

# A.F. FERGUSON & CO.

#### AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Attock Petroleum Limited as at June 30, 2011 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion
  - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2011 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

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Chartered Accountants Islamabad Date: September 10, 2011

Engagement partner: M. Imtiaz Aslam

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### BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2011

	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 s ('000)		Note	2011 Rupees	2010 ; ('000)
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES				NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Authorised capital	6	1,500,000	1,500,000	Property, plant and equipment	12	1,374,767	1,217,217
Issued, subscribed and paid up capi	al 6	691,200	576,000				
Reserves				Long term investments in associated companies	13	842,957	765,739
Special reserves	7	27,407	17,043	Long term prepayments	14	15,231	30,463
Revenue reserve Unappropriated profit	-	<u>10,827,601</u> 11,546,208	8,643,534 9,236,577	CURRENT ASSETS			
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		· · <b>· · · · · · ·</b>	-,,-,-	Stores and spares	[	9,729	6,630
Long term deposits	8 [	209,316	178,908	Stock in trade	15	5,246,705	993,282
Deferred income tax liability	9	<u>111,000</u> 320,316	<u>110,000</u> 288,908	Trade debts	16	9,297,292	7,602,060
CURRENT LIABILITIES				Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	17	1,459,703	719,904
Trade and other payables	10	12,073,287	11,554,057	Short term investments	18	1,015,930	831,754
Provision for income tax	[	540,540 12,613,827	<u>363,110</u> 11,917,167	Cash and bank balances	19	<u>5,218,037</u> 22,247,396	9,275,603 19,429,233
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITME	NTS 11	24,480,351	21,442,652			24,480,351	21,442,652

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial information.

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Director

### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Note	2011 Rupees (	2010 '000)
Sales	20	127,036,966	94,897,866
Sales tax		(17,642,241)	(12,105,948)
NET SALES		109,394,725	82,791,918
Cost of products sold	21	(104,680,507)	(79,032,034)
GROSS PROFIT		4,714,218	3,759,884
Other operating income	22	1,978,931	1,308,904
Operating expenses	23	(611,315)	(480,860)
OPERATING PROFIT		6,081,834	4,587,928
Finance cost	24	(682,666)	(319,865)
Income on bank deposits and short term investments	25	962,838	980,736
Share of profit of associated companies	13	93,211	42,337
Other charges	26	(437,706)	(444,827)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		6,017,511	4,846,309
Provision for taxation	27	(1,761,000)	(1,252,000)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		4,256,511	3,594,309
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees)	28	61.58	52.00

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial information.

Chief Executive

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Director

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	2011 Rupees (	2010 ('000)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	4,256,511	3,594,309
Other comprehensive income	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	4,256,511	3,594,309

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial information.

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Director

### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 ; ('000)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		·	
Cash receipts from customers		109,434,933	84,410,059
Price differential claims received from Government		-	672,210
Payments for purchase of products and operating expenses		(110,141,454)	(80,318,170)
Other charges paid		(409,866)	(345,807)
Long term deposits received		30,408	19,370
Income tax paid		(1,582,570)	(1,078,883)
Cash flow from operating activities		(2,668,549)	3,358,779
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Addition to property, plant and equipment		(308,200)	(215,396)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		6,786	6,584
Short term investments		317,588	(386,014)
Income received on bank deposits and short term investments		933,940	902,945
Dividend received from associated company		15,993	9,995
Cash flow from investing activities		966,107	318,114
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(1,944,108)	(1,437,573)
Cash used in financing activities		(1,944,108)	(1,437,573)
Effect of exchange rate changes		1,903	623
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3,644,647)	2,239,943
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEA	R	9,674,853	7,434,910
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	29	6,030,206	9,674,853

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial information.

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Chief Executive

Director

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Share capital	Special reserves	Unappropriated profit	Total
		R	upees ('000)	
BALANCE AS AT JUNE 30, 2009	576,000	34,097	6 <b>,472</b> ,171	7,082,268
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> -</u>	, <b>-</b>	3,594,309	3,594,309
Transferred from special reserves by associated companies	-	(17,054)	17,054	-
Transaction with owners:				
Final dividend @ 150% relating to year ended June 30, 2009	-	-	(864,000)	(864,000)
Interim dividend @ 100% relating to year ended June 30, 2010		-	(576,000)	(576,000)
Total transactions with owners	- -	-	(1,440,000)	(1,440,000)
BALANCE AS AT JUNE 30, 2010	576,000	17,043	8,643,534	9,236,577
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	· _	4,256,511	4,256,511
Transferred to special reserves by associated companies	-	10,364	(10,364)	-
Transaction with owners:				
Bonus shares @ 20% relating to the year ended June 30, 2010	115,200	-	(115,200)	-
Final dividend @ 200% relating to year ended June 30, 2010	-	-	(1,152,000)	(1,152,000)
Interim dividend @ 115% relating to year ended June 30, 2011		-	(794,880)	(794,880)
Total transactions with owners	115,200	-	(2,062,080)	(1,946,880)
BALANCE AS AT JUNE 30, 2011	691,200	27,407	10,827,601	11,546,208

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial information.

