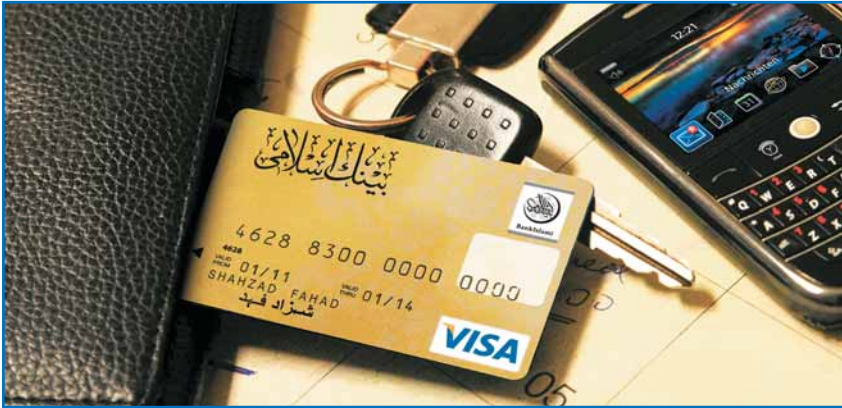


بینک اسلامی



BankIslami



Serving you,
the Right way

8th Annual Report **2011**

Vision

The Vision of BankIslami is to be recognized as the leading Authentic Islamic Bank.

Mission

The Mission of BankIslami is to create value for our stakeholders by offering Authentic, Shariah Compliant and Technologically advanced products and services.

We differentiate ourselves through:

- Authenticity
- Innovation
- Understanding our Clients' needs
- Commitment to excellence and
- Fast, efficient and seamless delivery of solutions. As a growing institution, the foundation for our performance lies on our human capital and BankIslami remains committed to becoming an employer of choice, attracting, nurturing and developing talent in a transparent and performance driven culture.

Core Values

BankIslami is strongly committed towards its core values of:

- Product authenticity
- Customer focus
- Meritocracy
- Integrity
- Team work
- Humility
- Innovation



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

بَنكِ اِسْلَامِي



BankIslami



With BankIslami **VISA** DEBIT CARD You're PROTECTED

Introducing, globally accepted, "**BankIslami Visa Debit Card**" with exciting features, security and peace of mind.

With BankIslami Visa Debit Card, you will get the following services & exclusive complimentary benefits:

- ATM Cash Withdrawal Coverage
- Accidental Takaful Coverage
- SMS Alerts
- Accepted at 27 million merchant's outlets worldwide
- Accepted at over 4,500 ATMs nationwide

*Conditions apply



Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

بَيْتُكَ إِسْلَامِي



**For some, it's just a house.
For us, it's your dream come true.**



BankIslami brings to you **“MUSKUN Home Financing”***, most convenient way to live in your dream home, the Shariah Compliant way.

The features of **MUSKUN Home Financing** are:

- Approved from renowned Shariah Board
- Financing limit up to Rs.10 million
- Tenure up to 20 years
- No prepayment charges after first year
- Based on Shariah guidelines
- Fast processing

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

* Financing available in selected cities.

Table of Contents

Corporate Information	04
Financial Highlights at a Glance	06
Notice of Annual General Meeting.....	12
Directors' Report	14
Statement of Internal Control	20
Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	21
Review Report to the Members.....	23
Sharia'h Adviser's Report	24
Auditors' Report to the Members	27
Statement of Financial Position	29
Profit and Loss Account	30
Statement of Comprehensive Income.....	31
Cash Flow Statement	32
Statement of Changes in Equity	33
Notes to the Financial Statements.....	34
Consolidated Financial Statements.....	76
Pattern of Shareholding.....	135
Categories of Shareholders	137
Correspondent Banking Network.....	138
Branch Network.....	142
Proxy Form	

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Chief Justice (Retd.) Mahboob Ahmed Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree

Mr. Ali Raza Siddiqui

Mr. Ali Hussain

Mr. Hasan A. Bilgrami

Mr. Hicham Hammoud

Mr. Shabir Ahmed Randeree

Chief Executive Officer

Sharia'h Supervisory Board

Mr. Justice (Retd.) Muhammad Taqi Usmani Chairman

Professor Dr. Fazlur Rahman Member

Mufti Irshad Ahmad Aijaz Member & Sharia'h Adviser

Audit Committee

Mr. Hicham Hammoud Chairman

Mr. Ali Raza Siddiqui Member

Mr. Shabir Ahmed Randeree Member

Executive Committee

Chief Justice (Retd.) Mahboob Ahmed Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree Member

Mr. Hasan A. Bilgrami Member

Mr. Hicham Hammoud Member

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree Chairman

Mr. Hasan A Bilgrami Member

Human Resource & Compensation Committee

Mr. Ali Raza Siddiqui Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree Member

Mr. Hicham Hammoud Member

Mr. Hasan A. Bilgrami Member

Company Secretary

Syed Shah Sajid Hussain

Auditors

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Legal Adviser

Haidermota & Co.

Barrister at Law

Management (in alphabetical order)

Mr. Ahmed Mustafa	Head, Branch Operations
Mr. Arsalan Vohra	Head, Risk Policy & Analytics
Mr. Arshad Wahab Zuberi	Head, Administration and General Service
Mr. Asad Alim	Head, Information Systems
Mr. Farooq Anwar	Head, Operations
Mr. Hasan A. Bilgrami	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Khawaja Ehrar ul Hassan	Head, Compliance and Legal
Mr. Muhammad Faisal Shaikh	Head, Product Development
Mr. Muhammad Furqan	Head, Credit Administration
Mr. Muhammad Imran	Head, Consumer & Retail Banking
Mr. Muhammad Shoaib Khan	Head, Treasury & Financial Institutions
Mr. Rehan Shuja Zaidi	Head, Internal Audit
Mr. Shamshad Ahmed	Head, Trade Finance
Ms. Sheba Matin Khan	Head, Human Resources
Mr. Syed Akhtar Ausaf	Head, Risk Management
Mr. Syed Mujtaba H. Kazmi	Head, Corporate Finance
Mr. Syed Shah Sajid Hussain	Head, Finance

Registered Office

11th Floor, Executive Tower,
Dolmen City, Marine Drive,
Block-4, Clifton,
Karachi.
Phone: (92-21) 111-247(BIP)-111
Fax: (92-21) 35378373
Email: info@bankislami.com.pk

Share Registrar

Technology Trade (Private) Limited
Dagia House, 241-C, Block-2,
P.E.C.H.S. Off: Shahra-e-Qaideen,
Karachi.
Phone: (92-21) 34387960-61
Fax: (92-21) 34391318

Website:

www.bankislami.com.pk

Six Years' Vertical Analysis

	2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006	
	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%
Statement of Financial Position												
Assets												
Cash and balances												
with treasury banks	4,685	8%	3,035	7%	4,218	12%	2,175	11%	1,433	10%	338	8%
Balances with other banks	549	1%	570	1%	2,060	6%	2,207	12%	2,577	18%	791	20%
Lending to financial institutions	4,436	8%	4,513	10%	4,019	12%	40	0.2%	625	4%	412	10%
Investments	21,067	36%	13,732	30%	6,813	20%	5,020	26%	3,864	27%	493	12%
Financings	20,110	34%	16,670	37%	10,457	31%	6,343	33%	3,963	27%	959	24%
Operating fixed assets	1,812	3%	2,067	5%	2,395	7%	1,911	10%	1,093	8%	441	11%
Deferred tax assets	188	0%	402	1%	355	1%	267	1%	91	1%	27	1%
Other assets	5,974	10%	4,047	9%	3,955	12%	1,121	6%	799	6%	563	14%
	58,821	100%	45,036	100%	34,272	100%	19,085	100%	14,446	100%	4,025	100%
Liabilities												
Bills payable	799	1%	563	1%	486	1%	354	2%	85	1%	24	1%
Due to Financial Institutions	800	1%	353	1%	156	0%	246	1%	70	0%	50	1%
Deposits	50,569	86%	38,198	85%	27,987	82%	12,478	65%	9,934	69%	1,778	44%
Deferred tax liabilities	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%
Other Liabilities	1,341	2%	1,155	3%	917	3%	819	4%	513	4%	170	4%
	53,509	91%	40,269	89%	29,546	86%	13,897	73%	10,603	73%	2,022	50%
Net Assets	5,313	9%	4,766	11%	4,725	14%	5,188	27%	3,843	27%	2,003	50%
Represented by												
Share Capital	5,280	9%	5,280	12%	5,280	15%	5,280	28%	3,200	22%	2,000	50%
Reserves	91	0.2%	9	0.02%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%
Accumulated Loss	(227)	-0.4%	(555)	-1%	(592)	-2%	(102)	-1%	(47)	-0.3%	(8)	-0.2%
Advance against future issue of share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	681	5%	-	-
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax	169	0.3%	32	0.1%	38	0.1%	10	0.1%	9	0.1%	11	0.3%
	5,313	9%	4,766	11%	4,725	14%	5,188	27%	3,843	27%	2,003	50%
Profit & Loss Account												
Profit / return earned	5,502	96%	3,807	95%	2,177	86%	1,465	88%	600	81%	100	69%
Profit / return expensed	(2,883)	-50%	(2,058)	-51%	(1,222)	-49%	(730)	-44%	(304)	-41%	(19)	-13%
Net spread earned	2,619	46%	1,750	44%	955	38%	735	44%	296	40%	81	56%
Provisions	(85)	-1%	(4)	0%	(111)	-4%	(131)	-8%	(28)	-4%	(1)	-1%
Net spread after provisions	2,534	44%	1,746	43%	844	33%	605	36%	267	36%	80	56%
Other income	227	4%	206	5%	343	14%	196	12%	140	19%	45	31%
Other expenses	(2,152)	-38%	(1,907)	-48%	(1,766)	-70%	(1,034)	-62%	(511)	-69%	(159)	-110%
Profit before tax	609	11%	45	1%	(580)	-23%	(233)	-14%	(103)	-14%	(34)	-24%
Taxation	(199)	-3%	2	0%	90	4%	178	11%	64	9%	26	18%
Profit after taxation	410	7%	47	1%	(490)	-19%	(55)	-3%	(39)	-5%	(8)	-6%

