 miles from there. It is a dry and *Barani* area without any place of interest, nor is there any economic activity of note. There are, however, abundent deposits of salt in the mines of Bahadur Khel and Karak proper which are excavated under the aegis of the Department of Lands Customs and Central Excise, Government of Pakistan.

3.2 HANGU.

Hangu is situated at a distance of 26 miles from Kohat to the west on Kohat-Thall-Parachinar Road. It is connected by a metalled Highway and a narrow gauge rail to Kohat on one end and Thall (at a distance of 35 miles) on the other. There is a continuous flow of vehicular traffic the whole day long.

Its population was 6,977 in 1951 Census and has risen to 9,737 in 1961 Census. This has shown an increase of 40 per cent during the decade.

Hangu is little more than a big village. The gardens round are irrigated from a spring behind the town. A Notified Area Committee was constituted at Hangu in March, 1950. With the introduction of Basic Democracies it became a Town Committee with an elected Chairman. Its income in 1960-61 was Rs. 1,11,054. The town is equipped with electric supply. There is abundant flow of natural springs in the town which constitutes principal sources of supply of drinking and irrigation water. There is a High School in addition Middle and Primary Schools for girls and boys. Dwarf palm locally known as *Mazri* is wild yet abundance supply is available in the Hangu

Sub-Division. Its leaves are made into ropes, mats, baskets, etc., which fetch the land-owners and the manufactures a tangible income. The Forest Department is responsible for the growth and propagation of *Mazri* in Government owned and privately owned *Shamilat* areas in the Sub-Division. Suitable climate and regular supply of spring water in addition to adequate rain-fall have given Hangu thriving apricot and plum orchards. The drive from Kohat to Hangu lies through a picturesque valley with green mountains on both sides. Hangu itself has an attractive location and features lent by verdure and vegetation supported by natural springs and the surrounding hills. A Police Training School is located here.

3.3 THALL.

Thall is situated at a distance of 35 miles from Hangu. Its population was recorded as 11,747 in 1961 Census against 5,757 in 1951 Census. This has shown an increase of 104 per cent during the decade. It has a Town Committee with an income of about Rs. 2,55,168 (budget estimate for 1961-62). The town is equipped with electricity. It has the natural advantage of the proximity of Kurram River which provides drinking water and irrigation supplies. There exists a High School in addition to Middle and Primary Schools for girls and boys.

3.4 FORT LOCKHART.

It is a Hill Station popularly known as Samana. It is situated about 40 miles to the west of Kohat. Last 14 miles of the road to Samana are not metalled and at best a Jeep can be used. It is situated at an altitude of over 6,000 feet over-looking the Orakzai Tribal territory on the one side and the Hangu valley on the other. During summer winds are cool and bracing. A Rest House with good accommodation is available here.

3.5 DHODA.

This place is a popular tourist resort for angling purposes as there is plentiful fish in Kohat Toi near the village. Civil Rest House exists at this beautiful spot.

3.6 SPECIAL AREAS

(*a*) Population.

The Deputy Commissioner, Kohat, is also Political Agent for the Special Areas attached to this district. The population of this area as recorded in 1961 Census was:—

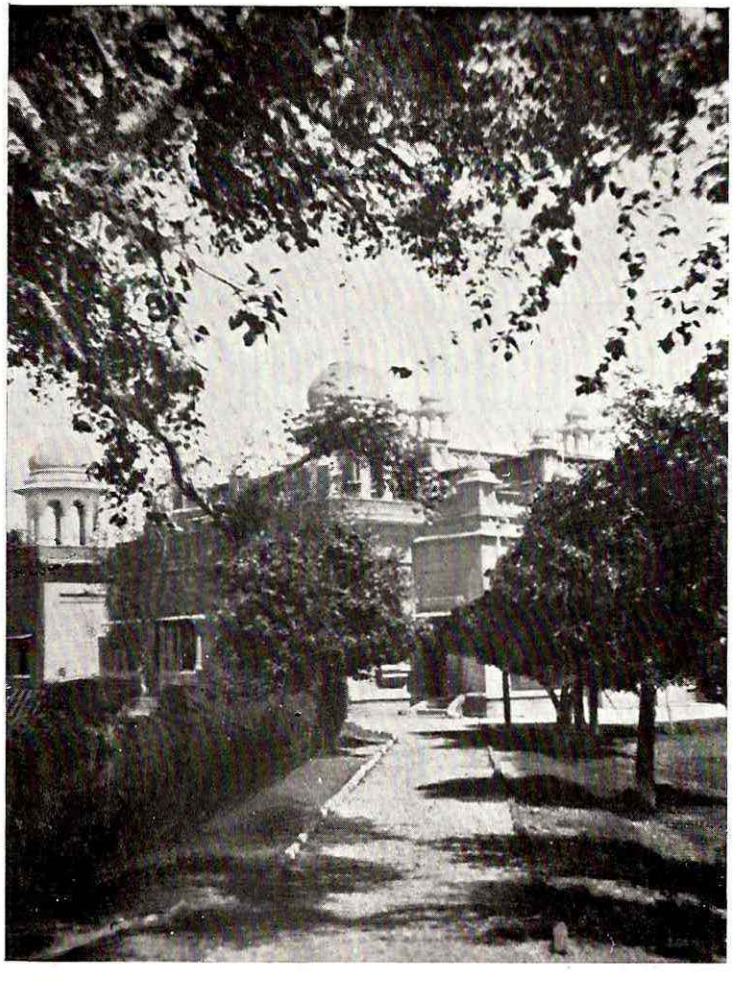
Total Persons	..	2,49,491
Males	..	1,30,917
Females	..	1,18,574

A part of the population was censused on Special Family Schedule and the rest was estimated. The results were as under:—

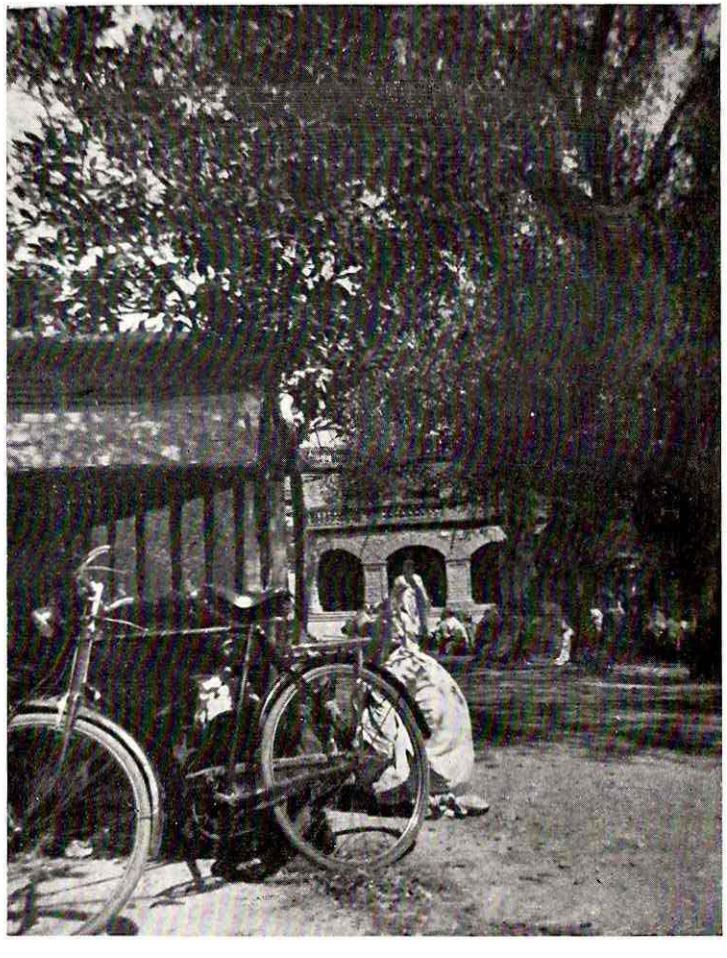
	Special Family Schedule	Estimated
Total	14,686	2,34,805
Males	7,480	1,23,437
Females	7,206	1,11,368

(*b*) Tribes.

The area in the neighbourhood of Kohat tehsil is inhabited by Afridi Adam Khel and Daulat Zai, Aurakzai main tribes and is under the Political Tehsildar, Kohat. The Afridi Tribe of Bosti Khel, Shiraki, Zarghun Khel and Akhurwal reside in Kohat Pass on both sides of Kohat-Peshawar Road. The Turchappar Afridi Tribe lives at a distance of about 8 miles from the road towards the Eastern side of the Zarghun Khel. Jawakis reside towards the north-east of Kohat-Khushalgarh Road. The Daulatzais are in Sunni Tirah. The Afridi tribes reside permanently in their villages while most of the Daulatzai come down to *Bandajat* on the back of Oblan Hill and Maulay Ghar in winter.



Town Hall, Kohat.



District Courts, Kohat.



Government High School, Kohat.



Polo ground with an Army memorial in the fore-ground.

3. Bangash .. Biland Khel (Sunnis).

(*ii*) Population.

The census in Shia Orakzai including Biland Khel was carried out on the Tribal Family Schedule while the population residing in Sunni Orakzai was estimated. The estimates were checked in a *Jirga* of the elders of the entire Sunni Orakzai tribe. The total population of the area was recorded as under:—

Tribal Family Schedule	..	14,686
Estimated.....	..	1,89,460

(*iii*) Language.

Pushto is the main language of these tribes.

(*iv*) Education.

There is one Lower Middle School in addition to a number of Primary Schools in Shia Orakzai. The Sunni Orakzais have since shown inclination towards education and they have started study in the High Schools and Colleges in the Kohat Settled Area.

CHAPTER 4

KOHAT TOWN

4.1 LOCATION AND AREA

Kohat is the headquarter of the district of the same name. It is situated on the left bank of the Kohat Toi at a point where after running for 50 miles due east it suddenly turns towards the south. The Bar Raisan range of hills also terminate in the shape of a two headed hill overlooking the town from the south-west. On the east of the town lies the army cantonment. To the north at a distance of about four miles from the town are mountains of the pass Afridis rising in a steep range and crossed by the Peshawar road at a point known as the Kohat Kotal. To the west a rich valley stretches out towards Miranzai. To the south of the town there is another rich tract extending along both sides of the Kohat Toi for a distance of about seven miles having a breadth of about six miles.

The city covers an area of about 3 square miles.

4.2 POPULATION.

In 1827 Mr. Masson, a traveller who travelled these parts, has stated that Kohat had 1,615 houses and 469 shops whereas now the figures stands at 5,131 houses and 2,349 shops. The population of Kohat Municipality including Cantonment according to 1961 Census is reported as 49,854—28,896 males and 20,958 females. The population in 1951 stood at 40,841 and this has shown an increase of 22 per cent.

4.3 GENERAL CLIMATE.

The climate of Kohat is generally fair. June, July and August are normally very hot. Spring and Autumn months are pleasant, the winter months are cold and bracing. A strong wind from the west known as the Hangu breeze often blows with great violence during the winter months and can be extremely unpleasant. The maximum temperature ranges between 114°F to 119°F. whereas the minimum flirts dangerously close to freezing.

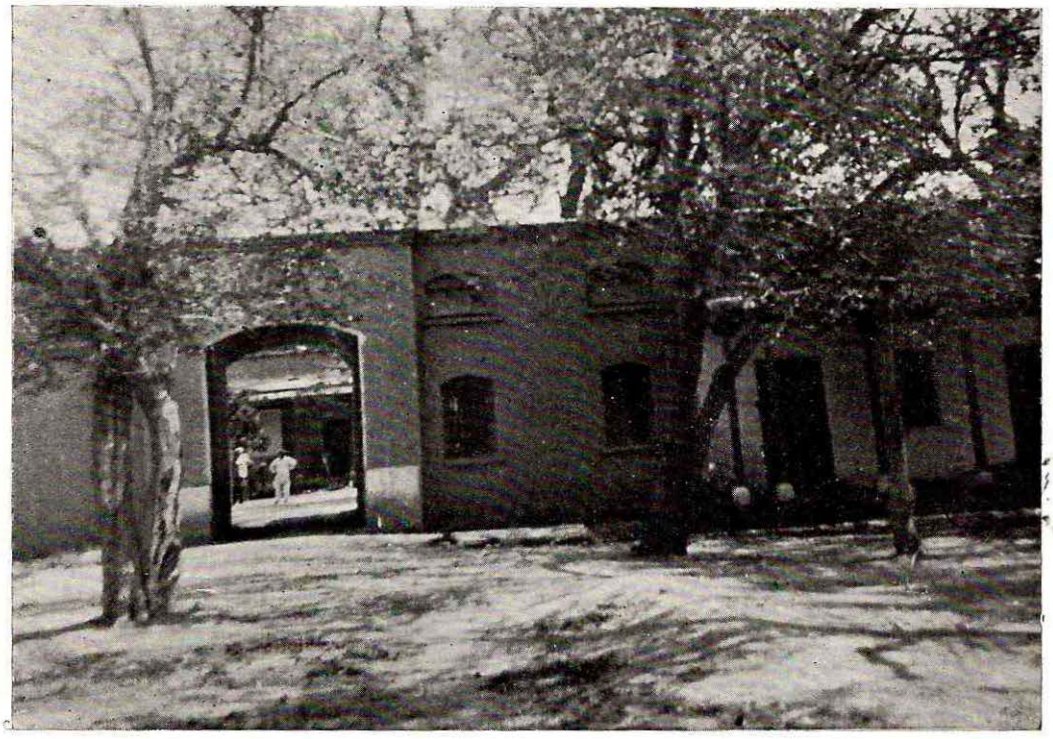
The rainfall is unusually capracious. The rain hardly ever crosses the Afridi hills from the Peshawar side. It sometimes comes from the east but it mainly comes from the Tirah. July and August are the wettest months while rain is the highest in the months of October, November and December. During the remaining months rainfall is little and uniform. Kohat gets an average of 20″ of rain per annum.

4.4 EDUCATION.

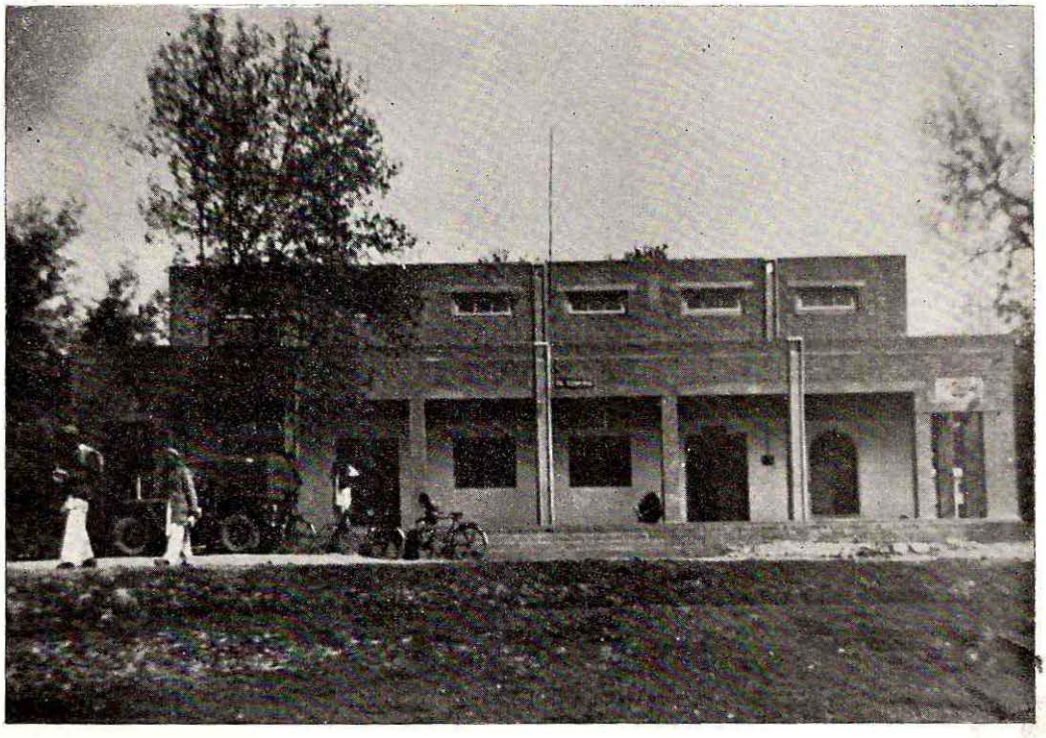
There is a Government Degree College situated a couple of miles outside the Kohat city on the Khushalgarh Road. It has the residential accommodation for 50 students. There are no facilities of the Science side and the College caters for about 270 students. There are three Government High Schools for Boys and one High School for Girls. In addition a Public School and a Convent are also located in the Cantonment. A Maktab of Anjuman Taleem-ul-Quraan is run here. It is now under the management of the Auqaf Department. Besides there are 8 Primary schools.

4.5 TRANSPORTATION AND ROADS.

There is a net work of roads in the town.



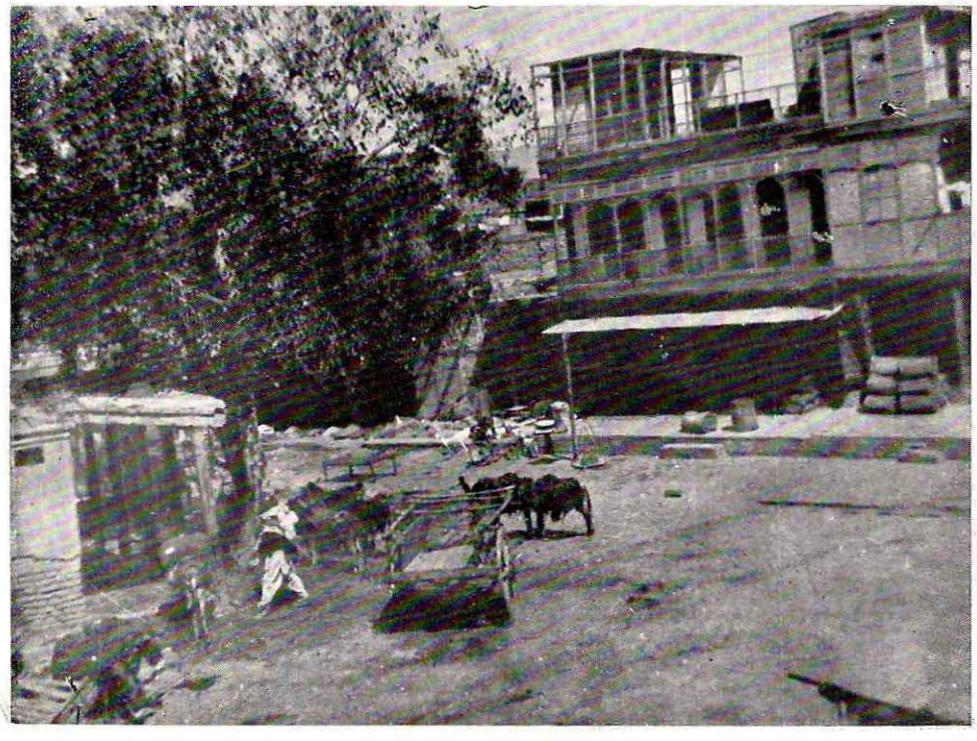
Kohat Tehsil building.



General Post Office, Kohat.



A shopping centre in Kohat.



Grain Market, Kohat.

The important are—Main Bazar Road, Bazar Zargaran Road, Mian Khel Road, Jail Road, Jail Garden Road, Jangal Khel Road, Police Lines Road, Garhi Mawaz Khan Road, Jarwand Road and Sangerh Road, one from Chowk Qasaban to Lambi Beri Mosque and the second from Girls High School to Chowk Qasaban. These roads are in addition to the portions of Kohat-Peshawar, Kohat-Bannu, Kohat-Hangu and Kohat-Khushalgarh Highways passing through the city.

The chief means of transportation are Tongas. Taxis are also available for inter-city travel.

4.6 TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Kohati Chappal are manufactured in the town and are exported to a considerable extent. Besides *Mazri* (Dwarf Palm) products like baskets, mats, ropes etc. are also prepared in this towm. Woollen *Chaddars* are also made on a small scale. The main shopping centre is the Main Bazar situated between the King Gate and the Tehsil Gate. Other important shopping centre is on Bannu Road outside the King Gate.

4.7 BANKS.

There are two important Banks at Kohat viz., National Bank of Pakistan and the Frontier Cooperative Bank. A small branch of the Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan has also been opened here recently.

4.8 MEDICAL.

Kohat has a well equipped hospital known as Liaquat Memorial Hospital. It is situated opposite the Kohat Fort and has 100 beds. It is under the charge of a Civil Surgeon and has facilities for X-Ray and a Modern Operation Theatre. There also exists a hospital for women known as Lady Griffith Female Hospital with 58 beds. In addition there is a hospital in the Cantonment catering for the needs of personnel of the Armed Forces.

4.9 PARKS.

Municipal Garden situated next to the District Courts is a beautiful Park for re-creation of the inhabitants. Besides there is a famous Polo Ground in the Cantonment and provides facilities for playing golf, and important festivities like exhibitions, flower shows and *Meena Bazar* etc.

4.10 REST HOUSES.

There are four important Government Rest Houses viz., Circuit House, P.W.D. Rest House, Dak Bungalow and M.E.S. Inspection Bungalow. These have cooking arrangements and standard of accommodation.

4.11 RECREATIONS.

There are two Cinemas in the city namely, the Felix Theatre and Kausar. Besides the Air Force and the local Army Garrison run a Cinema for the benefit of the serving personnel.

There is a Club in the Cantonment for the Army and Civilian. In addition the Muslim Gymkhana Club caters for District Officers and notable of the town.

4.12 PRESS.

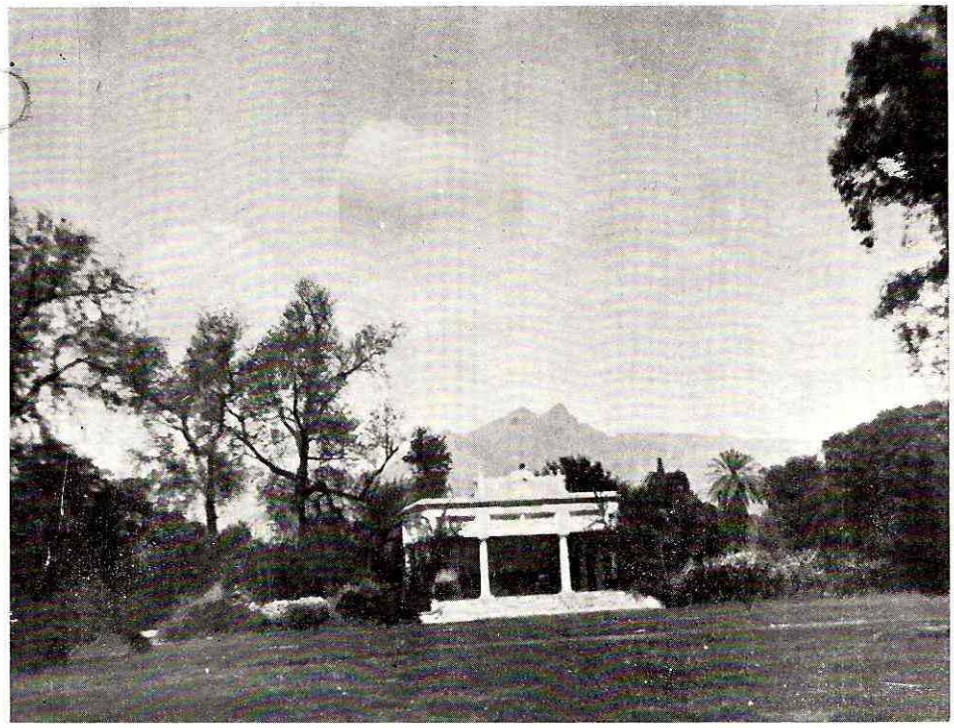
A small printing press is located at Kohat. A weekly newspaper 'Hamdam' is published from this town.

4.13 IMPORTANT BUILDINGS.

Municipal Town Hall, Jinnah Municipal Library, Mosque and Shrine of Hazrat Haji Bahadur Sahib, Jangal Khel Springs and Bona Springs are some of the important buildings and places of interest in this town.

4.14 HISTORICAL PLACES.

There are the ruins of a fort near the village Muhammadzai. It is said that in



Municipal Gardens, Kohat.



Gymkhana Club, Kohat.



Municipal Library, Kohat.

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORT

KOHAT

PART-II

GENERAL TABLES

COMPILED IN THE OFFICE OF

THE DIRECTOR OF CENSUS

WEST PAKISTAN

LAHORE

TABLE I—TEMPERATURE

Months	Mean 8 A.M.	Mean Maximum	Mean Minimum	Range	Mean Humidity 8 A.M.	Mean Cloud 8 A.M.
January ..	44.9	64.2	42.2	22.0	65	3.0
February ..	56.7	76.4	53.8	22.6	52	1.5
March ..	56.8	70.4	53.5	16.9	68	4.7
April ..	67.4	81.8	61.0	20.8	53	2.6
May ..	82.3	97.0	73.1	23.9	28	1.3
June ..	91.6	106.6	82.1	24.5	25	1.1
July ..	87.7	100.0	81.5	18.5	59	2.8
August ..	85.9	99.5	80.6	18.9	66	3.0
September	80.6	96.2	74.8	21.4	51	1.0
October ..	71.8	90.1	67.5	22.0	38	0.3
November ..	58.0	76.8	54.0	22.8	38	1.9
December ..	48.0	69.9	43.9	26.0	42	2.8
Mean ..	69.3	85.7	64.0	21.6	48	2.1

Source: Meteorological Department.

TABLE 2—RAINFALL (IN INCHES)

Months	July	August	Septem-ber	October	Novem-ber	Decem-ber	January	Febuary
1958-59	4.05	4.35	1.66	—	—	2.35	1.56	1.83

TABLE 3—ACRES UNDER CROPS

	Year	Rice	Wheat	Barley	Jowar	Bajra	Gram	Other Cereals (Maize)	
1	1947-48 ..	1,128	1,40,398	7,913	3,070	47,975	28,673	19,801	1
2	1948-49 ..	852	1,31,604	11,252	4,852	64,720	24,786	19,327	2
3	1949-50 ..	796	1,35,746	9,777	2,633	60,240	21,179	20,363	3
4	1950-51 ..	1,139	1,39,982	6,642	2,538	55,134	19,706	20.932	4
5	1951-52 ..	1,133	1,33,719	9,912	2,209	52,563	13,559	21,147	5
6	1952-53 ..	887	1,21,719	12,135	3,951	60,125	22,935	24,045	6
7	1953-54 ..	1,078	1,28,437	18,224	4,683	69,902	21,649	23,531	7
8	1954-55 ..	1,741	1,28,682	8,098	4,144	59,929	24,988	22,589	8
9	1955-56 ..	1,043	1,16,860	6,858	5,645	64,269	28,042	22,508	9
10	1956-57 ..	1,253	1,47,980	8,078	2,961	59,063	29,991	22,028	10
11	1957-58 ..	1,600	1,79,422	10,392	4,065	46,781	30,886	22,688	11
12	1958-59 ..	1,335	1,89,527	7,200	3,834	44,725	35,475	24,938	12
13	1959-60 ..	825	1,73,370	9,000	1,281	24,688	20,000	16,450	13
14	1960-61 ..	1,700	1,35,700	6,900	5,000	28,600	25,900	30,400	14

TABLE 2—RAINFALL (IN INCHES)

March	April	May	June	July to September	October to December	January to March	April to June
1.89	2.14	1.02	0.11	10.17	2.35	5.28	3.27

Source : Meteorological Department.

TABLE 3—ACRES UNDER CROPS

	Mung and Mash	Peas, Moth and Other Pulses	Oil-seeds	Sugar-cane	Cotton	Total Area Cropped	Total Area of Crops Failed	
1	6,195	—	10,210	85	23	63,625	".."	1
2	9,103	2,192	8,328	54	24	2,85,591	".."	2
3	12,213	791	2,041	44	39	2,82,557	".."	3
4	8,264	2,866	5,470	49	115	2,80,032	".."	4
5	6,075	1,975	2,926	83	80	2,63,278	',..',	5
6	5,012	910	7,332	107	58	27,639	".."	6
7	6,932	1,564	7,130	87	59	3,00,148	".."	7
8	".."	11,130	5,564	58	64	2,80,738	".."	8
9	6,334	—	5,619	78	38	2,76,027	".."	9
10	7,418	262	7,325	114	83	3,05,952	".."	10
11	7,182	3,662	10,228	".."	90	3,28,000	".."	11
12	".."	".."	".."	290	48	3,40,000	".."	12
13	8,454	1,925	1,3800	100	—	3,03,361	".."	13
14	4,447	8,500	13,200	100	—	".."	".."	14

".." Denotes not available.

Source: Season and Crops Report, Government of West Pakistan.

TABLE 4—CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES SHOWING THE POSITION AS FROM 1947 TO 1960

	Particulars	Year	Credit			Supply and Sale	Production and labour	Thrift	
			Central	Primary Agricultural	Primary Non-Agricultural				
1	Number of Societies	1947	—	128	2	2	—	9	1
2		1948	—	142	2	3	—	9	2
3		1949	—	174	3	2	—	10	3
4		1950	—	181	4	2	—	9	4
5		1951	1	187	4	2	—	7	5
6		1952	1	202	3	2	—	7	6
7		1953	1	215	4	2	—	7	7
8		1954	1	229	5	2	—	6	8
9		1955	—	229	2	2	—	6	9
10		1956	—	237	5	5	—	5	10
11		1957	—	240	5	5	—	5	11
12		1958	—	243	5	5	—	5	12
13		1959	—	244	8	6	—	5	13
14		1960	—	257	11	6	—	5	14
15	Number of Members	1947	—	2,747	43	685	—	155	15
16		1948	—	3,294	42	666	—	148	16
17		1949	—	4,608	67	659	—	115	17
18		1950	—	4,874	92	663	—	457	18
19		1951	92	5,100	93	660	—	843	19
20		1952	101	5,400	89	613	—	961	20
21		1953	88	5,863	113	623	—	795	21
22		1954	89	6,639	122	696	—	83	22
23		1955	—	6,485	132	771	—	78	23
24		1956	—	6,675	132	771	—	73	24
25		1957	—	6,446	128	722	—	67	25
26		1958	—	6,474	125	661	—	67	26
27		1959	—	6,730	166	734	—	67	27
28		1960	—	7,535	255	1,941	—	67	28

TABLE 4—CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES SHOWING THE POSITION AS FROM 1947 TO 1960

	Consolidation (area in acres)	Better farming (area in acres)	Stock breeding (number of cattle)	Moral improvement	Miscellaneous	
1	— (—)	— (—)	10 (—)	—	4	1
2	22 (—)	— (—)	10 (—)	—	5	2
3	24 (—)	— (—)	10 (—)	—	3	3
4	24 (—)	— (—)	10 (—)	—	3	4
5	26 (—)	— (—)	10 (—)	—	3	5
6	27 (—)	— (—)	10 (—)	—	4	6
7	27 (—)	— (—)	8 (—)	—	7	7
8	— (—)	— (—)	1 (—)	—	9	8
9	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	12	9
10	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	9	10
11	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	9	11
12	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	10	12
13	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	17	13
14	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	20	14
15	— (—)	— (—)	173 (—)	1	101	15
16	5,625 (—)	— (—)	173 (—)	—	134	16
17	6,074 (—)	— (—)	167 (—)	—	1,077	17
18	6,110 (—)	— (—)	167 (—)	—	90	18
19	6,823 (—)	— (—)	152 (—)	—	83	19
20	6,950 (—)	— (—)	160 (—)	—	234	20
21	7,147 (—)	— (—)	121 (—)	—	235	21
22	— (—)	— (—)	37 (—)	—	348	22
23	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	319	23
24	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	271	24
25	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	236	25
26	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	251	26
27	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	750	27
28	— (—)	— (—)	— (—)	—	976	28

Source: Registrar, Co-operative Societies.

TABLE 5—PUBLIC ELECTRIC SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS

Name of Sub-Division with Division	Name of Towns & Villages	System of Supply AC or DC	Rural or Urban	Remarks
1. Kohat Sub-Division (under Xen., Kohat)	1. Kohat City ..	A.C.3 phase 400 Volts	Urban	
	2. Pir Khel ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	3. Jangal Khel ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	4. Garhi Nawaz Khan	Ditto	Ditto	
	5. Chakker Kot Balazedi	Ditto	Ditto	
	6. Hangu ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	7. Thall ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	8. Garhi Resaldar ..	Ditto	Rural	
	9. Mohamdzai ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	10. Nusrat Khel ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	11. Chakerkot ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	12. Sherkot ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	13. Usterzai Payan ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	14. Usterzai Bala ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	15. Riasan ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	16. Ludi Khel ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	17. Shahoo Khel ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	18. Ibrahimzai ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	19. Warsta ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	20. Sarozai ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	21. Doaba ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	22. Naryab ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	23. Mamoo Banda ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	24. Sheikhan ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	25. Kaloochina ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	26. Mir Ahmed Khal ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	27. Togh Bala ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	28. Togh Payan ..	AC. Single Phase 400 Volts	Ditto	
	29. Ahmed Nagar ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	30. Shahpur ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	31. Surgul ..	AC3 Phase 400 Volts	Ditto	
	32. Gada Khel ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	33. Jerma ..	AC Single Phase	Ditto	
	34. Mandori .	AC 3 phase 400 Volts	Ditto	
	35. Lachi ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	36. Kharmatoo ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	37. Doda ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	38. Banda Mosam Khan	Ditto	Ditto	
	39. Bhera Garhi ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	40. Kot ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	41. Billitong ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	42. Babri Banda ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	43. Razgir Banda ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	44. Gumbat ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	45. Kai ..	Ditto	Ditto	
	46. Bahawalnagar ..	Ditto	Urban	
	47. Togh Sarai ..	Ditto	Rural	

Source: WAPDA.