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### ATTOCK PETROLEUM LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

Attock Petroleum Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on December 3, 1995 and it commenced its operations in 1998. The Company was listed on Karachi Stock Exchange on March 7, 2005. The registered office of the Company is situated at 6, Faisal Avenue, F-7/1, Islamabad, Pakistan. The Company is domiciled in Islamabad. The principal activity of the Company is procurement, storage and marketing of petroleum and related products. Pharaon Investment Group Limited Holding s.a.I holds 34.38% (2010: 34.38%) shares of the Company.

### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

#### 3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company:

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures (Amendments)	January 1, 2011 & July 1, 2011
IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2011 & July 1, 2012
<b>IAS 12</b>	Income taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2012
<b>IAS 19</b>	Employee benefits (Amendments)	January 1, 2013
<b>IAS 24</b>	Related party disclosures (Revised)	January 1, 2011
IAS 27	Separate Financial Statements (Revised)	January 1, 2013
IAS 28	Investments in Associates and Joint Venture (Revised)	January 1, 2013
IAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting (Amendments)	January 1, 2011
	Customer Loyalty Programmes (Amendments)	January 1, 2011
	The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum fund	ding
	requirements and their interaction (Amendments)	January 1, 2011

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements except for additional disclosures.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan:

		Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 1	First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting standards	July 1, 2009
	Financial instruments	January 1, 2013
	Consolidated financial statements	January 1, 2013
	Joint arrangements	January 1, 2013
	Disclosure of interests in other entities	January 1, 2013
	Fair value measurement	January 1, 2013

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4.1 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise disclosed in the respective accounting policies notes.

#### 4.2 Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decision. The management has determined that the Company has a single reportable segment as the Board of Directors views the Company's operations as one reportable segment.

#### 4.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency.

#### 4.4 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Rupees at the rates of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary items at year-end exchange rates, are charged to income for the year.

#### 4.5 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and/or services received whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 4.6 **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

#### 4.7 Dividend distribution

Final dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, while interim dividend distributions are recognised in the period in which the dividends are declared by the Board of Directors.

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#### 4.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any, except for freehold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost.

Depreciation is charged to income on the straight line method to write off the cost of an asset over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 12.1. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use and on disposals upto the preceding month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gains and losses on disposal of assets are included in income.

### 4.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example land, are not subject to depreciation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment at each balance sheet date, or wherever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount for which the assets' carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels, for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment, are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each balance sheet date. Reversals of the impairment loss are restricted to the original cost of the asset. An impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss is recognised in income for the year.

#### 4.10 Investments in associated companies

Investments in associated companies are accounted for using the equity method. Under this method the investments are stated at cost plus the Company's equity in undistributed earnings and losses after acquisition, less any impairment in the value of individual investment.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Company and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the associate.

#### 4.11 Stores and spares

These are stated at moving average cost less any provision for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### 4.12 Stock in trade

Stock in trade is valued at the lower of cost, calculated on a first-in first-out basis, and net realisable value. Charges such as excise duty and similar levies incurred on unsold stock of products are added to the value of the stock and carried forward.

Net realisable value signifies the sale price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessary to make the sale.

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#### 4.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognised when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. All financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are charged to income for the year. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost, as the case may be. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in income for the year.

#### 4.14 Financial Assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: investments at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

### 4.14.1 Investment at fair value through profit or loss

Investments classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at cost being fair value of consideration given. At subsequent dates these investments are measured at fair value with any resulting gains or losses charged directly to income. The fair value of such investments is determined on the basis of prevailing market prices.

#### 4.14.2 Held-to-maturity investments

Investments with fixed payments and maturity that the Company has the intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments and are carried at amortised cost less impairment losses. The Company's held to maturity investments comprise "Short term deposits" and "Short term investments".

#### 4.14.3 Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Company's loans and receivables comprise "Trade debts", "Advances, deposits and other receivables" and "Cash and bank balances" in the balance sheet. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### 4.14.4 Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Available-for-sale investments are initially recognised at cost and carried at fair value at the balance sheet date. Fair value of a quoted investment is determined in relation to its market value (current bid prices) at the balance sheet date. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Company establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. Adjustment arising from remeasurement of investment to fair value is recorded in other comprehensive income and taken to income on disposal of investment or when the investment is determined to be impaired.

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#### 4.15 Impairment

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

#### 4.16 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.17 Trade debts

Trade debts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts. A provision for doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the trade debts. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default of delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade debt is doubtful. The provision for doubtful debts is charged to income for the year. When the trade debt is uncollectible, it is written off against the provision. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the income.

#### 4.18 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances and highly liquid short term investments with original maturities of three months or less, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 4.19 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers.

Commission and handling income is recognised on shipment of products.

Income on bank deposits and short term investments is recognised on time proportion basis using the effective yield method.