Six Years' Horizontal Analysis

	2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln
Statement of Financial Position											
Assets											
Cash and balances											
with treasury banks	4,685	54%	3,035	-28%	4,218	94%	2,175	52%	1,433	324%	338
Balances with other banks	549	-4%	570	-72%	2,060	-7%	2,207	-14%	2,577	226%	791
Lending to financial institutions	4,436	-2%	4,513	12%	4,019	9860%	40	-94%	625	52%	412
Investments	21,067	53%	13,732	102%	6,813	36%	5,020	30%	3,864	684%	493
Financings	20,110	21%	16,670	59%	10,457	65%	6,343	60%	3,963	313%	959
Operating fixed assets	1,812	-12%	2,067	-14%	2,395	25%	1,911	75%	1,093	148%	441
Deferred tax assets	188	-53%	402	13%	355	33%	267	193%	91	236%	27
Other assets	5,974	48%	4,047	2%	3,955	253%	1,121	40%	799	42%	563
	58,821	31%	45,036	31%	34,272	80%	19,085	32%	14,446	259%	4,025
Liabilities											
Bills payable	799	42%	563	16%	486	37%	354	316%	85	257%	24
Due to Financial Institutions	800	127%	353	126%	156	-37%	246	251%	70	40%	50
Deposits	50,569	32%	38,198	36%	27,987	124%	12,478	26%	9,934	459%	1,778
Deferred tax liabilities	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-
Other Liabilities	1,341	16%	1,155	26%	917	12%	819	60%	513	202%	170
	53,509	33%	40,269	36%	29,546	113%	13,897	31%	10,603	424%	2,022
Net Assets	5,313	11%	4,766	1%	4,725	-9%	5,188	35%	3,843	92%	2,003
Represented by											
Share Capital	5,280	0%	5,280	0%	5,280	0%	5,280	65%	3,200	60%	2,000
Reserves	91	880%	9	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-
Accumulated Loss	(227)	-59%	(555)	-6%	(592)	478%	(102)	118%	(47)	462%	(8)
Advance against future issue of share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-100%	681	100%	-
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax	169	422%	32	-14%	38	262%	10	20%	9	-23%	11
	5,313	11%	4,766	1%	4,725	-9%	5,188	35%	3,843	92%	2,003
Profit & Loss Account											
Profit / return earned	5,502	45%	3,807	75%	2,177	49%	1,465	144%	600	500%	100
Profit / return expensed	(2,883)	40%	(2,058)	68%	(1,222)	68%	(730)	140%	(304)	1528%	(19)
Net spread earned	2,619	50%	1,750	83%	955	30%	735	149%	296	264%	81
Provisions	(85)	1965%	(4)	-96%	(111)	-15%	(131)	360%	(28)	2734%	(1)
Net spread after provisions	2,534	45%	1,746	107%	844	40%	605	126%	267	233%	80
Other income	227	10%	206	-40%	343	75%	196	40%	140	215%	45
Other expenses	(2,152)	13%	(1,907)	8%	(1,766)	71%	(1,034)	102%	(511)	221%	(159)
Profit before tax	609	1266%	45	108%	(580)	149%	(233)	126%	(103)	199%	(34)
Taxation	(199)	-10017%	2	-98%	90	-49%	178	176%	64	147%	26
Profit after taxation	410	780%	47	-110%	(490)	783%	(55)	44%	(39)	362%	(8)

Statement of Value Added

	2011		2010	
	Rs. In Mln	%	Rs. In Mln	%
Value Added				
Net spread earned	2,619		1,749	
Other income	227		207	
Other expenses excluding staff costs, depreciation, amortisation, donations and WWF	(955)		(880)	
Provision against financings, investments & others	(85)		(4)	
Value added available for distribution	<u>1,806</u>		<u>1,072</u>	
Distribution of value added				
To employees				
Remuneration, provident fund and other benefits	840	46.51%	648	60.51%
To government				
Workers Welfare Fund	13	0.70%	1	0.11%
Income tax	199	1.02%	2	0.19%
	212	11.72%	3	0.30%
To Society				
Donations	-	-	-	-
To Shareholders				
Depreciation	311		334	
Amortisation	34		44	
Retained earnings	410		42	
	754	41.76%	420	39.19%
	<u>1,806</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>1,072</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