TABLE 6—REST HOUSES

Serial No.	Department to which the Rest House belongs	Name of Place	Accommodation	Remarks
1	Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.	Banda Daud Shah ..	Two set of rooms	Metalled road.
2	Ditto ..	Dhoda ..	Ditto ..	Unmetalled road 9 miles. Motorable/Jeepable
3	Ditto ..	Fort Lockhart ..	Two rooms ..	Unmetalled road Jeepable. 16 miles.
4	Ditto ..	Khushalgarh ..	Two set of rooms	Metalled road
5	Ditto ..	Thall ..	Two rooms ..	Ditto
6	Ditto ..	Kohat ..	Four rooms ..	Ditto
7	Ditto ..	Hangu ..	Two rooms ..	Ditto
8	Police ..	Doaba ..	One set of room ..	Ditto
9	Ditto ..	Gumbat ..	One set of room ..	Ditto
10	Ditto ..	Gurguri ..	One set of room ..	Ditto
11	Ditto ..	Lachi ..	One set of room ..	Ditto
12	P.W. D. (B & R) ..	Latamber ..	Three set of rooms	Ditto
13	Ditto ..	Kohat ..	Two set of rooms	Ditto
14	Ditto ..	Khurram ..	One set of room ..	Unmetalled road 3 miles. Motorable/Jeepable
15	Police Training School, Hangu.	Hangu ..	Two rooms ..	Metalled road
16	Central Excise ..	Jatta ..	Two set of rooms	Ditto
17	Ditto ..	Karak ..	Two set of rooms	15 miles Unmetalled road Motorable/Jeepable
18	Ditto ..	Malgin ..	Two set of rooms	16 miles Unmetalled road Motorable/Jeepable
19	Ditto ..	Nari ..	One set of room ..	10 miles Unmetalled road Motorable/Jeepable
20	Police ..	Shakardarra ..	One set of room ..	22 miles Unmetalled road Jeepable
21	Frontier Constabulary	Shinawari ..	Two rooms ..	3 miles Unmetalled road Motorable/Jeepable
22	Ditto ..	Marai ..	One room ..	6 miles Unmetalled road Motorable/Jeepable
23	Commisioner Peshawar Division, Peshawar.	Circuit House, Kohat	Two set of rooms	Metalled road
24	Sessions Judge, Peshawar	Sessions House, Kohat	Three rooms ..	Ditto
25	Frontier Constabulary	Kachai ..	Two rooms ..	Ditto 6 miles Unmetalled road Motorable/Jeepable
26	Police ..	Latamber ..	One set of three rooms.	Metalled road

Source: D.C's. P.W.D. B & R. Department.

TABLE 7—FORESTS

	FORESTS	1947-48		1948-49		1949-50		
		Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	
1	Reserved ..	12,700	—	12,700	—	12,700	—	1
2	Unclassed ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
3	Protected ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
4	Section 38 ..	8,217	—	6,704	—	6,704	—	4
	Total ..	20,917	—	19,404	—	19,409	—	

	FORESTS	1954-55		1955-56		1956-57		
		Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	
1	Reserved ..	12,700	—	12,700	—	12,700	—	1
2	Unclassed ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
3	Protected ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
4	Section 38 ..	6,704	—	6,704	—	6,704	—	4
	Total ..	19,404	—	19,404	—	19,404	—	

TABLE 7—FORESTS

	1950-51		1951-52		1952-53		1953-54		
	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Mangagement (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	
1	12,700	—	12,700	—	12,700	—	12,700	—	1
2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
4	6,704	—	6,704	—	6,704	—	6,704	—	4
	19,404	—	19,404	—	19,404	—	19,404	—	

	1957-58		1958-59		1959-60		1960-61		
	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	Under Forest Department (Acres)	Under District Management (Acres)	
1	12,700	—	12,700	—	10,554	—	23,254		1
2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		2
3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		3
4	6,704	—	6,704	—	47,492	—	62,414		4
	19,404	—	19,404	—	58,046	—	85,668	—	

Source: Forest Department

TABLE 8—RECOGNISED EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

	MALE						FEMALE					
	Government	District Board	Municipal Board	Aided	Unaided	Total	Government	District Board	Municipal Board	Aided	Unaided	Total
RECOGNISED INSTITUTIONS												
UNIVERSITIES & COLLEGES												
Arts and Science	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Law	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medicine	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Education	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Engineering	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Agriculture	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Commerce	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Forestry	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Veterinary Science	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Intermediate and 2nd Grade Colleges	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
High Schools	16	—	—	—	—	16	1	—	—	—	—	1
Middle Schools { English	32	—	—	—	1	33	4	—	—	—	—	4
Middle Schools { Vernacular												
Primary Schools	161	—	—	—	1	162	25	—	—	—	—	25
SPECIAL SCHOOLS												
Arts	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Law	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medical	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Normal & Training	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Engineering etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	209	—	—	—	2	211	30	—	—	—	—	30

Source: Education Department.

TABLE 9—LIST OF POST OFFICES IN THE DISTRICT

Sub-Office	*Branch Office*
Kohat City Telegraph ..	Adam Khel
	Ahmadi Bonda
Kohat City. Telegraph ..	Bahadur Khel
	Bahadur Khel Salt
P. A. F. Kohat Telegraph ..	Barh
	Chorlaki
Jangal Khel without Telegraph ..	Gadda Khel
	Gumbat
O. S. T. School Kohat Telegraph ..	Jabbar
	Jatta Ismail Khel
Signal Training School, Kohat ..	Khaddozai
	Khurram
Kohat H. O. Night Post Office ..	Khushalgarh
	Makobi
Karak Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Marai Payan
	Mirozai
Hangu Telegraph Sub-office ..	Mohd. Zai
	Nakband
Police Training School Hangu ..	Nari Ponas
	Nasrat Khel
Lachi Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Sher Kot
	Showeki
Shakardara Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Sur Gul
	Thull Fort
Thull City Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Togh Bala
	Tatakki
Uster Zai Payan Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Ziarat Sheikh Allah Dad
	Babri Bonda
Billitong Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Dhodha
	Kharmatu
Teri Telegraph Sub-Office ..	Kot
	Shadi Khel
	Billiameen
	Darsamand
	Doaba
	Fort Lokhart
	Gurgarai
	Ibrahimzai
	Kahi
	Karbogha
	Landi Kachai
	Mohd Khoja
	Narayab
	Raisan
	Sarozai
	Togh
	Torawari
	Darmaluk
	Khaddar Khel
	Manduri
	Isak Khumari
	Shakkar Khel
	Dallan
	Mamun Banda
	Chokara
	Gurzai
	Jahangiri Bonda

TABLE 9—LIST OF THE POST OFFICES IN THE DISTRICT—Contd.

Sub-Office	*Branch Office*
	Khojaki Killa
	Land Kamar
	Latamber
	Shewa Gudi Khel
	Surdog
	Thatti Nasratti
	Titter Khel Khattak
	Warana Latamber
	Dabb
	Dam Killa
	Ghundi Mira Khan Khel

Source : Superintendent, Post Offices.

TABLE 10—LIST OF SELECTED FACTORIES

1. Government Power House, Kohat.
2. Pakistan Western Railway (Loco) Running Shed, Kohat.

Source: Central Statistical Office.

TABLE 11— HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES

Name of Hospital/ Dispensary	Class	When opened	Average daily attendance during 1960		Number of patients treated during 1960	
			Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor
1. Govt. Liaqat Memorial Hospital, Kohat.	I	".."	78.23	190.88	2,046	43,577
2. Govt. Zanana Hospital, Kohat	I	".."	40.88	89.19	797	19,509
3. Civil. Hospital, Hangu ..	I	".."	21.19	77.47	315	17,523
4. Civil Hospital, Shakardara ..	I	".."	4.45	78.79	139	18,844
5. Civil Hospital, Gurguri ..	I	".."	0.80	31.42	35	8,573
6. Civil Hospital, Karak ..	I	".."	5.14	67.98	235	16,432
7. Civil Hospital, Teri ..	I	".."	0.70	34.78	56	7,954
8. Civil Dispensary, Zarghun Khel	I	".."	—	67.51	—	14,697
9. Civil Dispensary, Naryab ..	I	".."	0.04	62.54	5	18,474
10. Civil Dispensary, Thall ..	I	".."	—	70.87	—	16,283
11. Civil Dispensary, Lachi ..	I	".."	—	71.55	—	16,753
12. Civil Dispensary, Chorlaki ..	I	".."	—	43.16	—	12,187
13. Civil Dispensary, Thathi Nasratti.	I	".."	—	71.73	—	22,465
14. Civil Dispensary, Gumbat ..	I	1954	—	47.50	—	10,730
15. Civil Dispensary, Usterzai ..	I	1956	—	62.31	—	16,404
16. Civil Dispensary, Bilitang ..	I	1957	—	115.42	—	21,452
17. Civil Dispensary, Kalaya ..	I	1958	—	40.57	—	9,194
18. Civil Dispensary, Torchh Par..	I	1958	—	56.76	4	13,247
19. Civil Dispensary, Samana ..	I	1957	0.04	25.44		5,924
20. Travelling Dispensary, Kohat	I	1950	—	69.90	—	21,962
21. Police Hospital, Kohat ..	II	".."	4.32	10.98	217	1,765
22. Addl Police Hospital, Kohat ..	II	".."	2.66	10.22	131	2,116
23. Police Hospital, Hangu ..	II	".."	0.53	14.39	194	4,518
24. Frontier Constabulary Dispensary, Kohat		".."	0.76	8.40	29	1,440
25. Frontier Constabulary Hospital, Hangu		".."	0.46	8.18	169	2,567
26. Frontier Constabulary Hospital, Fort Lockhart Samana.		".."	0.14	5.04	52	1,581

".." denotes not available

Source: Health Department.

TABLE 12—SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIES

Serial No.	Name of the industry	Number of Small Industries establish-ment	Total labour employed	Average labour per factory	Total production (value only)	Average annual production per factory (value only)
I	**Food** ..	**1**	**2**	**2.0**	**3,000**	**3,000.0**
	1. Fruit preservation ..	1	2	2.0	3,000	3,000.0
II	**Textiles** ..	**2**	**2**	**1.0**	**10,800**	**5,400.0**
	1. Handlooms ..	2	2	1.0	10,800	5,400.0
III	**Footwear** ..	**28**	**61**	**2.1**	**2,53,700**	**9,064.2**
	1. Footwear ..	28	61	2.1	2,53,700	9,064.2
IV	**Chemicals** ..	**4**	**3**	**0.7**	**2,000**	**500.0**
	1. Polishes and composi-tions.	1	3	3.0	2,000	2,000.0
	2. Oil Milling ..	3	—	3.0	—	—
V	**Light-Engineering** ..	**7**	**13**	**1.8**	**15,900**	**2,271.4**
	1. Trunk ..	1	3	3.0	4,200	4,200.0
	2. Misc. Metal products..	6	10	1.6	11,700	1,950.0
VI	**Machinery except Electrical Machinery**	**1**	**3**	**3.0**	**4,000**	**4,000,0**
	1. Agriculture Imple-ments.	1	3	3.0	4,000	4,000.0
VII	**Electrical Machinery Apparatus-and Appliances.**	**1**	—	—	—	—
	1. Welding Apparatus ..	1	—	—	—	—
VIII	**Transport Equipment**	**3**	**3**	**1.0**	**3,500**	**1,166.6**
	1. Tonga Spare Parts ..	3	3	1.0	3,500	1,166.6

Source: Small Scale Industries, West Pakistan.

TABLE 13—VILLAGE ROADS

Sl. No.	Name of Roads	Katcha	Pacca	Total Length miles furlong	Remarks
1.	Toppi-Bahadar-Kote ..	2— 4	—	2— 4	Not under maintenance
2.	Guddi-Kharmatoo ..	1— 4	—	1— 4	Under maintenance
3.	Kohat-Mirkheli via Shahpur ..	18— 0	—	18— 0	Not under maintenance
4.	Bar Jabbi-Ibrahimzai ..	17— 0	—	17— 0	Under maintenance
5.	Aungu Khulu to Ziarat Alladad ..	3— 0	—	3— 0	Ditto
6.	Aungu Khulu to Shadipur ..	4— 4	—	4— 4	Ditto
7.	Shadipur to Lukku Talab ..	3— 0	—	3— 0	Ditto
8.	Khushal-Garh to Kirisheikhan	12— 0	—	12— 0	Not under maintenance
9.	Lachi to Gumbat Road ..	24— 0	—	24— 0	Ditto
10.	Krappa to Shawiki ..	3— 0	—	3— 0	Ditto
11.	Lachi to Shahidan Danda ..	10— 0	—	10— 0	Ditto
12.	Gada Khel to Banda Bhathiaran ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Ditto
13.	Dam Killa to Shakardarra ..	11— 0	—	11— 0	Ditto
14.	Karak to Siraj Khel via Thathi Nasratti. ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Ditto
15.	Thathi Nasrathi to Shinawa-Gudi Khel.	10— 0	—	10— 0	Ditto
16.	Banda Daud Shah to Jandrai ..	11— 0	—	11— 0	Ditto
17.	Kundi Karbogha ..	8— 0	—	8— 0	Ditto
18.	Khuram Bahadar Khel	4— 4	—	4— 4	Ditto
19.	Lachi Darmalak ..	6— 0	—	6— 0	Under repair
20.	Teri to Bahadar Khel ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Not under repair
21.	Teri to Togh-Shakar Khel ..	16— 0	—	16— 0	Ditto
22.	Hangu to Umar Khan Kila via Chappri	12— 0	—	12— 0	Ditto
23.	Raisan to Shahu Khel ..	8— 0	—	8— 0	Ditto
24.	Grozi to Land-Kamar via Jahangiri Banda to Shinawa Gudi Khel.	19— 4	—	19— 4	Ditto
25.	Togh Khattak Banda ..	6—0	—	6— 0	Ditto
26.	Dallan Mianji Khel via Karbogha ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Ditto
27.	Doaba to Torwari ..	5— 0	—	5— 0	Under construction
28.	Hangu to Sumari Danda ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Not under repair
29.	K. B. Road Mile 11 to Sumari Bala ..	14— 0	—	14— 0	With P.W.D. Kohat
30.	Shahpur-to Surgul ..	14— 0	—	14— 0	Not under repair
31.	K. B. Road Mile 6 to Surgul ..	4— 0	—	4— 0	Under maintenance
32.	Karbogha to Gurguri ..	8— 0	—	8— 0	Not under maintenance
33.	Doaba to Karbogha ..	6— 0	—	6— 0	Under maintenance
34.	Dhoda Road ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Ditto
35.	K. B. Road to mile 8 to Surgul Kamarand.	5— 0	—	5— 0	Ditto
36.	Dhoda Marchongi ..	10— 0	—	10— 0	Ditto
37.	Dhoda Mile 14 to Shadikhel-Manda Khel.	4— 0	—	4— 0	Ditto
38.	Sheikhan Bazid Khel Road ..	6— 2	—	6— 2	Ditto
39.	Mile 5 Hangu-Garhi Nizrabshah ..	0— 4	—	0— 4	Not under repair
40.	Manduri Khadar Khel ..	3— 4	—	3— 4	Under repair (Maintenance).

TABLE 13—VILLAGE ROADS—*Contd.*

Sl. No.	Name of Roads	Katcha	Pacca	Total Length miles fur.ong	Remarks
41.	Shahpur Barh ..	6— 2	—	6— 2	Under repair (Maintenance)
42.	Fatheh Khan Banda ..	2— 0	—	2— 0	Ditto
43.	Ustarai Bala ..	0— 4	—	0— 4	Ditto
44.	Nakband ..	9— 0	—	9— 0	Not under repair
45.	Togh Bala to Togh Payan ..	1— 0	—	1— 0	Ditto
46.	Mile 4 K. K. Road to Bahadar Kot ..	1— 0	—	1— 0	Under maintenance
47.	Chorlakki ..	2— 0	—	2— 0	Ditto
48.	Pasta Chanda ..	1— 4	—	1— 4	Ditto
49.	Zara Mela ..	10— 0	—	10— 0	Ditto
50.	Warasta ..	2— 6	—	2— 6	Ditto
51.	Chambai ..	1— 4	—	1— 4	Ditto

Source : D.C's. P.W.D. B & R Department.

TABLE 14—ROADS

Class of Road	Name of Road	Length (miles furlong)		
		Metalled	Un-metalled	Total
I	Peshawar-Kohat ..	85.4	—	85.4
I	Kohat Khushal Garh ..	31.0	—	31.0
II	(Road North of Kohat Cantt.) ..	1.0	—	1.0
II	(Civil Station road from junction of Roads to Mile 0 Kohat Bannu Road)	0.4	—	0.4
II	Inner Circular Road ..	0.4	—	0.4
II	Kitchery Road ..	0.5	—	0.5
II	Outer Circular Road ..	0.7	—	0.7
II	Jarwanda Road ..	3.7	—	3.7
II	Kohat Railway Station approach Road ..	0.2	—	0.2
II	Banda Daud Shah Gurguri Road ..	—	24.0	24.0
II	Attock Branch Road ..	—	24.4	24.4
III	Oblanroad (Village Road) ..	1.0	2.0	3.0
II	Shakardara Road ..	—	20.1	20.1
II	Surdog Banda Karak Kabir Killi Nari Idal, Khel Road (18 Miles Ordinary district Road and 4.57—Miles Village Road).	—	32.4	32.4
III	Sheikhan Road (Village Road) ..	—	2.0	2.0
III	Bahadur Khel Dargai Road	—	17.7	17.7
III	Guguri Manzali Bahadur Khel Road (Village	—	17.0	17.0
II	Shah Pur Road) ..	—	1.0	1.0
II	Guruzi Thatti Nasratti Road ..	4.6	4.0	8.6
III	Bilitang Road (Village Road) ..	0.6	—	0.6
III	Chichan Sumari Bala Road (Village Road) ..	—	12.1	12.1
	Total ..	**130.5**	**146.9**	**277.6**

Source: D.C's. P.W.D. B & R Department.

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORT

KOHAT

PART-III

HOUSING TABLES–1960

COMPILED BY

W. A. ABBASI

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF MACHINE SORTING CENTRE

KARACHI

TABLE I—HOUSES, HOUSEHOLDS, PERSONS IN THE HOSEHOLD BY SEX AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD & HOUSE—1960

	Locality	Total	Houses		
			*Residential	**Non-residential but inhabited	
	ALL AREAS				
1	**Kohat District**	**68,514**	**68,279**	**235**	1
2	Kohat Tehsil	35,671	35,505	166	2
3	Karak Tehsil	17,023	17,003	20	3
4	Hangu Tehsil	15,820	15,771	49	4
	URBAN LOCALITIES				
5	**Kohat District**	**11,890**	**11,755**	**135**	5
6	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment ..	8,548	8,452	96	6
7	Thal Town Committee	1,976	1,954	22	7
8	Hangu Town Committee	1,366	1,349	17	8

**Represents the number, *only* of the cases so reported. It is likely that such cases are also included under residential houses.

*Residential Houses include Vacant fully Constructed and Vacant under Construction houses also.

TABLE I—HOUSES, HOUSEHOLDS, PERSONS IN THE HOUSEHOLD BY SEX AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD AND HOUSE—1960

	Households	†Persons in the Households			Persons per household	Persons per house	
		Total	Male	Female			
				ALL AREAS			
1	**65,476**	**3,93,389**	**2,04,241**	**1,89,148**	**6.0**	**5.7**	1
2	34,774	2,00,102	1,05,709	94,393	5.8	5.6	2
3	15,804	1,05,684	53,836	51,848	6.7	6.2	3
4	14,898	87,603	44,696	42,907	5.9	5.5	4
				URBAN LOCALITIES			
5	**11,850**	**71,381**	**41,504**	**29,877**	**6.0**	**6.0**	5
6	8,47\	50,831	29,735	21,096	6.0	5.9	6
7	1,784	10,921	6,304	4,617	6.1	5.5	7
8	1,596	9,629	5,465	4,164	6.0	7.0	8

†Normal residents.

TABLE 2—OCCUPIED AND UNOCCUPIED HOUSES—1960

	Locality	Population	Residential Houses			
			Total	Occupied Static Private	Occupied Institutional	Occupied Mobile
	ALL AREAS					
1	**Kohat District** ..	**3,93,389**	**68,279**	**59,820**	**475**	—
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	2,00,102	35,505	30,633	255	—
3	Karak Tehsil ..	1,05,684	17,003	15,145	30	—
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	87,603	15,771	14,042	190	—
	URBAN LOCALITIES					
5	**Kohat District** ..	**71,381**	**11,755**	**9,890**	**445**	—
6	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment	50,831	8,452	7,137	255	—
7	Thal Town Committee ..	10,921	1,954	1,666	54	—
8	Hangu Town Committee ..	9,629	1,349	1,087	136	—

TABLE 3—HOUSEHOLDS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD AND BY TENURE—1960

	Locality	Households	Households by number of persons				
			1	2	3	4	5
	ALL AREAS						
1	**Kohat District** ..	**65,476**	**3,124**	**5,619**	**6,743**	**9,168**	**8,982**
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	34,774	1,889	3,452	3,563	5,044	4,786
3	Karak Tehsil ..	15,804	490	919	1,539	1,888	2,058
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	14,898	745	1,248	1,641	2,236	2,138
	URBAN LOCALITIES						
5	**Kohat District** ..	**11,850**	**1,016**	**1,223**	**1,228**	**1,476**	**1,440**
6	Kohat Municiplaity and Cantonment	8,470	740	884	915	1,028	1,060
7	Thal Town Committee ..	1,784	151	156	163	248	200
8	Hangu Town Committee	1,596	125	183	150	200	180

TABLE 2—OCCUPIED AND UNOCCUPIED HOUSES—1960

	Vacant fully constructed	Vacant under construction	Non-Residential structures including offices, warehouses, shops, schools etc. Inhabited	Non-Residential structures including offices, warehouses, shops, schools etc. Uninhabited	Occupied Static Private Houses	Occupied Institutional Houses	Persons in Occupied Mobile Houses	Persons in Non-residential but inhabited structures other than Mobile
ALL AREAS								
1	7,844	140	235	15,108	3,83,743	8,227	—	1,419
2	4,526	91	166	6,583	1,92,930	6,256	—	916
3	1,818	10	20	5,005	1,05,095	499	—	90
4	1,500	39	49	3,520	85,718	1,472	—	413
URBAN LOCALITIES								
5	1,370	50	135	4,499	62,844	7,728	—	809
6	1,019	41	96	2,887	44,119	6,256	—	456
7	229	5	22	900	10,315	336	—	270
8	122	4	17	712	8,410	1,136	—	83

TABLE 3—HOUSEHOLDS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD AND BY TENURE—1960

	Households by number of Persons					Average number of persons per household	Households by tenure		
	6	7	8	9	10 and over		Owned	Rented	Free
ALL AREAS									
1	8,517	6,940	4,883	3,629	7,871	6.0	54,311	5,405	5,760
2	4,710	3,803	2,375	1,646	3,506	5.8	27,783	3,586	3,405
3	1,938	1,818	1,408	1,129	2,617	6.7	15,285	160	359
4	1,869	1,319	1,100	854	1,748	5.9	11,243	1,659	1,996
URBAN LOCALITIES									
5	1,374	1,186	928	641	1,338	6.0	4,950	4,237	2,663
6	974	856	657	467	889	6.0	3,557	3,017	1,896
7	221	165	152	93	235	6.1	605	721	458
8	179	165	119	81	214	6.0	788	499	309

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLDS—1960

	Locality and tenure		Households		Households by number of rooms		
			Size	Number	1	2	3
	ALL AREAS						
	Kohat District						
1	Total	**All sizes** ..		**65,476**	**38,977**	**17,124**	**5,642**
2		1 Person ..		3,124	2,803	231	46
3		2 Persons ..		5,619	4,528	791	184
4		3 Persons ..		6,743	5,004	1,408	222
5		4 Persons ..		9,168	6,549	1,992	452
6		5 Persons ..		8,982	5,891	2,273	613
7		6 Persons ..		8,517	5,082	2,444	707
8		7—9 Persons ..		15,452	7,247	5,450	1,769
9		10 & over Persons ..		7,871	1,873	2,535	1,649
10	Owned	**All sizes** ..		**54,311**	**31,296**	**15,038**	**4,943**
11		1 Person ..		1,946	1,776	137	16
12		2 Persons ..		4,296	3,540	598	93
13		3 Persons ..		5,373	3,875	1,227	188
14		4 Persons ..		7,646	5,435	1,733	379
15		5 Persons ..		7,509	4,875	1,986	512
16		6 Persons ..		7,218	4,260	2,128	630
17		7—9 Persons ..		13,342	6,080	4,881	1,560
18		10 & over Persons ..		6,981	1,455	2,348	1,565
19	Rented	**All sizes** ..		**5,405**	**3,429**	**1,095**	**399**
20		1 Person ..		499	413	48	17
21		2 Persons ..		565	371	102	59
22		3 Persons ..		634	498	93	22
23		4 Persons ..		730	498	139	45
24		5 Persons ..		784	516	161	54
25		6 Persons ..		640	410	144	40
26		7—9 Persons ..		1,143	584	306	122
27		10 & over Persons ..		410	139	102	40
28	Free	**All sizes** ..		**5,760**	**4,252**	**991**	**300**
29		1 Person ..		679	614	46	13
30		2 Persons ..		758	617	91	32
31		3 Persons ..		736	631	88	12
32		4 Persons ..		792	616	120	28
33		5 Persons ..		689	500	126	47
34		6 Persons ..		659	412	172	37
35		7—9 Persons ..		967	583	263	87
36		10 & over Persons ..		480	279	85	44

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no room	Average No of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
	ALL AREAS									
1	**1,938**	**894**	**390**	**102**	**111**	**69**	**128**	**101**	**1.7**	1
2	20	2	16	3	—	1	2	—	1.2	2
3	57	27	6	3	1	12	6	4	1.3	3
4	73	15	1	3	—	—	2	15	1.3	4
5	96	54	16	3	3	—	—	3	1.4	5
6	107	44	15	5	14	3	2	15	1.5	6
7	170	49	23	3	2	—	3	34	1.6	7
8	586	223	90	9	31	5	19	23	1.8	8
9	829	480	223	73	60	48	94	7	2.7	9
10	**1,684**	**787**	**275**	**54**	**79**	**63**	**61**	**31**	**1.7**	10
11	14	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.1	11
12	38	12	2	1	—	11	1	—	1.2	12
13	59	11	—	1	—	—	2	10	1.3	13
14	49	37	12	—	1	—	—	—	1.4	14
15	73	39	2	—	10	1	1	10	1.5	15
16	145	36	14	1	1	—	2	1	1.6	16
17	523	196	55	3	27	4	3	10	1.8	17
18	783	455	189	47	40	47	52	—	2.7	18
19	**180**	**97**	**81**	**32**	**22**	**4**	**42**	**24**	**1.7**	19
20	4	1	11	2	—	1	2	—	1.4	20
21	5	14	3	1	—	1	5	4	1.6	21
22	10	3	1	2	—	—	—	5	1.3	22
23	23	15	3	2	2	—	—	3	1.5	23
24	30	5	7	3	3	1	1	3	1.6	24
25	22	10	7	2	1	—	1	3	1.6	25
26	56	26	21	5	4	1	15	3	2.0	26
27	30	23	28	15	12	—	18	3	3.0	27
28	**74**	**10**	**34**	**16**	**10**	**2**	**25**	**46**	**1.4**	28
29	2	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	29
30	14	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	1.3	30
31	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	31
32	24	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	32
33	4	—	6	2	1	1	—	2	1.4	33
34	3	3	2	—	—	—	—	30	1.4	34
35	7	1	14	1	—	—	1	10	2.6	35
36	16	2	6	11	8	1	24	4	2.3	36

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	Kohat Tehsil						
37	Total	**All sizes** ..	**34,774**	**22,888**	**7,951**	**2,278**	37
38		1 Person ..	1,889	1,691	133	28	38
39		2 Persons ..	3,452	2,853	450	94	39
40		3 Persons ..	3,563	2,726	680	111	40
41		4 Persons ..	5,044	3,830	922	204	41
42		5 Persons ..	4,786	3,377	1,044	255	42
43		6 Persons ..	4,710	3,085	1,210	259	43
44		7—9 Persons ..	7,824	4,302	2,392	726	44
45		10 & over Persons ..	3,506	1,024	1,120	601	45
46	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**27,783**	**18,293**	**6,581**	**1,793**	46
47		1 Person ..	1,102	1,018	63	5	47
48		2 Persons ..	2,658	2,269	317	40	48
49		3 Persons ..	2,706	2,027	566	90	49
50		4 Persons ..	4,132	3,201	739	146	50
51		5 Persons ..	3,858	2,764	847	184	51
52		6 Persons ..	3,830	2,577	981	195	52
53		7—9 Persons ..	6,515	3,633	2,027	589	53
54		10 & over Persons ..	2,982	804	1,041	544	54
55	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**3,586**	**2,135**	**771**	**282**	55
56		1 Person ..	369	299	35	15	56
57		2 Persons ..	365	239	80	26	57
58		3 Persons ..	419	324	65	11	58
59		4 Persons ..	423	262	101	32	59
60		5 Persons ..	535	341	105	48	60
61		6 Persons ..	423	252	95	32	61
62		7—9 Persons ..	753	335	223	84	62
63		10 & over Persons ..	299	83	67	34	63
64	Free	**All sizes** ..	**3,405**	**2,460**	**599**	**203**	64
65		1 Person ..	418	374	35	8	65
66		2 Persons ..	429	345	53	28	66
67		3 Persons ..	438	375	49	10	67
68		4 Persons ..	489	367	82	26	68
69		5 Persons ..	393	272	92	23	69
70		6 Persons ..	457	256	134	32	70
71		7—9 Persons ..	556	334	142	53	71
72		10 & over Persons ..	225	137	12	23	72

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no room	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
37	**780**	**352**	**187**	**65**	**66**	**34**	**102**	**71**	**1 6**	37
38	17	2	12	3	—	1	2	—	1.2	38
39	20	15	5	3	—	2	6	4	1.3	39
40	21	4	1	3	—	—	2	15	1.3	40
41	52	22	6	2	3	—	—	3	1.3	41
42	64	23	11	2	3	2	2	3	1.4	42
43	86	18	11	3	1	—	3	34	1.5	43
44	211	64	56	8	31	4	18	12	1.7	44
45	309	204	85	41	28	25	69	—	2.6	45
46	**607**	**284**	**88**	**21**	**36**	**29**	**40**	**11**	**1.5**	46
47	13	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.1	47
48	16	11	2	1	—	1	1	—	1.2	48
49	9	1	—	1	—	—	2	10	1.3	49
50	26	17	2	—	1	—	—	—	1.3	50
51	41	18	2	—	—	1	1	—	1.4	51
52	63	6	4	1	—	—	2	1	1.4	52
53	159	48	24	2	27	3	3	—	1.7	53
54	280	182	53	15	8	24	31	—	2.5	54
55	**141**	**62**	**77**	**30**	**22**	**4**	**42**	**20**	**1.9**	55
56	3	1	11	2	—	1	2	—	1.5	56
57	3	4	2	1	—	1	5	4	1.6	57
58	9	2	1	2	—	—	—	5	1.4	58
59	13	5	3	2	2	—	—	3	1.6	59
60	20	5	7	1	3	1	1	3	1.7	60
61	20	10	7	2	1	—	1	3	1.8	61
62	49	15	20	5	4	1	15	2	2.2	62
63	24	20	26	15	12	—	18	—	3.5	63
64	**32**	**6**	**22**	**14**	**8**	**1**	**20**	**40**	**1.4**	64
65	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	65
66	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	66
67	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	67
68	13	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	68
69	3	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	1.4	69
70	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	30	1.4	70
71	3	1	12	1	—	—	—	10	1.6	71
72	5	2	6	11	8	1	20	—	2.9	72

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	Karak Tehsil						
73	Total	**All sizes** ..	**15,804**	**5,634**	**6,013**	**2,538**	73
74		1 Person ..	490	430	50	10	74
75		2 Persons ..	919	629	170	70	75
76		3 Persons ..	1,539	869	530	90	76
77		4 Persons ..	1,888	899	739	200	77
78		5 Persons ..	2,058	889	829	270	78
79		6 Persons ..	1,938	659	829	360	79
80		7—9 Persons ..	4,355	999	2,077	819	80
81		10 & over Persons ..	2,617	260	789	719	81
82	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**15,285**	**5,404**	**5,894**	**2,428**	82
83		1 Person ..	460	410	40	10	83
84		2 Persons ..	829	589	170	40	84
85		3 Persons ..	1,499	839	520	90	85
86		4 Persons ..	1,828	869	729	190	86
87		5 Persons ..	1,998	859	819	260	87
88		6 Persons ..	1,908	639	819	360	88
89		7—9 Persons ..	4,196	949	2,018	779	89
90		10 & over Persons ..	2,567	250	779	699	90
91	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**160**	**70**	—	**50**	91
92		1 Person ..	—	—	—	—	92
93		2 Persons ..	40	—	—	30	93
94		3 Persons ..	10	10	—	—	94
95		4 Persons ..	20	—	—	10	95
96		5 Persons ..	10	—	—	—	96
97		6 Persons ..	10	10	—	—	97
98		7—9 Persons ..	70	50	—	10	98
99		10 & over Persons ..	—	—	—	—	99
100	Free	**All sizes** ..	**359**	**160**	**119**	**60**	100
101		1 Person ..	30	20	10	—	101
102		2 Persons ..	50	40	—	—	102
103		3 Persons ..	30	20	10	—	103
104		4 Persons ..	40	30	10	—	104
105		5 Persons ..	50	30	10	10	105
106		6 Persons ..	20	10	10	—	106
107		7—9 Persons ..	89	—	59	30	107
108		10 & over Persons ..	50	10	10	20	108

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no room	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
73	**899**	**420**	**180**	**20**	**40**	**30**	**20**	**10**	**2.1**	73
74	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	74
75	30	10	—	—	—	10	—	—	1.6	75
76	40	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	76
77	20	20	10	—	—	—	—	—	1.7	77
78	40	20	—	—	10	—	—	—	1.8	78
79	60	20	10	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	79
80	300	120	30	—	—	—	—	10	2.3	80
81	409	220	130	20	30	20	20	—	3.1	81
82	**869**	**390**	**180**	**20**	**40**	**30**	**20**	**10**	**2.1**	82
83	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.2	83
84	20	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	1.5	84
95	40	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	85
86	20	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	1.7	86
87	30	20	—	—	10	—	—	—	1.8	87
88	60	20	10	—	—	—	—	—	2.0	88
89	300	110	30	—	—	—	—	10	2.2	89
90	399	220	130	20	30	20	20	—	3.2	90
91	**10**	**30**	—	—	—	—	—	—	**2.6**	91
92	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	92
93	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.5	93
94	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	94
95	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.0	95
96	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.0	96
97	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.0	97
98	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	98
99	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	99
100	**20**	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	**1.8**	100
101	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	101
102	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	102
103	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	103
104	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	104
105	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.6	105
106	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	106
107	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.3	107
108	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.6	108

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	Hangu Tehsil						
109	Total	**All sizes** ..	**14,898**	**10,455**	**3,160**	**826**	109
110		1 Person ..	745	682	48	8	110
111		2 Persons ..	1,248	1,046	171	20	111
112		3 Persons ..	1,641	1,409	198	21	112
113		4 Persons ..	2,236	1,820	331	48	113
114		5 Persons ..	2,138	1,625	400	88	114
115		6 Persons ..	1,869	1,338	405	88	115
116		7—9 Persons ..	3,273	1,946	981	224	116
117		10 & over Persons ..	1,748	589	626	329	117
118	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**11,243**	**7,599**	**2,563**	**722**	118
119		1 Person ..	384	348	34	1	119
120		2 Persons ..	809	682	111	13	120
121		3 Persons ..	1,168	1,009	141	8	121
122		4 Persons ..	1,686	1,365	265	43	122
123		5 Persons ..	1,653	1,252	320	68	123
124		6 Persons ..	1,480	1,044	328	75	124
125		7—9 Persons ..	2,631	1,498	836	192	125
126		10 & over Persons ..	1,432	401	528	322	126
127	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**1,659**	**1,224**	**324**	**67**	127
128		1 Person ..	130	114	13	2	128
129		2 Persons ..	160	132	22	3	129
130		3 Persons ..	205	164	28	11	130
131		4 Persons ..	287	236	38	3	131
132		5 Persons ..	239	175	56	6	132
133		6 Persons ..	207	148	49	8	133
134		7—9 Persons ..	320	199	83	28	134
135		10 & over Persons ..	111	56	35	6	135
136	Free	**All sizes** ..	**1,996**	**1,632**	**273**	**37**	136
137		1 Person ..	231	220	1	5	137
138		2 Persons ..	279	232	38	4	138
139		3 Persons ..	268	236	29	2	139
140		4 Persons ..	263	219	28	2	140
141		5 Persons ..	246	198	24	14	141
142		6 Persons ..	182	146	28	5	142
143		7—9 Persons ..	322	249	62	4	143
144		10 & over Persons ..	205	132	63	1	144