Income on investments in associated companies is recognised using the equity method. Under this method, the Company's share of post-acquisition profit or loss of the associated companies is charged to income, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. Dividend distribution by the associated companies is adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

Gains or losses resulting from re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss are charged to income.

#### 4.20 Operating lease

Lease in which significant portion of risk and reward of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payment made under operating leases are charged to income on straight line basis over the period of lease.

#### 4.21 Taxation

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of tax.

Deferred income tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on the tax rates that have been enacted. Deferred tax is charged or credited to income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in the equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are as follows:

- i) Estimate of recoverable amount of investments in associated companies note 13;
- ii) Provision for taxation note 27; and
- iii) Estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment note 12.1

SHARE CAPITAL	2011 Rupees	2010 s ('000)
AUTHORISED CAPITAL		
150,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each (2010: 150,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each)		1,500,000
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL		
Shares issued for cash 5,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each (2010: 5,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each)	50,000	50,000
Shares issued as fully paid bonus shares 64,120,000 (2010: 52,600,000) ordinary shares	641,200	526,000
69,120,000 (2010: 57,600,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	691,200	576,000

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### 7. SPECIAL RESERVES

Special reserves includes Rs 25,340 thousand for expansion and modernisation and Rs 2,067 thousand on account of maintenance reserve. Reserve for expansion and modernisation represents the Company's share of amount set aside as a special reserve by National Refinery Limited and Attock Refinery Limited, as a result of the directive of the Government to divert net profit after tax (if any) from refinery operations above 50 percent of paid-up capital as at July 1, 2002 to offset against any future loss or to make investment for expansion or up gradation of refineries. Maintenance reserve represents amount retained by Attock Gen Limited (an associate of Attock Refinery Limited) to pay for major maintenance expenses in terms of the Power Purchase Agreement. The amount transferred to special reserve is not available for distribution to the shareholders.

### 8. LONG TERM DEPOSITS

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These represent interest free security deposits received from distributors, retailers and contractors and are refundable on cancellation of respective contracts or termination of related services.

9.	DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITY	2011 Rupees	2010 ('000)
	Deferred tax liability arising due to accelerated tax depreciation Deferred tax asset arising in respect of certain provisions	143,000 <u>(32,000)</u> 111,000	142,000 (32,000) 110,000
10.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Creditors Due to related parties (unsecured) - note 10.1 Accrued liabilities Advance from customers Retention money Worker's welfare fund Unclaimed dividend	90,051 9,594,695 1,053,416 1,170,019 35,629 118,159 <u>11,318</u> 12,073,287	2,159 9,393,768 628,211 1,410,407 14,687 96,279 8,546 11,554,057
10.1	= Due to related parties:	=======================================	11,001,001
	National Refinery Limited Attock Refinery Limited Pakistan Oilfields Limited The Attock Oil Company Limited Attock Cement Pakistan Limited	2,356,045 7,221,552 15,946 1,010 <u>142</u> 9,594,695	2,704,554 6,670,647 18,414 - <u>153</u> 9,393,768
11.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		
11.1	<ul> <li>CONTINGENCIES</li> <li>(i) Tax contingency related to proration of expenses against local and export sales for prior years, as per show cause notices of tax department. The Company has filed its response against the show cause notice and no further action has yet been taken by the department.</li> </ul>	883,709	894,813
	(ii) Corporate guarantees and indemnity bonds issued by the Company to the Commissioner Inland Revenue, Islamabad.	2,433,157	5,223,003
	(iii) Guarantees issued by bank on behalf of the Company	40,745	40,345
11.2		286,471	137,485
	<ul> <li>(ii) Commitments for rentals of assets under operating lease agreements as at June 30, 2011 amounting to Rs 859,732 thousand (2010: Rs 215,756 thousand) payable as follows:</li> </ul>		
	Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years Later than five years	35,028 186,616 638,088	20,282 78,540 116,934
	Ma		

#### 2011 2010 Rupees ('000)

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#### 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating assets - note 12.1	1,038,290	1,019,742
Capital work in progress - note 12.2	336,477	197,475
	1,374,767	1,217,217