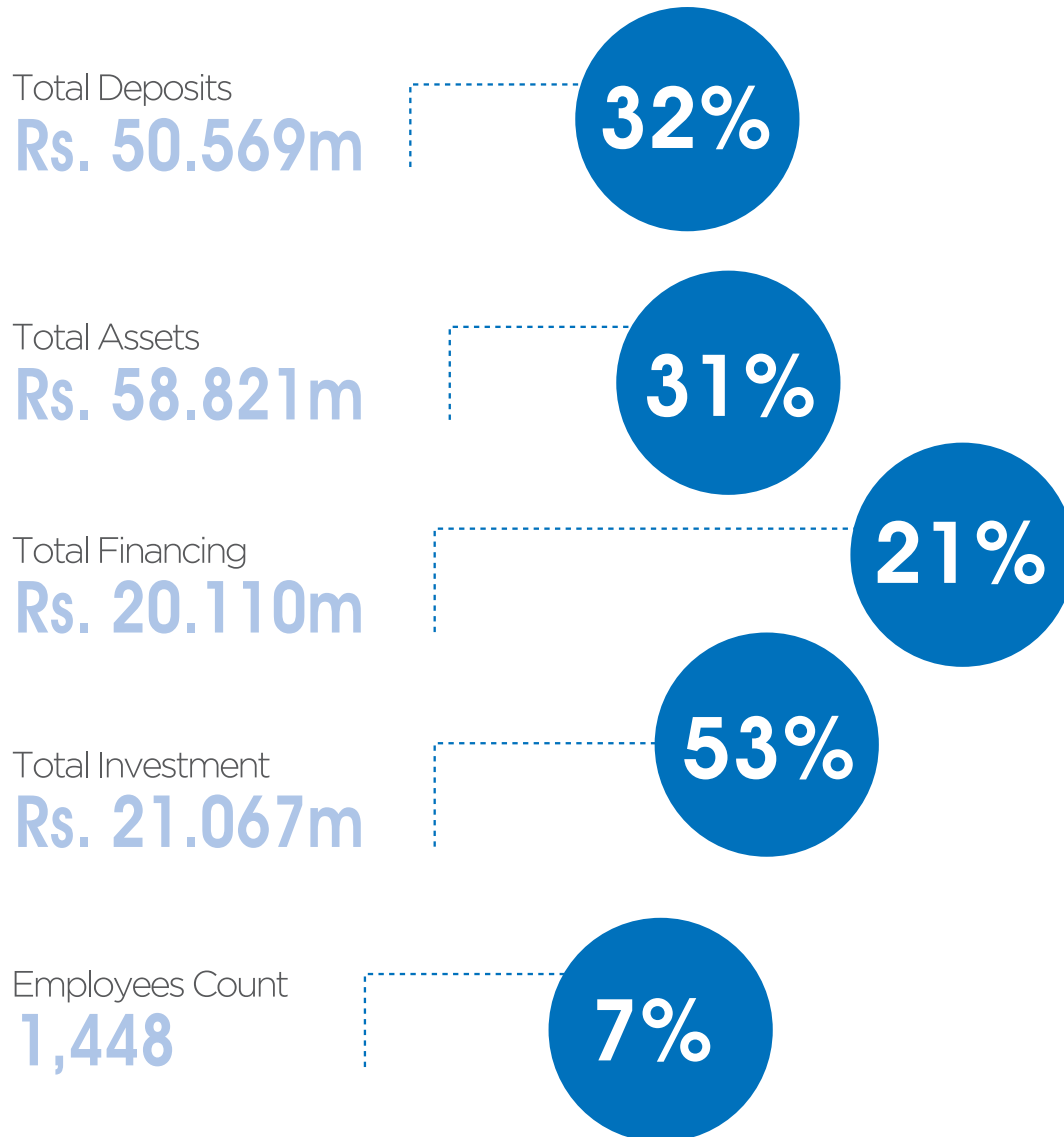
Six Years' Financial Summary 2006-2011

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
(Rupees in Millions)						
Profit & Loss Account						
Profit/return Earned	5,502	3,807	2,177	1,465	600	100
Profit /return Expensed	2,883	2,058	1,222	730	304	19
Net Spread earned	2,619	1,750	955	735	296	81
Fee,commission,brokerage & exchange Income	173	153	316	141	71	4
Dividend and capital gains	0.002	0.001	2	33	65	38
Other Income	53	53	24	22	4	4
Total Other Income	227	206	343	196	140	45
Total Income	2,846	1,956	1,298	931	436	127
Other expenses	2,084	1,907	1,766	1,034	511	159
Profit/(loss) before tax and provisions	693	49	(490)	(102)	(75)	(35)
Provisions	85	4	111	131	28	(1)
Profit/(loss) before tax	609	45	(580)	(233)	(103)	(34)
Profit/(loss) after tax	410	47	(490)	(55)	(39)	(8)
Statement of Financial Position						
Paid up capital	5,280	5,280	5,280	5,280	3,200	2,000
Reserves	91	9	-	-	-	-
Unappropriated profit/(loss)	(227)	(555)	(592)	(102)	(45)	(8)
Shareholder's equity	5,144	4,734	4,687	5,177	3,155	1,992
Surplus on revaluation of assets-net of tax	169	32	38	10	9	11
Net Assets	5,313	4,766	4,725	5,188	3,845	2,003
Total Assets	58,821	45,036	34,272	19,085	14,447	4,025
Earning Assets	46,163	35,485	23,349	13,610	10,998	2,655
Gross Financings	20,461	16,999	10,707	6,687	3,992	960
Financings-net of provisions	20,110	16,670	10,457	6,343	3,931	959
Non-performing Financings	799	660	789	186	78	-
Investments	21,067	13,732	6,813	5,020	3,864	493
Total Liabilities	53,509	40,269	29,546	13,897	10,603	2,022
Deposits & other accounts	50,569	38,198	27,987	12,478	9,934	1,778
Current & Saving Deposits (CASA)	25,926	19,402	15,335	5,978	5,005	966
Borrowing	800	353	156	246	70	50
Profit bearing Liabilities	41,123	29,390	20,565	9,668	8,600	1,469
Contingencies and commitments	4,595	4,468	1,263	1,645	1,446	644
Financial Ratios						
Profit before tax ratio (PBT/total income)	21.39%	2.28%	-44.67%	-25.01%	-23.59%	-27.13%
Net Spread earned/Profit Earned	47.60%	45.96%	43.86%	50.20%	49.33%	81.34%
Other income to total income	6.09%	7.84%	24.53%	18.72%	31.31%	33.05%
Income/ expense ratio (excl. provisions) (Times)	1.37	1.03	0.73	0.90	0.85	0.80
Return on average equity (ROE)	8.29%	0.99%	-9.93%	-1.33%	-1.50%	-0.84%
Return on average assets (ROA)	0.79%	0.12%	-1.84%	-0.33%	-0.42%	-0.42%
Return on Capital Employed (ROCE)	8.29%	0.99%	-9.93%	-1.33%	-1.50%	-0.84%
Earning per share (EPS after tax)	0.78	0.09	(0.93)	(0.11)	(0.12)	(0.04)
Gross Financings / deposit ratio	40.46%	44.50%	38.26%	53.59%	40.19%	54.00%
Net Financings /deposit ratio	39.77%	43.64%	37.36%	50.83%	39.57%	53.94%
Breakup value per share (excl.surplus on rev. of assets)	9.74	8.97	8.88	9.81	9.86	9.96
Breakup value per share (incl.surplus on rev. of assets)	10.06	9.03	8.95	9.83	9.89	10.01
Earning assets to total assets ratio	78.48%	78.79%	68.13%	71.31%	76.12%	65.97%
Earning assets to profit bearing Liabilities (Times)	1.12	1.21	1.14	1.41	1.28	1.81
CASA to Total Deposits	51.27%	50.79%	54.79%	47.91%	50.38%	54.35%
NPLs to Gross Financings ratio	3.90%	3.88%	7.37%	2.78%	1.96%	-
Assets to Equity (Times)	11.44	9.51	7.31	3.69	4.58	2.02
Deposit to share holder equity (Times)	9.83	8.07	5.97	2.41	3.15	0.89
Capital Adequacy Ratio	17.18%	19.50%	18.24%	39.83%	37.92%	61.83%
Market value per share-Dec 31(Rs.)	3.10	3.63	7.25	7.25	16.2	10.55
Non Financial Information						
Number of branches	102	102	102	102	36	10
Total number of employees	1,448	1,347	1,471	1,188	563	234

Key Performance Indicators

		2011	2010	Variance	
		Rupees in million			
				Amount	% / Times
Financial					
Gross Financings	Rs. In Mln	20,461	16,999	3,462	20%
Investments	"	21,067	13,732	7,335	53%
Deposits	"	50,569	38,198	12,370	32%
Shareholders Equity	"	5,144	4,734	410	9%
Net Spread Earned	"	2,619	1,749	870	50%
Other Income	"	227	207	20	9%
Other Expenses	"	2,152	1,907	245	13%
Provisions	"	85	4	81	21.25 times
Profit Before Taxation	"	609	45	564	13.53 times
Profit after Taxation	"	410	47	363	8.72 times
Non Financial					
No. of customers	Absolute	196,371	155,957	40,414	26%
No. of ATM cards and Debit cards issued	"	162,672	132,510	30,162	23%
Total Number of employees	"	1,448	1,347	101	7%
Key Financial Ratios					
Earnings per Share	Rs.	0.78	0.09		
Bookvalue Per Share	"	9.74	8.97		
Share Price - Dec. 31	"	3.10	3.63		
Market Capitalisation	Rs. In Bln	1.64	1.92		
Price/Earnings Ratio	Times	3.97	40.33		
Return on Equity	%	7.96%	0.98%		
Return on Assets	"	0.79%	0.12%		
Capital Adequacy Ratio	"	17.18%	19.50%		

2011 has been another promising year...



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 8th Annual General Meeting of the Members of BankIslami Pakistan Limited will be held Inshallah on Friday, March 30, 2012 at 12:00 noon at Hotel Regent Plaza, Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi, to transact the following business:

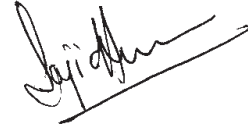
ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1- To confirm minutes of the 7th Annual General Meeting held on March 30, 2011.
- 2- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (separate and consolidated) for the year ended December 31, 2011 together with the Auditors' and Directors' Reports thereon.
- 3- To appoint auditors of the bank for the year ending December 31, 2012 and to fix their remuneration. The present auditors M/s. A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

- 4- To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board



Syed Shah Sajid Hussain
Company Secretary

Karachi: March 9, 2012

Notes:

- i The Members' Register will remain closed from March 25, 2012 to March 31, 2012 (both days inclusive).
- ii A member eligible to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the registered office not less than 48 hours before the holding of the meeting.
- iii An individual beneficial owner of the Central Depository Company, entitled to vote at this meeting must bring his/her Computerized National Identity Card with him/her to prove his/her identity, and in case of proxy must enclose an attested copy of his/her Computerized National Identity Card. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purposes.
- iv Members are requested to promptly notify Share Registrar, M/s. Technology Trade (Pvt.) Ltd., Dagia House, 241-C, PECHS Society, Karachi, of any change in their address.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the Eighth Annual Report of BankIslami Pakistan Limited. Highlights are:

	Dec-11	Dec-10	Growth (%)
Rupees in million.....	
Total Deposits	50,569	38,198	32.4%
Total Assets	58,821	45,035	30.6%
Total Financing	20,110	16,670	20.6%
Total Investments	21,067	13,732	53.4%
Shareholder's Equity	5,144	4,734	8.66%
Branches	102	102	-
Basic Earnings/(loss) per share - rupees	0.78	0.09	766.60%

It gives me great pleasure to share with you the milestones we achieved in the financial year 2011 and the strategy for 2012:

- Total deposits of the Bank grew by 32.4%. The growth was mainly driven by a 55.06% increase in the Savings Account followed by a 30.21% increase in the Fixed Deposits, of which the main contribution came from the Islami Mahana Munafa Account, a monthly profit paying facility ranging from one to ten years. Non-remunerative Current Accounts grew by 11.84%. Growth in Current Accounts was low due to conversion into a recently launched Saving product, Islami Sahulat Account. The need for this was felt as bundled facilities could be made available which otherwise are not possible due to Shariah restrictions. The deposit cost of Bank remained almost flat despite of this increase. At the end of the year, the Bank had almost 200,000 depository relationships as against approximately 160,000 last year;

In 2012 we will continue to focus on further strengthening our retail franchise by further strengthening the Product Portfolio, existing relationships as well as tapping new markets. More focus on the Current and Saving products is expected;

- Financing grew by 20.64%. The growth was achieved in all segments. Corporate, Small and Medium Enterprise and Commercial Business contributed the most. The growth in Consumer business was driven by our Mortgage Financing business, Muskun, which grew by 65.08%. Trade Finance business grew by 44.52%, much below our anticipated target. Asset quality across the board remained good. Total Classified portfolio was only 3.91% of the Financing making it one of the best portfolio's in the Banking industry;

While we do expect some improvement in Credit off take, our focus shall remain on the blue chip market in the Corporate Segment with opportunistic interest in the SME and Commercial Segments. Trade Finance

shall be priority for growth. In Consumer segment, we are all set to launch our Mortgage product across the country in 10 more cities. The Car Financing product, Islami Auto Ijarah, has also been re-packaged and will receive increased focus;

- Investment portfolio recorded a growth of 53.41%, almost exclusively due to increased investments in the Sovereign Sukuk Bonds. Owing to fewer quality financing opportunities, we will continue to focus aggressively on investment opportunities in the Sovereign Market with sporadic interest in the private Sukuk Market;
- Better deployment of assets and improved yields contributed to the top line growth of 44.52% which is impressive in the current economic environment. Coupled with it, the Gross Spread improved by 49.67% while Net Spread after provisioning increased by 47.82%. Our strong spreads are a testament of our basic banking business being vibrant and competitive. Specifically, our spreads fall firmly in the upper half of the Banking industry. With better asset deployment and mix in 2012, we expect to further improve our Gross Spreads by at least 1%;
- Other Income remained almost flat. One of the reasons was shifting of excess liquidity to the Ijara Sukuk and limited trading opportunities in it. However, in 2012 we are expecting introduction of Treasury instruments both at the short and long end of the yield curve. Additional, we are also hopeful Islamic Banks will have access to the Repo market, the Shariah compliant alternative of which is already available. These measures will significantly boost the Treasury revenues. Our increased focus on Trade Finance and introduction of charges on various services effective January 2012 will also contribute to the income under this head which we expect to be doubled going forward;
- Administrative Expenses increased by 13.30% which is in line with the inflation. Main contributor to the increase was employment cost which was high for the year due to certain one time expenses, monetization of cars and hiring of Service Quality Officers. Despite of increase, Employment Cost constituted only 39.68% of the Administrative Expenses which is actually one of the best in the industry. Head Count remained competitive at 1,448 which works to be 135 per relationship as against 116 in 2010. We expect this to increase to 160 in 2012. In percentage terms, Administrative Expenses are expected to increase by almost 20% due to planned expansion in 2012 and inflation. Further, Pre-operating Expenses were fully written off this year;
- There was no increase in the branch network which remained at 102 Branches and Sub branches. BankIslami has received 39 new licenses, out of which we expect to open about 20 new branches starting from second quarter;
- The Earning per Share worked out to be Rs. 0.78. The quality of earnings was high as it almost entirely came from sustainable and recurring operations.

In addition to the above financial highlights, several new initiatives were taken that enabled us to deliver these strong results.