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no room	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
109	**259**	**122**	**23**	**17**	**5**	**5**	**6**	**20**	**1.4**	109
110	3	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	110
111	7	2	1	—	1	—	—	—	1.2	111
112	12	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	112
113	24	12	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.2	113
114	3	1	4	3	1	1	—	12	1.3	114
115	24	11	2	—	1	—	—	—	1.4	115
116	75	39	4	1	—	1	1	1	1.6	116
117	111	56	8	12	2	3	5	7	2.2	117
118	**208**	**113**	**7**	**13**	**3**	**4**	**1**	**10**	**1.5**	118
119	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	119
120	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	120
121	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	121
122	3	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	122
123	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	10	1.3	123
124	22	10	—	—	1	—	—	—	1.4	124
125	64	38	1	1	—	1	—	—	1.6	125
126	104	53	6	12	2	3	1	—	2.3	126
127	**29**	**5**	**4**	**2**	—	—	—	**4**	**1.4**	127
128	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	128
129	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	129
130	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	130
131	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	131
132	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	1.3	132
133	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	133
134	7	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	1.5	134
135	6	3	2	—	—	—	—	3	1.8	135
136	**22**	**4**	**12**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**5**	**6**	**1.3**	136
137	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	137
138	3	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	1.2	138
139	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	139
140	11	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	140
141	1	—	4	1	1	1	—	2	1.4	141
142	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	142
143	4	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	1.3	143
144	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	1.5	144

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	URBAN LOCALITIES						
	Kohat District						
145	Total	**All sizes** ..	**11,850**	**7,161**	**2,649**	**1.046**	145
146		1 Person ..	1,016	865	91	36	146
147		2 Persons ..	1,223	942	171	64	147
148		3 Persons ..	1,228	949	198	42	148
149		4 Persons ..	1,476	1,035	274	102	149
150		5 Persons ..	1,440	927	325	103	150
151		6 Persons ..	1,374	787	376	117	151
152		7—9 Persons ..	2,755	1,312	856	331	152
153		10 & over Persons ..	1,338	344	358	251	153
154	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**4,950**	**2,526**	**1,392**	**557**	154
155		1 Person ..	158	128	17	6	155
156		2 Persons ..	370	284	58	13	156
157		3 Persons ..	387	279	77	18	157
158		4 Persons ..	544	361	115	39	158
159		5 Persons ..	565	349	158	32	159
160		6 Persons ..	654	344	210	60	160
161		7—9 Persons ..	1,524	675	516	192	161
162		10 & over Persons ..	748	106	241	197	162
163	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**4,237**	**2,651**	**875**	**309**	163
164		1 Person ..	399	323	48	17	164
165		2 Persons ..	425	311	72	19	165
166		3 Persons ..	484	378	73	12	166
167		4 Persons ..	590	408	119	35	167
168		5 Persons ..	586	398	101	44	168
169		6 Persons ..	500	310	104	40	169
170		7—9 Persons ..	903	434	266	102	170
171		10 & over Persons ..	350	89	92	40	171
172	Free	**All sizes** ..	**2,663**	**1,984**	**382**	**180**	172
173		1 Person ..	459	414	26	13	173
174		2 Persons ..	428	347	41	32	174
175		3 Persons ..	357	292	48	12	175
176		4 Persons ..	342	266	40	28	176
177		5 Persons ..	289	180	66	27	177
178		6 Persons ..	220	133	62	17	178
179		7—9 Persons ..	328	203	74	37	179
180		10 & over Persons ..	240	149	25	14	180

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no room	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
	URBAN LOCALITIES									
145	**429**	**194**	**140**	**52**	**51**	**19**	**78**	**31**	**1.8**	145
146	10	2	6	3	—	1	2	—	1.3	146
147	17	7	6	3	1	2	6	4	1.4	147
148	23	5	1	3	—	—	2	5	1.3	148
149	36	14	6	3	3	—	—	3	1.5	149
150	37	14	15	5	4	3	2	5	1.6	150
151	50	19	13	3	2	—	3	4	1.7	151
152	126	53	40	9	11	5	9	3	1.9	152
153	130	80	53	23	30	8	54	7	3.0	153
154	**245**	**117**	**45**	**14**	**19**	**13**	**21**	**1**	**1.9**	154
155	4	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.4	155
156	8	2	2	1	—	1	1	—	1.4	156
157	9	1	—	1	—	—	2	—	1.4	157
158	19	7	2	—	1	—	—	—	1.5	158
159	13	9	2	—	—	1	1	—	1.6	159
160	25	6	4	1	1	—	2	1	1.7	160
161	73	36	15	3	7	4	3	—	2.0	161
162	94	55	19	7	10	7	12	—	3.0	162
163	**150**	**67**	**71**	**32**	**22**	**4**	**32**	**24**	**1.8**	163
164	4	1	1	2	—	1	2	—	1.4	164
165	5	4	3	1	—	1	5	4	1.5	165
166	10	3	1	2	—	—	—	5	1.3	166
167	13	5	3	2	2	—	—	3	1.5	167
168	20	5	7	3	3	1	1	3	1.6	168
169	22	10	7	2	1	—	1	3	1.7	169
170	46	16	21	5	4	1	5	3	2.0	170
171	30	23	28	15	12	—	18	3	3.4	171
172	**34**	**10**	**24**	**6**	**10**	**2**	**25**	**6**	**1.5**	172
173	2	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	173
174	4	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	1.3	174
175	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	175
176	4	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.4	176
177	4	—	6	2	1	1	—	2	1.6	177
178	3	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	178
179	7	1	4	1	—	—	1	—	1.6	179
180	6	2	6	1	8	1	24	4	2.6	180

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment						
181	Total	**All sizes** ..	**8,470**	**4,966**	**1,927**	**770**	181
182		1 Person ..	740	622	73	28	182
183		2 Persons ..	884	675	120	54	183
184		3 Persons ..	915	698	150	31	184
185		4 Persons ..	1,028	683	203	84	185
186		5 Persons ..	1,060	650	255	85	186
187		6 Persons ..	974	508	291	89	187
188		7—9 Persons ..	1,980	915	604	247	188
189		10 & over Persons ..	889	215	231	152	189
190	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**3,557**	**1,849**	**977**	**365**	190
191		1 Person ..	123	99	13	5	191
192		2 Persons ..	270	211	37	10	192
193		3 Persons ..	288	209	56	10	193
194		4 Persons ..	386	254	80	26	194
195		5 Persons ..	411	246	118	24	195
196		6 Persons ..	493	249	162	45	196
197		7—9 Persons ..	1,111	496	359	140	197
198		10 & over Persons ..	475	85	152	105	198
199	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**3,017**	**1,766**	**631**	**252**	199
200		1 Person ..	319	259	35	15	200
201		2 Persons ..	305	219	50	16	201
202		3 Persons ..	349	264	55	11	202
203		4 Persons ..	393	242	91	32	203
204		5 Persons ..	426	272	75	38	204
205		6 Persons ..	323	172	75	32	205
206		7—9 Persons ..	633	285	183	74	206
207		10 & over Persons ..	269	53	67	34	207
208	Free	**All sizes** ..	**1,896**	**1,351**	**319**	**153**	208
209		1 Person ..	298	264	25	8	209
210		2 Persons ..	309	245	33	28	210
211		3 Persons ..	278	225	39	10	211
212		4 Persons ..	249	187	32	26	212
213		5 Persons ..	223	132	62	23	213
214		6 Persons ..	158	87	54	12	214
215		7—9 Persons ..	236	134	62	33	215
216		10 & over Persons ..	145	77	12	13	216

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Concld.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no rooms	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
181	**340**	**152**	**117**	**45**	**46**	**14**	**72**	**21**	**1.8**	181
182	7	2	2	3	—	1	2	—	1.3	182
183	10	5	5	3	—	2	6	4	1.4	183
184	21	4	1	3	—	—	2	5	1.4	184
185	32	12	6	2	3	—	—	3	1.6	185
186	34	13	11	2	3	2	2	3	1.7	186
187	46	18	11	3	1	—	3	4	1.8	187
188	101	44	36	8	11	4	8	2	2.0	188
189	89	54	45	21	28	5	49	—	3.3	189
190	**187**	**84**	**38**	**11**	**16**	**9**	**20**	**1**	**1.9**	190
191	3	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.4	191
192	6	1	2	1	—	1	1	—	1.4	192
193	9	1	—	1	—	—	2	—	1.5	193
194	16	7	2	—	1	—	—	—	1.6	194
195	11	8	2	—	—	1	1	—	1.6	195
196	23	6	4	1	—	—	2	1	1.8	196
197	59	28	14	2	7	3	3	—	2.0	197
198	60	32	13	5	8	4	11	—	3.0	198
199	**131**	**62**	**67**	**30**	**22**	**4**	**32**	**20**	**1.9**	199
200	3	1	1	2	—	1	2	—	1.4	200
201	3	4	2	1	—	1	5	4	1.6	201
202	9	2	1	2	—	—	—	5	1.4	202
203	13	5	3	2	2	—	—	3	1.6	203
204	20	5	7	1	3	1	1	3	1.7	204
205	20	10	7	2	1	—	1	3	1.9	205
206	39	15	20	5	4	1	5	2	2.7	206
207	24	20	26	15	12	—	18	—	3.8	207
208	**22**	**6**	**12**	**4**	**8**	**1**	**20**	—	**1.6**	208
209	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	209
210	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	210
211	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	211
212	3	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	212
213	3	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	1.6	213
214	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	214
215	3	1	2	1	—	—	—	—	1.7	215
216	5	2	6	1	8	1	20	—	3.4	216

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	Thal Town Committee						
217	Total	**All sizes** ..	**1,784**	**1,218**	**322**	**117**	217
218		1 Person ..	151	131	11	4	218
219		2 Persons ..	156	123	23	5	219
220		3 Persons ..	163	139	18	4	220
221		4 Persons ..	248	206	31	7	221
222		5 Persons ..	200	148	34	6	222
223		6 Persons ..	221	173	30	13	223
224		7—9 Persons ..	410	251	106	25	224
225		10 & over Persons ..	235	47	69	53	225
226	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**605**	**309**	**151**	**81**	226
227		1 Person ..	12	11	1	—	227
228		2 Persons ..	30	20	6	3	228
229		3 Persons ..	26	20	3	3	229
230		4 Persons ..	65	56	4	4	230
231		5 Persons ..	62	47	13	1	231
232		6 Persons ..	70	51	14	4	232
233		7—9 Persons ..	200	103	66	16	233
234		10 & over Persons ..	140	1	44	50	234
235	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**721**	**547**	**129**	**21**	235
236		1 Person ..	41	28	10	2	236
237		2 Persons ..	60	49	10	1	237
238		3 Persons ..	87	74	12	—	238
239		4 Persons ..	118	97	20	1	239
240		5 Persons ..	97	75	19	2	240
241		6 Persons ..	109	93	10	4	241
242		7—9 Persons ..	151	103	33	8	242
243		10 & over Persons ..	58	28	15	3	243
244	Free	**All sizes** ..	**458**	**362**	**42**	**15**	244
245		1 Person ..	98	92	—	2	245
246		2 Persons ..	66	54	7	1	246
247		3 Persons ..	50	45	3	1	247
248		4 Persons ..	65	53	7	2	248
249		5 Persons ..	41	26	2	3	249
250		6 Persons ..	42	29	6	5	250
251		7—9 Persons ..	59	45	7	1	251
252		10 & over Persons ..	37	18	10	—	252

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no rooms	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
217	**57**	**29**	**15**	**3**	**4**	**4**	**5**	**10**	**1.6**	217
218	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	218
219	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1.3	219
220	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	220
221	1	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	221
222	2	—	4	2	1	1	—	2	1.5	222
223	2	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	1.4	223
224	17	6	3	—	—	—	1	1	1.6	224
225	29	19	3	—	1	3	4	7	2.8	225
226	**36**	**22**	**1**	—	**2**	**3**	—	—	**1.9**	226
227	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	227
228	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	228
229	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	229
230	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	230
231	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	231
232	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1.4	232
233	10	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.7	233
234	23	17	1	—	1	3	—	—	3.3	234
235	**12**	**4**	**3**	**1**	—	—	—	**4**	**1.3**	235
236	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	236
237	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	237
238	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	238
239	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	239
240	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	240
241	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	241
242	4	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	1.5	242
243	5	2	2	—	—	—	—	3	1.9	243
244	**9**	**3**	**11**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**5**	**6**	**1.5**	244
245	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	245
246	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1.4	246
247	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	247
248	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.4	248
249	1	—	4	1	1	1	—	2	2.2	249
250	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	250
251	3	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	1.6	251
252	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	2.2	252

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Locality and tenure	Households		Households by number of rooms			
		Size	Number	1	2	3	
	Hangu Town Committee						
253	Total	**All sizes** ..	**1,596**	**977**	**400**	**159**	253
254		1 Person ..	125	112	7	4	254
255		2 Persons ..	183	144	28	5	255
256		3 Persons ..	150	112	30	7	256
257		4 Persons ..	200	146	40	11	257
258		5 Persons ..	180	129	36	12	258
259		6 Persons ..	179	106	55	15	259
260		7—9 Persons ..	365	146	146	59	260
261		10 & over Persons ..	214	82	58	46	261
262	Owned	**All sizes** ..	**788**	**368**	**264**	**111**	262
263		1 Person ..	23	18	3	1	263
264		2 Persons ..	70	53	15	—	264
265		3 Persons ..	73	50	18	5	265
266		4 Persons ..	93	51	31	9	266
267		5 Persons ..	92	56	27	7	267
268		6 Persons ..	91	44	34	11	268
269		7—9 Persons ..	213	76	91	36	269
270		10 & over Persons ..	133	20	45	42	270
271	Rented	**All sizes** ..	**499**	**338**	**115**	**36**	271
272		1 Person ..	39	36	3	—	272
273		2 Persons ..	60	43	12	2	273
274		3 Persons ..	48	40	6	1	274
275		4 Persons ..	79	69	8	2	275
276		5 Persons ..	63	51	7	4	276
277		6 Persons ..	68	45	19	4	277
278		7—9 Persons ..	119	46	50	20	278
279		10 & over Persons ..	23	8	10	3	279
280	Free	**All sizes** ..	**309**	**271**	**21**	**12**	280
281		1 Person ..	63	58	1	3	281
282		2 Persons ..	53	48	1	3	282
283		3 Persons ..	29	22	6	1	283
284		4 Persons ..	28	26	1	—	284
285		5 Persons ..	25	22	2	1	285
286		6 Persons ..	20	17	2	—	286
287		7—9 Persons ..	33	24	5	3	287
288		10 & over Persons ..	58	54	3	1	288

TABLE 4—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF ROOMS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS PER HOUSEHOLD—1960—*Contd.*

	Households by number of rooms							Households having no room	Average No. of rooms per household	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over			
253	**32**	**13**	**8**	**4**	**1**	**1**	**1**	—	**1.6**	253
254	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	254
255	3	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	255
256	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	256
257	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	257
258	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.4	258
259	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	259
260	8	3	1	1	—	1	—	—	1.9	260
261	12	7	5	2	1	—	1	—	2.2	261
262	**22**	**11**	**6**	**3**	**1**	**1**	**1**	—	**1.8**	262
263	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	263
264	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	264
265	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	265
266	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.6	266
267	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.9	267
268	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.2	268
269	4	3	1	1	—	1	—	—	2.0	269
270	11	6	5	2	1	—	1	—	2.8	270
271	**7**	**1**	**1**	**1**	—	—	—	—	**1.4**	271
272	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	272
273	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.5	273
274	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	274
275	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	275
276	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1.3	276
277	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	277
278	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.8	278
279	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.0	279
280	**3**	**1**	**1**	—	—	—	—	—	**1.2**	280
281	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	281
282	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	282
283	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.3	283
284	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	284
285	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.2	285
286	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	286
287	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.4	287
288	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.1	288

TABLE 5—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISES OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM—1960

	Locality and tenure		House-holds	Total Persons	Number of Persons per room		
					Under 1	1	
	ALL AREAS						
	Kohat District						
1		**Total**	**65,476**	**3,93,389**	**2,111**	**28,867**	1
2		**Owned**	**54,311**	**3,32,682**	**1,218**	**21,689**	2
3		**Rented**	**5,405**	**29,518**	**619**	**4,137**	3
4		**Free**	**5,760**	**31,189**	**274**	**3,041**	4
	Kohat Tehsil						
5		Total	34,774	2,00,102	1,169	14,390	5
6		Owned	27,783	1,61,290	577	8,517	6
7		Rented	3,586	20,016	455	3,536	7
8		Free	3,405	18,796	137	2,337	8
	Karak Tehsil						
9		Total	15,804	1,05,684	580	10,540	9
10		Owned	15,285	1,02,707	430	10,280	10
11		Rented	160	819	120	160	11
12		Free	359	2,158	30	100	12
	Hangu Tehsil						
13		Total	14,898	87,603	362	3,937	13
14		Owned	11,243	68,685	211	2,892	14
15		Rented	1,659	8,683	44	441	15
16		Free	1,996	10,235	107	604	16
	URBAN LOCALITIES						
	Kohat District						
17		**Total**	**11,850**	**71,381**	**901**	**8,446**	17
18		**Owned**	**4,950**	**32,952**	**268**	**2,637**	18
19		**Rented**	**4,237**	**23,734**	**399**	**3,577**	19
20		**Free**	**2,663**	**14,695**	**234**	**2,232**	20
	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment						
21		Total	8,470	50,831	719	7,227	21
22		Owned	3,557	22,838	237	2,033	22
23		Rented	3,017	17,099	355	3,286	23
24		Free	1,896	10,894	127	1,908	24
	Thal Town Committee						
25		Total	1,784	10,921	132	606	25
26		Owned	605	4,769	15	210	26
27		Rented	721	4,051	23	175	27
28		Free	458	2,101	94	221	28
	Hangu Town Committee						
29		Total	1,596	9,629	50	613	29
30		Owned	788	5,345	16	394	30
31		Rented	499	2,584	21	116	31
32		Free	309	7,100	13	103	32

TABLE 5—HOUSEHOLDS BY TENURE OF PREMISE OCCUPIED SHOWING NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOMS—*Contd.*

	Number of persons per room				Persons having no rooms	Average No. of persons per room	
	2	3	4	5 and over			
			ALL AREAS				
1	**62,012**	**72,067**	**53,598**	**1,74,125**	**609**	**3.6**	1
2	**54,488**	**63,256**	**46,246**	**1,45,629**	**156**	**3.7**	2
3	**4,262**	**4,080**	**3,454**	**12,832**	**134**	**3.2**	3
4	**3,262**	**4,731**	**3,898**	**15,664**	**319**	**3.8**	4
5	27,944	32,320	27,088	96,822	369	3.7	5
6	22,735	26,452	22,777	80,196	36	3.8	6
7	3,107	2,922	2,067	7,846	83	3.0	7
8	2,102	2,946	2,244	8,780	250	3.8	8
9	25,015	25,414	13,926	30,139	70	3.2	9
10	24,555	24,675	13,466	29,231	70	3.2	10
11	80	30	—	429	—	2.0	11
12	380	709	460	479	—	3.3	12
13	9,053	14,333	12,584	47,164	170	4.1	13
14	7,198	12,129	10,003	36,202	50	4.2	14
15	1,075	1,128	1,387	4,557	51	3.9	15
16	780	1,076	1,194	6,405	69	4.0	16
			URBAN LOCALITIES				
17	**10,913**	**11,748**	**8,634**	**30,530**	**209**	**3.4**	17
18	**5,598**	**6,523**	**4,279**	**13,641**	**6**	**3.5**	18
19	**3,612**	**3,261**	**2,935**	**9,816**	**134**	**3.2**	19
20	**1,703**	**1,964**	**1,420**	**7,073**	**69**	**3.7**	20
21	8,034	8,304	5,849	20,609	89	3.3	21
22	3,864	4,244	2,977	9,477	6	3.4	22
23	2,807	2,403	1,827	6,338	83	3.0	23
24	1,363	1,657	1,045	4,794	—	3.7	24
25	1,510	1,743	1,380	5,430	120	3.2	25
26	859	1,077	603	2,005	—	4.1	26
27	436	467	540	2,359	51	4.2	27
28	215	199	237	1,066	69	3.0	28
29	1,369	1,701	1,405	4,491	—	4.1	29
30	875	1,202	699	2,159	—	3.3	30
31	369	391	568	1,119	—	3.4	31
32	125	108	138	1,213	—	3.9	32

TABLE 6—OCCUPIED HOUSES BY TENURE SHOWING PRINCIPAL MATERIAL USED IN WALLS AND ROOFS—1960

	Locality and tenure	House-holds	Houses and struc-tures	Principal material used in Walls				
				Concrete/ baked bricks/ stone and cement	Stone and Mud	Earth Katcha bricks	G.I./ Asbes-tos	Wood
	Kohat District		**ALL AREAS**					
1	**Total**	**65,476**	**60,530**	**4,940**	**42,977**	**12,426**	**5**	**18**
2	**Owned**	**54,311**	**50,169**	**1,432**	**39,036**	**9,555**	—	**2**
3	**Rented**	**5,405**	**4,930**	**1,548**	**1,346**	**2,009**	**3**	**15**
4	**Free**	**5,760**	**5,431**	**1,960**	**2,595**	**862**	**2**	**1**
	Kohat Tehsil							
5	Total	34,774	31,054	4,088	19,796	7,074	4	3
6	Owned	27,783	24,620	1,184	18,296	5,052	—	2
7	Rented	3,586	3,280	1,335	475	1,465	3	—
8	Free	3,405	3,154	1,569	1,025	557	1	1
	Karak Tehsil							
9	Total	15,804	15,195	150	11,269	3,776	—	—
10	Owned	15,285	14,705	130	10,919	3,656	—	—
11	Rented	160	150	10	120	20	—	—
12	Free	359	340	10	230	100	—	—
	Hangu Tehsil							
13	Total	14,898	14,281	702	11,912	1,576	1	15
14	Owned	11,243	10,844	118	9,821	847	—	—
15	Rented	1,659	1,500	203	751	524	—	15
16	Free	1,996	1,937	381	1,340	205	1	—
	Kohat District		**URBAN LOCALITIES**					
17	**Total**	**11,850**	**10,470**	**4,121**	**1,809**	**4,473**	**5**	**18**
18	**Owned**	**4,950**	**4,126**	**913**	**915**	**2,262**	—	**2**
19	**Rented**	**4,237**	**3,811**	**1,348**	**617**	**1819**	**3**	**15**
20	**Free**	**2,663**	**2,533**	**1,860**	**277**	**392**	**2**	**1**
	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment							
21	Total	8,470	7,488	3,509	486	3,477	4	3
22	Owned	3,557	2,952	805	234	1,905	—	2
23	Rented	3,017	2,741	1,205	196	1,335	3	—
24	Free	1,896	1,795	1,499	56	237	1	1
	Thal Town Committee							
25	Total	1,784	1,742	344	601	781	1	14
26	Owned	605	596	60	283	253	—	—
27	Rented	721	695	79	199	402	—	14
28	Free	458	451	205	119	126	1	—
	Hangu Town Committee							
29	Total	1,596	1,240	268	722	215	—	1
30	Owned	788	578	48	398	104	—	—
31	Rented	499	375	64	222	82	—	1
32	Free	309	287	156	102	29	—	—

TABLE 6—OCCUPIED HOUSES BY TENURE SHOWING PRINCIPAL MATERIAL USED IN WALLS AND ROOFS—1960

	Principal material used in Roofs											
	Bamboo	Thatched	Others	Concrete/ baked bricks/ stone	Baked tiles	G.I./ Asbestos	Wood	Bamboo thatched	Mud thatched	Others	Mobile	
	ALL AREAS											
1	**43**	**1**	**120**	**2,406**	**358**	**187**	**13,817**	**372**	**43,268**	**122**	—	1
2	**43**	—	**101**	**459**	**37**	**11**	**10,624**	**111**	**38,874**	**53**	—	2
3	—	**1**	**8**	**611**	**64**	**103**	**1,648**	**203**	**2,235**	**66**	—	3
4	—	—	**11**	**1,336**	**257**	**73**	**1,545**	**58**	**2,159**	**3**	—	4
5	43	1	45	2,033	333	88	3,191	351	24,950	108	—	5
6	43	—	43	405	31	9	2,355	110	21,660	50	—	6
7	—	1	1	545	59	67	441	201	1,910	57	—	7
8	—	—	1	1,083	243	12	395	40	1,380	1	—	8
9	—	—	—	20	—	—	20	10	15,145	—	—	9
10	—	—	—	20	—	—	20	—	14,665	—	—	10
11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	150	—	—	11
12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	330	—	—	12
13	—	—	75	353	25	99	10,606	11	3,173	14	—	13
14	—	—	58	34	6	2	8,249	1	2,549	3	—	14
15	—	—	7	66	5	36	1,207	2	175	9	—	15
16	—	—	10	253	14	61	1,150	8	449	2	—	16
	URBAN LOCALITIES											
17	**3**	**1**	**40**	**2,096**	**338**	**147**	**3,078**	**342**	**4,387**	**82**	—	17
18	**3**	—	**31**	**239**	**37**	**11**	**1,434**	**91**	**2,301**	**13**	—	18
19	—	**1**	**8**	**551**	**54**	**63**	**1,258**	**203**	**1,616**	**66**	—	19
20	—	—	**1**	**1,306**	**247**	**73**	**386**	**48**	**470**	**3**	—	20
21	3	1	5	1,793	313	48	983	331	3,952	68	—	21
22	3	—	3	205	31	9	397	90	2,210	10	—	22
23	—	1	1	525	49	27	391	201	1,491	57	—	23
24	—	—	1	1,063	233	12	195	40	251	1	—	24
25	—	—	1	169	11	87	1,171	8	294	2	—	25
26	—	—	—	26	6	1	489	—	73	1	—	26
27	—	—	1	17	5	35	537	—	100	1	—	27
28	—	—	—	126	—	51	145	8	121	—	—	28
29	—	—	34	134	14	12	924	3	141	12	—	29
30	—	—	28	8	—	1	548	1	18	2	—	30
31	—	—	6	9	—	1	330	2	25	8	—	31
32	—	—	—	117	14	10	46	—	98	2	—	32

TABLE 7—OCCUPIED HOUSES ACCORDING TO STRUCTURAL TYPE—1960

Number of Households sharing Houses with other Households is given below the main figures in italics

	Locality	Houses and structures	Number of Houses according to type			
			Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	
	ALL AREAS					
1	**Kohat District** ..	**60,530**	**2,638**	**1,055**	**10,690**	1
2		*4,946*	*122*	*79*	*638*	2
3	Kohat Tehsil ..	31,054	2,262	768	1,655	3
4		*3,720*	*117*	*51*	*219*	4
5	Karak Tehsil ..	15,195	20	20	—	5
6		*609*	—	—	—	6
7	Hangu Tehsil ..	14,281	356	267	9,035	7
8		*617*	*5*	*28*	*419*	8
	URBAN LOCALITIES					
9	**Konat District** ..	**10,470**	**2,358**	**925**	**1,170**	9
10		*1,380*	*102*	*69*	*259*	10
11	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment ..	7,488	2,052	688	77	11
12		*982*	*97*	*41*	*9*	19
13	Thal Town Committee ..	1,742	178	136	478	13
14		*42*	*1*	*3*	*12*	14
15	Hangu Town Committee ..	12,40	128	101	615	15
16		*356*	*4*	*25*	*238*	16

*Type 1 : Wall of Concrete/Baked bricks/Stones. and Cement, Wood, G.I./Asbestos sheets, Bamboo and thatched. Roof of Concrete/Cement/Baked bricks/Stone and baked tiles.

Type 2 : Wall of Concrete/Baked bricks/Stones and Cement. Roof of G. I./Asbestos sheets and Wood.

Type 3 : Wall of Stone and mud. Roof of Concrete/Cement/Baked bricks/Stones, Baked tiles, G. I./Asbestos sheets and Wood.

Type 4 : Wall of Earth Katcha Bricks. G. I./Asbestos sheets, Wood, bamboo and thatched. Roof of baked tiles, G. I./Asbestos sheets and wood.

Type 5 : Wall of Wood, Bamboo and Thatched. Roof of Wood, Bamboo thatched and Mud thatched.

TABLE 7—OCCUPIED HOUSES ACCORDING TO STRUCTURAL TYPE—1960

Number of Households sharing Houses with other Households is given below the main Figures in italics

	Number of Houses according to type *						
	Type 4	Type 5	Type 6	Type 7	Type 8	Type 9	
	ALL AREAS						
1	**2,276**	**9**	**42,319**	**1,274**	**—**	**269**	1
2	*297*	*2*	*2,229*	*150*	—	*1,429*	2
3	891	6	24,208	1,089	—	175	3
4	*196*	*2*	*1,587*	*150*	—	*1,398*	4
5	—	—	15,045	110	—	—	5
6	—	—	*609*	—	—	—	6
7	1,385	3	3,066	75	—	*94*	7
8	*101*	—	*33*	—	—	*31*	8
	URBAN LOCALITIES						
9	**1,137**	**9**	**3,898**	**824**	**—**	**149**	9
10	*137*	*2*	*641*	*110*	—	*60*	10
11	292	6	3,519	759	—	95	11
12	*56*	*2*	*638*	*110*	—	*29*	12
13	644	2	269	31	—	4	13
14	23	—	*3*	—	—	—	14
15	201	1	110	34	—	50	15
16	*58*	—	—	—	—	31	16

Type 6 :—Wall of Earth Katcha bricks, stone and mud. Roof of Bamboo thatched and Mud thatched.

Type 7 :—Wall of G.I./Asbestos sheets, Concrete/Baked Bricks/Stones. Roof of Bamboo Thatched and Mud thatched.

Type 8 :—Mobile.

Type 9 :—Others and Unclassified.

TABLE 8—FAMILIES BY SIZE AND TYPE—1960

	Locality	*Number of families	Persons in families	Average number of persons per family	
	ALL AREAS				
1	**Kohat District** ..	**64,810**	**3,10,252**	**4.8**	1
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	34,372	1,63,509	4.8	2
3	Karak Tehsil ..	15,764	79,438	5.0	3
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	14,674	67,305	4.6	4
	URBAN LOCALITIES				
5	**Kohat District** ..	**11,304**	**53,814**	**4.8**	5
6	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment ..	8,138	38,949	4.8	6
7	Thal Town Committee ..	1,698	8,069	4.8	7
8	Hangu Town Committee	1,468	6,796	4.6	8

TABLE 9—FAMILIES BY NUMBER OF PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER FAMILY—1960

	Locality	Families	Families by number of persons per family			
			1	2	3	
	ALL AREAS					
1	**Kohat District** ..	**64,810**	**4,592**	**8,684**	**7,890**	1
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	34,372	2,527	4,877	3,910	2
3	Karak Tehsil ..	15,764	889	1,708	2,038	3
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	14,674	1,176	2,099	1,942	4
	URBAN LOCALITIES					
5	**Kohat District** ..	**11,304**	**1,366**	**1,392**	**1,257**	5
6	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment	8,138	959	991	913	6
7	Thal Town Committee ..	1,698	228	190	183	7
8	Hangu Town Committee ..	1,468	179	211	161	8

*A Census family includes husband, and/or wife, with or without own sons and/or daughters and/or Parents and/or daughters-in-law.

TABE 8—FAMIIES BY SIZE AND TYPE—1960

	Families by type				Families with		
	One person only	Husband and wife without sons or daughters only	Husband and/or wife with own sons and/or daughters only	Husband and/or wife with or without own sons and/or daughters but having parents and/or daughters-in-law	Other relatives	Non-relatives	
				ALL AREAS			
1	**4,592**	**4,127**	**27,784**	**28,307**	**20,405**	**2,344**	1
2	2,527	2,534	15,783	13,528	8,172	1,385	2
3	8,89	619	6,074	8,182	6,953	310	3
4	1,176	974	5,927	6,597	5,280	649	4
				URBAN LOCALITIES			
5	**1,366**	**871**	**5,735**	**3,332**	**1,504**	**855**	5
6	959	676	4,284	2,219	660	576	6
7	228	98	817	555	415	154	7
8	179	97	634	558	429	125	8

TABLE 9—FAMILIES BY NUMBER OF PERSONS AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER FAMILY—1960

	Families by number of persons per family							Average number of persons per family	
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 and over		
					ALL AREAS				
1	**9,991**	**9,446**	**8,664**	**6,345**	**4,268**	**2,415**	**2,515**	**4.8**	1
2	5,475	4,848	4,600	3,372	2,125	1,226	1,412	4.8	2
3	2,078	2,558	2,248	1,608	1,239	719	679	5.0	3
4	2,438	2,040	1,816	1,365	904	470	424	4.6	4
					URBAN LOCALITIES				
5	**1,479**	**14,64**	**1,341**	**1,110**	**801**	**507**	**587**	**4.8**	5
6	1,069	1,062	944	814	576	387	423	4.8	6
7	227	203	216	166	125	69	91	4.8	7
8	183	199	181	130	100	51	73	4.6	8

Copy No. I

[To be handed over to the Supervisor after Housing Census and then to be secured back and retained by Enumurator until after 3-2-1961].

HOUSING CENSUS REGISTER, 1960

Admn. Distt.	Census Distt.	Charge	Circle	Block

Instructions to the Enumerators.