12.1 Operating assets

Operating assets					<b>.</b>	<u> </u>	<b>_</b>	<b>.</b>		<b>-</b>
	Freehold land	Buildir Freehold land	lgs on Lease hold land	Pipelines, pumps, tanks and meters	Equipment - signage	Electrical and fire fighting equipment	Furnitu <b>re,</b> fixture and equipment	Computer and auxiliary equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
As at July 1, 2009					Rupees ('000)					
Cost Accumulated depreciation	192,444 -	134,376 (3,457)	97,689 (14,620)	458,561 (133,345)	258,626 (135,946)	62,089 (15,582)	12,226 (5,264)	16,271 (9,480)	62,070 (36,878)	1,294,352 (354,572)
Net book value	192,444	130,919	83,069	325,216	122,680	46,507	6,962	6,791	25,192	939,780
Year ended June 30, 2010										
Opening net book value Additions Disposals	192,444 -	130,919 2,511	83,069 13,980	325,216 69,548	122,680 100,842	46,507 2,131	6,962 1,492	6,791 6,884	25,192 11,628	939,780 209,016
Cost Depreciation	-	-	-	-	(29,269) 27,513	-	-	-	(1,172) 1,172	(30,441) 28,685
Depreciation charge	-	(5,249)	(6,603)	-	(1,756) (47,335)	(5,869)		- (2.101)	- (11,967)	(1,756) (127,298)
Closing net book value		128,181	90,446	(45,901)	174,431	42,769	(1,183)	(3,191)	24,853	1,019,742
As at July 1, 2010							<u></u>	<u> </u>	Registered and a second se	
Cost Accumulated depreciation	192,444 -	136,887 (8,706)	111,669 (21,223)	528,109 (179,246)	330,199 (155,768)	64,220 (21,451)	13,718 (6,447)	23,155 (12,671)	72,526 (47,673)	1,472,927 (453,185)
Net book value	192,444	128,181	90,446	348,863	174,431	42,769	7,271	10,484	24,853	1,019,742
Year ended June 30, 2011							•			
Opening net book value Additions Disposals/adjustments	192,444 -	128,181 -	90,446 1,511	348,863 59,836	174,431 75,939	42,769 10,298	7,271 4,231	10,484 5,873	24,853 11,510	1,019,742 169,198
Cost Depreciation	-	-	-	(5,935) 1,938 (3,997)	(4,456) 3,739 (717)	(52) - (52)	(503) 503	(2,908) 2,853 (55)	1,170	(15,789) 10,203 (5,586)
Depreciation charge	-	(6,844)	(5,647)	(51,099)	(58,039)	(6,269)	(1,345)	(4,426)	(11,395)	(145,064)
Closing net book value	192,444	121,337	86,310	353,603	191,614	46,746	10,157	11,876	24,203	1,038,290
As at June 30, 2011										
Cost Accumulated depreciation	192,444 -	136,887 (15,550)	113,180 (26,870)	582,010 (228,407)	401,682 (210,068)	74,466 (27,720)	17,446 (7,289)	26,120 (14,244)	82,101 (57,898)	1,626,336 (588,046
Net book value	192,444_	121,337	86,310	353,603	191,614	46,746	10,157	11,876	24,203	1,038,290
Annual rate of Depreciation (%)	-	5	5	10	20	10	10	20	20	

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12.2 Capital work in progress

	Civil works	Pipelines, pumps, tanks and equipment Rupees (	Advances to contractors '000)	Total
As at July 1, 2009	1,185	144,015	45,895	191,095
Additions during the year	19,753	177,005	13,683	210,441
Transfers during the year	(16,491)	(171,022)	(16,548)	(204,061)
Balance as at June 30, 2010	4,447	149,998	43,030	197,475
As at July 1, 2010	4,447	149,998	43,030	197,475
Additions during the year	36,420	206,501	53,349	296,270
Transfers during the year	(3,172)	(139,715)	(14,381)	(157,268)
Balance as at June 30, 2011	37,695	216,784	81,998	336,477

12.3 Cost of Property, plant and equipment held by dealers of retail outlets of the Company are as follows:

	2011 Rupees (	2010	
Pipelines, pumps, tanks and meters	199,777	149,593	
Equipment - signage	391,586	322,288	
Buildings	88,671	57,616	
Electric and fire fighting equipment	2,002	1,650	

Due to large number of dealers it is impracticable to disclose the name of each person having possession of these assets, as required under Paragraph 5 of Part 1 of the 4th Schedule to the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

#### 12.4 Property, plant and equipment disposals:

The detail of property, plant and equipment disposal, having net book value in excess of Rs 50,000 is as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation Rupees	Book value ('000)	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposals	Particulars of purchaser
Equipment - signage	932	746	186	212	Trade in by negotiation	M&S Graphics
	1,465	1,318	147	426	Trade in by negotiation	Metaflex Sign System
Motor vehicles	805	40	765	765	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Ltd
Pipelines, pumps	656	68	588	660	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Ltd
Furniture	555	503	52	30	Trade in by negotiation	Jehangir Taj
Computer and auxiliary equipment	2,908	2,853	55	125	Trade in by negotiation	Mind Share Computers

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2011	2010
Rupees	('000)

### 13. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Balance at beginning of the year	765,739	733,397
Share of profit of associated companies	110,260	37,302
Impairment (loss)/reversal of investment in National Refinery Limited	(17,049)	5,035
	93,211	42,337
Dividend from associated company	(15,993)	(9,995)
Balance at end of the year	842,957	765,739

**13.1** Share of profit of associated companies is based on the unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2011 (2010: unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2010) since the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2011 are not presently available.