We have been extremely proud of our Information Technology infrastructure. 2011 saw us taking new strides. Notable initiatives were: Complete automation of back office work flow which would enable us to increase efficiency and make substantial savings. Core Banking hardware was upgraded to IBM Power 7 which allowed us to efficiently handle increased business load. BankIslami was one of the few banks in Pakistan that deployed CISCO based IP Telephony infrastructure. The investment made in 2006 continues to provide state-of-the-art communication facility with substantial cost advantage. This year the system was upgraded to new technology thereby extending the original life. In addition to that, Pakistan Remittance Initiative was also finalized to be launched in 2012. A complete automated system was opted for better product delivery. An end-to-end SMS alert was also introduced allows customers to keep a better tab over their finances. Additionally, introduction of Standardized Electronic Balance Confirmation, Electronic Validation Printing and Personalized Cheque Books were also introduced. We also expect to roll out the first phase of Mobile Banking this year.

On the Human Resources front, we invested heavily on Training and Development. A total of 212 Training Sessions were conducted spread over 24,429 Training Hours. On an average an employee was trained for 17 hours. Technical Skills received most of the attention with Training Hours totaling 17,553 Hours.

The result of increased automation, better processes and extensive training was reflected in marked improvement in Service Quality, which was the primary focus of the Bank in 2011. The Bank introduced 22 service indicators, which showed improvement across the board. To give an idea of the level of improvement, 96% of the Cash Deposits and Withdrawal transactions were processed within 10 minutes, Pay order took only 15 minutes 96% of the time while 94% of the Utility Bills were paid within 5 minutes. Same was the case with Internal Transfers. The average up time for ATM machines including cash replenishment etc was 92%. With our technology infrastructure, improved work flows and extensive training Insha'Allah we will set new standards in customer service. The appeal of Islamic Banking should extend beyond Product Authenticity. It is firmly factored in our value statement.

Minimum Capital Requirement.

State Bank of Pakistan was kind enough to grant us extension till June 30, 2012 and has indicated subject to our raising the Paid Up Capital net of losses to Rs. 6 Billion, further relaxation shall be allowed. The Board of directors last year had agreed in principle to issue right shares at discount to increase the Paid Up Capital to Rs. 6 Billion. Further announcement in this respect is expected soon. No dividend is proposed as the Bank has still accumulated losses, as well earnings are being retained to meet the Regulatory Capital Requirement.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The Board of Directors is fully cognizant of its responsibility under the Code of Corporate Governance issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and adopted by the State Bank of Pakistan. The following statements are a manifestation of its commitment towards high standards of Corporate Governance and continuous organizational improvement:

- 1- The financial statements prepared by the Management of the Bank present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- 2- Proper books of account of the Bank have been maintained.
- 3- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- 4- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- 5-The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 6-There are no doubts upon the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 7-There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- 8-The value of investments of the Bank's Provident Fund and gratuity fund based on un-audited accounts at December 31, 2011 amounted to Rs. 173 million and Rs. 82 million respectively.
- 9-The purchase and sale of shares by the Directors and the Chief Executive during the year is given in enclosed annexure.

Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by The Karachi Stock Exchange is its listing regulations relevant for the year ended December 31, 2011 have been adopted by the Bank and have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed with the report.

Risk Management Framework

The Risk Management functions has now taken its root within the financial institutions on a world-wide basis, and is as critical in fulfilling the institutes' financial objectives as the objectives themselves. Its not just a function to foretell and manage and adverse future event, but it brings about the basic function of being informed; being informed of what can or may happened, being informed of what steps/controls need to be taken to reduce/mitigate the level of risk and to be informed and to be reasonably prepared to deal with any undesired event/circumstances. Decisions emanating from this basic understanding form the cornerstone of our Risk Management Framework.

A strong organizational set-up, with clearly defined roles and responsibilities permits a higher level of articulation of the bank's risk mandate, establishment of a structure that provides for authority, delegation, accountability, and the development of a control framework. Risk Management cannot live in a vacuum; in order to be effective, it has to be run on an enterprise level. Our framework comprises of a separate department, with a dedicated and growing team, which share our core strategic values including an effective Shariah compliance.

Committees related to the management of risks at BIPL form the main layer of the framework, the inflow/outflow of information is through the dedicated function of risk management. The Head of Credit / Risk, Operations, Finance, Treasury and other related functions review the critical risk areas of operational, credit and market risk as well as other risks being faced by the organization, along with the magnitude of their impact and likelihood of occurrence.

BIPL perceives the management of risk not to be limited to a department or a function, but rather should read-into daily business routine. Ideas and decisions are heavily based on the risk / reward trade-off some of the ideas which never see the light of the day are usually the ones which have been shelved due to an unacceptable risk level. The risks when identified and analyzed are further weighed against the applicable risk weights and its impact reviewed on a periodic basis. This pro-active approach helps in outlining the organization's risk tolerance level vis-à-vis BIPL's risk appetite in relation to its size, current position and market standing, with a view to refine processes, controls and guidelines to not only mitigate, but also to effectively manage risk.

Credit Rating

The Bank has been assigned a long term entity rating of 'A' and short term rating of 'A-1' by Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA), reflecting BankIslami well conceived business strategy and establishment of an effective operating platform to execute the business strategy.

Pattern of Shareholding

The Pattern of shareholding as at December 31, 2011 is annexed with the report.

Auditors

The present auditors A.F. Ferguson & Co., retire and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, the Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of A.F. Ferguson & Co., as auditors for the year ending December 31, 2012.

Acknowledgments

The Board would like to place on record its deep appreciation for the State Bank of Pakistan for all the assistance and guidance. We are also thankful to our employees for their kind dedication and commitment during the year under review.

On behalf of the Board,



Hasan A Bilgrami
Chief Executive Officer

March 07, 2012

ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

The purchase and sale of shares by Directors and Chief Executive Officer during the year are given below:

Name	Designation	No. of Shares as at Jan. 01, 2011	Shares subscribed/purchased during the Year	No. of Shares as at Dec. 31, 2011
Chief Justice (Retd.) Mahboob Ahmed	Chairman	130,829	-	130,829
Mr. Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree	Director	51,423,883	-	51,423,883
Mr. Ali Raza Siddiqui	Director	-	5,000	5,000
Mr. Shabir Ahmed Randeree	Director	51,423,883	-	51,423,883
Mr. Hasan A Bilgrami	CEO	499,079	-	499,079

Attendance of Board of Directors for the Year 2011:

Director Name	Total	Attended	Leave of Absence
Chief Justice (Retd.) Mahboob Ahmed *	7	7	0
Mr. Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree *	7	1	6
Mr. Ali Raza Siddiqui *	7	7	0
Mr. Hicham Hammoud *	7	6	1
Mr. Hasan A. Bilgrami, Director/CEO **	7	7	0
Mr. Shabir Ahmed Randeree *	7	7	0
Mr. Mohamed Amiri ***	4	0	4
Mr. Ali Hussain ****	3	3	0
Mr. Marwan Hassan Ali ElKhatib ****	3	0	3

* re-elected as director effective from April 29, 2011, from January to December 2011 total seven board meetings were held.

** term as elected director expired on April 29, 2011.

*** term as elected director expired on April 29, 2011. Till April 2011 four board meetings were held.

**** elected as director effective from April 29, 2011. After April 2011 three board meetings were held.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Statement of Management's Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the Bank's management to:

- Establish and maintain an adequate and effective system of internal controls and procedures for an efficient working environment for obtaining desired objectives.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control system that encompasses material matters by identifying control objective, reviewing significant policies and procedures and establishing relevant control procedures.

Management Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Bank Internal Control System

During the year under review efforts have been made for an effective and efficient internal control system. In accordance with SBP-BSD Circular No. 7 of 2004, the Bank formulated all the key policies and procedures for its different lines of business. While formulating such policies clear line of authority and responsibility have been established in order to ensure an effective internal control system. The Bank has established an audit function independent of line management. The control activities are being closely monitored across the bank through audit group / compliance & control, which covers all banking activities in general and key risk areas in particular. The Audit Committee of the Board reviews the audit function quarterly which includes program as well as surprise audits.

Internal control system in the Bank is designed to manage, rather than to eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the business objective, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. However, it is an on going process that includes identification, evaluation and management of significant risks faced by the Bank.

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for the internal control system and the Board endorses the above management evaluation.

For and On Behalf of the Board



Hasan A Bilgrami
Chief Executive Officer

March 07, 2012.

Banking with Purity, Solutions with Authenticity



With **Islami Amadni Certificate**, you get the best of both worlds in a safe, secure and flexible package to perfectly meet your needs. **Islami Amadni Certificate** provides you with the following features:

- Investment with as low as Rs. 10,000/-
- Profit payment at maturity
- Nationwide network of 102* Online branches in 49 Cities
- Internet Banking Facility
- Tenure of investment from 1 month to 5 years
- No penalty on premature encashment of investment

Serving you, the Right way

بَيْتُكَ إِسْلَامِي



BankIslami

Islami Auto Ijarah



BankIslami brings to you **“Islami Auto Ijarah”**, the most convenient way to get your dream car, the Sharia’h Compliant way.

The features of **“Islami Auto Ijarah”** are:

- No monthly installment till delivery
- Takaful Coverage facility
- 3 to 5 years flexible tenure
- Available for New, Used and Imported / Reconditioned cars.
- Minimum security deposit

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

* Financing available in selected cities.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in the regulations G-1 of the Prudential Regulations for Corporate/Commercial Banking issued by the State Bank of Pakistan and Regulation No.35 of Chapter XI contained in the Listing Regulations issued by the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed banking company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Bank has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The Bank encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board of Directors. At present, the Board includes six non-executive directors.
2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies including this Bank.
3. All the resident directors of the Bank are registered as taxpayers and none of them have defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI, or NBFIs or, being a member of a stock exchange, have been declared as a defaulter by the stock exchange.
4. No casual vacancy occurred on the Board during the period under review.
5. The Bank has prepared Statement of Ethics and Business Practices which has been signed by majority of the Directors and employees of the Bank.
6. The Board has developed a vision and mission statement and an overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Bank. A complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of the employment of the Chief Executive Officer have been taken by the Board.
8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. Seven meetings of the Board were held during the year. Written agenda notices/e-mails of the Board meetings were circulated at least seven days before the meeting. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
9. The Directors are well conversant with their duties and responsibilities under the relevant laws applicable to the Bank and the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance. Further, the management is planning to carry out an orientation course for atleast one director in the near future.
10. There was no new appointment of the CFO, Company Secretary or Head of Internal Audit during the year ended December 31, 2011.
11. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirement of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
12. The financial statements of the Bank were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before the approval of the Board.
13. The Directors, Chief Executive Officer and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Bank other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.