1. Study again the summarized House Numbering Procedure which you received with the list of your duties for the first phase of the Census.
2. Read these instructions repeatedly until you are completely familiar with them.
3. Study the Dummy interview sheet carefully and see if there are any particular types of houses/households in your block which are not included therein, or if there is any aspect of it which you do not understand, so that you may get your difficulties resolved in the Training Classes.
4. Always carry your letter of appointment and introduce yourself by means of it, explaining to each Householder briefly the objects of the Census and the fact that all true information gained in the Census is strictly confidential in respect of all persons and can never be used in any manner against their interests.
5. Remember that the "Household" is the smallest unit in the Housing Census and enter the necessary information about each and every Household on a separate line in the Housing Census Schedule.
6. Ensure that every Building in your Block has been numbered.
7. Carry out completely the Housing Census and Cottage Industry Enquiry. The Housing Census Schedule to be completed in duplicate and only one copy of the Cottage Industry Enquiry Form.
8. The entries are required to be made of the total number of each sex regardless of age, who are "normal residents". At this stage no effort will be made to include figures of floating population like visitors to households, homeless folks, etc., Hotels, Serais, Boarding Houses and Hostels will however, report the average number of their total occupants (staff, permanent guests and temporary visitors) as their normal inhabitants. Persons living regularly in Boats, Tents, etc. will be included where they are found.
9. Be ready at all times for a visit of inspection by your Circle Supervisor.
10. *DEFINITIONS*—(a) *Household* is a collection of persons living and eating in one mess with their dependents, relations, servants and lodgers who normally reside together.
    (b) *Normal Resident or Usual Inhabitant* is a person to whom the house is his or her permanent home or regular lodging place. *Floating Population* means homeless folks or regular itinerants, visitors to households, etc.
    (c) *Room* is broadly a compartment of House large enough to be slept in.
    (d) *Cottage Industry*: For purposes of this enquiry, a "Cottage Industry" is one which is carried on wholly or mainly with the help of the members of a household working whole-time or part-time on a handicraft or in manufacturing articles of utility, decorative or artistic value for sale mainly outside the village or *Mohalla* where they are manufactured. This will exclude repair and maintenance services, and will normally exclude village artisans such as the Lohar, Tarkhan, Kumhar, etc., unless they do special work so as to fall within the above definition.

DO NOT DETACH ANY PAPER FROM THIS REGISTER. IF THERE ARE MORE THAN 150 HOUSEHOLDS IN YOUR BLOCK STITCH IN EXTRA SHEETS, WHICH WILL BE SUPPLIED BY YOUR SUPERVISOR, IN THE MIDDLE OF THE REGISTER AFTER PAGE EIGHT. KEEP THIS REGISTER NEAT & CLEAN.

I have made the entries of all households in my block.	I have checked 5% of the entries in this register.	I have checked———— entries in this register.
Signature of Enumerator and Date	*Signature of Supervisor and Date*	*Signature of Charge Superintendent and Date*

HOUSING

Line No.	Building/ House No.	TYPE OF STRUCTURE: Material of wall. 1. Concrete or Baked Bricks/Stone in Cement. 2. Stone in mud. 3. Earth/Kutcha Bricks. 4. G. I./Asbestos sheets. 5. Wood. 6. Bamboo. 7. Thatch. 8. Others.	TYPE OF STRUCTURE: Material of roof. 1. Concrete/Cement/Baked Bricks. 2. Baked tiles 3. G.I./Asbestos sheets. 4. Wood. 5. Bamboo Thatch. 6. Mud Thatch. 7. Others.	TYPE OF STRUCTURE: Mobile:— 1. Boat 2. Tent 3. Others	Household No.	Does the household live in— 1. Owned or 2. Rented or 3. Free house.	Name of Head of Household. 1. For all occupied residential houses write the name of the head of the household 2. For institution, hotel, etc., enter its name. 3. For any structure not meant or not occupied for residential purposes write shop, mosque, office, warehouse, "Vacant shop etc." "Under construction shop etc.". "Vacant Residential" or "under construction Residential" as the case may be.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
Page Total	No. of occupied (Residential) Houses ( ), No. of unoccupied Structures ( ),						

CENSUS SCHEDULE

Number of usual inhabitant in the household.								Total		Rooms occupied by the household.	During last 12 months.						Line No.
											Born Alive		Infants below one year died		Total deaths including infant deaths shown in Cols. 22&23		
Wife	Son	Daughter	Daughter-in-law	Father	Mother	Other relatives	Others (non-relatives, servants, etc.)	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
																	1
																	2
																	3
																	4
																	5
																	6
																	7
																	8
																	9
																	10
																	11
																	12
																	13
																	14
																	15
																	16
																	17
																	18
																	19
																	20
																	21
																	22
																	23
																	24
																	25
																	26
																	27
																	28
																	29
																	30
No. of Households ( )																	Page Total

METHOD OF RECORDING PARTICULARS IN THE ENUMERATOR'S REGISTER FOR THE HOUSING CENSUS

1. You have been given two copies of this Register, one of which (Copy No. 1) contains Cottage Industry Schedule which is also to be completed while taking the Housing Census. Even if there is no Cottage Industry in your Block the Cottage Industry Form should still be returned with the word "BLANK" written across it.

2. Your "Location Code" should be completed on each copy of the Housing Census Schedule and on the Cottage Industry Form at home before going out in your Block to fill up the Schedule & Form. This copy of the Housing Census Schedule and the Cottage Industry Form (Copy No. 1) should be completed while out in the Block carrying out the actual Housing Census. The second copy (Copy No. 2) of Housing Census Schedule may be filled up at home by copying out neatly in ink on it each evening the entries you have made on the original (Copy No. 1), during the day.

Column (2) of Housing Census Schedule : The "Census House Number" given to the building or house should be recorded in this column. In a building there can be many houses. In such a case the building number should be recorded first, underneath the No. of the building, the No. of the house therein should be recorded separately. It should be remembered that in case more than one households are living in the same house, the particulars of each of the households will be recorded on a different line by writing "Do" in this column.

Column (3) : Enter the number of one of the eight types of material used in walls and in case where more than one material has been used in different portions of the house, enter the number of the principal material used in outer walls of the Major portion of the house.

Column (4) : Enter the relevant number as in column 3.

Column (5) : If a household is living in a boat or in tent, etc., then put the relevant No. (1, 2 or 3) in this column. Columns (3) & (4) will then be blank.

Column (6) : Give serial number to the households residing in the same house whose particulars are to be recorded on different lines.

Column (7) : If the household is living in "owned", "rented" or "free" house enter the relevant No. (1, 2 or 3) in this Column. In the case of servant quarters, etc., allowed free of rent, write the No. of Free (*i.e.* 3).

Column (8) : Name of the head of the household has to be entered for all occupied houses. For institution, hotel, etc., enter its name. For any unoccupied dwelling write "Vacant Residential" or "Under Construction residential" etc. For non-residential buildings write Mosque, Primary School, Office, Warehouse, Shop, "Vacant Shop" etc., "Under Construction Shop" etc., as the case may be.

Column (9) to (16) : Write the number in the appropriate column.

Column (17) to (18) : For making entries in columns 17 and 18 the head of the household should be specifically asked to state separately the total number of males and females included in the household. This will serve as a check on any possible discrepancy due to the under-reporting of females which must be continually guarded against.

Column (19) : Write the number of rooms occupied by the household (See instruction 10 (c) ante for definition of "room").

Columns (20) to (25) : Write the number in the appropriate column.

DETAILS ABOUT HOUSETYPE

Type (1): Wall of Concrete/Baked Bricks/Stones, Wood, Bamboo, Thatched and Others. Roof of Concrete/ Cement/Baked Bricks/Stones and Baked tiles.

Type (2): Wall of Concrete/Baked Bricks/Stones. Roof of G.I. Asbestos sheets and Wood.

Type (3): Wall of Earth/Katcha Bricks. Roof of Concrete/Cement/Baked Bricks/Stones, Baked tiles. G.I. Asbestos sheets and Wood.

Type (4): Wall of G.I. Asbestos sheets, Wood, Bamboo, Thatched and Others. Roof of Baked tiles, G.I. Asbestos sheets and Wood.

Type (5): Wall of Bamboo, Thatched and Others. Roof of Wood, Bamboo Thatched and Mud Thatched.

Type (6): Wall of Earth Katcha Bricks and G.I. Asbestos sheets. Roof of Bamboo Thatched and Mud Thatched.

Type (7): Wall of Concrete/Baked Bricks/Stones and Wood. Roof of Bamboo thatched and Mud Thatched.

Type (8): Mobile.

Type (9): Others and Unclassified.

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORT

KOHAT

PART-IV

POPULATION TABLES

COMPILED IN THE OFFICE OF

THE DIRECTOR OF CENSUS

WEST PAKISTAN

LAHORE

TABLE 1—POPULATION BY SEX, AREA AND PERSONS PER SQUARE MILE—1951 AND 1961.

Number of Persons

	Locality	Land Area (Sq. Miles) 1961	1961			
			Population			Females per 1,000 Males
			Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**Kohat District** ..	**3,473**	**6,27,795**	**3,21,769**	**3,06,026**	**951**
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	983	1,90,083	96,800	93,283	964
3	Karak Tehsil ..	1,301	98,073	48,187	49,886	1,035
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	423	90,148	45,865	44,283	966
5	Special Area ..	766	2,49,491	1,30,917	1,18,574	906

Karak was formerly Banda Daud Shah Tehsil.

TABLE 2—URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION—1951 AND 1961.

Number of Persons

	Locality	Urban Population					
		1961			1951	Variation 1951—61	
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Number	Per cent
1	**Kohat District** ..	**71,338**	**41,200**	**30,138**	**53,575**	**17,763**	**33.16**
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	49,854	28,896	20,958	40,841	9,013	22.07
3	Karak Tehsil ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	21,484	12,304	9,180	12,734	8,780	68.71

1961 data includes non-Pakistanis.
1951 data excludes non-Pakistanis.

TABLE 1—POPULATION BY SEX, AREA AND PERSONS PER SQUARE MILE—1951 AND 1961

Number of Persons

	1951				Increase/decrease in population 1951—61		Persons per square mile		
	Population			Females per 1000 Males	Number	Per cent	1961	1951	
	Both Sexes	Male	Female						
1	**4,32,637**	**2,26,957**	**2,05,680**	**906**	**1,95,158**	**45.11**	**181**	**125**	1
2	1,59,272*	81,771	77,501	948	30,811	19.34	193	162	2
3	82,190	40,584	41,606	1,025	15,883	19.32	75	63	3
4	57,568	29,879	27,689	927	32,580	56.59	213	136	4
5	1,33,607	74,723	58,884	788	1,15,884	86.73	326	174	5

Note :— * Includes 32,725 population of the villages transferred from Banda Daud Shah Tehsil.

TABLE 2—URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION—1951 AND 1961.

Number of Persons

	Rural Population						
	1961			1951	Variation 1951—61		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Number	Per cent	
1	**3,06,966**	**1,49,652**	**1,57,314**	**2,47,107**	**59,859**	**24.22**	1
2	1,40,229	67,904	72,325	1,18,941†	21,288	17.90	2
3	98,073	48,187	49,886	82,761	15,312	18.50	3
4	68,664	33,561	35,103	45,405	23,259	51.23	4

Note †—Includes 32,725 Population of villages transferred from Banda Daud Shah Tehsil to Kohat Tehsil.

TABLE 3—POPULATION BY SEX AND RELIGION, OF HEADQUARTERS TOWN, 1961 AND POPULATION BY RELIGION, 1951

Number of Persons

	Locality	Religion	Population 1961		
			Both Sexes	Male	
1	**Kohat District** ..	**All Religions** ..	**49,854**	**28,896**	1
2		Muslims ..	48,686	28,297	2
3		*Per cent* ..	*97.66*	*91.93*	3
4		Caste Hindus ..	—	—	4
5		Scheduled Castes ..	262	124	5
6		Christians ..	794	419	6
7		Other Religions ..	112	56	7

TABLE 4—POPULATION BY SEX, OF TOWNS—1951 AND 1961

KOHAT DISTRICT

Number of Persons

	Locality	Number of Persons 1961 **			
		Both Sexes	M le	Female	
1	**Kohat Municipality and Cantonment** ..	**49,854**	**28,896**	**20,958**	1
2	Kohat Cantonment ..	13,838	9,912	3,926	2
3	Thal Town Committee ..	11,747	6,839	4,908	3
4	Hangu Town Committee ..	9,737	5,465	4,272	4

*1951 data includes non-Pakistanis.
**1961 data excludes non Pakistanis.

TABLE 3—POPULATION BY SEX AND RELIGION, OF HEADQUARTERS TOWN, 1961 AND POPULATION BY RELIGION, 1951.

Number of Persons

	Population 1951	Increase 1951—1961 Both Sexes		
	Female	Both Sexes	Number	Per cent
1	**20,958**	**40,534**	**9,320**	**22.9**
2	20,389	39,896	8,790	22.03
3	97.29	98.43	94.31	—
4	—	4	—4	—100
5	138	308	—46	—14.9
6	375	324	470	145.1
7	56	2	110	500.0

TABLE 4—POPULATION BY SEX, OF TOWNS—1951 AND 1961

KOHAT DISTRICT

Number of Persons

	Number of Persons, 1951*			Increase 1951—61 (—Decrease)		Females Per 1,000 males	
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Number of Persons	Per cent	1961	1951
1	**40,811**	**24,390**	**16,451**	**9,013**	**22**	**725**	**674**
2	10.122	8,144	1,978	3,716	37	396	243
3	5,757	3,129	2,628	5,990	104	718	840
4	6,977	3,842	3,135	2,760	40	782	816

TABLE 5—DECENNIAL CHANGES IN POPULATION OF TOWNS—1901 TO 1961.

Number of Persons

	Locality	1901	1911			1921			
		Population	Population	Variation		Population	Variation		
				Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent	
1	**Kohat District** ..	**2,17,865**	**2,22,690**	**4,825**	**2.2**	**2,14,123**	**—8,567**	**—3.8**	1
2	Kohat City ..	30,762	22,654	—8,108	—26.36	27,853	5,199	22.95	2
3	Kohat Municipality ..	18,092	16,697	—1,395	—7.7	18,547	1,850	11.00	3
4	Kohat Cantonment ..	12,670	5,957	—6,713	—53	9,306	3,349	56	4
5	Hangu Town Committee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
6	Thal Town Committee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6

TABLE 5—DECENNIAL CHANGES IN POPULATION OF TOWNS —1901 TO 1961.

Number of Persons

	1931			1941			1951			1961			
	Population	Variation		Population	Variation		Population	Variation		Population	Variation		
		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent		Number	Per cent	
1	**2,36,273**	**22,150**	**10**	**2,80,404**	**53,131**	**23**	**3,00,682**	**11,278**	**3.8**	**3,78,304**	**77,622**	**25.81**	1
2	34,350	6,497	23.33	44,977	10,627	30.94	40,841	—4,136	—9.20	49,854	9,013	22.07	2
3	25,100	6,553	35	34,316	9,216	37	30,719	—3,597	—10	36,016	5,297	17.21	3
4	9,250	—56	—0.6	10,661	1,411	15	10,122	—539	—5.1	13,838	3,716	36.71	4
5	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,977	—	—	9,737	2,760	39.56	5
6	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,757	—	—	11,747	5,990	104.05	6

TABLE 6—POPULATION BY MARITAL STATUS AND SEX—1951 AND 1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age-group	1961				
		Population	Never married	Married	Widowed	Divorced
	BOTH SEXES					
1	**All Ages** ..	**3,78,304**	**2,13,240**	**1,45,040**	**19,369**	**655**
	MALES					
2	**All Ages** ..	**1,90,852**	**1,19,230**	**65,998**	**5,300**	**324**
3	0—9 ..	72,796	72,796	—	—	—
4	10—19 ..	35,903	33,311	2,554	26	12
5	20—39 ..	41,817	11,706	29,253	728	130
6	40—59 ..	27,815	1,101	24,639	1,961	114
7	60 & over ..	12,521	316	9,552	2,585	68
	FEMALES					
8	**All Ages** ..	**1,87,452**	**94,010**	**79,042**	**14,069**	**331**
9	0—9 ..	68,215	68,215	—	—	—
10	10—19 ..	32,512	22,620	9,840	24	28
11	20—39 ..	50,301	2,601	45,899	1,616	185
12	40—59 ..	26,351	474	19,655	6,131	91
13	60 & over ..	10,073	100	3,648	6,298	27

TABLE 6—POPULATION BY MARITAL STATUS AND SEX—1951 AND 1961

KOHAT DISTRICT Number of Persons

	1951					
	Population	Never married	Married	Widowed	Divorced	
			BOTH SEXES			
1	**29,9030**	**1,67,246**	**1,20,259**	**11,312**	**213**	1
			MALES			
2	**1,52,234**	**91,583**	**54,997**	**5,531**	**123**	2
3	49,255	49,255	—	—	—	3
4	36,482	26,471	9,930	69	12	4
5	41,606	13,941	27,105	515	45	5
6	20,605	1,770	16,467	2,316	52	6
7	4,286	146	1,495	2,631	14	7
			FEMALES			
8	**1,46,796**	**75,663**	**65,262**	**5,781**	**90**	8
9	48,488	48,488	—	—	—	9
10	36,507	22,869	13,594	32	12	10
11	34,211	4,019	30,000	168	24	11
12	22,582	217	19,747	2,584	34	12
13	5,008	70	1,921	2,997	20	13

TABLE 7—POPULATION BY AGE IN COMPLETED YEARS, BY 5 YEARS AGE GROUPS, SEX AND MARITAL STATUS—1961

All Areas, Urban and Rural

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Marital Status	Sex	All Ages	Under 1	1—4	5—9	10—14	15—19	
					ALL AREAS				
1	**All Persons**	**T**	**3,78,304**	**12,366**	**59,458**	**69,187**	**38,821**	**29,594**	1
2		**M**	**1,90,852**	**6,701**	**30,089**	**36,006**	**21,050**	**14,853**	2
3		**F**	**1,87,452**	**5,665**	**29,369**	**33,181**	**17,771**	**14,741**	3
4	Never Married	T	2,13,240	12,366	59,458	69,187	37,144	18,787	4
5		M	1,19,230	6,701	30,089	36,006	20,623	12,688	5
6		F	94,010	5,665	29,369	33,181	16,521	6,099	6
7	Married	T	1,45,040	—	—	—	1,657	10,737	7
8		M	65,998	—	—	—	417	2,137	8
9		F	79,042	—	—	—	1,240	8,600	9
10	Widowed	T	19,369	—	—	—	14	36	10
11		M	5,300	—	—	—	9	17	11
12		F	14,069	—	—	—	5	19	12
13	Divorced	T	655	—	—	—	6	34	13
14		M	324	—	—	—	1	11	14
15		F	331	—	—	—	5	23	15
					URBAN AREAS				
16	**Urban Persons**	**T**	**71,338**	**1,901**	**8,912**	**11,232**	**7,465**	**6,923**	16
17		**M**	**41,200**	**1,223**	**4,750**	**5,880**	**3,842**	**4,254**	17
18		**F**	**30,138**	**678**	**4,162**	**5,352**	**3,623**	**2,669**	18
19	Never Married	T	41,163	1,901	8,912	11,232	7,092	5,392	19
20		M	25,055	1,223	4,750	5,880	3,787	3,898	20
21		F	16,108	678	4,162	5,352	3,305	1,494	21
22	Married	T	27,216	—	—	—	373	1,524	22
23		M	15,251	—	—	—	55	355	23
24		F	11,965	—	—	—	318	1,169	24
25	Widowed	T	2,845	—	—	—	—	1	25
26		M	849	—	—	—	—	—	26
27		F	1,996	—	—	—	—	1	27
28	Divorced	T	114	—	—	—	—	6	28
29		M	45	—	—	—	—	1	29
30		F	69	—	—	—	—	5	30
					RURAL AREAS				
31	**Rural Persons**	**T**	**3,06,966**	**10,465**	**50546**	**57,955**	**31,356**	**22,671**	31
32		**M**	**1,49,652**	**5,478**	**25,339**	**30,126**	**17,208**	**10,599**	32
33		**F**	**1,57,314**	**4,987**	**25,207**	**27,829**	**14,148**	**12,072**	33
34	Never Married	T	1,72,077	10,465	50,546	57,955	30,052	13,395	34
35		M	94,175	5,478	25,339	30,126	16,836	8,790	35
36		F	77,902	4,987	25,207	27,829	13,216	4,605	36
37	Married	T	1,17,824	—	—	—	1,284	9,213	37
38		M	50,747	—	—	—	262	1,782	38
39		F	67,077	—	—	—	922	7,431	39
40	Widowed	T	16,524	—	—	—	14	35	40
41		M	4,451	—	—	—	9	17	41
42		F	12,073	—	—	—	5	18	42
43	Divorced	T	541	—	—	—	6	28	43
44		M	279	—	—	—	1	10	44
45		F	262	—	—	—		18	45

TABLE 7—POPULATION BY AGE IN COMPLETED YEARS, BY 5 YEARS AGE GROUPS, SEX AND MARITAL STATUS—1961

All Areas, Urban and Rural

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	20—24	25—29	30—34	35—39	40—44	45—49	50—54	55—59	60 and over	
					ALL AREAS					
1	**25,398**	**26,086**	**22,834**	**17,800**	**17,628**	**13,579**	**14,486**	**8,473**	**22,594**	1
2	**12,129**	**11,353**	**9,956**	**8,379**	**8,530**	**7,148**	**7,520**	**4,617**	**12,521**	2
3	**13,269**	**14,733**	**12,878**	**9,421**	**9,098**	**6,431**	**6,966**	**3,856**	**10,073**	3
4	8,413	3,668	1,476	750	558	445	385	187	416	4
5	6,982	3,082	1,130	512	369	322	285	125	316	5
6	1,431	586	346	238	189	123	100	62	100	6
7	16,614	21,826	20,558	16,154	15,289	11,337	11,367	6,301	13,200	7
8	5,059	8,010	8,581	7,603	7,714	6,335	6,533	4,057	9,552	8
9	11,555	13,816	11,977	8,551	7,575	5,002	4,834	2,244	3,648	9
10	291	500	718	835	1,723	1,719	2,698	1,952	8,883	10
11	72	219	207	230	419	442	691	409	2,585	11
12	219	281	511	605	1,304	1,277	2,007	1,543	6,298	12
13	80	92	82	61	58	78	36	33	95	13
14	16	42	38	34	28	49	11	26	68	14
15	64	50	44	27	30	29	25	7	27	15
					URBAN AREAS					
16	**7,523**	**5,838**	**4,791**	**3,637**	**3,675**	**2,512**	**2,470**	**1,342**	**3,117**	16
17	**5,074**	**3,434**	**2,760**	**2,130**	**2,371**	**1,441**	**1,474**	**782**	**1,785**	17
18	**2,449**	**2,404**	**2,031**	**1,507**	**1,304**	**1,071**	**996**	**560**	**1,332**	18
19	4,031	1,356	532	240	140	109	84	57	85	19
20	3,523	1,163	397	147	90	72	53	24	48	20
21	508	193	135	93	50	37	31	33	37	21
22	3,433	4,387	4,124	3,241	3,273	2,078	1,968	999	1,816	22
23	1,528	2,221	2,290	1,924	2,193	1,285	1,328	690	1,382	23
24	1,905	2,166	1,834	1,317	1,080	793	640	309	434	24
25	38	82	109	149	251	317	403	284	1,206	25
26	20	43	58	54	83	81	91	67	352	26
27	18	39	51	95	168	236	317	217	854	27
28	21	13	26	7	11	8	10	2	10	28
29	3	7	15	5	5	3	2	1	3	29
30	18	6	11	2	6	5	8	1	7	30
					RURAL AREAS					
31	**17,875**	**20,248**	**18,043**	**14,163**	**13,953**	**11,067**	**12,016**	**7,131**	**19,477**	31
32	**7,055**	**7,919**	**7,196**	**6,249**	**6,159**	**5,707**	**6,046**	**3,835**	**10,736**	32
33	**10,820**	**12,329**	**10,847**	**7,914**	**7,794**	**5,360**	**5,970**	**3,296**	**8,741**	33
34	4,382	2,312	944	510	418	336	301	130	331	34
35	3,459	1,919	733	365	279	250	232	101	268	35
36	923	393	211	145	139	86	69	29	63	36
37	13,181	17,439	16,434	12,913	12,016	9,259	9,399	5,302	11,384	37
38	3,531	5,789	6,291	5,679	5,521	5,050	5,205	3,367	8,170	38
39	9,650	11,650	10,143	7,234	6,495	4,209	4,194	1,935	3,214	39
40	253	418	609	686	1,472	1,402	2,290	1,668	7,677	40
41	52	176	149	176	336	361	600	342	2,233	41
42	201	242	460	510	1,136	1,041	1,690	1,326	5,444	42
43	59	79	56	54	47	70	26	31	85	43
44	13	35	23	29	23	46	9	25	65	44
45	46	44	33	25	24	24	17	6	20	45

TABLE 8—POPULATION AGED 60 YEARS AND OVER BY TEN YEARS AGE GROUPS IN COMPLETED YEARS AND SEX—1961

All Areas, Urban and Rural Number of Persons

	Locality	Sex	Aged 60 and over	60—69	
1	**Kohat District**	.. **T**	**22,594**	**12,438**	1
2		**M**	**12,521**	**6,752**	2
3		**F**	**10,073**	**5,686**	3
4	Urban Areas	.. T	3,117	1,942	4
5		M	1,785	1,105	5
6		F	1,332	837	6
7	Rural Areas	.. T	19,477	10,496	7
8		M	10,736	5,647	8
9		F	8,741	4,849	9
10	Kohat Town	.. T	2,095	764	10
11		M	1,196	504	11
12		F	899	260	12

TABLE 8—POPULATION AGED 60 YEARS AND OVER BY TEN YEARS AGE GROUPS IN COMPLETED YEARS AND SEX—1961

All Areas, Urban and Rural — Number of Persons

	70—79	80—89	90—99	100 and over	
1	**5,588**	**2,685**	**1,412**	**471**	1
2	**3,137**	**1,598**	**771**	**263**	2
3	**2,451**	**1,087**	**641**	**208**	3
4	765	304	83	23	4
5	443	175	52	10	5
6	322	129	31	13	6
7	4,823	2,381	1,329	448	7
8	2,694	1,423	719	253	8
9	2,129	958	610	195	9
10	806	255	156	114	10
11	404	156	45	87	11
12	402	99	111	27	12

TABLE 9—CHILDREN AGED 0—14 IN COMPLETED MONTHS/YEARS SHOWING SINGLE MONTH TO 11 MONTHS, SINGLE YEAR TO 9 YEARS AND THE AGE GROUPS 10—11 AND 12—14

All Areas, Urban and Rural

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age-groups	All Areas		
		Both Sexes	Male	Female
1	**All Ages 0 to 9** ..	**1,41,011**	**72,796**	**68,215**
2	**Infants under 1 year** ..	**12,366**	**6,701**	**5,665**
3	Under 1 month ..	1,302	764	538
4	1 month(s) ..	1,312	767	545
5	2 ,, ..	1,261	646	615
6	3 ,, ..	1,280	739	541
7	4 ,, ..	986	531	455
8	5 ,, ..	854	471	383
9	6 ,, ..	1,705	893	812
10	7 ,, ..	555	332	223
11	8 ,, ..	921	465	456
12	9 ,, ..	715	383	332
13	10 ,, ..	1,048	475	573
14	11 ,, ..	427	235	192
15	**Children 1—4 years** ..	**59,458**	**30,089**	**29,369**
16	1 year(s) ..	12,878	6,669	6,209
17	2 ,, ..	15,858	7,776	8,082
18	3 ,, ..	16,407	8,237	8,170
19	4 ,, ..	14,315	7,407	6,908
20	**Children 5—9 years** ..	**69,187**	**36,006**	**33,181**
21	5 years ..	15,273	8,027	7,246
22	6 ,, ..	12,666	6,506	6,160
23	7 ,, ..	14,532	7,575	6,957
24	8 ,, ..	13,522	6,970	6,552
25	9 ,, ..	13,194	6,928	6,266
26	**Children 10—14 years** ..	**38,821**	**21,050**	**17,771**
27	10—11 years ..	15,278	7,965	7,313
28	12—14 ,, ..	23,543	13,085	10,458

TABLE 9—CHILDREN AGED 0—14 IN COMPLETED MONTHS/YEARS SHOWING SINGLE MONTH TO 11 MONTHS, SINGLE YEAR TO 9 YEARS AND THE AGE GROUPS 10—11 AND 12—14

All Areas, Urban and Rural

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Urban Areas			Rural Areas			
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**22,045**	**11,853**	**10,192**	**1,18,966**	**60,943**	**58,023**	1
2	**1,901**	**1,223**	**678**	**10,465**	**5,478**	**4,987**	2
3	224	177	47	1,078	587	491	3
4	176	144	32	1,136	623	513	4
5	154	77	77	1,107	569	538	5
6	207	153	54	1,073	586	487	6
7	173	108	65	813	423	390	7
8	124	82	42	730	389	341	8
9	231	137	94	1,474	756	718	9
10	98	49	49	457	283	174	10
11	157	82	75	764	383	381	11
12	136	88	48	579	295	284	12
13	140	77	63	908	398	510	13
14	81	49	32	346	186	160	14
15	**8,912**	**4,750**	**4,162**	**50,546**	**25,339**	**25,207**	15
16	1,939	1,148	791	10,939	5,521	5,418	16
17	2,250	1,131	1,119	13,608	6,645	6,963	17
18	2,418	1,269	1,149	13,989	6,968	7,021	18
19	2,305	1,202	1,103	12,010	6,205	5,805	19
20	**11,232**	**5,880**	**5,352**	**57,955**	**30,126**	**27,829**	20
21	2,514	1,363	1,151	12,759	6,664	6,095	21
22	2,162	1,112	1,050	10,504	5,394	5,110	22
23	2,286	1,134	1,152	12,246	6,441	5,805	23
24	2,247	1,167	1,080	11,275	5,803	5,472	24
25	2,023	1,104	919	11,171	5,824	5,347	25
26	**7,465**	**3,842**	**3,623**	**31,356**	**17,208**	**14,148**	26
27	3,020	1,532	1,488	12,258	6,433	5,825	27
28	4,445	2,310	2,135	19,098	10,775	8,323	28

TABLE 10—POPULATION BY PLACES OF BIRTH—1961

Number of Persons

	Place of Birth	Kohat District			Kohat Municipality including Cantonment		
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
1	**All Places** ..	**3,78,304**	**1,90,852**	**1,87,452**	**49,854**	**28,896**	**20,958**
2	**East Pakistan** ..	**1,747**	**1,315**	**432**	**1,730**	**1,305**	**425**
3	Rajshahi Division ..	145	142	3	142	139	3
4	Khulna Division ..	844	577	267	844	577	267
5	Dacca Division ..	521	363	158	511	356	155
6	Chittagong Division ..	237	233	4	233	233	—
7	**West Pakistan** ..	**3,73,395**	**1,87,410**	**1,85,985**	**45,678**	**25,951**	**19,727**
8	Hazara District ..	810	599	211	559	386	173
9	Mardan District ..	690	477	213	349	216	133
10	Peshawar District ..	1,889	1,307	582	742	458	284
11	Kohat District ..	3,56,925	1,76,031	1,80,894	35,272	18,662	16,610
12	Dera Ismail Khan District ..	431	342	89	231	167	64
13	Bannu District ..	953	665	288	492	335	157
14	Campbellpur District ..	1,275	888	387	981	675	306
15	Rawalpindi District ..	1,830	1,353	477	1,563	1,122	441
16	Jhelum District ..	911	744	167	749	608	141
17	Gujrat District ..	634	476	158	557	408	149
18	Sargodha District ..	630	421	209	575	377	198
19	Mianwali District ..	681	400	281	400	277	123
20	Lyallpur District ..	289	238	51	264	221	43
21	Jhang District ..	131	108	23	130	108	22
22	Lahore District ..	747	497	250	696	470	226
23	Gujranwala District ..	359	221	138	350	217	133
24	Sheikhupura District ..	360	247	113	267	187	80
25	Sialkot District ..	308	218	90	256	178	78
26	Dera Ghazi Khan District ..	1	—	1	1	—	1
27	Muzaffargarh District ..	124	123	1	124	123	1
28	Multan District ..	211	155	56	181	143	38
29	Montgomery District ..	159	138	21	159	138	21
30	Bahawalpur District ..	1	—	1	1	—	1
31	Bahawalnagar District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
32	Rahimyar Khan District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
33	Jacobabad District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
34	Sukkur District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
35	Larkana District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
36	Nawabshah District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
37	Khairpur District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
38	Hyderabad District ..	42	36	6	35	34	1
39	Dadu District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
40	Tharparkar District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
41	Sanghar District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
42	Thatta District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE 10—POPULATION BY PLACES OF BIRTH—1961

Number of Persons

	Place of Birth	Kohat District			Kohat Municipality including Cantonment			
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
43	Quetta/Pishin District ..	68	45	23	51	36	15	43
44	Sibi District ..	4	1	3	—	—	—	44
45	Loralai District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	45
46	Zhob District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	46
47	Chagai District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	47
48	Kalat District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	48
49	Mekran District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	49
50	Kharan District ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	50
51	Karachi District ..	133	82	51	105	63	42	51
52	Lasbela District ..	39	26	13	34	22	12	52
53	Frontier Regions ..	2,760	1,572	1,183	554	320	234	53
54	**Pakistanis born in Kashmir ..**	**797**	**581**	**216**	**717**	**508**	**209**	54
55	**Other Parts of Pak-India Sub-Continent.**	**2,105**	**1,366**	**739**	**1,633**	**1,063**	**570**	55
56	**Other Muslim Countries ..**	**251**	**174**	**77**	**87**	**63**	**24**	56
57	Afghanistan ..	238	168	70	83	63	20	57
58	Arabian Peninsula ..	7	5	2	—	—	—	58
59	Indonesia ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	59
60	Iran ..	5	1	4	3	—	3	60
61	Iraq ..	1	—	1	1	—	1	61
62	Others ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	62
63	**Other Countries in Asia ..**	**5**	**4**	**1**	**5**	**4**	**1**	63
64	Burma ..	5	4	1	5	4	1	64
65	Ceylon ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	65
66	China ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	66
67	Tibet ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	67
68	Others ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	68
69	**Other Muslim Countries ..**	—	—	—	—	—	—	69
70	**Other Countries ..**	**4**	**2**	**2**	**4**	**2**	**2**	70

TABLE 11—POPULATION BY RELIGIOUS GROUPS—1951 AND 1961

Number of Persons

	Locality	All Religions		Muslims		
		1961	1951	1961	1951	
1	**Kohat District**	**3,78,304**	**2,99,030**	**3,76,984**	**2,98,283**	1
2	Kohat Tehsil	1,90,083	1,26,547	1,88,915	1,25,895	2
3	Karak Tehsil	98,073	1,14,915	98,006	1,14,908	3
4	Hangu Tehsil	90,148	57,568	90,063	57,480	4

TABLE 12—POPULATION BY RELIGIOUS GROUPS AND SEX, 1961

Number of Persons

Locality	All Religions		Muslims	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Kohat District	**3,21,769**	**3,06,026**	**3,21,063**	**3,05,412**

TABLE 11—POPULATION BY RELIGIOUS GROUPS—1951 AND 1961

Number of Persons

	Caste Hindus		Scheduled Castes		Christians		Buddhists		Parsis		Others		
	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	
1	**48**	**16**	**275**	**371**	**885**	**358**	**1**	—	—	—	**111**	**2**	1
2	—	4	262	310	802	336	1	—	—	—	103	2	2
3	46	7	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	3
4	2	5	—	61	83	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	4

TABLE 12—POPULATION BY RELIGIOUS GROUPS AND SEX, 1961

Number of Persons

Caste Hindus		Scheduled Castes		Christians		Buddhists		Others	
Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
34	**14**	**127**	**148**	**489**	**396**	**1**	—	**55**	**56**

TABLE 13—DISABLED PERSONS BY SEX, AGE GROUPS AND NATURE OF DISABILITY—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT

Number of Persons

	Age Group	Totally Blind		Deaf and Dumb		Crippled		
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	**All Ages**	**184**	**172**	**157**	**112**	**182**	**134**	1
2	0—9	25	14	35	22	41	25	2
3	10—19	28	23	49	34	40	29	3
4	20—39	39	33	31	32	24	36	4
5	40 and over	92	102	42	24	77	44	5

TABLE 14—POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUES AND SEX—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Mother Tongue	Number			Percentage			
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**TOTAL** ..	**3,78,304**	**1,90,852**	**1,87,452**	100	**100**	**100**	1
	Dravidian Family							
2	Brahui ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
3	South Indian Languages	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
	Indo-European Family							
	Dardic Branch							
4	Kafir Tongues ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
5	Kashmiri ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
6	Kohwar ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
7	Kohistani ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
	European Branch							
8	English ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
	Indo-Aryan Branch							
9	Bengali ..	241	146	95	0.06	0.08	0.05	9
10	Gujrati ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
11	Hindi ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	11
12	Marathi ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
13	Punjabi ..	28,393	15,884	12,509	7.51	8.32	6.67	13
14	Rajasthani ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
15	Sindhi ..	1	1	—	—	—	—	15
16	Urdu ..	7,115	3,745	3,370	1.88	1.96	1.80	16
	Iranian Branch							
17	Baluchi ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	17
18	Persian ..	92	62	30	0.02	0.03	0.02	18
19	Pushto ..	3,42,462	1,71,014	1,71,448	90.53	89.61	91.46	19
	Semitic Branch							
20	Arabic ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
21	Other Languages and Languages not stated.	—	—	—	—	—	—	21

TABLE 15—PERSONS WHO COMMONLY SPEAK ONE OR MORE OF THE MAIN LANGUAGES OF PAKISTAN, 1951 AND 1961

Includes both the persons who claimed the language as their Mother Tongue (see Table 14) and those who reported it as an additional language commonly spoken. Since many people can speak more than one language the totals do not agree with the total population.