13.2	The Company's interest in associated companies is as follows:	2011	2010
	National Refinery Limited - Quoted 799,666 (2010:799,666) fully paid ordinary shares including 133,278 (2010: 133,278) bonus shares of Rs 10 each; Cost Rs 321,865 thousand (2010: Rs 321,865 thousand);	Rupees	
	Quoted market value as at June 30, 2011: Rs 281,690 thousand (2010: Rs 146,219 thousand) - note 13.5	483,712	438,067
	Attock Refinery Limited - Quoted 1,332,000 (2010: 1,332,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs 10 each including 222,000 (2010: 222,000) bonus shares of Rs 10 each; Cost Rs 298,924 thousand (2010: Rs 298,924 thousand); Quoted market value as at June 30, 2011: Rs 163,476 thousand (2010: Rs 107,306 thousand) - note 13.6	409,127	361,613
	Attock Information Technology Services (Private) Limited - Unquoted 450,000 (2010: 450,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs 10 each; Cost Rs 4,500 thousand (2010: Rs 4,500 thousand); Value based on net assets as at March 31, 2011 Rs 8,000	8 000	6,892
	thousand (2010: Rs 6,892 thousand )	8,000	
	Carrying value on equity method Less: Impairment loss - National Refinery Limited	900,839 (57,882) 842,957	806,572 (40,833) 765,739

All associated companies are incorporated in Pakistan.

**13.3** The Company's share in assets, liabilities, revenues and profit of associated companies based on the most recent available financial statements is as follows:

	Assets	Liabilities Rupees	Revenues ('000)	Profit after tax	Holding (%)
March 31, 2011					
National Refinery Limited	582,883	354,037	1,418,474	61,638	1.00
Attock Refinery Limited	1,335,189	1,040,103	1,673,235	47,514	1.56
Attock Information Technology					
Services (Private) Limited	8,334	334	3,839	1,108	10.00
	1,926,406	1,394,474	3,095,548	110,260	
March 31, <u>2010</u>					
National Refinery Limited	501,496	318,296	969,948	26,463	1.00
Attock Refinery Limited	964,717	730,708	1,218,803	9,589	1.56
Attock Information Technology					
Services (Private) Limited	7,254	362	3,952	1,250	10.00
•	1,473,467	1,049,366	2,192,703	37,302	
				· · ·	

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- **13.4** Although the Company has less than 20 percent shareholding in National Refinery Limited, Attock Refinery Limited and Attock Information Technology Services (Private) Limited, these companies have been treated as associates since the Company has representation on their Board of Directors.
- **13.5** The value of investment in National Refinery Limited as at June 30, 2011 is based on a valuation analysis carried out by an external investment advisor engaged by the Company. The recoverable amount has been estimated based on a value in use calculation. These calculations have been made on discounted cash flow based valuation methodology which assumes gross profit margin of 6.5% (2010: 3.91%), terminal growth rate of 4% (2010: 3%) and capital asset pricing model based discount rate of 20% (2010: 17.90%).
- 13.6 Based on a valuation analysis carried out by the Company, the recoverable amount of investment in Attock Refinery Limited exceeds its carrying amount. The recoverable amount has been estimated based on a value in use calculation. These calculations have been made on discounted cash flow based valuation methodology which assumes gross profit margin of 2.16% (2010: 3.07%), terminal growth rate of 4% (2010: 3%) and capital asset pricing model based discount rate of 20% (2010: 17.90%).

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		2011	2010
		Rupees (	('000)
14	LONG TERM PREPAYMENTS		
	Prepaid rent	30,463	46,564
	Less: Shown under current assets - note 17	(15,232)	(16,101)
		15,231	30,463
15.	STOCK IN TRADE		
	Petroleum products - note 15.1	5,243,724	990,632
	Packing material	2,981	2,650
		5,246,705	993,282

**15.1** It includes the Company's share of pipeline stock amounting to Rs 2,225,212 thousand (2010: Rs 304,729 thousand) and Rs 1,208,695 thousand (2010: Rs 109,970 thousand) held by Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited and Pak Arab Refinery Limited respectively.

		2011	2010
		Rupees ('000)	
16.	TRADE DEBTS	·	. ,
	Considered good		
	Secured	1,076,616	908,071
	Unsecured	1,842,777	869,422
	Due from related parties (unsecured) - note 16.1	6,377,899	5,824,567
		9,297,292	7,602,060
	Considered doubtful - unsecured	31,000	31,000
	Provision for doubtful debts	(31,000)	(31,000)
		-	-
		9,297,292	7,602,060
16.1	Due from related parties		<del>,</del>
	Attock Gen Limited	6,352,555	5,799,693
	Pakistan Oilfields Limited	10,501	10,787
	Attock Cement Pakistan Limited	14,141	13,296
	Attock Refinery Limited	702	791
	Alra.	6,377,899	5,824,567