14. The Bank has complied with all corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members, all of whom are non-executive directors including the Chairman of the committee.
16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Bank and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed, approved by the Board and advised to the Committee for compliance.
17. The Board has set up internal audit functions, the members of which are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purposes and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Bank.
18. The statutory auditors of the Bank have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Bank and that the firm and all its partner are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
19. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
20. The related party transactions have been placed before the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors with necessary justifications for non-arm's length transactions, if any and pricing methods for transactions that were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in the arm's length transactions only if such term can be substantiated.
21. We confirm that all others material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.



Hasan A. Bilgrami
Chief Executive Officer

March 07, 2012

AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of BankIslami Pakistan Limited ('the Bank') to comply with Regulation G-1 of the Prudential Regulations for Corporate / Commercial Banking issued by the State Bank of Pakistan and Regulation No. 35 of Chapter XI contained in the Listing Regulations issued by the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited where the Bank is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Bank. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Bank's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Bank personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Bank to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

Sub-Regulation (xiii a) of Listing Regulation No. 35 as notified by the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited on which the Bank is listed requires the Bank to place before the board of directors for their consideration and approval, related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of the above requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length prices or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Bank's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Chartered Accountants
Dated: March 08, 2012
Karachi

SHARI'AH ADVISER'S ANNUAL REPORT

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ، وَالصَّلَاةُ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ الْكَرِيمِ، وَعَلَى آلِهِ
وَأَصْحَابِهِ أَجْمَعِينَ، وَبَعْدُ!

Strengthening the Shariah compliance mechanism in Islamic banking industry to avoid the mistakes and deficiencies observed in an earlier attempt during 80s', the State Bank took certain steps including mandatory statement of Shariah compliance by the Shariah Adviser in Annual Report. This Shari'ah Adviser's Report serves the purpose of statement of Shari'ah compliance through which Shari'ah Adviser shares his opinion with the stakeholders on whether the practices in the financial transactions conform to policies. I will use the opportunity to discuss the general Shari'ah compliance environment, investment in human resources and progress and issues in new products development.

Shari'ah Compliance:

Every transaction in the bank is executed either under standard operating procedure and issued guidelines or a separate process flow is structured and approved to ensure conformance to Shari'ah requirements. We have in place a system for the review of executed transactions. This includes periodic testing and checking of sample transactions by Shari'ah team and regular Shari'ah audit by Internal Audit team. Product Development department also plays an important role in ensuring Shari'ah compliance through continuous revision of SOPs and guidelines, structuring of processes for transaction and assisting Shari'ah department in performance of its functions. Identified mistakes and irregularities are rectified and where it is deemed necessary the respective income is transferred to Charity account. Employees on the front desk dealing with the clients and staff at the back office facilitating the transactions have crucial part for ensuring maintenance of Shari'ah standards. Training and equipping them with necessary skills is an important constituent of Shari'ah compliance function which will be discussed later in the report.

Product Development and Process Improvement:

Preferred banking services and cash management solutions have for long been much demanded by the business community. To cater to this demand some new products have been introduced which will provide Shari'ah compliant cash management services. This will allow businesses and individuals with high turnover to avail cash management facilities with additional services in a Shari'ah compliant way.

An important progress has been made in the area of Murabahah of fast moving goods. Thanks to the finding and research of Al Majlis-ul-Fiqhi (an informal forum of Shari'ah Advisers of Islamic banks in Pakistan for research and development) a solution to Murabahah of oil and other inventories of low retention period was put in place. This resolves the issue of consumption risk before Murabahah goods are sold.

Like previous years this year too engages our time and attention on the long-demanded running finance product. The proposed structure underlies limited Musharakah concept which excludes certain activities of the financee enterprise from the ambit of Musharakah. However extensive Shari'ah research is required to be undertaken on the proposed structure and certain theoretical issues need to be resolved for this modern form of Musharakah.

Strengthening Shari'ah Compliance:

In any control system the people are key role players. The main reason for most of the deviations and irregularities is lack of awareness. By training and educating the employees risk of non-compliance can be mitigated to a large extent. At BankIslami along with audit and post transaction reviews human resource trainings have been paid great attention. Every new employee inducted undergoes a basic Islamic banking course. Besides this, special products training sessions are also held for relevant staff. Performance in Islamic banking test is part of overall performance evaluation and appraisal. During the year under review twenty nine sessions occurred which trained over five hundred employees.

Through enhanced reporting time lag between the occurrence of errors and detection thereof has been reduced. The periodic reporting system will contribute to control mechanism through early warning and expedite the corrective actions.

Composition of the bank's portfolio:

As of December 31st the outstanding position of the booked assets reveals that Murabahah comprises 31% of the total financing while Istisna and finished goods purchase financing (Karoobar financing) together stand at 20%. Ijarah and Diminishing Musharakah respectively account for 7% and 39%.

Based on the above, I report:

Each class of transactions with respect to the relevant documentation and procedures adopted by BankIslami has been examined on test check basis;

In my opinion, the business affairs of BankIslami have been generally carried out in accordance with rules and principles of Shari'ah, SBP regulations and guidelines related to Shari'ah compliance and other rules as well as specific Fatwas and rulings issued by Shari'ah Board and myself from time to time;

In my opinion, the allocation of funds, weightages, profit sharing ratios, and profit relating to PLS accounts conform to the basis vetted by Shari'ah Board and myself in accordance with Shari'ah rules and principles;

An amount of Rs. 4.419Mn was received from customers in respect of charity on delays in payments and credited to charity account.

Since charity funds are kept under investment accounts at the bank, a return is given to this amount as a part of Modaraba pool. During the year Rs. 386,699 accrued to charity fund in respect of Modaraba profit.

Disbursements during the year from the charity fund amounted to Rs. 8.5Mn.

Recommendations:

Based on the observations made through Shari'ah review, reports and feedback from several areas I recommend the following:

More investment on human resource is required through extended and recurrent training session for enhancing the skills and understanding of the staff. This will further our approach of assurance for Shari'ah compliance.

Although the culture at BankIslami promotes knowledge sharing, knowledge management system needs to be introduced to learn from the mistakes and experiences. Not only will it reduce training time for new incumbents but will minimize the effects of employees' leaving. Errors that are caused by ignorance and unawareness will be reduced by large extent.

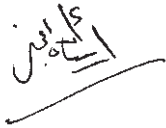
Islamic banks on collective basis should develop the strategies to replace commodity Murabaha and other less preferred modes for managing liquidity. For this purpose SBP could play a mentoring role.

Islamic banks on collective basis should also develop strategies to promote financing to rather neglected sectors of agriculture, education financing, personal financing, cottage industry etc. Currently the main source of financing for these sectors is conventional bank or informal local financing which is many a time usurious. Shari'ah compliant financing in these sectors is limited and yet to gain momentum. The central bank can establish a task force in this regard which will work in coordination with Islamic banks.

Islamic banking department of SBP in consultation with all stakeholders including customers, IFIs, business community and scholars should introduce a Shari'ah Governance Framework for Islamic banks. Moving a head from Shari'ah compliance to Shari'ah governance will improve the image and reputation of Islamic banks by bringing certain ethical aspects and more independence to the function.

May Allah guide us to the right way.

و صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَى نَبِيِّنَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَ بَارَكَ وَ سَلَّمَ



Irshad Ahmad Aijaz
Shari'ah Adviser

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed statement of financial position of **BankIslami Pakistan Limited** as at December 31, 2011 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (here-in-after referred to as the 'financial statements') for the year then ended, in which are incorporated the un-audited certified returns from the branches except for eight branches which have been audited by us and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the bank's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984). Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and after due verification, which in the case of financings covered more than sixty percent of the total financings of the bank, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the bank as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), and the returns referred to above received from the branches have been found adequate for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) in our opinion:
 - (i) the statement of financial position and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the bank's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the bank and the transactions of the bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the bank;

- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the statement of financial position, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), in the manner so required and give a true and fair view of the state of the bank's affairs as at December 31, 2011, and its true balance of profit, its comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980) was deducted by the bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Emphasis of matter paragraph

We draw attention to note 1.2 to the accompanying financial statements which describes the matter relating to shortfall in minimum capital requirements of the bank as at December 31, 2011. The State Bank of Pakistan has given extension in timeline to the bank till June 30, 2012 to meet this requirement. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

The financial statements of the bank for the year ended December 31, 2010 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants. Their audit report dated March 7, 2011 contained an emphasis of matter paragraph on the same issue as described above.



A.F. Ferguson & Co

Chartered Accountants


Audit Engagement Partner: **Rashid A. Jafer**


Dated: March 08, 2012

Karachi

SMS Alerts Plus



BankIslami brings another exciting feature for its customers, BankIslami  through which you can check your account activity from your mobile, Anywhere – Everywhere!

You can get following alerts on your mobile through :

- Daily Opening Balance Alert
- Internet Banking Fund Transfer Alert
- Utility Bill payment Alert
- Cash Deposit 3rd Party Alert
- ATM Fund Transfer Alert
- VISA POS purchase Alert
- Cheque Clearance/Return Alert
- Installment Reminders (Auto/Muskun)

Serving you, the Right way

بَيْتُكَ إِسْلَامِي



BankIslami

Sahulat hee Sahulat...

- FREE Cheque Book
- FREE Pay Order
- FREE Inward Clearing
- FREE Internet Banking
- FREE e-statement
- FREE Online Banking**

BankIslami brings you **Islami Sahulat Account**, a Mudarabah based deposit product where you can avail a bunch of Free* services through a Shariah compliant mode.

With **Islami Sahulat Account** you can have the freedom of banking with complete satisfaction and peace of mind.