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Languages	1961			1951	Percentage		
		Male	Female	Both Sexes	Both Sexes	1961	1951	
1	**Population** ..	**1,90,852**	**1,87,452**	**3,78,304**	**2,99,030**	—	—	1
2	Bengali ..	244	1,348	1,592	327	0.42	0.11	2
3	Punjabi ..	20,951	15,543	36,494	1,15,484	9.65	39.00	3
4	Pushto ..	1,74,510	1,74,469	3,48,979	2,78,012	92.25	93.00	4
5	Sindhi ..	54	53	107	44	0.03	0.01	5
6	Urdu ..	21,362	7,987	29,349	14,669	7.76	4.90	6
7	Baluchi ..	35	13	48	7	0.01	—	7
8	Brahui ..	3	—	3	—	—	—	8
9	Persian ..	2,210	669	2,879	1,244	0.76	0.40	9
10	Arabic ..	303	205	508	64	0.13	0.02	10
11	English ..	3,176	2,650	5,826	2,373	1.54	0.80	11
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT							
1	**Population** ..	**28,896**	**20,958**	**49,854**	**40,534**	—	—	1
2	Bengali ..	213	1,318	1,531	—	3.07	—	2
3	Punjabi ..	7,816	4,857	12,673	—	26.42	—	3
4	Pushto ..	19,930	14,448	34,378	—	68.96	—	4
5	Sindhi ..	9	42	51	—	0.10	—	5
6	Urdu ..	7,328	4,791	12,119	—	24.31	—	6
7	Baluchi ..	28	12	40	—	0.08	—	7
8	Brahui ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
9	Persian ..	531	234	765	—	1.53	—	9
10	Arabic ..	104	158	262	—	0.53	—	10
11	English ..	793	2,311	3,104	—	6.23	—	11

Footnote :—1951 data for Kohat Municipality including Cantonment is not available.

TABLE 16—LITERATE PERSONS BY SEX—1961

Definition of literacy in 1961 Census is "Able to read with understanding"

Number of Persons

	Locality	Population 1961			
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**Kohat District** ..	**3,78,304**	**1,90,852**	**1,87,452**	1
2	Kohat Tehsil ..	1,90,083	96,800	93,283	2
3	Karak Tehsil ..	98,073	48,187	49,886	3
4	Hangu Tehsil ..	90,148	45,865	44,283	4

TABLE 17—LITERATE PERSONS, BY SEX IN TOWNS—1961

Definition of Literate in 1961 Census is "Able to read with understanding"

KOHAT DISTRICT Number of Persons

	Locality	Population 1961			
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**Kohat Municipality including Cantonment**	**49,854**	**28,896**	**20,958**	1
2	Thal Town Committee ..	11,747	6,839	4,908	2
3	Hangu Town ..	9,737	5,465	4,272	3

TABLE 16—LITERATE PERSONS BY SEX—1961

Definition of Literacy in 1961 Census is "Able to read with understanding"

Number of Persons

	Number of Literate Persons 1961			Literate Persons per cent of total Population, in sex groups.			
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**44,392**	**39,434**	**4,958**	**11.73**	**20.66**	**2.64**	1
2	28,026	23,852	4,174	14.74	24.64	4.47	2
3	8,085	7,821	264	8.24	16.23	0.53	3
4	8,281	7,761	520	9.19	16.92	1.17	4

Footnote:—Excluding special and added Areas under the Deputy Commissioner and Agencies.

TABLE 17—LITERATE PERSONS BY SEX IN TOWNS—1961

Definition of literate in 1961 Census is "Able to read with understanding".

KOHAT DISTRICT

Number of Persons

	Number of Literate Persons 1961			Literate Persons as per cent of Total Population in sex groups			
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
1	**16,601**	**13,381**	**3,220**	**33.30**	**46.31**	**15.36**	1
2	1,917	1,680	237	16.32	24.56	4.83	2
3	2,283	2,106	177	23.45	38.54	4.14	3

TABLE 18—LITERATE PERSONS BY RELIGION AND SEX—1961

Definition of Literate in 1961 Census is "Able to read with understanding."

Number of Persons

	Locality	All Literates			Muslims			Caste Hindus		
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	**Kohat District ..**	**44,392**	**39,434**	**4,958**	**44,227**	**39,323**	**4,904**	**4**	**1**	1
2	Kohat Municipality including Cantonment.	16,601	13,381	3,220	14,438	13,272	3,166	—	—	2

TABLE 19—PERSONS ABLE TO READ AND WRITE, READ ONLY AND ILLITERATES, BY AGE AND SEX—1961

All Areas, Urban and Rural

"Able to write" includes all persons who can read and write. "Able to read" includes those who cannot write but read with understanding. "Able to read Holy Quran" includes only those persons who can read only the Holy Quran but without understanding.

KOHAT DISTRICT

Number of Persons

	Age Group	Sex	Number of Persons			Urban Areas		
			All Areas	Urban Areas	Rural Areas	Able to write	Able to read	
1	**All Ages ..**	**T**	**3,78,304**	**71,338**	**3,06,966**	**19,911**	**890**	1
2		**M**	**1,90,852**	**41,200**	**1,49,652**	**16,540**	**627**	2
3		**F**	**1,87,452**	**30,138**	**1,57,314**	**3,371**	**263**	3
4	0—4 ..	T	71,824	10,813	61,011	—	—	4
5		M	36,790	5,973	30,817	—	—	5
6		F	35,034	4,840	30,194	—	—	6
7	5—9 ..	T	69,187	11,232	57,955	992	332	7
8		M	36,006	5,880	30,126	666	229	8
9		F	33,181	5,352	27,829	326	103	9
10	10—14 ..	T	38,821	7,465	31,356	3,189	328	10
11		M	21,050	3,842	17,208	2,262	233	11
12		F	17,771	3,623	14,148	927	95	12
13	15—19 ..	T	29,594	6,923	22,671	3,632	41	13
14		M	14,853	4,254	10,599	2,992	21	14
15		F	14,741	2,669	12,072	640	20	15
16	20—24 ..	T	25,398	7,523	17,875	3,878	35	16
17		M	12,129	5,074	7,055	3,384	25	17
18		F	13,269	2,449	10,820	494	10	18
19	15 & over ..	T	1,43,480	27,382	1,16,098	8,220	154	19
20		M	70,024	16,177	53,847	7,236	119	20
21		F	73,456	11,205	62,251	984	35	21

TABLE 18—LITERATE PERSONS BY RELIGION AND SEX—1961

Definition of Literate in 1961 Census is "Able to read with understanding".

Number of Persons

	Scheduled Castes		Christians		Buddhists		Others		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	3	1	96	52	—	—	8	—	1
2	7	2	94	52	—	—	8	—	2

TABLE 19—PERSONS ABLE TO READ AND WRITE, READ ONLY AND ILLITERATE, BY AGE AND SEX—1961

All Areas Urban and Rural Areas

"Able to write" includes all persons who can read and write. "Able to read" includes those who cannot write but read with understanding. "Able to read Holy Quran" includes only those persons who can read only the Holy Quran but without understanding.

KOHAT DISTRICT

Number of Persons

	Urban Areas		Rural Areas				
	Able to read Holy Quran	Illiterate	Able to write	Able to read	Able to read Holy Quran	Illiterate	
1	**8,119**	**42,418**	**21,140**	**2,451**	**18,900**	**2,64,475**	1
2	**2,136**	**21,897**	**19,958**	**2,309**	**9,797**	**1,17,588**	2
3	**5,983**	**20,521**	**1,182**	**142**	**9,103**	**1,46,887**	3
4	—	10,813	—	—	—	61,011	4
5	—	5,973	—	—	—	30,817	5
6	—	4,840	—	—	—	30,194	6
7	457	9,451	1,356	864	1,292	54,443	7
8	128	4,857	1,259	838	556	27,473	8
9	329	4,594	97	26	736	26,970	9
10	1,000	2,948	6,620	855	2,883	20,998	10
11	134	1,213	6,246	797	1,109	9,056	11
12	866	1,735	374	58	1,774	11,942	12
13	868	2,382	3,900	150	2,247	16,374	13
14	130	1,111	3,626	141	981	5,851	14
15	738	1,271	274	9	1,266	10,523	15
16	974	2,636	2,092	56	1,533	14,194	16
17	223	1,442	1,962	50	483	4,560	17
18	751	1,194	130	6	1,050	9,634	18
19	4,820	14,188	7,172	526	10,945	97,455	19
20	1,521	7,301	6,865	483	6,668	39,831	20
21	3,299	6,887	307	43	4,277	57,624	21

Footnote :—Excluding Special Area under the Deputy Commissioner.

TABLE 20—PERSONS ABLE TO READ AND WRITE, READ ONLY AND ILLITERATES, BY AGE AND SEX—1961

N.B. "Able to write" includes all persons who can read and write. "Able to read" includes those who cannot write but can read with understanding. "Able to read Holy Quran" includes only those persons who can read only the Holy Quran but without understanding.

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age Group	Sex	Total Population	Able to write	Able to read	Able to read Holy Quran	Illiterate	
			Kohat Municipality including Cantonment					
1	**All Ages** ..	**T**	**49,854**	**15,790**	**811**	**5,857**	**27,396**	1
2		**M**	**28,896**	**12,827**	**554**	**1,200**	**14,315**	2
3		**F**	**20,958**	**2,963**	**257**	**4,657**	**13,081**	3
4	0—4	T	7,620	—	—	—	7,620	4
5		M	4,147	—	—	—	4,147	5
6		F	3,473	—	—	—	3,473	6
7	5—9	T	7,804	881	325	379	6,219	7
8		M	4,123	580	223	104	3,216	8
9		F	3,681	301	102	275	3,003	9
10	10—14	T	5,153	2,394	283	679	1,797	10
11		M	2,604	1,596	189	52	767	11
12		F	2,549	798	94	627	1,030	12
13	15—19	T	4,834	2,897	40	591	1,306	13
14		M	3,069	2,343	21	56	649	14
15		F	1,765	554	19	535	657	15
16	20—24	T	5,451	3,108	28	696	1,619	16
17		M	3,617	2,675	20	101	821	17
18		F	1,834	433	8	595	798	18
19	25 and over	T	18,992	6,510	135	3,512	8,835	19
20		M	11,336	5,633	101	887	4,715	20
21		F	7,656	877	34	2,625	4,120	21

TABLE 21—LANGUAGES OF LITERACY—1951 AND 1961

(i) Number of persons able to read and write is shown in ordinary type, those able to read with understanding but not write are in Italics.

(ii) Definition of literacy for 1951 Census was "Able to read in clear print" and therefore included persons able to read the Holy Quran only and that possibly without understanding. In the 1961 Census, the definition was "Able to read with understanding".

Left hand spread

	Locality	Bengali		Punjabi		Pushto		Sindhi		
		1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	
1	**Kohat District** ..	**424**	**1**	**516**	**276**	**5,851**	**3,124**	**22**	—	1
2		*2*	—	*21*	*231*	293	*155*	—	—	2
3	Kohat Municipality	422	—	280	126	496	67	7	—	3
4	including Cantonment	—	—	*4*	*91*	*16*	14	—	—	4

TABLE 21—LANGUAGES OF LITERACY—1951 AND 1961

(i) *Number of persons able to read and write is shown in ordinary type those able to read with understanding but not write are in Italics.*

(ii) *Definition of literacy for 1951 Census was "Able to read in clear print" and therefore included persons able to read the Holy Quran only and that possibly without understanding. In the 1961 Census the definition was "Able to read with understanding".*

Right hand spread

	Urdu		Baluchi		Persian		Arabic		English		Brahui		
	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	1961	1951	
1	**40,645**	**18,978**	**2**	—	**5,018**	**3,915**	**422**	**30**	**8,828**	**5,793**	—	—	1
2	*3,290*	*899*	—	—	*70*	*32*	*71*	—	*31*	*445*	—	—	2
3	15,600	8,582	—	—	2,145	2,959	227	—	5,647	3,608	—	—	3
4	*801*	*226*	—	—	*3*	*18*	*1*	—	—	*402*	—	—	4

TABLE 22—STUDENTS WHO WERE ATTENDING SCHOOLS, ETC., AT THE TIME OF CENSUS—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age Group	Sex	All Grades	Primary Grades Passed.					
				0—4	0—(x)	1	2	3	4
	ALL AREAS								
1	**All Ages 5 years and over**	**T**	**20,082**	**13,293**	**5,726**	**71**	**2,676**	**2,474**	**2,346**
2		**M**	**17,305**	**11,151**	**4,682**	**49**	**2,243**	**2,123**	**2,054**
3		**F**	**2,777**	**2,142**	**1,044**	**22**	**433**	**351**	**292**
	RURAL AREAS								
4	**All Ages**	**T**	**12,910**	**8,825**	**3,954**	**28**	**1,813**	**1,442**	**1,588**
5		**M**	**12,209**	**8,181**	**3,562**	**11**	**1,723**	**1,349**	**1,536**
6		**F**	**701**	**644**	**392**	**17**	**90**	**93**	**52**
7	5—9	T	5,336	5,281	3,659	24	1,091	305	202
8		M	4,891	4,837	3,314	10	1,046	274	193
9		F	445	444	345	14	45	31	9
10	10—14	T	6,111	3,544	295	4	722	1,137	1,386
11		M	5,872	3,344	248	1	677	1,075	1,343
12		F	239	200	47	3	45	62	43
13	15—19	T	1,443	—	—	—	—	—	—
14		M	1,426	—	—	—	—	—	—
15		F	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
16	20—24	T	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
17		M	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
18		F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19	25 and over	T	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
20		M	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
21		F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT								
22	**All Ages 5 years and over**	**T**	**6,062**	**3,851**	**1,763**	**19**	**825**	**710**	**534**
23		**M**	**4,111**	**2,440**	**1,115**	**15**	**492**	**477**	**341**
24		**F**	**1,951**	**1,411**	**648**	**4**	**333**	**233**	**193**
25	5—9	T	2,599	2,564	1,530	18	568	334	114
26		M	1,699	1,674	1,022	14	319	236	83
27		F	900	890	508	4	249	98	31
28	10—14	T	2,392	1,287	233	1	257	376	420
29		M	1,555	766	93	1	173	241	258
30		F	837	521	140	—	84	135	162
31	15—19	T	1,024	—	—	—	—	—	—
32		M	812	—	—	—	—	—	—
33		F	212	—	—	—	—	—	—
34	20—24	T	42	—	—	—	—	—	—
35		M	40	—	—	—	—	—	—
36		F	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
37	25 and over	T	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
38		M	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
39		F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE 22—STUDENTS WHO WERE ATTENDING SCHOOLS, ETC., AT THE TIME OF CENSUS—1961

SANGHAR DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Middle School Grades Passed.					Grade 9 or Matric passed	College Degrees, etc., Passed					
	5—8	5	6	7	8		All Degrees and Inter-mediate	Inter-mediate	Degree	Higher Degree	Others including Oriental	
	ALL AREAS											
1	**5,734**	**2,033**	**1,607**	**1,323**	**771**	**941**	**114**	**102**	**12**	—	—	1
2	**5,189**	**1,852**	**1,456**	**1,194**	**687**	**859**	**106**	**94**	**12**	—	—	2
3	**545**	**181**	**151**	**129**	**84**	**82**	**8**	**8**	—	—	—	3
	RURAL AREAS											
4	**3,624**	**1,355**	**1,029**	**825**	**415**	**437**	**24**	**23**	**1**		—	4
5	**3,572**	**1,330**	**1,024**	**812**	**406**	**432**	**24**	**23**	**1**	—	—	5
6	**52**	**25**	**5**	**13**	**9**	**5**	—	—	—	—	—	6
7	55	55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
8	54	54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
9	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
10	2,535	1,172	780	481	102	32	—	—	—	—	—	10
11	2,498	1,149	776	473	100	30	—	—	—	—	—	11
12	37	23	4	8	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	12
13	1,034	128	249	344	313	405	4	4	—	—	—	13
14	1,020	127	248	339	306	402	4	4	—	—	—	14
15	14	1	1	5	7	3	—	—	—	—	—	15
16	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	19	—	—	—	16
17	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	19	—	—	—	17
18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18
19	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	19
20	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	20
21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT											
22	**1,673**	**509**	**458**	**416**	**290**	**451**	**87**	**77**	**10**	—	—	22
23	**1,217**	**378**	**323**	**301**	**215**	**374**	**80**	**70**	**10**	—	—	23
24	**456**	**131**	**135**	**115**	**75**	**77**	**7**	**7**	—	—	—	24
25	35	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	25
26	25	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26
27	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27
28	1,070	384	344	243	99	35	—	—	—	—	—	28
29	766	281	240	176	69	23	—	—	—	—	—	29
30	304	103	104	67	30	12	—	—	—	—	—	30
31	568	90	114	173	191	416	40	39	1	—	—	31
32	426	72	83	125	146	351	35	34	1	—	—	32
33	142	18	31	48	45	65	5	5	—	—	—	33
34	—	—	—	—	—	—	42	34	8	—	—	34
35	—	—	—	—	—	—	40	32	8	—	—	35
36	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	36
37	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	1	—	—	37
38	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	1	—	—	38
39	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	39

Footnote :—Excluding Special Area under the Deputy Commissioner.

TABLE 23—STUDENTS WHO AT THE TIME OF CENSUS WERE ATTENDING SCHOOLS OR COLLEGES, SHOWING EDUCATIONAL AGE-GROUPS AND SEX—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age groups	Population	Male	Female	All Students attending School/College, etc.			
					Both Sexes		Male	
					Number	Per cent of Population in age group	Number	Per cent of Population in age group
1	**All Ages** ..	**3,78,304**	**1,90,852**	**1,87,452**	**20,082**	**5.31**	**17,305**	**9.07**
2	5—9 ..	60,187	36,006	33,181	8,109	11.72	6,734	18.70
3	10—14 ..	38,821	21,050	17,771	9,242	23.81	8,075	38.26
4	15—19 ..	29,594	14,853	14,741	2,662	9.00	2,429	16.35

TABLE 23—STUDENTS WHO AT THE TIME OF THE CENSUS WERE ATTENDING SCHOOLS OR COLLEGES, SHOWING EDUCATIONAL AGE-GROUPS AND SEX—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT Number of Persons

	Female		Students attending School/College, (General Education)						
			Both Sexes		Male		Female		
	Number	Per cent of Population in age group	Number	Per cent of Population in age group	Number	Per cent of Population in age group	Number	Per cent of Population in age group	
1	**2,777**	**1.48**	**19,807**	**5.24**	**17,058**	**8.94**	**2,749**	**1.47**	1
2	1,375	4.14	8,047	11.63	6,683	18.56	1,364	4.11	2
3	1,167	6.57	9,108	23.46	7,955	37.79	1,153	6.49	3
4	233	1.58	2,593	8.76	2,363	15.91	230	1.56	4

TABLE 24—STUDENTS WHO AT THE TIME OF CENSUS WERE ATTENDING SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, TECHNICA L EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION OR MAKTABS, SHOWING EDUCATIONAL AGE-GROUPS AND SEX, 1961

Urban and Rural Areas

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age Group	All Students			
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes
	URBAN AREAS				
1	**All Ages 5 years and over**	**7,172**	**5,096**	**2,076**	**6,989**
2	5—9	2,773	1,843	930	2,735
3	10—14	3,131	2,203	928	3,035
4	15—19	1,219	1,003	216	1,177
5	20—24	43	41	2	37
6	25 and over	6	6	—	5
	RURAL AREAS				
7	**All Ages 5 years and over**	**12,910**	**12,209**	**701**	**12,818**
8	5—9	5,336	4,891	445	5,312
9	10—14	6,111	5,872	239	6,073
10	15—19	1,443	1,426	17	1,416
11	20—24	19	19	—	16
12	25 and over	1	1	—	1

TABLE 24—STUDENTS WHO AT THE TIME OF CENSUS WERE ATTENDING SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, TECHNICAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OR MAKTABS, SHOWING EDUCATIONAL AGE-GROUPS AND SEX, 1961

Urban and Rural Areas

KOHAT DISTRICT Number of Persons

	Type of Educational Institutions at which attending								
	School or College (General)		Technical Institutions			Maktabs			
	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
	URBAN AREAS								
1	**4,933**	**2,056**	**20**	**11**	**9**	**163**	**152**	**11**	1
2	1,814	921	4	—	4	34	29	5	2
3	2,116	919	3	—	3	93	87	6	3
4	963	214	6	4	2	36	36	—	4
5	35	2	6	6	—	--	—	—	5
6	5	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	6
	RURAL AREAS								
7	**12,125**	**693**	**6**	**6**	—	**86**	**78**	**8**	7
8	4,869	443	—	—	—	24	22	2	8
9	5,839	234	1	1	—	37	32	5	9
10	1,400	16	2	2	—	25	24	1	10
11	16	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	11
12	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12

Footnote :—Excluding Special Area under Deputy Commissioner.

TABLE 25—EDUCATED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE SHOWING THOSE STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL/COLLEGE AND THOSE WHOSE FORMAL EDUCATION HAD CEASED—1951 AND 1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age Group	Sex	Number of Persons 1961				Number of		
			Total Population	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Total Population	Attending School/ College	
1	**All Ages 5 years and over**	**T**	**3,06,480**	**14,356**	**28,718**	**43,074**	**2,50,795**	**16,031**	1
2		**M**	**1,54,062**	**12,623**	**25,710**	**38,333**	**1,29,691**	**13,663**	2
3		**F**	**1,52,418**	**1,733**	**3,008**	**4,741**	**1,21,104**	**2,368**	3
4	5—9 ..	T	69,187	2,911	616	3,527	49,508	7,715	4
5		M	36,006	2,393	584	2,977	26,712	6,608	5
6		F	33,181	518	32	550	22,796	1,107	6
7	10+	T	2,37,293	11,445	28,102	39,547	2,01,287	8,316	7
8		M	1,18,056	10,230	25,126	35,356	1,02,979	7,055	8
9		F	1,19,237	1,215	2,976	4,191	98,308	1,261	9
10	10—14	T	38,821	8,714	2,235	10,949	—	—	10
11		M	21,050	7,734	1,772	9,506	—	—	11
12		F	17,771	980	463	1,443	—	—	12
13	15—19	T	29,594	2,662	4,988	7,650	—	—	13
14		M	14,853	2,429	4,306	6,735	—	—	14
15		F	14,741	233	682	915	—	—	15
16	20—24 ..	T	25,398	62	5,915	5,977	—	—	16
17		M	12,129	60	5,308	5,368	—	—	17
18		F	13,269	2	607	609	—	—	18
19	25 and over	T	1,43,480	7	14,964	14,971	—	—	19
20		M	70,024	7	13,740	13,747	—	—	20
21		F	73,456	—	1,224	1,224	—	—	21

Footnote :—(1) Excluding Special Area under Deputy Commissioner.

(2) Exclude following number of children under 12 reported as attending school in Table 22, but not claiming to be literates :—

Age Goup	Total	Males	Females
5—9	5,198	4,341	857
10—11	528	341	187

(3) The figures in column 7—9 for 5—9 age group are for 0—9 age group for 1951. It is assumed that few, if any children under 5 were included in 1951 Tables as "received education."

TABLE 25—EDUCATED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE SHOWING THOSE STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL/COLLEGE AND THOSE WHOSE FORMAL EDUCATION HAD CEASED—1951 AND 1961.

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Persons 1951		Percentage of Total Population of Groups						
			1961			1951			
	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	
1	**4,775**	**20,806**	**4.68**	**9.37**	**14.05**	**6.39**	**1.90**	**8.30**	1
2	**3,965**	**17,628**	**8.19**	**16.69**	**24.88**	**10.53**	**3.06**	**13.59**	2
3	**810**	**3,178**	**1.14**	**1.97**	**3.11**	**1.95**	**0.67**	**2.62**	3
4	—	4,124	4.21	0.89	5.10	—	—	—	4
5	—	3,176	6.65	1.62	8.27	—	—	—	5
6	—	948	1.56	0.10	1.66	—	—	—	6
7	8,366	16,682	4.82	11.84	16.66	4.13	4.16	8.29	7
8	7,397	14,452	8.67	21.28	29.95	6.85	7.18	14.03	8
9	969	2,230	1.02	2.49	3.51	1.28	0.99	2.27	9
10	—	—	22.45	5.75	28.20	—	—	—	10
11	—	—	36.74	8.42	45.16	—	—	—	11
12	—	—	5.51	2.61	8.12	—	—	—	12
13	—	—	9.00	16.85	25.85	—	—	—	13
14	—	—	16.35	28.99	45.34	—	—	—	14
15	—	—	1.58	4.63	6.21	—	—	—	15
16	—	—	0.24	23.29	23.53	—	—	—	16
17	—	—	0.49	43.77	44.26	—	—	—	17
18	—	—	0.02	4.57	4.59	—	—	—	18
19	—	—	0.00	10.43	10.43	—	—	—	19
20	—	—	0.01	19.62	19.63	—	—	—	20
21	—	—	0.00	1.67	1.67	—	—	—	21

TABLE 25—EDUCATED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE SHOWING THOSE STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL/COLLEGE AND THOSE WHOSE FORMAL EDUCATION HAD CEASED—1951 AND 1961—*Contd.*

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age Group	Sex	Number of Persons 1961				Number of		
			Total Population	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Total Population	Attending School/ College	
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT								
22	**All Ages 5 years and over**	**T**	**42,234**	**4,299**	**12,020**	**16,319**	—	—	22
23		**M**	**24,749**	**2,996**	**10,220**	**13,216**	—	—	23
24		**F**	**17,485**	**1,303**	**1,800**	**3,103**	—	—	24
25	5—9	T	7,804	1,069	129	1,198	—	—	25
26		M	4,123	677	118	795	—	—	26
27		F	3,681	392	11	403	—	—	27
28	10+	T	34,430	3,230	11,891	15,121	—	—	28
29		M	20,626	2,319	10,102	12,421	—	—	29
30		F	13,804	911	1,789	2,700	—	—	30
31	10—14	T	5,153	2,159	508	2,667	—	—	31
32		M	2,604	1,462	318	1,780	—	—	32
33		F	2,549	697	190	887	—	—	33
34	15—19	T	4,834	1,024	1,892	2,916	—	—	34
35		M	3,069	812	1,543	2,355	—	—	35
36		F	1,765	212	349	561	—	—	36
37	20—24	T	5,451	42	3,058	3,100	—	—	37
38		M	3,617	40	2,636	2,676	—	—	38
39		F	1,834	2	422	424	—	—	39
40	25 and over	T	18,992	5	6,433	6,438	—	—	40
41		M	11,336	5	5,605	5,610	—	—	41
42		F	7,656	—	828	828	—	—	42

Footnote :—(2) Excludes following number of children under 12 reported as attending school in Table 22, but not claiming to be literate :—

Age Group	Total	Males	Females
5—9	1,530	1,022	508
10—11	233	93	140

(3) The figures in column 7—9 for 5—9 age group are for 0—9 age group for 1951. It is assumed that few, if any children under 5 were included in 1951 Tables as "received education."

TABLE 25—EDUCATED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE SHOWING THOSE STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL/COLLEGE AND THOSE WHOSE FORMAL EDUCATION HAD CEASED—1951 AND 1961—*Contd.*

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Persons 1951		Percentage of Total Population of Groups						
			1961			1951			
	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT								
22	—	—	**10.18**	**28.46**	**38.64**	—	—	—	22
23	—	—	**12.11**	**41.29**	**53.40**	—	—	—	23
24	—	—	**7.46**	**10.29**	**17.75**	—	—	—	24
25	—	—	13.70	1.65	15.35	—	—	—	25
26	—	—	16.42	2.86	19.28	—	—	—	26
27	—	—	10.65	0.30	10.95	—	—	—	27
28	—	—	9.38	34.54	43.92	—	—	—	28
29	—	—	11.24	48.98	60.22	—	—	—	29
30	—	—	6.60	12.96	19.56	—	—	—	30
31	—	—	41.90	9.86	51.76	—	—	—	31
32	—	—	56.14	12.21	68.36	—	—	—	32
33	—	—	27.34	7.46	34.80	—	—	—	33
34	—	—	21.18	39.14	60.32	—	—	—	34
35	—	—	26.46	50.28	76.74	—	—	—	35
36	—	—	12.01	19.77	31.78	—	—	—	36
37	—	—	0.77	56.10	56.87	—	—	—	37
38	—	—	1.10	72.88	73.98	—	—	—	38
39	—	—	0.11	23.01	23.12	—	—	—	39
40	—	—	0.03	33.87	33.90	—	—	—	40
41	—	—	0.04	49.44	49.49	—	—	—	41
42	—	—	0.00	10.82	10.82	—	—	—	42

TABLE 26—EDUCATED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE SHOWING THOSE STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL/COLLEGE AND THOSE WHOSE FORMAL EDUCATION HAD CEASED—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age Group	Sex	URBAN AREAS							
			Number of Persons—1961				Percentage of Total Population of groups, 1961			
			Total Population	Attending School/ College	Left School College	Total Educated Persons	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	
1	**All Ages 5 years**	**T**	**60,525**	**5,400**	**15,058**	**20,458**	**8.92**	**24.88**	**33.10**	1
2	**and over**	**M**	**35,227**	**3,976**	**12,978**	**16,954**	**11.29**	**36.84**	**48.13**	2
3		**F**	**25,298**	**1,424**	**2,080**	**3,504**	**5.63**	**8.22**	**13.85**	3
4	5—9	T	11,232	1,234	81	1,315	10.99	0.72	11.71	4
5		M	5,880	816	70	886	13.88	1.19	15.07	5
6		F	5,352	418	11	429	7.81	0.21	8.02	6
7	10—14	T	7,465	2,898	608	3,506	38.82	8.14	46.96	7
8		M	3,842	2,110	379	2,489	54.92	9.86	64.78	8
9		F	3,623	788	229	1,017	21.75	6.32	28.07	9
10	15—19	T	6,923	1,219	2,427	3,646	17.61	35.06	52.67	10
11		M	4,254	1,003	1,999	3,002	23.58	46.99	70.57	11
12		F	2,669	216	428	644	8.09	16.04	24.13	12
13	20—24	T	7,523	43	3,829	3,872	0.57	50.90	51.47	13
14		M	5,074	41	3,347	3,388	0.81	65.96	66.77	14
15		F	2,449	2	482	484	0.08	19.68	19.76	15
16	25 and over	T	27,382	6	8,113	8,119	0.02	29.63	29.65	16
17		M	16,177	6	7,183	7,189	0.04	44.40	44.44	17
18		F	11,205	—	930	930	0.00	8.30	8.30	18

Footnote :—Excludes following number of children under 12 reported as attending school in table 24 not claiming to be literates :—

Age Group	Total	Males	Females
5—9	1,539	1,027	512
10—11	233	93	140

TABLE 26 –EDUCATED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE SHOWING THOSE STILL ATTENDING SCHOOL/COLLEGE AND THOSE WHOSE FORMAL EDUCATION HAD CEASED—1961

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	RURAL AREAS							
	Total Population	Number of Persons—1961			Percentage of Total Population of groups, 1961			
		Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	Attending School/ College	Left School/ College	Total Educated Persons	
1	**2,45,955**	**8,956**	**13,660**	**22,616**	**3.64**	**5.55**	**9.19**	1
2	**1,18,835**	**8,647**	**12,732**	**21,379**	**7.28**	**10.71**	**17.99**	2
3	**1,27,120**	**309**	**928**	**1,237**	**0.24**	**0.73**	**0.97**	3
4	57,955	1,677	535	2,212	2.89	0.92	3.81	4
5	30,126	1,577	514	2,091	5.23	1.71	6.94	5
6	27,829	100	21	121	0.36	0.07	0.43	6
7	31,356	5,816	1,627	7,443	18.55	5.19	23.74	7
8	17,208	5,624	1,393	7,017	32.68	8.09	40.77	8
9	14,148	192	234	426	1.36	1.65	3.01	9
10	22,671	1,443	2,561	4,004	6.36	11.30	17.66	10
11	10,599	1,426	2,307	3,733	13.45	21.77	35.22	11
12	12,072	17	254	271	0.14	2.10	2.24	12
13	17,875	19	2,086	2,105	0.11	11.67	11.78	13
14	7,055	19	1,961	1,980	0.27	27.79	28.06	14
15	10.820	—	125	125	0.00	1.15	1.15	15
16	1,16,098	1	6,851	6,852	0.00	5.90	5.90	16
17	53,847	1	6,557	6,558	0.00	12.18	12.18	17
18	62,251	—	294	294	0.00	0.47	0.47	18

Footnote:—(1) Excluding Special Area under Deputy Commissioner.
(2) Exclude following number of children under 12 reported as attending school in table 24 but not claiming to be literates:—

Age Group	Total	Males	Females
5—9	3,659	3,314	345
10—11	295	248	47

TABLE 27—EDUCATIONAL LEVELS (HIGHEST GRADE PASSED)—1961

Includes students attending educational institutions at the time of Census as well as persons who have left School/College

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	Age group	Sex	Total Population	Illiterates	Literates		Highest Grade Passed in				
					Without Formal education	Educated	0 and I	2	3	4	
1	**All Ages**	**T**	**3,06480**	**2,62,088**	**1,318**	**43,074**	**223**	**3,795**	**4,857**	**8,085**	1
2		**M**	**1,54,062**	**1,14,628**	**1,101**	**3,8333**	**187**	**3,195**	**4,191**	**6,990**	2
3		**F**	**1,52,418**	**14,7,460**	**217**	**4,741**	**36**	**600**	**666**	**1,095**	3
4	5—9	T	69,187	65,643	17	3,527	63	1,849	1,108	402	4
5		M	36,006	33,014	15	2,977	44	1,535	958	347	5
6		F	33,181	32,629	2	550	19	314	150	55	6
7	10—14	T	38,821	27,829	43	10,949	25	1,322	2,034	2,712	7
8		M	21,050	11,512	32	9,506	15	1,130	1,806	2,313	8
9		F	17,771	16,317	11	1,443	10	192	228	399	9
10	15—19	T	29,594	21,871	73	7,650	1	131	394	948	10
11		M	14,853	8,073	45	6,735	—	104	296	755	11
12		F	14,741	13,798	28	915	1	27	98	193	12
13	20—24	T	25,398	19,337	84	5,977	—	95	259	724	13
14		M	12,129	6,708	53	5,368	—	82	201	598	14
15		F	13,269	12,629	31	609	—	13	58	126	15
16	25 & over	T	1,43,480	12,7,408	1,101	14,971	134	398	1,062	3,299	16
17		M	70,024	55,321	956	13,747	128	344	930	2,877	17
18		F	73,456	72,087	145	1,224	6	54	132	322	18
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT										
19	**All Ages**	**T**	**42,234**	**25,633**	**282**	**16,319**	**22**	**1,191**	**1,395**	**1,956**	19
20		**M**	**24,749**	**11,368**	**165**	**13,216**	**18**	**770**	**949**	**1,398**	20
21		**F**	**17,485**	**14,265**	**117**	**3,103**	**4**	**421**	**446**	**558**	21
22	5—9	T	7,804	6,598	8	1,198	18	620	380	135	22
23		M	4,123	3,320	8	795	14	367	277	102	23
24		F	3,681	3,278	—	403	4	253	103	33	24
25	10—14	T	5,153	2,476	10	2,667	1	344	491	543	25
26		M	2,604	819	5	1,780	1	232	319	320	26
27		F	2,549	1,657	5	887	—	112	172	223	27
28	15—19	T	4,834	1,897	21	2,916	—	40	109	176	28
29		M	3,069	705	9	2,355	—	23	60	102	29
30		F	1,765	1,192	12	561	—	17	49	74	30
31	20—24	T	5,451	2,315	36	3,100	—	34	97	221	31
32		M	3,617	922	19	2,676	—	28	60	160	32
33		F	1,834	1,393	17	424	—	6	37	61	33
34	25 & over	T	18,992	12,347	207	6,438	3	153	318	881	34
35		M	11,336	5,602	124	5,610	3	120	233	714	35
36		F	7,656	6,745	83	828	—	33	85	167	36

Footnote :—Excluding Special Area under Deputy Commissioners.