17.	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND	2011 Rupees	2010 s ('000)
	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Advances - considered good Suppliers Employees against expenses	532,970	311,471
	Executives	279	129
	Other employees	1,119	863
		<u> </u>	992 312,463
	Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	554,500	512,405
	Trade deposits	5,868	3,608
	Short-term prepayments	27,247	23,884
	Current account balances with statutory authorities in respect of:	33,115	27,492
	Sales tax	54,727	85,388
	Federal excise duty and petroleum levy	17,788	17,788
		72,515	103,176
	Accrued income on bank deposits	32,622	92,569
	Other receivables		
	Price differential claim receivable from the Government Receivable from oil marketing companies under freight pool Claims receivable Due from related parties - unsecured Staff Pension Fund Staff Provident Fund Attock Information Technology Services (Private) Limited The Attock Oil Company Limited Workers' profit participation fund - note 17.1 Others	47,638 736,788 332 - - 1,044 - 1,100 181 787,083	47,638 116,238 844 10,700 522 615 232 7,060 355 184,204
		1,459,703	719,904
17.1	Workers' profit participation fund		
	Balance at beginning of the year Amount allocated for the year - note 26 Amount paid to Fund's trustees Balance at end of the year	7,060 (318,900) <u>312,940</u> 1,100	9,801 (262,940) 260,199 7,060
18.	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS		
	Held to maturity investment in treasury bills - at amortized cost Upto three months Later than three months but not later than six months	812,169 203,761 <u>1,015,930</u>	399,250 432,504 831,754

**18.1** Balance in short term investment earned interest at weighted average rate of 12.74% per annum (2010: Rs 12.17%).

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19.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	2011 Rupees	2010 ('000)
	Cash in hand	1,570	901
	Bank balances		
	On short term deposits	3,717,000	8,159,000
	On interest/mark-up bearing saving accounts (includes US \$ 103 thousand; 2010: US \$ 103 thousand) On current accounts	826,999	632,798
	(includes US \$ 2,274 thousand; 2010: US \$ 2,288 thousand)	672,468	482,904
	(	5,216,467	9,274,702
		5,218,037	9,275,603

- 19.1 Short term deposits of Rs 68,515 thousand (2010: Rs 53,405 thousand) were under lien with banks against letters of guarantees and letters of credits.
- 19.2 Balances in short term deposits and saving accounts earned interest/mark-up at weighted average rate of 11.07% per annum (2010: 11.27% per annum).

		2011 Rupees (	2010 ('000)
20.	SALES		
	Local sales Export sales	120,724,804 6,597,087	87,192,518 7,950,153
	Gross sales	127,321,891	95,142,671

(244,805)

94,897,866

(284,925)

127,036,966

### 21. COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD

Rebates/discount

Opening stock	993,282	141,507
Purchase of petroleum products and packing material	105,078,721	73,914,394
Excise duty	90,762	82,887
Petroleum levy	3,764,447	5,886,528
· • · • · • · • · • · • · • · •	108,933,930	79,883,809
Closing stock	(5,246,705)	(993,282)
	104,680,507	79,032,034

### 22. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

707 500	
101,536	305,431
82,098	70,311
6,956	4,839
1,200	4,828
3,805	3,784
16,468	13,116
,978,931	1,308,904
	6,956 1,200 3,805 <u>16,468</u>

-13-

Rent, taxes and other fees - note 23.178,47440,34Travelling and staff transport20,71316,84Repairs and maintenance42,96139,34Donations - note 23.2555-Advertising and publicity6,3375,14Printing and stationery11,4169,07Electricity, gas and water11,7669,89Insurance23,29216,24Communication7,3336,10Legal and professional charges13,9495,52Subscription and fees1,45994Transportation6,8604,88Auditor's remuneration - note 23.33,0012,55			2011 Rupees	2010 s ('000)
Rent, taxes and other fees - note 23.178,47440,34Travelling and staff transport20,71316,84Repairs and maintenance42,96139,34Donations - note 23.2555-Advertising and publicity6,3375,14Printing and stationery11,4169,07Electricity, gas and water11,7669,89Insurance23,29216,24Communication7,3336,10Legal and professional charges13,9495,52Subscription and fees1,45994Transportation6,8604,88Auditor's remuneration - note 23.33,0012,55	23.	OPERATING EXPENSES		
Others 28,001 16,48		Rent, taxes and other fees - note 23.1 Travelling and staff transport Repairs and maintenance Donations - note 23.2 Advertising and publicity Printing and stationery Electricity, gas and water Insurance Communication Legal and professional charges Subscription and fees Transportation Auditor's remuneration - note 23.3 Depreciation - note 12.1	78,474 20,713 42,961 555 6,337 11,416 11,766 23,292 7,333 13,949 1,459 6,860 3,001 145,064 28,001	180,169 40,345 16,841 39,342 - 5,143 9,072 9,898 16,248 6,108 5,521 949 4,884 2,558 127,298 16,484 480,860

**23.1** Rent, taxes and other fees include Rs 51,706 thousand (2010: Rs 19,726 thousand) paid under operating lease agreements.

<sup>23.2</sup> No director or his spouse had any interest in the donations made by the Company.