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk


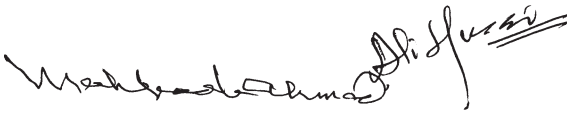

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

*Conditions apply

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	4,684,826	3,035,148
Balances with other banks	7	549,277	569,622
Due from financial institutions	8	4,436,264	4,513,132
Investments	9	21,067,082	13,732,132
Financings	10	20,110,401	16,670,125
Operating fixed assets	11	1,811,628	2,066,680
Deferred tax assets	12	188,130	402,183
Other assets	13	5,973,706	4,046,681
		<u>58,821,314</u>	<u>45,035,703</u>
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable	14	798,853	563,020
Due to financial institutions	15	800,000	353,000
Deposits and other accounts	16	50,568,785	38,198,320
Sub-ordinated loans		-	-
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		-	-
Other liabilities	17	1,341,038	1,154,977
		<u>53,508,676</u>	<u>40,269,317</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>5,312,638</u>	<u>4,766,386</u>
REPRESENTED BY			
Share capital	18	5,279,679	5,279,679
Reserves	19	91,221	9,310
Accumulated losses		(227,340)	(554,985)
		<u>5,143,560</u>	<u>4,734,004</u>
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	20	169,078	32,382
		<u>5,312,638</u>	<u>4,766,386</u>
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	21		

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / Chief Executive
Director
Director
Director

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
Profit / return earned	22	5,502,154	3,807,197
Profit / return expensed	23	2,883,355	2,057,533
Net spread earned		2,618,799	1,749,664
Provision / (Reversal of provision) against non-performing financings - net	10.10	21,423	(7,424)
Provision for diminution in the value of investments		-	-
Bad debts written off directly		-	-
		21,423	(7,424)
Net spread after provisions / (reversals)		2,597,376	1,757,088
OTHER INCOME			
Fee, commission and brokerage income		110,118	94,207
Dividend Income		2	1
Income from dealing in foreign currencies		63,285	59,124
Gain on sale of securities		-	-
Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments classified as held for trading		-	-
Other income	24	53,304	52,784
Total other income		226,709	206,116
		2,824,085	1,963,204
OTHER EXPENSES			
Administrative expenses	25	2,147,527	1,895,476
Other provisions / write offs		63,310	11,528
Other charges	26	4,661	11,657
Total other expenses		2,215,498	1,918,661
		608,587	44,543
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		608,587	44,543
Taxation			
- Current	27	57,242	(42,269)
- Prior years	27	1,340	-
- Deferred	27	140,449	44,276
		199,031	2,007
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		409,556	46,550
Accumulated losses brought forward		(554,985)	(592,225)
		(145,429)	(545,675)
Basic earnings per share – Rupees	28	0.78	0.09
Diluted earnings per share – Rupees	28	0.78	0.09

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.



President / Chief Executive



Director




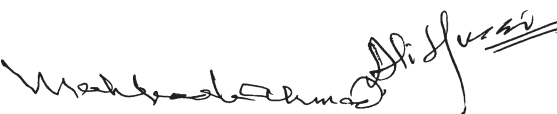

Director

Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Profit after taxation for the year	409,556	46,550
Comprehensive income transferred to equity	<u>409,556</u>	<u>46,550</u>
Components of comprehensive income not reflected in equity :		
Surplus on revaluation of available for sale investments - net of tax	169,078	32,382
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u><u>578,634</u></u>	<u><u>78,932</u></u>

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / Chief Executive **Director** **Director** **Director**

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		608,587	44,543
Less: Dividend Income		(2)	(1)
		<u>608,585</u>	<u>44,542</u>
Adjustments:			
Depreciation	25	310,745	333,686
Amortisation	25	29,705	27,798
Depreciation on operating Ijara assets		255,941	89,403
Provision / (Reversal of provision) against non-performing financings - net	10.10	21,423	(7,424)
Other provisions / write offs		63,310	11,528
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	24	(12,787)	(20,260)
Deferred cost amortised	13.2	4,086	16,083
		<u>672,423</u>	<u>450,814</u>
		1,281,008	495,356
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets			
Due from financial institutions		76,868	(494,319)
Financings		(3,717,640)	(6,294,801)
Others assets (excluding advance taxation and deferred cost)		(1,995,261)	(126,682)
		<u>(5,636,033)</u>	<u>(6,915,802)</u>
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities			
Bills payable		235,833	77,412
Due to financial institutions		447,000	196,840
Deposits and other accounts		12,370,465	10,210,942
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		186,061	237,645
		<u>13,239,359</u>	<u>10,722,839</u>
		8,884,334	4,302,393
Income tax paid		(57,742)	(34,720)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>8,826,592</u>	<u>4,267,673</u>
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net investments in available for sale securities		(7,124,649)	(6,927,369)
Dividend received		2	1
Investments in operating fixed assets		(104,786)	(68,839)
Sale proceeds of property and equipment disposed-off		32,174	56,239
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(7,197,259)</u>	<u>(6,939,968)</u>
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,629,333	(2,672,295)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	29	3,604,770	6,277,065
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	29	<u>5,234,103</u>	<u>3,604,770</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / Chief Executive

Director


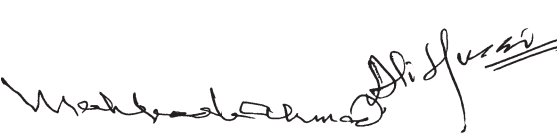

Director

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Share capital	Statutory Reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
	-----Rupees in '000-----			
Balance as at January 01, 2010	5,279,679	-	(592,225)	4,687,454
Profit after taxation for the year transferred from Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	-	46,550	46,550
Transfer to Statutory reserve	-	9,310	(9,310)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2010	<u>5,279,679</u>	<u>9,310</u>	<u>(554,985)</u>	<u>4,734,004</u>
Profit after taxation for the year transferred from Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	-	409,556	409,556
Transfer to Statutory reserve	-	81,911	(81,911)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2011	<u>5,279,679</u>	<u>91,221</u>	<u>(227,340)</u>	<u>5,143,560</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President / Chief Executive **Director** **Director** **Director**

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 BankIslami Pakistan Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on October 18, 2004 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 to carry out business of an Islamic Commercial Bank in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah.

The State Bank of Pakistan granted a 'Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank' license on March 18, 2005. The Bank commenced its operations as a Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank with effect from April 07, 2006, on receiving Certificate of Commencement of Business from the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) under section 37 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. The Bank is principally engaged in corporate, commercial, consumer, retail banking activities and investment activities.

The Bank is operating through 102 branches including 32 sub branches as at December 31, 2011. (2010: 102 branches). The registered office of the Bank is situated at 11th Floor, Dolmen City, Marine Drive, Block-4, Clifton, Karachi. The shares of the Bank are quoted on the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited.

Based on the financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2010, the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (Private) Limited (PACRA) determined the Bank's long-term rating as 'A' and the short-term rating as 'A-1'.

- 1.2 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) vide circular no. 07 of 2009 dated April 15, 2009 has increased the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for banks upto Rs. 10 billion to be achieved in a phased manner by December 31, 2013. The MCR (free of losses) and Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) requirements as at December 31, 2011 is Rs 8 billion (2010: Rs 7 billion) and 10 percent (2010: 10 percent) respectively. However, the paid up capital of the Bank (free of losses) as of December 31, 2011 amounts to Rs 5.052 billion although its CAR stands at 17.18 percent.

Last year the Board of Directors (BOD) of the Bank in their meeting held on February 07, 2011 had in principle agreed to issue right shares to increase its Capital (free of losses) to Rs. 6 billion. The SBP vide its letter no. BSD/CSD/546/2012 dated January 13, 2012 has advised the Bank to complete the right issue as principally agreed by the BOD in its meeting held on February 7, 2011 by June 30, 2012 to achieve the paid up capital (free of losses) of at least Rs 6 billion. Any further extension in timeline for meeting MCR would be considered once paid up capital (free of losses) of Rs 6 billion is achieved.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

- 2.1 The Bank provides financing mainly through Murabaha, Ijarah, and other Islamic modes. Under Murabaha the goods are purchased and are then sold to the customers on credit. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The income on such financing is recognised in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. However income, if any, received which does not comply with the principles of Islamic Shariah is recognised as charity payable as directed by the Shariah Advisor.
- 2.2 These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Bank in which investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost and are not consolidated. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are being issued separately.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 3.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Wherever the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or directives issued by the SECP and SBP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or the requirements of the said directives prevail.

- 3.2** The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment Property' for banking companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' through its notification S.R.O 411(I)/2008 dated April 28, 2008. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.
- 3.3** SBP through its BSD Circular No. 07 dated April 20, 2010 has clarified that for the purpose of preparation of financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard - 1 (Revised) 'Presentation of Financial Statements', two statement approach shall be adopted i.e. separate 'Profit and Loss Account' and 'Statement of Comprehensive Income' shall be presented, and Balance Sheet shall be renamed as 'Statement of Financial Position'. Furthermore, the Surplus / (Deficit) on revaluation of Available-For-Sale Securities (AFS) only may be included in the 'Statement of Comprehensive Income' but will continue to be shown separately in the Statement of Financial Position. Accordingly, the above requirements have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements.
- 3.4** IFRS 8 'Operating Segments' is effective for the Bank's accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2009. All banking companies in Pakistan are required to prepare their annual financial statements in line with the format prescribed under BSD Circular No. 4 dated February 17, 2006, 'Revised Forms of Annual Financial Statements', effective from the accounting year ended December 31, 2006. The management of the Bank believes that as the SBP has defined the segment categorisation in the above mentioned circular, the SBP requirements prevail over the requirements specified in IFRS 8. Accordingly, segment information disclosed in these financial statements is based on the requirements laid down by SBP.