TABLE 27—EDUCATIONAL LEVELS (HIGHEST GRADE PASSED)—1961

Includes students attending educational institutions at the time of Census as well as persons who have left School/College

KOHAT DISTRICT — Number of Persons

	General or Professional Education										Percentage educated in age sex group	
	5	6	7	8	9	Matric	Intermediate	Degree	Higher Degree	Oriental and others		
1	**4,722**	**5,112**	**3,738**	**3,858**	**2,436**	**5,208**	**589**	**384**	**64**	**3**	**23.84**	1
2	**4,218**	**4,520**	**3,411**	**3,463**	**2,252**	**4,945**	**543**	**354**	**61**	**3**	**24.88**	2
3	**504**	**592**	**327**	**395**	**184**	**263**	**46**	**30**	**3**	—	**3.11**	3
4	105	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5.10	4
5	93	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.27	5
6	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1.66	6
7	2,045	1,563	917	252	69	10	—	—	—	—	28.20	7
8	1,838	1,311	820	212	52	9	—	—	—	—	45.16	8
9	207	252	97	40	17	1	—	—	—	—	8.12	9
10	771	1,084	1,194	962	945	1,143	75	2	—	—	25.85	10
11	676	946	1,084	859	880	1,066	67	2	—	—	45.34	11
12	95	138	110	103	65	77	8	—	—	—	6.21	12
13	489	658	634	653	531	1,649	201	75	9	—	23.53	13
14	423	574	584	579	493	1,574	187	65	8	—	44.26	14
15	66	84	50	74	38	75	14	10	1	—	4.59	15
16	1,312	1,807	993	1,991	891	2,406	313	307	55	3	10.43	16
17	1,188	1,689	923	1,813	827	2,296	289	287	53	3	19.63	17
18	124	118	70	178	64	110	24	20	2	—	1.67	18
	KOHAT MUNICIPALITY INCLUDING CANTONMENT											
19	**1,417**	**1,484**	**1,354**	**1,826**	**1,284**	**3,645**	**409**	**289**	**47**	—	**38.64**	19
20	**1,077**	**1,159**	**1,107**	**1,500**	**1,131**	**3,433**	**367**	**263**	**44**	—	**53.40**	20
21	**340**	**325**	**247**	**326**	**153**	**212**	**42**	**26**	**3**	—	**17.75**	21
22	45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15.35	22
23	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19.28	23
24	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10.95	24
25	455	395	286	113	34	5	—	—	—	—	51.76	25
26	324	272	209	78	21	4	—	—	—	—	68.36	26
27	131	123	77	35	13	1	—	—	—	—	34.80	27
28	237	270	362	416	407	837	60	2	—	—	60.32	28
29	179	199	275	342	349	772	52	2	—	—	76.74	29
30	58	71	87	74	58	65	8	—	—	—	31.78	30
31	194	249	274	374	308	1,161	132	50	6	—	56.87	31
32	146	192	239	308	278	1,098	120	42	5	—	73.98	32
33	48	57	35	66	30	63	12	8	1	—	23.12	33
34	486	570	432	923	535	1,642	217	237	41	—	33.90	34
35	393	496	384	772	483	1,559	195	219	39	—	49.49	35
36	93	74	48	151	52	83	22	18	2	—	10.82	36

TABLE 28—HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES, DIPLOMAS AND PROFESSIONAL DEGREES—1961

(i) Certificates include only those awarded by recognized educational Institutions to persons who have passed "middle" or 8th class and after at least 6 months full-time instruction in one of the special fields.

(ii) Diplomas and professional Degrees include only recognized professional Diplomas or Professional Bachelor's Doctors or Degrees in one of the Special Fields.

Number of Persons

	Locality	Sex	Holders of Certificates in the fields of—			
			Education	Medicine	Engineering	
1	**Kohat District** ..	**Both Sexes** ..	**4,632**	**81**	**11**	1
2		**Males** ..	**4,396**	**74**	**11**	2
3		**Females** ..	**236**	**7**	—	3
4	Kohat Municipality and Cantonment	Both Sexes ..	3,681	34	5	4
5		Males ..	3,485	31	5	5
6		Females ..	196	3	—	6

TABLE 29—OWNERS OF AGRICULTURAL LAND BY AGE AND SEX—1961

Number of Persons

	Locality	Sex	All Owners	Muslim by Age-groups			
				All Ages	0—9	10—19	20—39
1	**Kohat District**	**Both Sexes**	**30,761**	**30,761**	**1,819**	**3,215**	**10,584**
2		**Males**	**22,486**	**22,486**	**999**	**2,244**	**7,785**
3		**Females**	**8,275**	**8,275**	**820**	**971**	**2,799**

TABLE 28—HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES, DIPLOMAS AND PROFESSIONAL DEGREES—1961

(i) Certificates include only those awarded by recognized educational Institutions to persons who have passed "middle" or 8th class and after at least 6 months full-time instruction in one of the special fields.

(ii) Diplomas and professional Degrees include only recognized professional Diplomas or Professional Bachelor's, Doctors or Degrees in one of the Special fields.

Number of Persons

	Holders of Diplomas and Professional Degrees in the fields of—								
	Agriculture	Education	Medicine	Engineering	Agriculture	Commerce	Law	Other Professions	
1	**186**	**810**	**50**	**24**	**15**	**9**	**30**	**24**	1
2	**184**	**739**	**48**	**24**	**14**	**9**	**30**	**16**	2
3	**2**	**71**	**2**	—	**1**	—	—	**8**	3
4	4	610	35	18	8	4	22	5	4
5	4	543	33	18	7	4	22	5	5
6	—	67	2	—	1	—	—	—	6

TABLE 29—OWNERS OF AGRICULTURAL LAND BY AGE AND SEX—1961

Number of Persons

			Non-Muslim by Age Groups						
	40—59	60 and over	All Ages	0—9	10—19	20—39	40—59	60 and over	
1	**10,111**	**5,032**	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
2	**7,648**	**3,810**	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
3	**2,463**	**1,222**	—	—	—	—	—	—	3

Footnote:—Excluding Agencies in Frontier Regions and Special and Added Areas under Deputy Commissioners.

TABLE 30—POPULATION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—1961

Number of Persons

	Locality	Sex	Total Population	Civilian Labour Force aged 10 years and over		
				Total	Working	
	ALL AREAS					
1	**Kohat District**	**T**	**3,78,304**	**1,13,288**	**1,10,503**	1
2		**M**	**1,90,852**	**86,297**	**83,539**	2
3		**F**	**1,87,452**	**26,991**	**26,964**	3
4	Kohat Tehsil	T	1,90,083	51,423	49,919	4
5		M	96,800	42,582	41,098	5
6		F	93,283	8,841	8,821	6
7	Karak Tehsil	T	98,073	32,035	31,285	7
8		M	48,187	21,713	20,968	8
9		F	49,886	10,322	10,317	9
10	Hangu Tehsil	T	90,148	29,830	29,299	10
11		M	45,865	22,002	21,473	11
12		F	44,283	7,828	7,826	12
13	Kohat Municipality inculding	T	49,854	11,101	10,439	13
14	Cantonment	M	28,896	10,446	9,797	14
15		F	20,958	655	642	15

TABLE 31—POPULATION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—1961

RURAL

Number of Persons

	Locality	Sex	Total Population	Civilian Labour Force aged 10 years and over		
				Total	Working	
1	**Kohat District**	**T**	**3,06,966**	**96,557**	**94,559**	1
2		**M**	**1,49,652**	**70,521**	**68,536**	2
3		**F**	**1,57,314**	**26,036**	**26,023**	3
4	Kohat Tehsil	T	1,40,229	40,322	39,480	4
5		M	67,904	32,136	31,301	5
6		F	72,325	8,186	8,179	6
7	Karak Tehsil	T	98,073	32,035	31,285	7
8		M	48,187	21,713	20,968	8
9		F	49,886	10,322	10,317	9
10	Hangu Tehsil	T	68,664	24,200	23,794	10
11		M	33,561	16,672	16,267	11
12		F	35,103	7,528	7,527	12

TABLE 30—POPULATION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—1961

Number of Persons

	Not working but looking for work	Not in Civilian Labour Force aged 10 years and over			Dependants aged below 10 years	
		Total	Women doing household work only	Dependants aged 10 years or over and Others		
			ALL AREAS			
1	**2,785**	**1,24,005**	**78,702**	**45,303**	**1,41,011**	1
2	**2,758**	**31,759**	—	**31,759**	**72,796**	2
3	**27**	**92,246**	**78,702**	**13,544**	**68,215**	3
4	1,504	69,490	43,961	25,529	69,170	4
5	1,484	18,421	—	18,421	35,797	5
6	20	51,069	43,961	7,108	33,373	6
7	750	26,768	16,362	10,406	39,270	7
8	745	6,480	—	6,480	19,994	8
9	5	20,288	16,362	3,926	19,276	9
10	531	27,747	18,379	9,368	32,571	10
11	529	6,858	—	6,858	17,005	11
12	**2**	20,889	18,379	2,510	15,566	12
13	662	23,329	10,159	13,170	15,424	13
14	649	10,180	—	10,180	8,270	14
15	13	13,149	10,159	2,990	7,154	15

TABLE 31—POPULATION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—1961

RURAL

Number of Persons

	Not working but looking for work	Not in Civilian Labour Force aged 10 years and over			Dependants aged below 10 years	
		Total	Women doing household Work only	Dependants aged 10 years or over and Others		
1	**1,998**	**91,443**	**63,854**	**27,589**	**1,18,966**	1
2	**1,985**	**18,188**	—	**18,188**	**60,943**	2
3	**13**	**73,255**	**63,854**	**9,401**	**58,023**	3
4	842	46,161	33,802	12,359	53,746	4
5	835	8,241	—	8,241	27,527	5
6	7	37,920	33,802	4,118	26,219	6
7	750	26,768	16,362	10,406	39,270	7
8	745	6,480	—	6,480	19,994	8
9	5	20,288	16,362	3,926	19,276	9
10	406	18,514	13,690	4,824	25,950	10
11	405	3,467	—	3,467	13,422	11
12	1	15,047	13,690	1,357	12,528	12

TABLE 32—POPULATION BY ECONOMIC STATUS, AGE GROUP AND SEX—1961

Number of Persons

	Locality and Economic Status	Age in completed years										
		All Ages		0—9		10—11		12—14		15—19		
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	**Kohat District**	**1,90,852**	**1,87,452**	**72,796**	**68,215**	**7,965**	**7,313**	**13,085**	**10,458**	**14,853**	**14,741**	1
2	Self Supproting Persons Civilian Labour Force	86,297	26,991	—	—	2,161	942	5,677	1,736	9,498	2,847	2
3	*(i) Cultivators*	*55,297*	*23,908*	—	—	*1,586*	*829*	*4,008*	*1,516*	*5,919*	*2,567*	3
4	*(ii) Other Agriculturists*	*1,850*	*197*	—	—	*262*	*28*	*483*	*29*	*327*	*13*	4
5	*(iii) Non-Agriculturists*	*29,150*	*2,886*	—	—	*313*	*85*	*1,186*	*191*	*3,252*	*267*	5
6	Other Self Supporting Persons and Dependents	1,04,555	1,60,461	72,796	68,215	5,804	6,371	7,408	8,722	5,355	11,894	6
7	Kohat Municipality including Cantonment	28,896	20,958	8,270	7,154	1,053	1,028	1,551	1,521	3,069	1,765	7
8	Slef Supporting Persons Civillan Labour Force	1,0,446	655	—	—	74	4	285	24	963	39	8
9	*(i) Cultivators*	*814*	*18*	—	—	5	—	*24*	—	*68*	—	9
10	*(ii) Other Agriculturists*	131	*77*	—	—	3	—	8	3	13	4	10
11	*(iii) Non-Agriculturists*	*9,501*	*560*	—	—	*66*	*4*	*253*	*21*	*882*	*35*	11
12	Other Self Supporting Perons and Dependents	18,450	20,303	8,270	7,154	979	1,024	1,266	1,497	2,106	1,726	12

TABLE 33—OCCUPATION OF THE AGRICULTURAL LABOUR FORCE—1961

Number of Persons

	Locality	Sex	Persons Aged 10 years and over						
			Total agricultural labour force	Cultivators and agricultural labourers	Orchard and nursery workers	Malis	Market gardeners	Tea garden labourers	
1	**Kohat District**	**T**	**81,252**	**79,205**	**19**	**137**	**10**	—	1
2		**M**	**57,147**	**55,297**	**19**	**136**	**10**	—	2
3		**F**	**24,105**	**23,908**	—	**1**	—	—	3

TABLE 32—POPULATION BY ECONOMIC STATUS, AGE GROUP AND SEX—1961

Number of Persons

	Age in completed years												
	20—24		25—34		35—44		45—54		55—59		60 and over		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	**12,129**	**13,269**	**21,309**	**27,611**	**16,909**	**18,519**	**14,668**	**13,397**	**4,617**	**3,856**	**12,521**	**10,073**	1
2	8,350	3,137	17,653	6,651	14,686	5,225	13,697	3,789	4,251	953	10,324	1,711	2
3	*4,396*	*2,857*	*10,422*	*5,952*	*8,890*	*4,641*	*8,992*	*3,272*	*3,171*	*835*	*7,913*	*1,439*	3
4	*137*	*6*	*201*	*24*	*133*	*30*	*152*	*36*	*51*	*8*	*104*	*23*	4
5	*3,817*	*274*	*7,030*	*675*	*5,663*	*554*	*4,553*	*481*	*1,029*	*110*	*2,307*	*249*	5
6	3,779	10,132	3,656	20,960	2,223	13,294	971	9,608	366	2,903	2,197	8,362	6
7	3,617	1,834	4,135	3,016	3,288	1,943	2,141	1,437	576	361	1,196	899	7
8	1,350	51	2,499	145	2,125	158	1,747	122	430	28	973	84	8
9	*53*	—	*117*	*3*	*116*	*9*	*147*	—	*43*	—	*241*	*6*	9
10	*9*	*4*	*31*	*10*	*25*	*16*	*19*	*21*	*6*	*5*	*17*	*14*	10
11	*1,288*	*47*	*2,351*	*132*	*1,984*	*133*	*1,581*	*101*	*381*	*23*	*715*	*64*	11
12	2,267	1,783	1,636	2,871	1,163	1,785	394	1,315	146	333	223	815	12

TABLE 33—OCCUPATION OF THE AGRICULTURAL LABOUR FORCE—1961

Number of Persons

	Persons Aged 10 years and over							
	Dairy farmers and Poultry Keepers	Herdsmen and Animal Breeders	Bee-Keepers	Silk-worm Keepers	Other Breeders	Drivers of Farm Tractors and Machine	Hunters and Trappers	Other Agriculturists
1	**22**	**1,241**	**161**	—	**440**	**17**	—	—
2	**13**	**1,094**	**161**	—	**412**	**5**	—	—
3	**9**	**147**	—	—	**28**	**12**	—	—

Census of Pakistan, 1961

ENUMERATOR'S BOOKLET

This CENSUS, or NATIONAL STOCK-TAKING is being conducted to secure information of the highest value to the general public, the business community and Government. YOU are the key man in it.

We count on you to give evidence of your good citizenship by doing this job efficiently, so as to ensure a Census of the highest quality.

POPULATION CENSUS OF PAKISTAN, 1961

Pocket Instructions for Enumerators

General :

1. Read, mark and learn this Booklet so that you may be ready to assist respondents who have any difficulty in choosing their answer.

2. Fill in the Location Code at the top of each schedule at home before you start Enumeration. The following is an example of how these 5 boxes should be filled up by an imaginary Enumerator whose Block Location Code number is 334060312.

Admin. Distt.	Census Distt.	Charge	Circle	Block
33	4	06	03	12

3. The remainder of each schedule is to be completed in the field at the actual time of enumeration. Please write clearly and definitely, using your presentation Ball-point pen.

4. Be sure to include all persons enumerated in Cols. 8 to 16 of the Housing Census Schedule who are still present. Also satisfy yourself that all *INFANTS* and all additions made in the household until the time of Enumeration are properly reported. People usually forget to get all the *female members* enumerated, so take special care to see that *every female* in the household is enumerated.

5. Always introduce yourself by showing your letter of Appointment which you should carry with you.

6. Should any person object to answering any Census question you should explain that the information collected is STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL, that it will not be communicated to any person whatsoever, and that no use will be made of it, which can in any way injure the respondents interests.

7. Spoiled Schedules should *not* be removed from the pad, but should be clearly cancelled with a cross on both sides. If a wrong entry is made by mistake under any question, it may be neatly cancelled by a cross (x) and the right entry made.

Whom to Count:

8. The object is to *include in the Census* all persons who are normally residents of Pakistan and all visitors to Pakistan during the Enumeration Period. The Census is to be complete and the motto should be "catch every person", but *no one should be counted more than once.*

9. Therefore *visit each and every house* during the Enumeration Period, missing no place in your Block. Write a schedule for every person you find there who is a Normal Resident, and also for visitors, travellers and wanderers in accordance with these instructions.

10. *A Normal Resident* in a house is a person who has his or her present regular residence of lodging place there. If you have any doubt as to whether a person is truly a normal resident, you should fill in a schedule for him or her and make a note to consult your Supervisor.

11. *Absent members of the household.*— The object of the *Preliminary Questions* is to ensure that persons who are temporarily away from their present normal residence for *part* of the Enumeration Period, are enumerated in the locality in which they normally reside. This will be part of your job.

Persons who are absent from their Normal Residence during the *whole* Enumeration Period will be counted at the place where they have gone and you need not worry about them.

12. *Temporary visitors* who have not already been enumerated, should be enumerated where they are found no matter where they come from, unless they will be back at their normal place of residence in Pakistan at some later time during the Enumeration Period. If you enumerate them you must warn them not to allow themselves to be enumerated again. But if you do *not* enumerate them you should ask them to get themselves enumerated at their normal place of residence when they return there before 31st January, 1961.

Post Enumeration check:

13. In addition to normal Supervision and Checking during the Enumeration Period, a percentage of the Enumeration Schedules will be completely checked soon after the "BIG COUNT" in order to assess the accuracy of the Census. Every Census Officer should try to ensure that no defect is discovered in his work at that stage.

Questions.	How to write answers.
PRELIMINARY QUESTIONS :	
House No.	Write in the box.
Household No. (within the house).	Write in the box. (This will nearly always be "1" save in cities).

Have you been enumerated already?	If "NO" ask question (a).
(a) Is this your present REGULAR residence or lodging place?	If "YES" carry out enumeration in full. If "NO" ask question (b).
(b) Will you be BACK in your normal residence before 31st JANUARY, 1961?	If "NO" or doubtful, carry out enumeration.
	If "YES" do not fill in this form, but carefully warn the person that it is his/her duty to see that a form is made out at his/her normal residence.

Q. 1. NAME ?	Write it out.
	If a tribesman put name of tribe, clan and section of tribe after the person's name in the Quetta and Kalat Divisions and in the area between the Durand Line and the settled Districts in the Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan Divisions. In the Chittagong Hill Tracts, put name of Tribe.

Explanation.—Statistically names have no significance and the record of names will be later destroyed. The reason for the recording of the name is to assist you in obtaining correct information and in preventing double counting. If a child has not been named enter "Son of———" "Daughter of ————————". If any person is hesitant to let you know the names of female members of his household, do not insist upon knowing the name but write down "Wife of————", "Daughter of————" and so on. Similarly if the respondent is a woman, do not insist upon knowing the name of her husband or any such person whose name she is reluctant to give in view of any prevailing custom.

Relationship to HEAD OF HOUSE-HOLD ?	Write it out.

Explanation.—For Head, write "Head". For wife or husband, son or daughter of Head, enter "wife", "Husband", "son", "daughter" as the case may be.

For non-relatives enter "Servant", "Guest", "Friend" and so on, as the case may be.

Q. 2. SEX ?	Ring round "male". or "female".

Explanation.—Every person will be classed either as male or female. Eunuchs will be recorded as males.

Q. 3. AGE ?	Write the number of *years completed* on the 31st January, 1961.
For infants under one year.	Write number of *completed months* in box "Under one year", *i.e.*, 0 to 11.

Explanation.—Enter age in *completed years*, except for children less than 12 months old *e.g.*, a person who will be 20 years 10 months on 31st January, 1961, should be entered as 20 years and not 21 years. For a child less than 12 months old, enter number of *completed months*. Enter "0" months when under 1 month. If age is not known, try to ascertain the age as accurately as possible by reference to any past event which may be remembered. The estimation of age is of great importance and calls for intelligence and diligence on the part of the Enumerator. It will generally help in the estimation of ages to enumerate the children in a household starting from the youngest child.

Q. 4. MARITAL STATUS?

Single.	Ring round "1" under 'Single.'
Married.	Ring round "2" under 'Married'.
Widowed.	Ring round "3" under 'Widowed.'
Divorced.	Ring round "4" under 'Divorced'.

Explanation.—"Single" applies only to persons who have never been married.

"Married" includes all persons who are at present married, all persons habitually living together as man and wife and all persons living apart but still married and not widowed or divorced.

"Widowed" applies to a person whose husband or wife is dead, and who has not married again.

"Divorced" applies to both divorcer and divorcee if not remarried.

Q. 5. WERE YOU BORN IN THIS DISTRICT?	If yes, ring round "Born in".
If not, WHERE?	For other places in Pakistan write name of the District.
	If born in "Azad Kashmir" or "Occupied Kashmir" the word "Azad Kashmir" or "Occupied Kashmir" should be written along with the name of District.
	If born in India, write "India" along with the name of District.
	Elsewhere write name of COUNTRY ONLY.

Explanation.—Birth place means the country or district in which the person was born according to present political boundaries which may differ from those existing at the time of birth.

Q. 6. ARE YOU A PAKISTANI ?	If yes, ring round "PAK".
If a Powindah; ask are you an Afghan Powindah?	If yes, write "AFGHAN" and put "*Powindah*" after it.
If a Kashmiri:	
Are you a national of "Azad Kashmir" or "Occupied Kashmir"?	Write one of them.

If not what is your NATIONALITY?	Write it out.

Explanation.—Write down exactly what the respondent says. People know quite well whether they regard themselves as Pakistani or not and it is their opinion that has to be recorded.

For non-Pakistanis record the name of the country of which they claim to be Nationals.

Afghan Powindahs.—If an Afghan does not know whether he is a Powindah, ask him how long he is staying in Pakistan. If he is only here for the winter, treat him as a Powindah.

Q. 7. RELIGION?	Ring round the appropriate number.

Explanation.—Accept respondent's own classification. The last blank box is intended for persons who claim a religion other than those recorded on the schedule, when the religion claimed should be written in the blank box. If a person claims no religion, write "None" in the blank box.

Q. 8. DISABLED?	If totally blind, ring round "1" under "Blind". If deaf and dumb, ring round "2" under "Deaf and Dumb". If crippled ring round "3" under "Crippled".

Explanation.—A person will be treated as blind if he cannot count the Enumerator's fingers held up about one foot in front of his face with or without spectacles, and as "Crippled" if he is permanently unable to use one or both of his arms and or legs. A person who is deaf but *can* speak, or dumb but *can* hear will *not* be counted as "deaf and dumb".

IF NOT DISABLED PUT A CROSS IN THIS BOX

Q. 9. MOTHER TONGUE?	Ring round the appropriate number under languages.

Explanation.—One of the last blank columns is intended for persons whose mother tongue is not one of those named on the schedule; when that is the case write the name of the language in the blank heading and then ring the number underneath. Every person must have a mother tongue. In the case of a young child who is as yet unable to speak, or of a deaf-mute, the language to be entered would be that principally spoken at the present time in the home by the parents or guardians. A person cannot have more than one mother tongue and for this reason there should be *only one* entry in this column.

Q. 10. OTHER LANGUAGES YOU CAN EASILY SPEAK?	Ring round the appropriate number under languages.

Explanation.—The respo ndent should no claim to speak any language unless he can easily converse in it. If he claims to be able to speak languages which are not provided on the schedule write the names in the blank columns and ring the number in the appropriate box. The language already ringed as mother tongue in the preceding question should *NOT* be ringed again in this question which deals only with *OTHER* languages spoken.

Q. 11. LITERACY?

(i) Are you able to *read and write* a simple letter? If so, in what languages?

Ring round the number under appropriate languages against "Write and Read only".

(ii) Are you able to *read with understanding*, but not write? If so, in what languages?

Ring round the number under appropriate languages against "Read only".

(iii) Are you able to read the Holy Quran *without understanding*?

If yes, put a √ mark under Arabic in box 9 against "Read only."

IF CANNOT READ OR WRITE AT ALL DRAW A CROSS RIGHT THROUGH THESE BOXES.

Explanation.—A ring round 9 under Arabic against "Read only" will mean that the respondent can read Arabic and the Holy Quran *with* understanding. A √ in this box will clearly mean ability only to read the Holy Quran *without* understanding. Languages already ringed for "Write and Read" should *not* be ringed again for "Read only".

Q. 12. SCHOOL OR COLLEGE ATTENDANCE?

Are you *NOW* ATTENDING A SCHOOL OR COLLEGE OR AN INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION?

If attending a school or college of General or Professional Education ring round "G".

If attending an Institution of Technical Education ring round "T".

If attending a Maktab ring round "M".

IF A PERSON IS NOT AT PRESENT ATTENDING ANY SCHOOL OR COLLEGE, PUT A CROSS IN THE BOX "NOW GOING TO SCHOOL OR COLLEGE."

Explanation.—For the purpose of Census a person is regarded as regularly attending school or college, or a technical institution regardless of any temporary break in attendance due to sickness or holiday, etc. The terms "School" and "College" cover institutions imparting General or Professional Education below and above matriculation standard respectively without regard to the names of the institutions.

Technical Institutions include Polytechnics, Technical High Schools, etc.

Maktab or Madrasa includes places where the Holy Quran and often elementary Urdu or other local languages are taught by an Imam, Maulvi or other teacher.

Q. 13. EDUCATION?

(This applies both to those who are now attending School/College, and to those who have completed education).

Highest Grade Passed in Gen, or Prof. Education

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 M. Int. D. HD. O. Cert. Dip.

FIELD

Educ.	Med.	Engin.	Agri.	Com.	Law	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

(i) WHAT IS THE HIGHEST GRADE YOU HAVE PASSED IN SCHOOL OR COLLEGE?

(a) *For below Matriculation :*

Ring round the appropriate number, from 1 to 9 for the highest class completed at School.

(b) *For Matriculation and above.*

Ring "M" for Matriculate.

Ring "Int" for Intermediate Passed.

Ring "D" for Degree Holder.

Ring "HD" for Higher Degree such as Master's or Doctor's Degree, and

Ring "O" for others including Oriental Degrees.

(ii) In which *FIELD OF PROFESSIONAL (INCLUDING TECHNICAL) EDUCATION*, if any, have you passed?

Ring round "1" under "Educ." for Education.

Ring round "2" under "Med." for Medicine.

Ring round "3" under "Engin" for Engineering.

Ring round "4" under "Agri" for Agriculture.

Ring round "5" under "Com." for Commerce.

Ring round "6" for Law.

Ring round "7" for Others.

Cert.—If passed "middle" or the 8th class in School or higher, and hold a Certificate awarded by a recognised Educational Institution after at least 6 months full time attendance in the field of Educ., Med., Engin. or Agri., ring "Cert" and the number of the appropriate Professional (including Technical) field, as well as the highest grade in general education. *E.g.*, a certificated Nurse who has passed "middle" or the 8th class would have 3 rings round "8", "Cert" and "2" under "Med." field. Certificates will not be recorded if general education has not passed "middle" or the 8th class.

Dip.—If passed Matriculation or higher and hold a recognised Diploma, ring "Dip" and the number of the Professional (including Technical) Field, as well as the highest grade in general education, *e.g.*, a Diplomaed Teacher who has passed Matric, will have 3 rings round "M", "Dip" and "1" under Education Field. No Diploma will be recorded unless the holder has passed Matric or higher in general education.

Field.—The Professional (including Technical) Field should only be ringed in the case of those who hold a recognised Professional (or Technical) Certificate or Diploma, or a Professional Bachelor's, Master's or Doctor's Degree.

INDIVIDUAL POPULATION

(Front)

ALL INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

		Admin. Distt.	Census Distt.	Charge	Circle	Block
1 & 2	Name Relationship			House No.	House-hold No.	Males / Females
	AGE		Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced
3 & 4	Years / Under one year Months		1	2	3	4
5 & 6	Born in			PAK		

7 & 8	Mus. 1	Caste Hindu 2	Sch. C. 3			Budh. 4	Chr. 5	Parsi 6				Blind 1	Deaf & Dumb 2	Crip-pled 3
		Bengali	Punjabi	Pushto	Sindhi	Urdu	Baluchi	Brauhi	Persian	Arabic	English			
9	Mother Tongue	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
10	Other Languages	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
11	Write and Read	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Read only ..	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

12 & 13	Now going to School or College	Highest grade passed in Gen. or Prof. Education															Cert.	Dip.
	G T M	..	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	M.	Int.	D.	HD.	O.		
		FIELD				Educ.		Med.		Engin.		Agri.		Com.			Law	Other
						1		2		3		4		5			6	7
14	Own Agricultural land in Pakistan.																Yes.	No.

Turn over for persons 10 years of age and over.

CENSUS SCHEDULE, 1961

(Back)

FOR PERSONS 10 YEARS OF AGE AND ABOVE ONLY

15	Working 1	Not working but looking for work 2	Neither working nor looking for work 3	
16	Main Occupation (kind of work) T			
17	Name and type of Industry, business or service			
18	Owner Cultivator 1	Tenant 2	Family help 3	Agricultural Labour 4
19	Employer 1	Employee 2	Independent worker 3	Unpaid family help 4
20	Subsidiary Occupation, if any			
21	DETAILS OF PERSONS NEITHER WORKING NOR LOOKING FOR WORK (15—3) Women doing household work only 1	Pensioners, rent receivers, etc. 2	Inmates of Prisons Asylums etc. 3	Dependents and others 4
22	ONLY FOR WOMEN WHO ARE OR HAVE BEEN MARRIED Total No. of children born alive	Total years remained Wed.		

IF A PERSON HAS NOT PASSED ANY GRADE AT ALL PUT A CROSS IN THE BOX

Q. 14. OWNERS OF AGRICULTURAL LAND. DO YOU OWN AGRICULTURAL LAND IN PAKISTAN?	Ring round "Yes" or "No" as appropriate.

Explanation.—(1) Agricultural land *includes* land producing crops and also banjar. It *excludes* building sites and land reserved for residential purposes such as 'Abadideh'.

(2) *Owner* of Agricultural land *includes* one shown as such in the Revenue records (khewat or khata). But it also *includes* Lease purchasers, Mortgagees with possession, Refugees and other persons who have been given provisional or permanent allotment of Agricultural land and Grantees of land in Colonies on instalment payment or other bases (including those who became owners after Land Reforms).

(3) *Owner excludes* those who are mortgagees *without* possession and adult sons of landowners who work their parents' land, with or without their own ploughs. It excludes also all occupancy and other tenants and share croppers.

REMAINING QUESTIONS ARE TO BE ASKED ONLY OF PERSONS TEN (10) YEARS OLD AND ABOVE.

Q. 15. ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE UN-EMPLOYED AND INACTIVE.	
Are you *WORKING FOR PROFIT* or to *EARN WAGES* or *SALARY* or do you HELP ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY ON THE FARM, ETC.?	If "Yes", ring round (1).
If not working at present, are you LOOKING FOR WORK for salary or wages or profit, etc.	If "yes", ring round (2). If "No", ring round (3).

Explanation.—(1) If the respondent is *not* a tiller of the soil, this question should be put with specific reference to "WORKING" or "NOT WORKING BUT LOOKING FOR WORK" *during the last week*, *i.e.*, a non-agricultural *worker* who has not been working, but looking for work during the last week will be ringed "2", but if he has done any work for profit, etc., during the week, he will be ringed "1".