23.3	Auditor's remuneration	2011 Rupees	2010 ('000)
	Annual audit Review of half yearly financial statements, audit of staff funds and special certifications Tax services Out of pocket expenses	1,000 358 1,460 <u>183</u> <u>3,001</u>	1,000 353 1,036 169 2,558
24.	FINANCE COST		
	Bank charges Late payment charges	20,822 661,844 682,666	27,276 292,589 319,865
25.	INCOME ON BANK DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS		
Affs	Income on bank deposits Income from short term investments	873,993 88,845 962,838	934,246 46,490 980,736

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		2011	2010
		Rupees	; ('000)
26.	OTHER CHARGES		
	Workers' profit participation fund	318,900	262,940
	Worker's welfare fund - for the year - for prior year	118,806	96,279 85,608
		<u>118,806</u> 437,706	<u>181,887</u> 444,827
27.	PROVISION FOR TAXATION		
	Current	1,760,000	1,234,000
	Deferred	1,000	18,000
		1,761,000	1,252,000
27.1	Reconciliation of tax charge for the year		
		%	%
	Applicable tax rate	35.00	35.00
	Effect of surcharge	2.11	-
	Tax effect of income taxed under final tax regime	(7.33)	(8.91)
	Tax effect of income exempt from tax	-	(0.01)
	Tax effect of share of profit of associated companies		
	taxed on the basis of dividend income	(0.52)	(0.29)
	Others		0.04
	Average effective tax rate charged to income	29.26	25.83
28.	EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit for the year (Rupees in thousand)	4,256,511	3,594,309
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year (in thousand)	69,120	69,120
	Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rupees)	61.58	52.00
	Earnings per share previously reported at Rs 62.40 in year ended June 30, 2010 has been restated to Rs 52.		

 2011
 2010

 Rupees ('000)
 Rupees ('000)

 29. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
 5,218,037
 9,275,603

 Short term investments
 812,169
 399,250

 6,030,206
 9,674,853

issued during the year ended June 30, 2011.

# 30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

## 30.1 Financial assets and liabilities

.1	Financial assets and liabilities June 30, 2011	Loans and Receivables	Held to maturity investments Rupees ('000)	_ Total
	Financial Assets			
	Maturity up to one year Trade debts Advance, deposits and other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances	9,297,292 777,935 1,501,037 11,576,264	1,015,930 3,717,000 4,732,930	9,297,292 777,935 1,015,930 5,218,037 16,309,194
	Financial Liabilities		Other financial liabilities Rupees	Total ('000)
	Maturity up to one year Trade and other payables		10,903,268	10,903,268
	Maturity after one year Long term deposits		209,316	209,316
			11,112,584	11,112,584
	June 30, 2010	Loans and Receivables	Held to maturity investments Rupees ('000)	Total
	Financial Assets			
	Maturity up to one year Trade debts Advance, deposits and other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances	7,602,060 232,743 1,116,603 8,951,406	- 831,754 8,159,000 8,990,754	7,602,060 232,743 831,754 9,275,603 17,942,160
			<u></u>	
	Financial Liabilities		Other financial liabilities Rupees	Total
	Maturity up to one year Trade and other payables		Rupees	10,143,650
	Maturity after one year Long term deposits		178,908	178,908
	14.		10,322,558	10,322,558

### 30.2 Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of the Company's financial assets have been assessed below by reference to external credit ratings of counterparties determined by The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) and JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited (JCR-VIS). The counterparties for which external credit ratings were not available have been assessed by reference to internal credit rating determined based on their historical information for any defaults in meeting obligations.

Trade debts	Rating	2011 Balance Rs (000')	2010 Balance Rs (000')
Counterparties with external credit rating	A1+	702	791
Counterparties without external credit rating Secured against letters of credit / bank guarantee Due from related parties Others		1,076,616 6,377,197 1,842,777	908,071 5,823,776 869,422
		9,297,292	7,602,060
Advances, deposits and other receivables			
Counterparties without external credit rating	:	777,935	232,743
Short term investments			
Counterparties without external credit rating	:	1,015,930	831,754
Bank balances			
	A1+	5,098,629	9,168,118 21
	A1 A2	117,838	106,563
	•	5,216,467	9,274,702

### 30.3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### **30.3.1 Financial risk factors**

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk). The Company's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debts and balances at banks. Credit sales are primarily to related parties. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit ratings.

As of June 30, 2011, trade debts of Rs 6,679,135 thousand (2010: Rs 6,347,026 thousand) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2011	2010	
	Rupees ('000		
Up to 3 months	4,669,825	3,635,243	
3 to 6 months	1,938,455	1,803,712	
6 to 9 months	18,488	-	
Above 9 months	52,367	908,071	
	6,679,135	6,347,026	

### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents .

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 Year	Above 1 year
	Rupees	('000)
<b>At June 30, 2011</b> Long term deposits Trade and other payables	- 10,903,268	209,316 -
<b>At June 30, 2010</b> Long term deposits Trade and other payables	- 10,143,650	178,908 -

#### (c) Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

Financial assets include Rs 201,142 thousand (2010: Rs 200,427 thousand) which were subject to currency risk.

A 10% strengthening of the functional currency against USD at June 30 would have decreased profit and loss by Rs 20,114 thousand (2010: Rs 20,043 thousand). A 10% weakening of the functional currency against USD at June 30 would have had the equal but opposite effect of these amounts. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no long term interest bearing financial assets and liabilities whose fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Financial assets include balances of Rs 11,794,623 thousand (2010: Rs 9,623,552 thousand) which are subject to interest rate risk. Applicable interest rates for financial assets have been indicated in respective notes.