3.5 New and amended standards and interpretations that are effective in the current year:

The following revised standards and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Bank's accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2011:

- IAS 24 (revised), 'Related party disclosures' issued in November 2009. It supersedes IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures', issued in 2003. The revised standard classifies and simplifies the definition of a related party and removes the requirement for government - related entities to disclose details of all transactions with the government and other government - related entities. The revised standard does not have any significant effect on the Bank's financial statements.
- IFRIC 14 (amendments), 'Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement'. The amendments correct an unintended consequence of IFRIC 14, 'IAS 19 – The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction'. Without the amendments, entities are not permitted to recognise as an asset some voluntary prepayments for minimum funding contributions. This was not intended when IFRIC 14 was issued, and the amendments correct this. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2011. The amendment does not have any significant impact on the Bank's financial statements.

There are other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2011 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

3.6 New and amended standards and interpretations that are not yet effective:

The following amendment to existing standard has been issued and is not mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2011 and not early adopted:

IAS 19, 'Employee benefits' was amended in June 2011 applicable for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The impact on the Bank will be as follows: to eliminate the corridor approach and recognise all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income as they occur; to immediately recognise all past service costs; and to replace interest cost and expected return on plan assets with a net interest amount that is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability / asset. The management is yet to assess the full impact of the amendments.

There are other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

3.7 Early adoption of standards

The Bank has not early adopted any new or amended standard in 2011.



4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that certain investments, foreign currency balances and commitments in respect of foreign exchange contracts have been marked to market and are carried at fair value. Further, staff retirement benefits as disclosed in note 5.6 to the financial statements have been carried at present values as determined under International Accounting Standard 19.

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency. The amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand.

4.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgement in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgements were made by the management in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) classification and provisioning against investments (notes 5.2 and 9)
- ii) classification and provisioning against financings (notes 5.3 and 10)
- iii) current and deferred taxation (notes 5.5, 12 and 27)
- iv) determination of useful lives and depreciation / amortisation (note 11)

5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise specified.

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flows statement comprise of cash and balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts.

5.2 Investments

5.2.1 Classification

Investments of the Bank, other than investments in associates are classified as follows:

(a) Held-for-trading

These are investments which are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices or are securities included in a portfolio for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking.

(b) Held- to-maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity and the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold them till maturity.

(c) Available-for-sale

These are investments which do not fall under the 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

5.2.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date, which is the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investments.

5.2.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Investments other than those categorised as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value which includes transaction costs associated with the investment. Investments classified as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account.

Premium or discount on debt securities classified as available for sale is amortised using the effective interest method and taken to the profit and loss account.

5.2.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition investments are valued as follows:

(a) Held-for-trading

These are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Gains and losses on remeasurement are included in the net profit and loss for the year.

(b) Held-to-maturity

These are measured at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method, less any impairment loss recognized to reflect irrecoverable amount.

(c) Available for sale

Quoted / Government securities are measured at fair value. Surplus / (deficit) arising on remeasurement is taken to a separate account shown in the statement of financial position below equity. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break up value of equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment losses, if any.

(d) Investments in associates

Associates are all entities over which the Bank has significant influence but not control. Investments in associate is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

(e) Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Bank has significant control. Investments in subsidiary is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

5.2.5 Impairment

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale and held to maturity (except sukuk certificates) is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in fair value of an equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. Provision for diminution in the value of sukuk certificates is made as per the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. In case of impairment of available for sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in surplus on revaluation of securities on the Statement of Financial Position below equity is removed therefrom and recognised in the profit and loss account. For investments classified as held to maturity, the impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

5.2.6 Gains or losses on sale of investments are included in profit and loss for the year.

5.3 Financing

Financings are financial products originated by the Bank and principally comprise Murabaha, Istis'na, Ijarah, Salam, Musawama and Diminishing Musharaka receivables. These are stated net of general and specific provisions.

Specific provision

The Bank maintains specific provision for doubtful debts based on the requirements specified in the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

General provision

The Bank also maintains general provision at the rate of 5% against unsecured consumer portfolio and at the rate of 1.5% against secured consumer portfolio in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

The net provision made / reversed during the year is charged to the profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against financings. Financings are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

Murabaha to the purchase orderer is a sale transaction wherein the first party (the Bank) sells to the client/customer Shariah compliant assets / goods for cost plus a pre-agreed profit after getting title and possession of the same. In principle on the basis of an undertaking (Promise-to-Purchase) from the client (the purchase orderer), the Bank purchases the assets / goods subject of the Murabaha from a third party and takes the possession thereof. However the Bank can appoint the client as its agent to purchase the assets / goods on its behalf. Thereafter, it sells it to the client at cost plus the profit agreed upon in the promise.

Import Murabaha is a product, used to finance a commercial transaction which consists of purchase by the Bank (generally through an undisclosed agent) the goods from the foreign supplier and selling them to the customer after getting the title to and possession of the goods. Murabaha financing is extended to all types of trade transactions i.e., under Documentary Credits (LCs), Documentary Collections and Open Accounts.

Istisn'a is an order to manufacture or construct some assets. Istisn'a has two legs: first the bank acquires the described goods by way of Istisn'a to be manufactured by the customer from raw material of its own and once the goods are delivered to the Bank, the customer through an independent agency contract, will sell the same to various end-users as the agent of the Bank.

Ijarah is a contract in which the Bank buys and rents a productive asset to a person short of funds and in need of that asset.

Salam is a sale transaction where the seller undertakes to supply some specific goods to the buyer at a future date against an advance price fully paid on spot.

Musawamah is a sale transaction in which price of a commodity to be traded is bargained between the seller and the purchaser without any reference to the cost incurred by the seller.

Diminishing Musharaka represents an asset in joint ownership whereby a partner promises to buy the equity share of the other partner until the title to the equity is totally transferred to him. The partner using the asset pays the proportionate rental of such asset to the other partner (the Bank).

Musharaka / Modaraba are different types of partnerships in business with distribution of profit in agreed ratio and distribution of loss in the ratio of capital invested.

5.3.1 Ijarah Financings

Ijarah financings executed on or before December 31, 2008 have been accounted for under finance method, thereafter all Ijarah financings are accounted for under IFAS-2.

- (a) Under finance method, the present value method of minimum Ijarah payments have been recognised and shown under financings. The unearned income i.e. the excess of aggregate Ijarah rentals over the cost of the asset and documentation charges under Ijarah facility is deferred and then amortised over the term of the Ijarah, so as to produce a constant rate of return on net investment in the Ijarah. Gains / losses on termination of Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on a receipt basis. Income on Ijarah is recognised from the date of delivery of the respective assets to the mustajir (lessee).
- (b) Under IFAS-2 method, assets underlying Ijarah financings have been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any, and are shown under financings. Rentals accrued from Ijarah financings net of depreciation charged are taken to the profit and loss account. Depreciation on Ijarah assets is charged by applying the straight line method over the Ijarah period which is from the date of delivery of respective assets to mustajir upto the date of maturity / termination of Ijarah agreement.

5.4 Operating fixed assets and depreciation

5.4.1 Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method by taking into consideration the estimated useful life of the related assets at the rates specified in note 11.2 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions / deletions during the year is charged for the proportionate period for which the asset remained in use.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment if any, are taken to the profit and loss account.

5.4.2 Capital work in progress

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

5.4.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets having a finite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. The useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date. Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at acquisition cost, less impairment losses, if any.

Amortization on additions / deletions during the year is charged for the proportionate period for which the asset remained in use.

Software and other development costs are only capitalised to the extent that future economic benefits are expected to be derived by the Bank.

5.4.4 Impairment

At each reporting date, the Bank reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately in the financial statements except for impairment loss on revalued assets, which is adjusted against related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of that asset.

Where an impairment loss reverses subsequently, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately except for impairment loss on revalued assets which is adjusted against the related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of assets.

5.5 Taxation

5.5.1 Current

The provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at current rates of taxation, after taking into consideration available tax credits, rebates and tax losses as allowed under the seventh schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary relating to prior years, which arises from assessments / developments made during the year.

5.5.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Bank also records deferred tax asset on available tax losses. Deferred tax is calculated using the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Bank also recognises deferred tax asset / liability on deficit / surplus on revaluation of securities which is adjusted against the related deficit / surplus in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 12 - Income Taxes.

5.6 Staff retirement benefits

5.6.1 Defined benefit plan

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees. The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit gratuity scheme, is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the statement of financial position date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. Contributions to the fund are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The defined benefit obligation is calculated periodically by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The last valuation was conducted as on December 31, 2011. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised as income or expense over the average remaining working lives of the employees, if the net cumulative unrecognised actuarial gains or losses for the Scheme at the end of the previous financial year exceed 10% of the higher of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets.

5.6.2 Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates an approved funded contributory provident fund scheme for all of its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and the employees at the rate of 10 % of the basic salary. The Bank has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Bank are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

5.7 Revenue recognition

- 5.7.1 Profit from Murabaha is accounted for on consummation of Murabaha transaction. However, profit on the portion of revenue not due for payment is deferred by accounting for unearned Murabaha income with a corresponding credit to deferred Murabaha income which is recorded as a liability. The same is then recognised as revenue on a time proportionate basis.
- 5.7.2 Profit from Istis'n'a is recorded on accrual basis commencing from the time of sale of goods till the realisation of proceeds by the Bank. Profit from Diminishing Musharaka, Salam and Musawamah are recognised on a time proportionate basis.
- 5.7.3 The Bank follows the finance method in recognising income on Ijarah contracts written upto December 31, 2008. Under this method the unearned income i.e. excess of aggregate Ijarah rentals over the cost of the asset and documentation charges under Ijarah facility is deferred and then amortised over the term of the Ijarah, so as to produce a constant rate of return on net investment in the Ijarah. Gains / losses on termination of Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on a receipt basis. Income on Ijarah is recognised from the date of delivery of the respective assets to the mustajir (lessee).

Profit from Ijarah contracts entered on or after January 01, 2009 is recognized in the profit and loss account over the term of the contract net of depreciation expense relating to the Ijarah assets.

- 5.7.4 Profit on diminishing Musharaka is recognised on an accrual basis.
- 5.7.5 Provisional profit of Musharaka / Modaraba financing is recognised on an accrual basis. Actual profit / loss on Musharaka and Modaraba financings is adjusted for declaration of profit by Musharaka partner / modarib or at liquidation of Musharaka / Modaraba.
- 5.7.6 Profit on classified financing is recognised on receipt basis.
- 5.7.7 Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- 5.7.8 Gains and losses on sale of investments are included in profit and loss currently.
- 5.7.9 Fee on issuance of letter of credit and acceptance is recognised on receipt basis as generally the transaction consummates within an accounting period. Fee on guarantees, if considered material, is recognised over the period of guarantee.
- 5.7.10 Profit on Sukuks is recognised on an accrual basis.