(2) "Inactive" is a person who is not working to earn his livelihood nor is he in search of any work. Students and Housewives doing *only household duties* are to be treated as "Inactive". But persons who are helping any member of their family in his profession or trade, even if they are not paid for such work in cash or kind, are to be classed as "Working". Persons not working and living on rent or pension *only* are also to be treated as inactives. Beggars and Prostitutes are also to be classed as inactives, because, although they do earn, they are not helping in the production of economic goods.

(3) In the case of "Inactives" questions 16 to 20 will *not* be asked but the details of their categories will be ascertained from Question No. 21 and recorded accordingly.

Questions 16 to 20 to be asked only of persons who are "WORKING" OR "LOOKING FOR WORK", *i.e.*, who are ringed (1) or (2) in Q. No. 15.

Q. 16. WHAT IS YOUR MAIN OCCUPATION? (what kind of work do you do)?	If a TILLER OF THE SOIL, ring round "T" and move on to Q. 18. Otherwise write the OCCUPATION.

Explanation.—A tiller of the soil is one who himself works on the land or gets it cultivated under his direct personal supervision. Information regarding "Main Occupation" is required only if the person is "WORKING" or, if not working is "LOOKING FOR WORK". It is essential that a person's occupation be recorded in such a way that it may provide an adequate description of the work he is doing, or is looking for. In the case of a person looking for work for the first time, enter "NONE YET".

For your guidance a list of descriptions of occupations which are not acceptable without qualification is given below. This list is not comprehensive but gives an idea of the precision required.

Administrative Officer.—State whether Government Administrative, City Council Administrative Officer, etc.

Clerk.—State whether accounts clerk, correspondence clerk, stores clerk, solicitor's clerk, tally clerk, timekeeper, etc.

Driver.—State whether lorry driver, bus driver, taxi driver, car driver, tractor driver, railway engine driver, crane driver, bulldozer driver, etc.

Conductor.—State whether bus conductor, band conductor, railway conductor, etc.

Engineer.—State whether civil engineer, electrical engineer, mechanical engineer, mining engineer, motor engineer, etc.

Factory Worker.—State the exact nature of work done and the kind of factory.

Inspector.—State whether fire inspector, health inspector, labour inspector, police inspector, traffic inspector, ticket inspector, railway inspector, vehicle inspector, etc.

Labourer.—State whether dock labourer, earth moving labourer, godown labourer, transport labourer, etc.

Manager.—State whether finance manager, personnel manager, general sales manager, textile retail manager, owner or partner (stating nature of business), etc.

Mechanic.—State whether motor mechanic, radio mechanic, lift mechanic, etc.

Owner Proprietor.—State nature of business owned.

Salesman.—State whether retail shop salesman, insurance salesman, ticket salesman, newsboy, street vendor, wholesale commodities salesman, broker, auctioneer, etc.

The description should be appropriate to the actual work done irrespective of educational, professional, or technical qualifications achieved by a person. Vague, incomplete and ambiguous descriptions like "*service*" "Labourer" "Mulazmat" should be avoided.

For *PERSONS NOT RINGED "T" IN QUESTION NO.* 16.

Q. 17. NAME AND TYPE OF INDUSTRY, BUSINESS OR SERVICE?	Write it out.

Explanation.—Enter the name of the *Industry*, *Business* or *Service* in which the person is working.

The entry has to be made *only* if the person is working, or if not working, has been previously working and is at present looking for work. In the case of a person who is looking for work for the first time, enter "X" against this question.

Industry refers to the activity of the firm, establishment or department in which the person is employed or to the kind of business the person operates. The following are examples of Industry/Business descriptions:—

Stock-raising, forestry and logging, fishery, biscuit making, clothes making, furniture making, brick manufacturing, pineapple canning, cotton ginning, cotton textiles, jute textiles, woollen textiles, tannery, leather products, blacksmithy, motor repairing, road making, fish retailing, boot and shoe retailing, banking, insurance, architecture, advertising, cinema, restaurants, hotels, laundries, hairdressing, etc.

Railway transport, motor taxi service, motor cycle rikshaw service, air transport, postal services, primary school, technical school, university, Governmental medical services, private medical services, social welfare services, legal services, domestic services, armed services, etc.

The list is not comprehensive but it should indicate the variety of descriptions and the degree of precision required.

Q. 18. AGRICULTURAL STATUS?	Only *for persons ringed "T" in question No.* 16.
(i) Do you OWN ALL OR PART OF THE LAND you till?	If yes, ring round "1" under "owner cultivator".
(ii) TENANT—Do you pay rent in cash or kind for ALL OR PART OF the land you till?	If yes, ring round "2" under "Tenant".
(iii) Are you UNPAID FAMILY HELP?	If yes, ring round "3" under "Family help".
(iv) Are you an AGRICULTURAL LABOURER working for others for wages in cash or kind?	If yes, ring round "4" under "Agricultural Labour".

Explanation.—All persons classed as Tillers in Q. 16 *must* have a ring round one or more of the numbers in this question. For instance a man who owns a little land which he cultivates himself, who also has some land on rent, and who in his spare time works for reward in agriculture for others, will have rings round numbers 1, 2 and 4.

Q. 19. STATUS IN BUSINESS, TRADE, INDUSTRY OR SERVICE?	*For persons Not ringed "T" in question* 16.
(i) In your main occupation do you EMPLOY OTHERS?	If yes, ring round "1" under "Employer".

(ii) or Are you an EMPLOYEE?	If yes, ring round "2" under "Employee".
(iii) or An INDEPENDENT worker?	If yes, ring round "3" under "Independent worker".
(iv) or UNPAID FAMILY HELP?	If yes, ring round "4" under "Unpaid family help".

Explanation.—Every non-agriculturist who is economically active must be classified under one and *only one* of the above categories.

Note that the whole question concerns the main occupation given in question No. 16. Persons who employ others in their profession or business will be classed as "Employer". No one will be classed as "Employer" merely because he employs domestic servants. For example, a cook is classed as an employee in his occupation, but if he is cooking for, let us say, a civil servant, the latter will *not* be shown as an employer on that account. Similarly a Company Director for instance, although he may have power to appoint and discharge Company staff, will not be classed as "Employer", because he himself is an employee of the Company. An independent worker is his own master in his trade or business who does not employ others. An unpaid family help is a member of the family who assists directly in the trade or business of another member but receives no separate payment in cash or kind.

Q. 20. HAVE YOU ANY SUBSIDIARY MEANS OF LIVELIHOOD? IF SO, WHAT?	Write it out.

IF A PERSON HAS NO SUBSIDIARY OCCUPATION, PUT A CROSS IN THE BOX.

Explanation.—Enter the name of Subsidiary Occupation in full, or at least, in sufficient detail to ensure identification from the Main Occupation.

In order to claim "Subsidiary Occupation", a person must be following two occupations, the second being pursued in addition to or alternatively to the "Main Occupation".

This may be either a secondary source of income pursued throughout the whole year or an alternative means of livelihood adopted at times when the main occupation cannot be followed. This distinction, however, need not be recorded, and it is only necessary for the Enumerator to say what, if any, is the secondary or alternative means of livelihood of the respondent.

In rural areas the Subsidiary Occupation (if any) of cultivators will generally be one of the agricultural occupations such as poultry, bee-keeping, etc., or a cottage industry. Service on roads or in the militia may be a normal subsidiary occupation in some areas. When Cottage Industries are given as subsidiary occupation, they should be described as "Home weaving", "Home pottery making", "Home mat making", etc.

Q. 21. DETAILS OF INACTIVES?	*Only those persons who are ringed as "3" in question No. 15 should be asked:*
(i) Do you work as HOUSE WIFE, *i.e.*, perform household duties only?	Ring round number "1".
(ii) Do you receive any kind of RENT, PENSION, etc.?	Ring round number "2".

(iii) Are you an INMATE OF MENTAL ASYLUM, JAIL or other such Institution or are you a beggar?	Ring round number "3".
(iv) DEPENDENT and others.	Ring round number "4".

Explanation.—More than one of the numbers in this Question may have to be ringed.

Q. 22. ONLY FOR WOMEN WHO ARE OR HAVE BEEN MARRIED?

(i) *During your whole married life:* How many CHILDREN have been born ALIVE altogether?	Write under "Children born" total number of children born alive to her.
(ii) *During your whole life:* How many years you REMAINED MARRIED altogether?	Write under "Years Wed" total number of years.

Explanation.—Include any infant born alive who may have died since.

If a woman has been married more than once the two questions should cover the whole period she remained married from the date of her first marriage. For example a woman married for the first time and after 5 years was divorced. Some years later she remarried and her (new) husband died 10 years later, since when she has remained a widow. In this case "Total years remained wed" is 5+10=15 years.

After filling up a Schedule for each member of the household, you should check again that no one in the household (particularly daughters-in-law) has been over-looked. Also that no one normally resident in the household is temporarily absent and expected back before the 31st of January 1961.

Progress Reports:

Carry out the enumeration of your area progressively every day. Don't leave the work to be done towards the end of the Enumeration Period. In order to ensure this, report regularly to your Supervisor in the prescribed forms regarding the percentage of the work completed on the dates shown in the Calendar. The first round of your visits to all the houses in your Block should be completed during the 1st two weeks. Then during the next three days carry out a 2nd round and enumerate the Households that might have been left out during the 1st round, and also those normal residents who were temporarily absent, but have since returned and have not been enumerated elsewhere. Two days before the last date (*i.e.*, 29th January 1961) make an announcement in your Block that persons left out may kindly report to you at an agreed place and get themselves enumerated. Continue the checking for omissions during the last two days and then on the actual Census Night (Night of the 31st January) you must make a rapid and thorough examination of the whole Block. All new arrivals, travellers, wanderers,

homeless folk and others who are found then anywhere within your area must be questioned and, if they have not been enumerated before, a slip must be prepared for each of them.

The End of the Work :

When you are sure that you have properly enumerated every person in your Block, and your last check-up has been completed as above, you should recount all your valid schedules in each Pad and check the totals which you will have recorded on the back covers thereof, showing males, females and literate persons separately. These totals on the back covers should then be added up and the grand totals recorded in your Report Sheet reproduced as a detachable form at the end of this Booklet. This Report Sheet should then be removed and handed over to your Supervisor along with the used and partially used pads of Schedules and the Supervisors receipt should be obtained in the form below:

Copy No. 1 of the Housing Census Register should also be handed over to the Supervisor at this time which should be before 3rd February 1961.

SUPERVISOR'S RECEIPT

Mr. (name)..... the Enumerator of Census Block No..... has today (3rd February 1961 or earlier) handed me.....pads of Individual Census Schedules properly completed to cover.....(No.) Persons.

Date.....

Signature of Circle Supervisor.

ENUMERATOR'S REPORT FORM

I....., hereby certify that I have taken the Census in the whole of Block No.——————in accordance
(Write the Code No.)
with the official instructions.

Herewith are handed over..... (No.) pads of completed Enumeration Slips containing records concerning..... males and .....females, *viz.*,..... (total) persons of whom.....are literates.

Date.....

Signature of Enumerator.

DUTIES OF THE CENSUS OFFICER UNDER CENSUS ORDINANCE, 1959

1. To ask all authorised questions from all persons in the limits of the area for which he has been appointed.

[Sec. 7(1)].

2. Not to ask any improper or unauthorised question, nor ask any authorised question, in an offensive manner. Therefore he should always be most courteous in the discharge of his duties.

[Sec. 13(b)].

3. Not to disclose any information collected by him during the Census to any unauthorised person as all such information is to be regarded as confidential.

[Secs. 10 and 13(b)].

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORT

KOHAT

PART-V

VILLAGE STATISTICS

COMPILED BY

A. U. SALEEM

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF CENSUS

PESHAWAR

CONTENTS

Introduction V-1

Summary Table by Tehsils V-5

Summary Table by Qanungo Halqas and Urban Localities V-6

Kohat Tehsil V-7

Urban Localities V-7

Ustarzai Payan Qanungo Halqa V-7

Garhi Nawaz Khan Qanungo Halqa V-9

Gumbat Qanungo Halqa V-11

Lachi Bala Qanungo Halqa V-12

Karak Tehsil V-16

Urban Localities V-16

Thati Nasrati Qanungo Halqa V-16

Karak Qanungo Halqa V-19

Hangu Tehsil V-20

Urban Localities V-20

Thal Qanungo Halqa V-20

Hangu Qanungo Halqa V-21

INTRODUCTION

The village is the basic unit of revenue administration and the need for basic statistics for villages is quite obvious as all planning depends on such statistics. They are also indispensable for carrying out sample surveys over limited areas and from the basis of continuous collection of statistics on different aspects of rural life and economy. The village was taken as the basic unit of enumeration if its population was 600 or it was a continuous collection of about 150 houses on an average. Where the village approximated to this size, it was constituted into a Block. A large number of villages has to be split up into a number of Blocks, but the boundaries of Census Block did not go beyond the limits of a revenue estate. All statistics pertaining to a village concerning land administration are given by "Mauza" or revenue estate and the importance of this territorial unit in our administrative set-up is unique. A "Mauza" may be defined as a parcel or parcels of land having a separate name in the revenue records and known limits. The unit of revenue administration is the revenue estate or "deh" which is usually identical with the village or "mauza". A revenue estate is a unit of area—

(*a*) for which a separate record-of-rights has been made; or

(*b*) which has been separately assessed to land revenue or would have been so assessed, if the land revenue had not been leased, compounded for, or redeemed; or

(*c*) which the Local Government may by general rule or special order declare it to be an estate.

The Village Statistics contained in this part have been compiled from Block-wise figures contained in the Summaries prepared by the Census Supervisors and Charge Superintendents. Except for data on houses and households they are based on the results of the "Circle Sort" which was carried out in the Hand Sorting Centres after the physical counting of the individual enumeration schedules. The literacy figures, however, have been lifted from the Summaries prepared by the Supervisors and Charge Superintendents.

The plan of presentation is that for each village, the Hadbast number, its name in English and Urdu and area in acres, the total population by males and females, and the number of literates in each village has been recorded.

The last two columns pertain to number of houses and households. This information is based on the Housing Census which was carried out in September, 1960. The data was collected in the first instance from the Summaries prepared after the Housing Census by the Charge Superintendents. These figures have been checked with the results of the Machine tabulation in the case of urban localities, but since only 10 per cent sample was taken for the villages, the data of villages has been extracted directly from the Household Summaries. The number of houses refers only to the "occupied" houses, while the number of households refers to the commensal unit the members of which live together and eat from a common kitchen. The definitions of "houses" and "households" are given in the Explanatory Note.

The "Hadbast" numbers are the numbers assigned to a revenue estate at the time of the settlement operations. They are allotted serially within the Tehsil at the time of settlement. Hence the arrangement of villages in each Tehsil does not follow the serial order of Hadbast numbers, but within each Patwar Circle they have been arranged serially. Where no survey and settlement operations have been carried out, this column is left blank. The area figures have been supplied by the Deputy Commissioners and are based on revenue records. Local details regarding Schools, Colleges, Post Offices, Telegraph Offices, Railway Stations, Police Stations, Rest Houses, Union Council Offices, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Electricity, Tube-wells, etc., have been indicated by appropriate symbols against each village. A list of these symbols is appended. These details have been obtained from Deputy Commissioners and from the concerned Departments. The data has been presented by Tehsils within each district. In each tehsil, the villages have been grouped by Field Qanungo Circles and within each Field Qanungo Circle by Patwar Circles. The name of the Field Qanungo Circle has been separated from the text by double lines and the village in which the Patwari's headquarter is located is shown in bold print.

The Village Statistics for this district were compiled in the Hand Sorting Centre, Peshawar, under the supervision of Mr. A. U. Saleem, Deputy Director of Census, Incharge of Hand Sorting Centre, Peshawar. After compilation, the lists were sent by the Officer-in-Charge, Hand Sorting Centre, to the Deputy Commissioner concerned for verification and completion of figures relating to "Hadbast" numbers, area and local details. After this verification, the Village Statistics were sent to my office, where they were further checked, adjusted and consolidated before publication.

A summary giving the total population of the district and distribution by sexes to the nearest thousand has been given in the beginning. Similar summaries by Tehsils and by Field Qanungo Circles within each Tehsil have also been added.

ASLAM ABDULLAH KHAN, C.S.P.,
Director of Census,
West Pakistan.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

1. Population in the Village Statistics includes persons who claimed nationality other than Pakistani.

2. Tehsil figures include those of urban areas within its jurisdiction.

3. Figures for Municipal and Town Committees as well as other urban localities are given separately under respective Tehsils within which they are located.

4. Household is a collection of persons living and eating in one mess with their dependents, relatives, servants and lodgers who normally reside together.

5. House is a structurally separate set of living premises, with an entrance from outside the building or from a common half way or courtyard or staircase.

6. Number of literate figures have been taken from Charge Superintendents Abstracts (Provisional results of Census published in February 1961). These may not tally with the final figures published in Part IV of District Census Report.

7. Urban Localities are grouped separately at the top of the Village Statistics of each Tehsil. The areas of urban localities and their Hadbast numbers, being not available, have not been shown separately.

The symbols to denote local details are:—

(1) College or University	کالج یا یونیورسٹی	..	
(2) Primary School	پرائمری سکول	..	
(3) Middle School	مڈل سکول	..	
(4) High School	ہائی سکول	..	
(5) Post Office	ڈاکخانہ	..	
(6) Telegraph Office	تار گھر	..	
(7) Dispensary	ڈسپنسری	..	
(8) Hospital	ہسپتال	..	
(9) Dak/Inspection Bungalow or Circuit House	ڈاک بنگلہ	..	
(10) Union Council or Committee	یونین کونسل یا کمیٹی	..	
(11) Police out-post or Thana	پولیس چوکی یا تھانہ	..	
(12) Railway Station	ریلوے اسٹیشن	..	
(13) Historical Monuments or site	آثار قدیمہ	..	
(14) Tube-well	ٹیوب ویل	..	
(15) Electricity	بجلی	..	

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT DISTRICT

Summary Table by Tehsils

Tehsil	Population 1961 (000s)			Number of			Page No.
	Both sexes	Males	Females	Qanungo Halqas	Patwari Circles	Villages	
Kohat District ..	382	193	189	8	82	289	
Kohat Tehsil ..	192	98	94	4	39	164	V-7
Karak ,, ..	100	49	51	2	23	76	V-16
Hangu ,, ..	90	46	44	2	20	49	V-20

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT DISTRICT

Summary Table by Qanungo Halqas and Urban Localities

Qanungo Halqa & Urban Locality	Population 1961 (000s)			Number of		Page No.
	Both sexes	Males	Females	Patwari Circles	Villages	
KOHAT TEHSIL ..	192	98	94	39	164	V-7
Urban Localities ..	50	29	21	—	—	V-7
Ustarzai Payan ..	44	22	22	12	33	V-7
Garhi Nawaz Khan ..	42	21	21	11	43	V-9
Gumbat ..	18	9	9	7	27	V-11
Lachi Bala ..	38	17	21	9	61	V-12
KARAK TEHSIL ..	100	49	51	23	76	V-16
Urban Localities ..	—	—	—	—	—	V-16
Thati Nasrati	86	42	44	20	61	V-16
Karak ..	14	7	7	3	15	V-19
HANGU TEHSIL ..	90	46	44	20	49	V-20
Urban Localities ..	21	12	9	—	—	V-20
Thal ..	59	29	30	10	15	V-20
Hangu ..	10	5	5	10	34	V-21

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Sl. No.	Name of Urban Locality and local details	Population 1961				Number of	
		Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
	Kohat Tehsil کوہاٹ تحصیل	192343	98200	94143	—	—	—
	Kohat Tehsil (Rural) کوہاٹ تحصیل (دیہاتی)	142489	69304	73185	—	—	—
	Kohat Tehsil (Urban) کوہاٹ تحصیل (شہری)	49854	28896	20958	12593	7137	8470
1	**Kohat Municipal Committee.** کوہاٹ میونسپل کمیٹی	36016	18984	17032	5001	5075	6167
2	**Kohat Cantonment** کوہاٹ کینٹونمینٹ	13838	9912	3926	7592	2062	2303

USTARZAI PAYAN QANUNGO HALQA استرزئی پایاں قانونگو حلقه

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
8	**Ustarzai Payan** استرزئی پایاں	7653	2773	1343	1430	651	641	641
2	**Marri Payan** مری پایاں	7771	637	317	320	69	152	152
1	Marri Bala مری بالا	9577	699	355	344	57	99	151
3	Jangle Mir Asghar-Mola جنگل میر اصغر مولا	8773	1684	785	899	300	315	315
4	**Landi** لنڈی	2441	2824	1664	1160	75	386	386
5	Tara Warrai تارا ورائی	527	187	91	96	30	37	37
6	Mossa Khel موسیٰ خیل	1440	366	169	197	45	73	73

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
7	Ustarzai Bala استارزئی بالا	6666	1758	859	899	345	325	325
9	Jabgabroo جبگبرو	1098			Uninhabited بے چراغ			
10	**Sher Koat** شیر کوٹ	483	1296	622	674	181	379	379
11	Chili Bada Ber چلی بڈہ بیر	395	253	131	122	31	31	44
12	Khari Zai خاری زئی	2675	534	257	277	62	84	84
13	**Ali Zai** علی زئی	2959	1067	510	557	126	178	178
14	Darwa Khel دروا خیل	1463	220	103	117	19	21	21
15	Arazi Nasrat Khel اراضی نصرت خیل	1342			Uninhabited بے چراغ			
16	Chakar Koat چکر کوٹ	413	769	367	402	127	193	193
17	**Nasrat Khel** نصرت خیل	2993	6186	3431	2755	751	671	671
18	Kagh Zai کاغزئی	1541	770	376	394	55	207	207
19	Banda Mirza Hasan Ali بانڈا مرزا حسن علی	254	49	26	23	4	8	8
20	**Muhammad. Zai** محمد زئی	7519	3649	1797	1852	196	315	320
28	**Soor Gul** سور گل	9860	2751	1341	1410	945	290	295
26	Qamar Dand قمر ڈنڈ	3682	940	447	493	45	179	179
27	Chambai چمبی	2630	764	376	388	31	111	111
29	Samadi Bala سمدی بالا	18221	1964	904	1060	32	346	346
30	**Samiri Payan** سمیری پایاں	10340	1785	830	955	48	347	347
31	Chichana چچانہ	2524	662	315	347	3	159	159
32	**Gada Khel** گداخیل	9493	2238	1059	1179	91	485	485
33	Jarman جرمن	6057	688	379	309	46	80	80
21	**Barh** بڑھ	4080	1678	756	922	29	290	295

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
22	Jabhi جبی	3138	941	465	476	40	190	197
24	**Shahpur** شاہ پور	8039	2276	1125	1151	176	490	496
23	Borkha بورکھا	13247	1208	580	628	5	227	227
25	Baman بمن	1382	349	186	163	5	54	54
	GARHI NAWAZ KHAN QANUNGO HALQA گڑھی نواز خان قانونگو حلقہ							
46	**Garhi Nawaz Khan** گڑھی نواز خاں	5089	1379	736	643	141	301	301
47	Regi Shanu Khel ریگی شانو خیل	545	113	52	61	5	40	40
51	Mansoor Khel منصورخیل	983	79	46	33	2	15	17
50	Gham Koal غم کول	4203	59	56	3	16	13	13
34	**Tapi** تپی	1716	1381	714	667	130	457	457
35	Baqi Zai باقی زئی	829	117	63	54	31	40	45
36	Merozai میروزئی	438	1158	584	574	103	265	265
37	Mery Masurai میری مصوری	469	393	186	207	38	71	71
39	Khawaja Khizar خواجہ خضر	1161	Uninhabited بے چراغ					
40	Bahader Koat بہادر کوٹ	803	650	311	339	35	162	162
41	Koroo کورو	1345	795	403	392	44	98	98
42	Kaloo Chinna کالوچینا	419	Uninhabited بے چراغ					
53	Chak Mulayan چک ملایاں	1944	1467	736	731	168	310	320
54	**Shekhan** شیخاں	8705	1870	896	974	168	502	502
55	Bazar Khel بازر خیل	7660	1693	700	993	221	413	413
56	**Toogh** توغ	14780	6003	3004	2999	598	720	730
60	**Kharmotu** خرمتو	6687	3680	1809	1871	120	413	413
61	Koat کوٹ	2484	Uninhabited بے چراغ					

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
59	**Bilitang** بلی ٹنگ	4243	3782	1949	1833	—	400	410
57	Gand Pali Bala گند پالی بالا	2383	1061	466	595	56	250	260
58	Gand Pali Payan گند پالی پایاں	3251	1297	619	678	31	255	255
73	**Ziarat Sheikh Allah Dad Sahib.** زیارت شیخ اللہ داد صاحب	9962	954	426	528	105	269	269
74	Khawaja Khel خواجہ خیل	9838	520	253	267	8	83	83
75	Darsha Khel درشا خیل	4772	370	193	177	3	65	65
79	**Shadi Pur** شادی پور	2508	459	236	223	33	87	87
76	Mandooni مندونی	4239	760	374	386	—	114	114
77	Toor Stone تور ستون	5916	454	212	242	9	78	78
78	Seen سین	6142	295	144	151	14	29	29
80	Pishta Sunda پشتا سندا	8757	393	176	217	65	90	90
81	**Chorlaki** چور لکی	16724	1839	905	934	222	334	334
82	Kari Sheikhan کیری شیخاں	3724	666	327	339	54	106	106
83	Jabar جبر	8883	1195	582	613	44	235	235
85	**Khushal Garh** خوشحال گڑھ	8303	926	447	479	99	250	250
84	Kamar کمر	6138	509	248	261	44	120	120
86	Qasbah قبضہ	1051	109	47	62	5	24	24
8	Raisy ریسی	4840	279	145	134	10	54	54
9	Toi Banda توئی بانڈ	1814	90	48	42	3	18	18
7	Nakband نکبند	23815	1454	758	696	66	273	273
4	Kandar کندار	2012	390	217	173	27	85	85
5	**Parshai** پرشائی	15485	1957	991	966	72	475	475
6	Tilkan تلکن	4988	345	162	183	9	23	23

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
2	Ghundi Payan گھند ی پایان	6512	690	328	362	42	260	265
3	Tolanj تولنگ	9588	475	233	242	56	299	299
	GUMBAT QANUNGO HALQA گمبٹ قانونگو حلقه							
1	**Gumbat** گمبٹ	21745	1592	788	804	370	415	435
70	**Sayab** سیاب	5703	1097	539	558	52	217	313
71	Merchungi مرچنگی	111	232	129	103	4	46	46
72	Kontry کونٹری	6018	454	242	212	41	109	109
15	Darpaty درپٹی	6400	700	313	387	—	242	242
17	Warshand ورشند	4705	828	428	400	—	216	240
11	Chefina Ghunda چیفینه گھنڈا	12778	929	451	478	6	230	250
10	Katta Kana کٹا کانا	3897	217	99	118	5	50	50
12	Frabo فرابو	13321	189	99	90	1	34	34
13	Wasewan واسی وان	7065	262	118	144	9	63	63
14	Terwah Barah تیرواہ باڑہ	2366	173	89	84	4	34	34
16	**Malegan** مالگین	7160	750	387	363	27	212	212
67	**Kamal Khel** کمال خیل	5436	1236	603	633	64	353	353
66	Dand Khel ڈنڈ خیل	6133	652	333	319	3	139	139
69	**Shadi Khel** شادی خیل	7516	1484	708	726	87	281	281
68	Mandah Khel منڈھا خیل	4451	271	146	125	20	53	53
62	**Dhodah** ڈھوڈہ	7732	2159	1144	1015	130	384	385
63	Bandah Mohsan Khan بانڈہ محسن خان	1081	370	181	189	18	70	75
65	Bahawal Garh بہاول گڑہ	267	62	33	29	2	12	12
64	Bandah Abdul Samad بانڈہ عبدل سمد	213	172	91	81	5	40	40

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
48	**Darmalak** درملک	8486	1476	675	801	131	419	419
49	Ghorazai Bala غورزئی بالا	3029	573	265	308	22	107	107
50	Ali Kachah علی کچه	565	515	254	261	19	92	92
51	Walai ولائی	5776	1093	649	444	97	229	229
52	Hoti هوتی	3421	218	100	118	10	62	62
53	Cheshmo Miangan چشموميانگن	1000	99	44	55	3	21	21
54	Ghorzandi غورزندی	9369	1026	486	540	21	252	252
	LACHI BALA QANUNGO HALQA لاچی بالا قانونگو حلقه							
43	**Lachi Bala** لاچی بالا	12942	3576	1738	1838	531	787	787
44	Lachi Payan لاچی پایا	7659	2342	1131	1211	353	456	456
45	Bandah Fateh Khan بانڈه فتح خاں	1574	727	346	381	69	174	175
46	Hindki Bandah هندکی بانڈه	352	482	251	231	10	97	98
47	Chandah Fateh Khan چنداه فتح خاں	1335	343	170	173	15	69	69
18	**Khader Khel** خدر خیل	6881	610	287	323	—	170	175
19	Mahmandi محمندی	1647	376	191	185	—	57	57
20	Gulshah Khel گلشاه خیل	4189	509	255	254	—	115	115
21	Mandori مندوری	3898	1395	634	761	—	320	320
22	Masan Khel مسن خیل	3514	1063	475	588	90	377	378
23	Bandah Bhatyaran بانڈه بهٹیاران	887	336	112	224	1	52	52
24	Sodal سودال	5329	809	377	432	—	199	199
25	Chak Alwalar چک الوالڑ	232	Uninhabited بے چراغ					

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TESHIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details		Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
				Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
26	Chak Payel	چک پایال	287			Uninhabited	بے چراغ		
27	Doli Bandah	دولی بنده	1868	250	127	123	—	46	46
28	Kirrosam	کیروسیم	5319	799	382	417	—	209	209
29	Berghedi	برغیدی	4057	190	99	91	5	27	27
30	Sawery Bandah	سویری بانڈه	3643	133	65	68	1	25	25
32	**Shewaki**	شیواکی	5288	2919	1432	1487	107	448	484
31	Shahzadi Bandah	شهزادی بانڈه	2004	45	26	19	3	10	10
33	Takht	تخت	4410	594	288	306	24	142	142
34	Karboghi	کربوغی	583			Uninhabited	بے چراغ		
42	**Jatah Ismail Khel**	جتهه اسماعیل خیل	6618	908	474	434	98	217	217
41	Ali Khan Khel	علی خان خیل	2837	204	106	98	2	45	45
36	Khazobi	خازوبی	2031	74	38	36	—	12	12
35	Boza	بوزا	2296	66	33	33	1	12	15
37	Chakhtoo	چختو	3808	133	66	67	11	25	35
39	Chenda Khoram	چینده خورام	2105	740	384	356	60	143	143
38	Chandah Mandzai	چنده مندزئی	1069	167	89	78	—	21	21
40	Zanakah	زناکه	2869	228	102	126	3	39	39
62	**Makorri**	مکوڑی	7290	3857	831	3026	318	473	473
61	Mansoor Garh	منصور گڑه	1271	226	124	102	5	27	72
59	Shaikhan	شیخاں	2540	606	289	317	11	134	134
58	Sangeeni	سنگینی	782	118	59	59	9	20	20

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
57	Shaker Khel شکر خیل	3298	565	252	313	32	184	184
56	Chashmi Akor Khelan چشمی اکور خیلاں	1875	149	69	80	4	25	25
60	Momi Khel مومی خیل	5529	690	328	362	17	27	27
55	Umar Khan Khel عمر خاں خیل	8876	126	67	59	2	15	15
63	Dharangi ڈھرنگی	2387	73	35	38	2	13	13
64	Bandah Daud Shah بانڈہ داؤد شاہ	1894	215	120	95	20	40	40
65	Ahmadi Bandah احمدی بانڈہ	1897	796	383	413	136	225	225
66	Dharaki Bandah دھراکی بانڈہ	158	62	33	29	3	17	17
67	Khary Bandah کھاری بانڈہ	1208	99	47	52	6	18	18
68	Barbarah Bandah بر باڑہ بانڈہ	1269	246	126	120	8	44	44
69	**Terry** تیری	18790	4464	2136	2328	747	956	956
70	**Easak** عیک	2880	959	390	569	67	263	263
71	**Khumari** خماری	2856	928	388	540	71	277	271
72	Bandi بانڈی	824	Uninhabited بے چراغ					
78	Berigi برگی	3417	352	179	173	—	41	41
74	Halalah ہلالہ	1430	275	134	141	—	45	45
75	Urmarr اڑمڑ	2260	320	183	137	22	32	32
77	Melu میلو	2982	120	63	57	6	19	19
76	Hull ہل	1608	167	102	65	20	24	24
78	Rakh Merandi رکھ میراندی	2888	212	103	109	186	63	63

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KOHAT TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details		Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
				Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
79	Sam Bandah	سام بانڈہ	2769	82	43	39	—	9	9
80	Sharki	شرقی	2234	120	65	55	7	23	23
83	Bakha Bandah	بخا بانڈہ	2647	161	86	75	—	17	20
82	Landuki	لنڈوکی	3771	412	217	195	21	48	48
84	Kundi	کنڈی	4170	567	323	244	13	66	66
81	**Mardan Khel**	مردان خیل	4850	654	309	345	13	172	172
85	Trikh Sum	ترخ سم	859	Uninhabited بے چراغ					

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KARAK TEHSIL

Sl. No.	Name of Urban Locality and local details	Population 1961				Number of	
		Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
	Karak Tehsil کرک تحصیل	99410	48913	50497	—	—	—
	Karak Tehsil (Rural) کرک تحصیل دیہاتی	99410	48913	50497	—	—	—
	Karak Tehsil (Urban) کرک تحصیل (شہری)	—	—	—	—	—	—

THATI NASRATI QANUNGO HALQA ٹھٹھی نصراتی قانونگو حلقہ

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
147	**Thati Nasrati** ٹیھٹی نصراتی	42569	7887	3666	4221	905	2053	2230
95	**Dresh Khel** دریش خیل	27819	1730	886	844	26	273	277
94	Shahidan Dargah شہیداں درگاہ	15473	328	169	159	1	57	57
96	**Bahader Khel** بہادر خیل	16510	1974	1002	972	175	330	337
97	Narbanda نربندہ	5844	350	164	186	7	71	75
141	**Latember** لتمبر	37494	6525	3215	3310	619	1091	1163
142	Manda منڈا	1168	1238	597	641	131	250	305
143	**Land Kamer** لنڈ کمر	16121	9560	4856	4704	—	1166	1358
144	Alam Sheri Haji Banda علم شیری حاجی بانڈہ	1087	494	267	227	16	80	90
145	Ahmad Villa احمد ویلا	1215	Uninhabited بے چراغ					
146	**Chaukarah** چوکارا	4288	5461	2738	2723	517	713	725
149	**Shenwa Gudi Khel** شینوا گدی خیل	62037	7956	4467	3489	599	1236	1301
148	Chakmanzai چک منزائی	1821	529	263	266	20	80	84