If interest rates had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, profit after tax for the year would have been Rs 94,773 thousand (2010: Rs 56,215 thousand) higher/lower, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from these financial assets.

#### (iii) Other price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

At the year end the Company is not exposed to price risk since there are no financial instruments, whose fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

#### 30.3.2 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to ensure the Company's ability not only to continue as a going concern but also to meet its requirements for expansion and enhancement of its business, maximize return of shareholders and optimize benefits for other stakeholders to maintain an optimal capital structure and to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to achieve the above objectives, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares through bonus or right issue or sell assets to reduce debts or raise debts, if required.

Since inception the gearing ratio of the Company is nil and the Company has financed all its projects and business expansions through only equity financing and never resorted to debt financing.

#### 30.4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair value.

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31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Aggregate transactions with related parties, other than remuneration to the chief executive, directors and executives of the Company under their terms of employment disclosed in note-33, were as follows:

note-55, were as follows.	2011	2010
	Rupees (	(000)
Associated companies		
Attock Refinery Limited		
Purchase of petroleum products	34,360,461	33,446,468
Purchase of services	63,487	75,058
Late payment charges	661,841	292,589
Sale of petroleum products	9,038	6,635 167,829
Commission and handling income	290,812	107,029
National Refinery Limited	40.004.000	20 755 700
Purchase of petroleum products	48,834,829	30,755,709 11,692
Purchase of services	2,513 19,127	16,140
Sale of petroleum products	870,057	738,766
Handling income	010,001	700,700
Attock Gen Limited	184	184
Purchase of services	13,589,943	11,199,932
Sale of petroleum products Mark-up earned on late payments	689,174	301,627
	000,111	
Pakistan Oil fields Limited	174,169	170,162
Purchase of petroleum products Purchase of services	6,078	5,743
Sale of petroleum products	472,405	498,811
Sale of services	181	173
· · · · ·		
The Attock Oil Company Limited Purchase of services	21,383	19,467
	— - <b>,</b>	
Attock Cement Pakistan Limited	3,510	5,115
Purchase of services Sale of petroleum products	217,737	167,103
, .	2,	,
Attock Information Technology Services		
(Private) Limited Sale of services	3,708	3,314
	0,700	0,011
Attock Hospital (Private) Limited	4 470	040
Purchase of medical services	1,173	810
Other related parties		
Contribution to staff retirement benefits plans		
Staff pension fund trust	, <b>–</b>	1,853
Curtailment gain on staff pension fund trust		7,857
Staff provident fund trust	-	838
Contribution to Workers' profit participation fund	318,900	262,940
10		
-HAT		

#### 32. SEGMENT REPORTING

32.1 As described in note 1 to these financial statements the Company markets petroleum products. Revenue from external customers for products of the Company are as follows:

	2011 2010
	Rupees ('000)
Product	
High Speed Diesel	51,747,347 38,394,177
Furnace Fuel Oil	38,391,772 20,478,884
Premier Motor Gasoline	13,793,937 8,921,565
Bitumen	12,428,392 15,799,063
	10,675,518 11,304,177
	127,036,966 94,897,866
High Speed Diesel Furnace Fuel Oil	38,391,772 20,478,884 13,793,937 8,921,565 12,428,392 15,799,063 10,675,518 11,304,177

32.2 Revenues of Rs 13,589,943 thousand (2010: Rs 11,199,932 thousand) are derived from a single external customer.

## 33. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Ex	cecutive	Direc	ctors	Executi	ves
-	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
			Ri	upees ('000	)	
Managerial remuneration	5,865	6,644	2,006	1,980	16,201	15,658
Bonus	8,934	7,274	2,656	2,223	9,419	7,656
Company's contribution to						
provident and pension funds	1,533	1,617	-	256	1,131	1,937
Housing and utilities	2,638	2,771	876	785	6,668	6,656
Other perquisites and benefits	1,089	1,169	1,498	1,340	4,231	2,915
Leave passage	650	650	193	193	338	1,067
	20,709	20,125	7,229	6,777	37,988	35,889
-						10
No. of person(s)	1	1	1	1	15	12

- **33.1** The above includes amounts charged by an associated company for share of chief executive's and one director's remuneration as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. Executives were also provided with use of Company maintained cars and medical facilities as per Company policy.
- **33.2** In addition, four non-executive directors of the Company were paid meeting fee aggregating Rs 1,929 thousand (2010: Rs 1,974 thousand).

### 34. CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

Considering the nature of the Company's business, the information regarding capacity has no relevance.

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#### NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE 35.

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 10, 2011 have proposed a final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2011 @ Rs 30 per share, amounting to Rs 2,073,600 thousand for approval of the members in the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 18, 2011.

#### DATE OF AUTHORISATION 36.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on September 10, 2011.

Chief Executive

Directo