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KARAK TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details		Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
				Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
151	**Saraj Khel**	سراج خیل	8024	1904	969	935	73	460	463
150	Sarki	سرکی	8485	958	482	476	27	162	167
152	Dabli	دبلی	3619	588	286	302	12	76	76
153	Kandah	کنڈا	4247	1044	548	496	77	153	177
154	Kamangarh	کمان گڑھ	3817	246	116	130	—	59	70
155	Shagai	شاگئی	2327	514	249	265	2	89	89
89	Rakh Soban	رکھ سوبان	3286	15	8	7	—	5	15
87	**Shakardara**	شکر درہ	98559	10479	5013	5466	1174	2337	2360
88	Rakh Tapi	رکھ ٹاپی	6853			Uninhabited	بے چراغ		
98	**Khurram Mohd. Zai**	خورم محمدزئی	6595	942	425	517	48	177	177
99	Shewa	شیوا	5028	592	269	323	—	99	99
100	Totaki	ٹوٹکی	7942	789	371	418	42	149	149
101	**Daggar Nari**	ڈگر نری	10302	2005	939	1066	163	339	339
102	**Nari Panus**	نری پنوس	1106	1731	770	961	162	316	316
104	Sawari Khawah	سواری خاوا	1643	84	36	48	1	16	16
103	Kol-Bandah	کول بانڈہ	1847	105	48	57	2	16	16
105	**Jandari**	جندرائی	14902	1669	794	875	91	296	296
106	Shahidan-Kuli-Khel	شہیداں کلی خیل	772	37	21	16	2	8	8
107	Mushki Khel	مشکی خیل	512	48	24	24	3	8	8
108	Sartoi	سرتوئی	1307			Uninhabited	بے چراغ		
109	Nashpah	نشپہ	3097	140	75	65	—	25	25
110	**Dhand Aidal Khel**	ڈھنڈ عادل خیل	18999	799	393	406	95	150	150
111	Garari Char Khel	گراری چار خیل	1016	255	122	133	—	35	35
112	**Khaiber Keli**	خیبر کیلی	3351	1456	721	735	194	262	262

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KARAK TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
113	Shew Hindu Kash شیو هندوکش	1868	102	49	53	1	19	19
114	Delli Mela دیلی میلا	12856	1610	771	839	101	408	408
166	**Shamshaki** شمشیکی	14479	1453	727	726	198	630	630
115	Ali Khel علی خیل	1271	413	186	227	38	75	75
116	Tarki Khel ترکی خیل	1334	192	88	104	—	114	114
117	Badin Khel بدین خیل	1413	340	152	188	12	108	108
118	**Chundi Mira Khel** چندی میرا خیل	1652	1311	573	738	106	366	366
119	Zara Khel Kamali ذرا خیل کمالی	649	343	145	198	3	92	92
120	Mangar Khel منگر خیل	589	196	95	101	7	60	60
121	Sarat Khel Gharbi سرٹ خیل غربی	1199	443	190	253	28	135	135
122	Talib Khel طالب خیل	784	371	167	204	26	71	71
123	Buland Khel بلند خیل	938	590	271	319	49	89	89
124	Garri Khel گری خیل	326	81	43	38	6	12	12
125	Ahmed Khel احمد خیل	353	254	130	124	30	31	31
126	**Dab** داب	2802	1116	493	623	85	227	227
127	Esak Chauntra عیسک چونترا	4451	1273	614	659	117	185	185
128	Kota Khel کوٹه خیل	270	108	57	51	15	17	17
129	Khawaja Khel خواجه خیل	946	189	85	104	11	38	38
130	Gurjawa Khel گڑ جاوا خیل	768	308	152	156	20	41	41
131	Dadah Khel ڈڈھ خیل	1767	646	318	328	36	96	96
132	**Tarkha Khoi** ترخه کوهی	2326	1782	826	956	180	266	266
133	Teran Koha تیرن کوها	2953	405	189	216	13	62	62

VILLAGE STATISTICS - KARAK TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details		Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
				Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
134	Meta Khel	مٹہ خیل	4568	1601	741	860	159	361	361
135	Laki Ghandgi	لکی گھندگی	3297	644	323	321	43	115	115
	KARAK QANUNGO HALQA	کرک قانونگو حلقہ							
138	**Karak**	کرک	11379	4591	2283	2308	650	726	726
136	Gandow	گندو	532	96	54	42	4	21	21
137	Garai	گرائی	1929	385	185	200	19	64	64
139	**Tapi Kark**	ٹپی کرک	7084	2644	1278	1366	210	288	288
140	Garozi	دروزی	10299	1145	571	574	67	198	198
156	Khusra	خسرہ	2242	515	263	252	2	93	93
157	Mamani	ممانی	4699	139	74	65	—	34	34
158	Saif Ali	سیف علی	2661	272	133	139	3	60	60
159	**Kandu Khel**	کندو خیل	9148	856	427	429	24	166	166
160	Wanki	ونکی	6607	400	213	187	8	29	29
161	Kord	کورد	5312	663	341	322	39	66	66
162	Bulbuli	بلبلی	8434	553	289	264	8	82	82
163	Azari Khel	ازری خیل	8307	166	82	84	4	20	20
165	Saroobi	سروبی	5446	186	82	104	6	47	47
164	Chani Khel	چنی خیل	8314	596	284	312	7	107	107

VILLAGE STATISTICS - HANGU TEHSIL

Sl. No.	Name of Urban locality and local details	Population 1961				Number of	
		Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
	Hangu Tehsil هنگو تحصیل	90148	45865	44283	—	—	—
	Hangu Tehsil (Rural) هنگو تحصیل (دیہاتی)	68664	33561	35103	—	—	—
	Hangu Tehsil (Urban) هنگو تحصیل (شہری)	21484	12304	9180	3395	2753	3380
1	**Hangu Town Committee** هنگو ٹاؤن کمیٹی	9737	5465	4272	1905	1087	1596
2.	**Thal Town Committee** تھل ٹاؤن کمیٹی	11747	6839	4908	1490	1666	1784

THAL QANUNGO HALQA تھل قانونگو حلقہ

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
34	**Thal (Rural)** تھل (دیہاتی)	16959	348	177	171	23	57	87
35	Mohammad Zai محمد زئی	1013	496	255	241	12	80	100
36	Chapperi Waziran چپری وزیرن	11360	789	408	381	21	95	105
33	**Darsamand** درسمند	23299	4996	2543	2453	546	905	905
88	**Karbogha** کربوگھا	11699	6295	3138	3157	147	731	731
89	**Dallan** دالن	10424	2105	1043	1062	101	321	321
90	Ganderi گنڈیری	13410	1246	638	608	26	187	187
91	**Mian Neya Khel** میاں نیا خیل	16343	1801	928	873	124	349	349
92	**Gururi** گروری	16230	2271	1098	1173	163	476	476
93	Aman Kot امان کوٹ	9216	714	365	349	14	73	73

VILLAGE STATISTICS - HANGU TESHIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details	Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
			Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
28	**Kohi** کوهی	20858	3839	2004	1835	167	*559	642
30	**Sarozai** سیروزئی	14287	2166	1045	1121	22	598	598
31	Dawaba دوابه	3640	1362	639	723	7	214	214
32	**Torawari** تورا وڑی	7632	2424	1149	1275	20	398	398
29	**Naryab** نریاب	22754	5117	2368	2749	322	802	807
	HANGU QANUNGO HALQA هنگو قانونگو حلقه							
43	**Afzal Khel Pavekhel** افضل خیل پیوا خیل	12448	336	171	165	22	78	80
37	Gallo China گلو چینه	2981	775	373	402	13	123	123
38	Shasud Din Khailan شاسدین خیلاں	1329	521	251	270	2	87	87
39	Mir Khan Kalla میر خان کله	1887	590	323	267	5	81	81
40	Ayas Khel ایاس خیل	697	294	150	144	14	52	52
41	Bali Khel بالی خیل	2635	1098	580	518	42	168	168
42	Farash Khel فراش خیل	708	480	205	275	49	96	96
19	Chappar چھپر	1943	332	154	178	3	74	78
22	**Kotki** کوٹکی	6921	1078	491	587	72	202	208
20	Chamba Gul چمبه گل	5622	1035	487	548	24	207	208
21	Serki Pella سرکی پیلا	3597	552	283	269	15	89	91
24	Barh Abbas Khel بڑھ عباس خیل	7698	953	471	482	27	155	157
23	Darband در بند	8598	1244	576	668	98	195	195
25	Bilyamin بل یامین	8909	2643	1305	1338	80	343	448
26	**Togh Sarai** توغ سرائے	24456	4519	2122	2397	192	854	876
27	**Mohammad Khwaja** محمد خواجه	22951	3776	1806	1970	97	700	703
18	**Hangu** هنگو	19602	766	377	389	32	86	91
14	Haji Khel حاجی خیل	190	257	119	138	12	48	51

VILLAGE STATISTICS - HANGU TEHSIL

Hadbast No.	Name of the Village and local details		Area in Acres	Population 1961				Number of	
				Both Sexes	Males	Females	Literates	Houses	House-holds
15	Lakhtai Banda	لختائی بانڈا	184	279	139	140	11	40	40
16	Baggtoo	بگتو	549	716	335	381	44	113	122
17	Warasta	ورسته	1216	1483	723	760	161	130	172
12	**Khar Shah**	خارشاه	206	294	142	152	16	63	63
8	Kach Banda	کیچ بانڈا	1776	1142	566	576	79	173	173
9	Miro Bak	میرو بک	297	433	181	252	17	56	57
10	Khaliffa	خلیفه	13	65	33	32	4	12	12
11	Zanki	زنکی	198	51	24	27	2	7	8
13	Mando Khel	مندو خیل	237	425	199	226	26	75	75
2	**Raisan**	رئیسن	2718	947	519	428	141	155	155
1	Khwaja Khizar	خواجه خضر	1420	492	218	274	55	96	97
3	**Dudhi Khel**	دودهی خیل	1768	1432	678	754	143	253	260
4	Bazar	بزار	682	346	160	186	19	61	64
5	Shaho Khel	شاهو خیل	3758	666	328	338	100	112	117
6	**Ibrahim Zai**	ابراهیم زئی	10164	2057	986	1071	230	280	296
7	Babar Nala	بابر نالا	2234	618	288	330	31	52	52

CENSUS ORGANISATION, WEST PAKISTAN

A—Enumeration Period

DISTRICT CENSUS OFFICERS

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Hazara	181	Mr. Saleem Abbas Gillani, Assistant Commissioner, Mansehra.
	182	Mr. Muhammad Usman P.C.S., Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Batagram.
	183	Sardar Khurshid Alam Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Abbotabad.
	184	Mr. Muhammad Yunus Khan Sethi, Assistant Commissioner, Haripur.
		(*i*) Syed Munir Hussain, C.S.P., Deputy Commissioner, Hazara.
		(*ii*) Mr. Masud Zaman Khan, C.S.P., Deputy Commissioner, Hazara.
Mardan	191	Mr. Muhammad Usman Hashmi, Assistant Commissioner, Swabi.
	192	Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Mardan.
Peshawar	201	Captain Ashraf Hussain, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Charsadda.
	202	Sardar Hizbullah Khan, P.C.S., City Magistrate, Peshawar.
	203	Mr. A.U. Saleem, Chief Officer, Municipal Committee, Peshawar,
	204	Mr. Abdul Jalil Khan. Executive Officer, Peshawar Cantonment.
	205	Mr. Muhammad Hamyaun, Assistant Commissioner, Nowshera.
		(*i*) Sh. Muhammad Hussain, C.S.P., Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar.
		(*ii*) Mr. Masood Nabi Noor, C.S.P., Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Kohat	221	(*i*) Mr. Sher Zaman Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kohat.
		(*ii*) Mr. Ishfaq Ahmad, P.C.S., Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kohat.
	222	Captain Muhammad Asad, C.S.P., Assistant Commissioner, Hangu.
		Mr. Muhammad Masud Zaman, C.S.P., Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.
Malakand Agency	621	(*i*) Mr. Nasrum Minallh, C.S.P. Additional Political Agent, Chitral.
		(*ii*) Capt. Ashraf Hussain, P.C.S., Additional Political Agent, Chitral.
		(*iii*) Mr. Qumar Idris, C.S.P., Additional Political Agent, Chitral.
	631	Mr. Wajihuddin Ahmed, C.S.P., Political Agent, Malakand Agency.
Mohmand Agency	641	Mr. Sarfraz Khan, P.C.S., Political Agent, Mohmand.
Khyber Agency	651	Mr. Farid Ullah Shah, P.C.S., Political Agent, Khyber.
Kurram Agency	661	Mr. Wali Muhammad Khan, P.C.S., Political Agent, Kurram.
Dera Ismail Khan	241	Mr. Abdul Razaq Khan Abbasi, P.C.S. Assistant Commissioner, Tank.
	242	Pir Muti Ullah Shah, Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan.
		Khan Fakhru-uz-Zaman Khan, P.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan.
Bannu	231	Mr. Nisar Ahmad Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Extra Assistant Commissioner, Bannu.
		(*i*) Arbab Nur Mohd. Khan, Deputy Commissioner, Bannu.
		(*ii*) Mr. Mohd. Humayun Khan, Deputy Commissioner, Bannu.
		(*iii*) Raja Habib-ur-Rehman Khan, Deputy Commissioner, Bannu.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
North Waziristan	671	(*i*) Capt. Sibghat Ullah Khan, P.C.S. Political Agent, North Waziristan.
		(*ii*) Khan Saad Ullah Khan, P.C.S. Political Agent, North Waziristan.
		(*iii*) Khan Zaffar Ali Khan, P.C.S., Political Agent, North Waziristan
South Waziristan	681	Mr. Izzat Bakhsh Awan, P.C.S., Political Agent, South Waziristan.
Campbellpur	211	(*i*) Mr. Muhammad Yunus Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant Campbellpur.
		(*ii*) Khan Tariq Ismail Khan, P.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Campbellpur.
	212	Mr. K.Z. Durrani, C.S.P., Sub-Divisional Officer, Pindigheb.
Jhelum	271	Sh. Muhammad Tuffail, P.C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer, Pind Dadan Khan.
	272	S. Sardar Ali Gardezi, P.C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer, Chakwal.
	273	Rai Ghulam Mehdi, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Jhelum.
Rawalpindi	281	Mr. A.R. Siddiqui, P.C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer, Murree.
	282	Sh. Hamid Ullah Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Rawalpindi.
	283	(*i*) Khan Sher Bahadur Khan, Administrator, Rawalpindi Municipality.
		(*ii*) Sh. Altaf Hussain, Chief Officer, Rawalpindi Municipality.
	284	Mr. Z.K. Mahmud, Executive Officer, Rawalpindi Cantonment.
Gujrat	291	Sardar Zaka-ullah Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Gujrat.
Sargodha	261	Mr. Saeed Ahmad, C.S.P., Sub-Divisional Officer, Khushab.
	262	Ch. Ashfaq Ali Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Sargodha.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Sargodha—*Contd.*	263	Rana Aftab Ahmad Khan, **P.C.S.,** Administrator, M.C., **Sargodha.**
	264	Malik Muhammad Saddiq, Executive Officer, **Sargodha Cantt.**
Lyallpur	351	Mr. Muhammad Anwar **Zahid, C.S.P.,** Sub-Divisional Officer, **Toba Tek Singh.**
	352	Malik Amir Bux, P.C.S., Colony Assistant, Lyallpur.
	353	Malik Alam Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, **Lyallpur.**
	354	(*i*) Major Muhammad Ashraf, Administrator, M.C., **Lyallpur.**
		(*ii*) S.A. Majid, P.C.S., Chief Officer, M.C., **Lyallpur.**
		(*iii*) Mr. Sardar Muhammad, Chief Census Officer, **M. C., Lyallpur.**
Jhang	361	Ch. Muhammad Hassan, **P.C.S.,** Revenue Assistant, Jhang.
Mianwali	251	Mr. Rafiq Abdullah Akhund, **C.S.P.,** Sub-Divisional Officer, **Bhakkar.**
	252	Raja Muhammad Mumtaz, **P.C.S.,** Revenue Assistant, Mianwali.
Sialkot	301	S. Altaf Hussain, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Sialkot.
	302	Mr. Abdul Halim, Chief Officer Municipal **Committee, Sialkot.**
	303	Malik Muhammad Latif, P.C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer, **Narowal.**
Gujranwala	311	Sh. Bashir Ahmad, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Gujranwala.
	312	Ch. Muhammad Jalil Khan, **P.C.S.,** City Magistrate, Gujranwala.
Sheikhupura	321	Sh. Abdul Aziz, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Sheikhupura.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Lahore	331	S. Ejaz Hussain Shah, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Lahore.
	332	(*i*) Hakim Muhammad Husain, Chief Census, Officer, Lahore Corporation.
		(*ii*) Mr. M.A. Saleem, Social Welfare Officer, Lahore Corporation.
		(*iii*) Mian Manzoor Ahmad, Junior Assistant Secretary, Lahore Corporation.
		(*vi*) Moulvi Ghulam Nabi, Tax Supdt., Lahore Corporation.
		(*v*) Mr. Mahboob Ali, Assessor, Lahore Corporation.
		(*vi*) Mr. M.A. Rashid, Junior Assistant Secretary, I, Lahore Corporation
	333	Mr. A.M. Khan Executive Officer, Lahore Cantt.
	334	Syed Shahid Hussain, C.S.P., Sub-Divisional Officer, Kasur.
Montgomery	341	Hafiz Muhammad Ishaq, P.C.S., Colony Assistant, Montgomery.
	342	Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Khan, C.S.P., Sub-Divisional Officer, Pakpattan.
	343	Khan Iftikhar Ahmad Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Montgomery.
	344	Malik Muhammad Yar Bundial, P.C.S., Chairman Municipal Committee, Montgomery.
Multan	371	Ch. Muhammad Rafiq, C.S.P., Sub-Divisional Officer, Khanewal.
	372	Malik Mahboob Khan, P.C.S., Colony Assistant, Multan.
	373	Malik Sikandar Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, II, Multan.
	374	Khan Abdul Rauf Khan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, I, Multan.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Multan—*Contd.*	375	(*i*) Lt.-Colonel Aziz-ullah Khan, Administrator, M.C., Multan.
		(*ii*) Mr. Muhammad Saddiq, Chief Census Officer, M. C., Multan.
Muzaffargarh	401	Mr. Shafiq Ahmad Khan, P.C.S., Sub-Divisional Officer, Alipur.
	402	Ch. Muhammad Amjad Ali, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Muzaffargarh.
	403	Mr. K.M. Cheema, C.S.P., Sub-Divisional Officer, Leiah.
Dera Ghazi Khan	411	Agha Ali Hassan, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, D.G. Khan.
	412	Mr. Anis-ud-Din Ahmad, C.S.P., Political Assistant, D.G. Khan.
	413	Mr. Amir Hussain, Sub-Divisional Officer, Rajanpur.
Bahawalnagar	381	Sh. Abdul Rashid, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Bahawalnagar.
	382	Mr. Atta Muhammad Chishti, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Chishtian.
Bahawalpur	391	Sardar Asghar Ali, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Hasilpur.
	392	Mr. M.Y. Bajwa, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Bahawalpur.
	393	Captain M.H. Khan, Chairman Municipal Committee, Bahawalpur.
	394	(*i*) Sh. Abdul Qadir, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Ahmadpur East.
		(*ii*) Mr. M.Y. Bajwa, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner (General), Bahawalpur.
	395	Ch. Khurshid Ahmad, Cholistan Development Officer, Bahawalpur.
Rahimyar Khan	421	Agha Hassan Raza, P.C.S., Assistant Colonization Officer, Liaquatpur.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Rahimyar Khan —*Contd.*	422	Mr. Muhammad Amir Ansari, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Rahimyar Khan.
	423	(*i*) Sh. Atta Ullah Qureshi, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Sadiqabad.
		(*ii*) Mr. Muhammad Amir Ansari, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Rahimyar Khan.
Sukkur	431	Mr. Muhammad Hasham M. Qazi, P.C.S., Deputy Collector, Assistant Commissioner, Rohri.
	432	Qazi Muhammad Zakir Hussain, Administrator Municipal Committee, Sukkur.
	433	Mr. Muhammad Rahim, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Shikarpur.
Jacobabad	441	Mir Shahdad Khan Talpur, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Kandkot (Kashmore).
	442	Mr. Baihal Shah A. Syed, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner Jacobabad.
	531	Mr. Yousaf Ali Khan, C.S.P., Assistant Political Agent, Nisarabad.
Larkana	451	Mr. Abdul Rahim Juanjo, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Kambar.
	452	Mr. Muhammad Bux M. Shaikh, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Larkana.
Khairpur	461	Mr. Karam Ullah Memon, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Khairpur.
	462	Mr. Ghulam Muhammad Dawach, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Mirwah.
Nawabshah	471	(*i*) Mr. Aziz Hussain Ansari, P.C.S.
		(*ii*) Mr. Arshad Ali Shah, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Naushahro.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Nawabshah —*Contd.*	472	Mr. K.M.Z. Huesain C.S.P., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Nawabshah.
Sanghar	481	Mr. S.A.W. Maini, C.S.P., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Shahdadpur.
	482	Agha Nur-ullah, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Sanghar.
Tharparkar	491	Mr. Shahjahan S. Karim, C.S.P., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Mirpur Khas.
	492	Mr. Imdad Ali Shah Bukhari. Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Nara Valley at Mirpur Khas.
	493	Mir Murid Abbas Talpur, Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Desert Sub-Division at Mithi.
Hyderabad	501	Qazi Muhammad Qassim, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Hala.
	502	(*i*) M.Q.H. Khan, Administrator, M.C., Hyderabad.
		(*ii*) Mr. Ghulam Ali Khan, Chief Census Officer, M.C., Hyderabad.
	503	Mr. Muhammad Ali Alvi, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Tando Muhammad Khan.
Thatta	511	Mr. Gohar Ali Baluch, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Shahbundar.
	512	Amir Yusaf Ali Khan, C.S.P., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Thatta.
Dadu	521	Mr. Anwar Hussain Siddiqui, Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Sehwan.
	522	Mr. Ghaus Bux Menon, P.C.S., Deputy Collector/Assistant Commissioner, Dadu.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Sibi	532	Sh. Ahmad Hussain, P.C.S., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Marri-bugti
	533	Shahzida Sultan Hamid, P.C.S., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Shahrig.
Loralai	541	Mr. Taj Muhammad Khan, P.C.S., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Duki Sinjawi.
	542	Mr. Jahandar Shah, P.C.S. Extra Assistant Commissioner, Barkhan.
	543	Mr. Abdur Rahman, P.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Bori/Musakhel.
Zhob	551	Mr. Sultan Ali, P.C.S., Assistant Political Agent, Zhob.
	552	Mr. Gul Muhammad Khan, P.C.S., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Fort Sandeman.
	553	Mr. Abdul Hafeez Khan, P.C.S., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Upper Zhob at Hindu Bagh.
Quetta	561	Arbab Muhammad Ali Khan, P.C.S., Assistant Political Agent, Quetta.
	562	Malik Manzoor Ahmad, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta.
	563	Mr. Abdul Karim Khan, Executive Officer, M.C. Quetta.
	564	Mr. A.A. Sadiq, Executive Officer, Quetta Cantt.
Chagai	591	Mr. Saleh Muhammad, P.C.S., Extra Assistant Commissioner, Chagai.
Kalat	571	Mr. Atta Muhammad Khan, Nazim Dhadar.
	572	Haji Rasul Bux, Nazim Bagh.
	573	Mr. Faqir Muhammad Baluch, Nazim Sarawan at Mastung.
	574	Mr. Muhammad Shafi, Nazim Jhalawan at Khuzdar.

District/Agency	Code Number	Name and Designation
Kharan	601	Nawabzada Jahangir Shah, Deputy Commissioner, Kharan.
Mekran	611	Mirza Nusrat Ullah Khan, Nazim Katch, Mekran.
	612	Mr. Muhammad Rafiq Khan, Sub-Divisional Officer, Gwadur.
Lasbela	581	Mr. Khuda Jan Muhammad Nazim Lasbela.
Karachi	691	Mr. Muhammad Amin Zubedi, Deputy Collector, Karachi.
	692	Mr. Mohd Sharif, Land Manager, Karachi Municipal Corporation.
	693	Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan, Chief Assessor & Collector, Karachi.
	694	Mr. Muhammad Aslam, District Census Officer.
	695	Mr. Mohd. Salim Bahadur Khan, Executive Officer, Drigh & Malir Cantts.

B. POST—ENUMERATION PERIOD

OFFICERS-IN-CHARGE, HAND SORTING CENTRES

1.	PESHAWAR	.. Mr. A.U. Saleem, Assistant Director of Census.
2.	RAWALPINDI	.. Mr. Bashir Ahmad Khan, Assistant Director of Census.
3.	LYALLPUR	.. Mr. Sardar Muhammad, Assistant Director of Census.
4.	LAHORE	.. Mr. Akhlaque Hosain Kazi, Assistant Director of Census.
5.	MULTAN	.. Mr. A. Hamid, Deputy Director of Census.
6.	BAHAWALPUR	— Agha Ahmad Shah, Assistant Director of Census
7.	HYDERABAD	... (*i*) Mr. Ghulam Ali Khan, Assistant Director of Census. (*ii*) Mr. A. Hamid, Deputy Director of Census.
8.	QUETTA	... Hakim Ghulam Hussain, Deputy Director of Census.
9.	KARACHI	.. Mr. Agha Mustafa Qasim Qizilbash, Deputy Director of Census.

1961 CENSUS OF PAKISTAN PUBLICATIONS

1. BULLETINS

			Price (Rs.)
No. 1.	Provisional Tables of Population by sex and literacy—unoccupied structure, occupied residential houses and households ..	(pp. 15)	0.25
No. 2.	Final Tables of Population by sex, urban-rural, religion and non-Pakistanis	(pp. 210)	1.00
No. 3.	Population by Age, Sex and Marital Status	(pp. 442)	5.00
No. 4.	Population by sex, literacy and education	(pp. 331)	4.00
No. 5.	Economic Characteristics	(pp. 156)	1.50 (Paper bound) / 2.00 (Hard board)
No. 6.	Bulletin No. 6.—Cottage Industry.		Rs. 3.00

2. REPORTS.

Volume 1—Population Census Report and Tables for	Pakistan	November 1963
Volume 2— ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	East Pakistan	October 1963
Volume 3— ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	West Pakistan	October 1963
Volume 8—Housing Census Reports and Tables for	Pakistan	Rs. 3.50
Volume 9— ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	East Pakistan ..	Rs. 6.50
Volume 10— ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	West Pakistan ..	Rs. 15.00

DISTRICT CENSUS REPORTS

EAST PAKISTAN

(1) Dacca	Rs. 7.50	(2) Chittagong	Rs. 4.50	(3) Sylhet	Rs. 9.00
(4) Rajshahi	Rs. 7.50	(5) Khulna	Rs. 5.50	(6) Rangpur	Rs. 6.00
(7) Mymensingh	Rs. 10.50	(8) Comilla	Rs. 7.50	(9) Bakerganj	Rs. 6.50
(10) Noakhali	Rs. 4.00	(11) Bogra	Rs. 4.00	(12) Dinajpur	Rs. 4.50
(13) Jessore	Rs. 5.50	(14) Kushtia	Rs.	(15) Pabna	Rs.
(16) Faridpur	Rs.	(17) Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rs.		

WEST PAKISTAN

(1) Karachi	Rs. 5.00	(2) Lahore	Rs. 4.00	(3) Gujranwala	Rs. 3.50
(4) Rawalpindi	Rs. 3.50	(5) Lyallpur	Rs. 4.00	(6) Multan	Rs. 4.50
(7) Quetta	Rs. 3.00	(8) Peshawar	Rs. 3.50	(9) Hyderabad	Rs. 4.00
(10) Sukkur	Rs. 4.00	(11) Bahawalpur	Rs. 3.50	(12) Hazara	Rs. 3.50
(13) Sialkot	Rs. 4.50	(14) Sargodha	Rs. 4.00	(15) Mianwali	Rs. 3.50
(16) Jhang	Rs. 3.50	(17) Loralai	Rs. 3.00	(18) Sibi	Rs. 3.00
(19) Jacobabad	Rs. 3.00	(20) Campbellpur	Rs. 3.00	(21) Gujrat	Rs. 3.50
(22) Bannu	Rs. 2.50	(23) Jhelum	Rs. 3.00	(24) Tharparker	Rs. 3.00
(25) Larkana	Rs. 3.00	(26) Thatta	Rs. 3.00	(27) Mekran	Rs. 2.50
(28) Dadu	Rs. 2.50	(29) Kalat	Rs. 3 50	(30) Lasbela	Rs. 2.00
(31) Kharan	Rs. 2 00	(32) Rahimyar Khan	Rs. 3 50	(33) Bahawalnagar	Rs. 3.50
(34) Sheikhupura	Rs. 3.50	(35) Sanghar	Rs. 3.00	(36) Muzaffargarh	Rs. 3.50
(37) Mardan	Rs. 3.00	(38) Nawabshah	Rs. 3.00	(39) Montgomery	Rs. 4.50
(40) D.I. Khan	Rs.	(41) Kohat	Rs.	(42) D.G. Khan	Rs.
(43) Khairpur	Rs.	(44) Chagai	Rs.	(45) Zhob	Rs.

CENSUS PUBLICATIONS UNDER PREPARATION

		Due Date
Volume 4—Economic Characteristics Tables for	Pakistan	June 1964
Volume 5— ,, ,, ,, ,,	East Pakistan ..	May 1964
Volume 6— ,, ,, ,, ,,	West Pakistan ..	May 1964
Volume 7—Administrative Report in three parts, one for Pakistan, the two for the two Provinces		June 1964

CENSUS PUBLICATIONS ARE AVAILABLE from

The Manager of Publications, Block No. 44, Shahrah-e-Iraq, Karachi and his agents all over Pakistan and from Pakistan Diplomatic Missions abroad.

LIST OF AGENTS IN PAKISTAN AND ABROAD FROM WHOM GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN PUBLICATIONS ARE AVAILABLE

---

1. INLAND

1. **Provincial Government Book Depots:—** Manager, Government Printing and Stationery Department, West Pakistan, Northern Area, *Peshawar.*

   Manager, West Pakistan Government Book Depot and Record Office, *Karachi.*

   Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, West Pakistan, *Lahore.*

2. Assistant Marketing Officer, National Small Industries Corporation, PR-1/29, Randal Road, *Karachi.* (For Publications on Small Industries only.)

3. **East Pakistan:—**

   Deputy Controller, Stationery, Forms and Publications, 9-Jinnah Avenue, Beauty House, P.O. Ramna, *Dacca.*

4. **Private Book Sellers:—**

   KARACHI:

   Aero Stores, 170-Napier Road.

   The Book Company of Karachi, Bahadur Shah Market, Mohan Road.

   Burhani Paper Mart, Campbell Street.

   Bibliographical Information Bureau and Reference Centre, C/o P.O. Box No. 7205.

   Dacca Book Stall, Victoria Road, Saddar.

   Ferozsons, Bunder Road.

   Firdaus Stationers, 85-Liaquat Market, Bunder Road.

   G.A. Stationery Mart, 21-New Memon Masjid, Bunder Road.

   Habib Stationery Emporium 1-2, Liaquat Market, Bunder Road.

   The Karachi Chamber of Commerce & Industry, Wood Street.

   Mansoor Stationery Mart, Hassan Ali Effendi Road.

   Noomani Stationers, Kothari Building, Opp. Central Bank of India Ltd., Napier Road.

   Pakistan Law House, Pakistan Chowk, Katchery Road.

   Pioneer Paper and Stationery House, Opp: Dow Medical College, Bunder Road.

   Rashid-ur-Rahman & Co., 16-P.M.A. Building, Nicol Road.

   KARACHI—Contd.

   Shaheen Stationers, No. 19 New Memon Masjid, Bunder Road.

   Taher Book Depot, Tram Junction, Saddar.

   Windsor Book Stall, Elphinstone Street.

   EAST PAKISTAN:—

   DACCA:

   Burhani Paper Mart, 11-Bangla Bazar.

   Book Syndicate, 157, Government New Market.

   Dacca Chamber of Commerce and Industry, 107, Kaliprashanna Ghosh Street.

   Dacca Law Report, Shanti Nagar, Ramna.

   Farco's Publications, 146, Nawabpur Road.

   Knowledge Home, 146, Government New Market.

   Mohiuddin & Sons, 143 New Market, Azimpur.

   Millat Book Agency, Motijheel.

   Rehman Publishing Co., 8-Jinnah Avenue, Ramna.

   Warsi Book Centre, 162/163, Government New Market.

   CHITTAGONG:

   Chittagong Chamber of Commerce, Quaid-e-Azam Road.

   Chittagong Chamber of Commerce & Industry. No. 2, Jehan Building, Quaid-e-Azam Road.

   Muslim Chamber of Commerce.

   News Front, 75-Jubilee Road.

   Pakistan Co-operative Book Society Ltd., Jubilee Road.

   Screen and Culture, Court Raod.

   MYMENSINGH:

   Osmani and Co., Station Road.

   KHULNA:

   Abdul Qadir & Brothers, Old Jessore Road.

   Court Book Stall, Jessore Road.

   Khulna Chamber of Commerce & Industry.

   SAHEB BAZAR

   Friends Stores, P.O. Ghoramara District. Rajshahi.

SARDAH:

Master Library, P.O. Sardah, District Rajshahi.

CHAUADANGA:

Naya Jamana Library, P.O. Chauadanga, District Kushtia.

KUSHTIA:

The New Agency.

PATUAKHALI:

The Alamgir Library and Sitara News Agency, P.O. Patuakhali, District Bakerganj.

WEST PAKISTAN:—

LAHORE:

Ahsanul-Haq Qureshi and Sons, Katchery Road.

All Pakistan Legal Decisions, 35, Nabha Road.

A. M. John & Co., Post Box No. 297, Katchery Road.

Book Centre, 49, The Mall.

Mansoor Book House, 2, Katchery Road.

Mirza Book Agency, 9-A, Shah Alam Market.

Nawa-i-Waqt Publications Ltd.

Premier Book House, 4/5, Katchery Road.

Technical and Commercial Book Co., Chowk Dalgaran.

The Publishers United Ltd., 176 Anarkali.

The Punjab Religious Book Society, Anarkali.

RAWALPINDI:

The London Book Company.

The New Book Depot (Regd.), Sadar Bazar.

Victory Book Stores, Edwardes Road.

HYDERABAD.:

Educational Book Depot, School Road.

The New Allies Stores, Jail Road, Near Tower

MULTAN CITY:

Raja Traders, Delhi Gate.

QUETTA:

Aligarh Book Stall, Mission Road.

LYALLPUR :

Danishmand & Co., Karkhana Bazar.

International Agency, Gujar Basti.

Jilani Sons, Katchery Bazar.

SIALKOT CITY:

Malik & Sons, Railway Road.

SUKKUR:

The Ajaib Stores, Frere Road.

N.M. Qureshi & Co., Shah Bazar.

LARKANA:

Mujahid Stationery Mart and Book Sellers, Bunder Road.

II. FOREIGN :

All Pakistan Missions abroad.