5.8 Financial Instruments

5.8.1 Financial assets and financial liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are recognised at the time when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the Bank loses control of the contractual rights that comprise

the financial assets. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to income directly. Financial assets carried on the balance sheet include cash and bank balances, due from financial institutions, investments, financings, certain receivables and financial liabilities include bills payable, due to financial institutions, deposits and other payables. The particular recognition methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

5.8.2 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off-set and the net amount reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amount and the Bank intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also off-set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements.

5.8.3 Derivatives

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. In the case of equity futures, the fair value is calculated with reference to quoted market price. Derivatives with positive market values (unrealised gains) are included in other receivables and derivatives with negative market values (unrealised losses) are included in other liabilities in the statement of financial position. The resultant gains and losses are taken to profit and loss account currently.

5.9 Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into local currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Forward exchange promises are revalued using forward exchange rates applicable to their respective remaining maturities.

Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed at contracted rates. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the exchange rates ruling on the reporting date.

5.10 Fiduciary assets

Assets held in a fiduciary capacity are not treated as assets of the Bank in the financial statements.

5.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent assets are not recognised, and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

Provisions for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations are recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the Bank to settle the obligation. Charge to the profit and loss account is stated net of expected recoveries.

5.12 Deferred costs

As allowed by SBP pre-operating / preliminary expenses are included in deferred costs and these are amortized over a maximum period of five years on straight line basis from the date of commencement of business.

5.13 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject



to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Bank's primary format of reporting is based on business segments.

5.13.1 Business segments

Trading and sales

It includes equity, foreign exchanges, commodities, credit, funding, own position securities, placements and financings.

Retail banking

It includes retail financings, deposits and banking services offered to its retail customers and small and medium enterprises.

Commercial banking

It includes project finance, export finance, trade finance, Ijarah, guarantees and bills of exchange relating to its corporate customers.

Support Centre

It includes the assets and liabilities relating to support functions at Head Office and their related income and expenses.

5.13.2 Geographical segment

The Bank has 102 branches including 32 sub branches (2010: 102 branches including 32 sub branches) and operates only in Pakistan.

5.14 Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

The Bank occasionally acquires assets in settlement of certain doubtful financings. These are stated at lower of the net realizable value of the related advances and the current fair value of such assets.

6	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS	Note	2011		2010	
			Rupees in `000			
	In hand					
	- local currency		835,990		653,801	
	- foreign currency		97,403		159,600	
			<u>933,393</u>		<u>813,401</u>	
	With the State Bank of Pakistan in					
	- local currency current account	6.1	2,857,995		1,610,620	
	- foreign currency deposit accounts					
	Cash Reserves Account	6.2	42,005		30,401	
	Special Cash Reserve Account	6.3	50,189		35,967	
	US Dollar Clearing Account		16,634		19,264	
		6.4	<u>108,828</u>		<u>85,632</u>	
	With National Bank of Pakistan in					
	- local currency current account		784,610		525,495	
			<u>4,684,826</u>		<u>3,035,148</u>	

6.1 This represents Rs.2,857.995 million (2010: Rs. 1,610.620 million) held against Cash Reserve Requirement and Statutory Liquidity Requirement. The local currency current account is maintained with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) as per the requirements of Section 36 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. This section requires banking companies to maintain a local currency cash reserve in the current account opened with the SBP at a sum not less than such percentage of its time and demand liabilities in Pakistan as may be prescribed by SBP.

6.2 As per BSD Circular No. 15 dated June 21, 2008, cash reserve of 5% is required to be maintained with State Bank of Pakistan on deposits held under the New Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme (FE-25 deposits).

6.3 Special cash reserve of 6% is required to be maintained with SBP on FE-25 deposits as specified in BSD Circular No. 15 dated June 21, 2008. During the year this deposit was not remunerated (2010: Nil).

6.4 This includes Rs. 70.883 million (2010: Rs. 64.058 million) held against Cash Reserve Requirement and Special Cash Reserves Requirement. Balance amount is available to the Bank for its operations. These deposits do not carry any return.

7	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----				
	In Pakistan			
	- on current accounts		15,206	19,221
	- on deposit accounts	7.1	113	355
			<u>15,319</u>	<u>19,576</u>
	Outside Pakistan			
	- on current accounts		533,958	550,046
	- on deposit accounts		-	-
			<u>533,958</u>	<u>550,046</u>
			<u>549,277</u>	<u>569,622</u>

7.1 Represents deposits with various Islamic commercial banks under Musharaka and Modaraba arrangements with maturities less than 3 months. The expected profit rate on these arrangements is 5% (2010: 5 % to 13.5 %) per annum.

8	DUE FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----				
	Sukuk Murabaha	8.1	6,418	6,418
	Commodity Murabaha - local currency	8.2 & 8.3	3,911,264	4,513,132
			<u>3,917,682</u>	<u>4,519,550</u>
	Musharaka Placement	8.4	525,000	-
		8.5	4,442,682	4,519,550
	Provision against sukuk Murabaha		(6,418)	(6,418)
			<u>4,436,264</u>	<u>4,513,132</u>

8.1 The Bank entered into sukuk Murabaha arrangement under which the Bank appointed its client as an agent under asset purchase agreements to purchase the underlying sukuk from the open market on its behalf and later sell them on deferred Murabaha basis. The maturity date of the deal was February 08, 2009. The Bank is making efforts to recover the outstanding balance and has made a provision against the outstanding amount.

8.2 The Bank has entered into Commodity Murabaha agreements under which the Bank purchases an underlying commodity from open market through an agent and sells it to a financial institution on credit with profit. The profit rates on the agreement range between 10.75% to 12.5% (2010: 12.75 % and 13 %) per annum and the agreements have a maturity ranging from 2 days to 16 days.

	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----		
8.3 Commodity Murabaha sale price	529,196,217	544,831,409
Purchase price	(528,466,000)	(543,915,000)
	<u>730,217</u>	<u>916,409</u>
Deferred Commodity Murabaha income		
Opening balance	10,474	7,002
Deferred during the year	730,217	916,409
Recognised during the year	(733,292)	(912,937)
	<u>7,399</u>	<u>10,474</u>
Commodity Murabaha		
Opening balance	4,513,132	2,218,813
Sales during the year	529,196,217	544,831,409
Received during the year	(529,798,085)	(542,537,090)
	<u>3,911,264</u>	<u>4,513,132</u>

8.4 The Bank has entered into Musharaka placement agreements which carries profit at 11.90 % per annum and have a maturity of 4 days.

8.5	Particulars of amounts due from financial institutions with respect to currencies:	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
	- In local currency	4,442,682	4,519,550
	- In foreign currency	-	-
		<u>4,442,682</u>	<u>4,519,550</u>

9 INVESTMENTS

9.1 Investments by types

	Note	2011			2010		
		Held by the Bank	Given as collateral	Total	Held by the Bank	Given as collateral	Total
Rupees in `000							
Available for sale securities							
Sukuk / Certificates	9.2	20,630,926	-	20,630,926	13,506,277	-	13,506,277
Units of Open-end mutual fund	9.2	15	-	15	15	-	15
Units of Closed-end mutual fund	9.2	6	-	6	6	-	6
		<u>20,630,947</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,630,947</u>	<u>13,506,298</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,506,298</u>
Subsidiary							
Unlisted Company		191,015	-	191,015	191,015	-	191,015
Total investment at cost		<u>20,821,962</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,821,962</u>	<u>13,697,313</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,697,313</u>
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments	9.2	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	(15,000)	-	(15,000)
Investments - net of Provisions		<u>20,806,962</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,806,962</u>	<u>13,682,313</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,682,313</u>
Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale securities	20	260,120	-	260,120	49,819	-	49,819
Total investments at market value		<u>21,067,082</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,067,082</u>	<u>13,732,132</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,732,132</u>

9.2 Investments by segments

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Federal Government Securities			
GOP Ijarah Sukuks	9.3	18,300,248	9,750,000
Sukuks			
Sukuks - unlisted	9.3	2,330,678	3,756,277
Fully paid up ordinary shares / Units			
Unlisted subsidiary company	9.6	191,015	191,015
Units of Open-ended Mutual Funds	9.4	15	15
Units of Closed-end Mutual Funds	9.4	6	6
Total investment at cost		<u>20,821,962</u>	<u>13,697,313</u>
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments	9.7	(15,000)	(15,000)
Investments (net of provisions)		<u>20,806,962</u>	<u>13,682,313</u>
Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale securities	20	260,120	49,819
Total investments at market value		<u>21,067,082</u>	<u>13,732,132</u>

9.3 Available for sale securities

Name of the investee company	Note	2011	2010	Face Value (Rupees)	2011	2010
		Number of Certificates			Cost Rupees in `000	Cost
Sukuk Certificates						
Federal Government						
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 1		-	2,500	100,000	-	250,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 3	9.3.1	20,000	20,000	100,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 5	9.3.2	50,000	50,000	100,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 6	9.3.3	25,000	25,000	100,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 7	9.3.4	30,500	-	100,000	3,050,000	-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 8	9.3.5	22,500	-	100,000	2,250,248	-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 9	9.3.6	35,000	-	100,000	3,500,000	-
					<u>18,300,248</u>	<u>9,750,000</u>
Others						
First WAPDA Sukuk	9.3.7	60,000	60,000	5,000	299,737	299,453
Second WAPDA Sukuk	9.3.8	134,000	134,000	5,000	668,903	668,555
KSEW Sukuk - 1		-	38,000	5,000	-	190,000
KSEW Sukuk - 2		-	92,800	5,000	-	464,000
Pak Electron Sukuk	9.3.9	60,000	60,000	5,000	128,571	171,429
Amtex Sukuk	9.3.10	59,000	59,000	5,000	221,250	221,250
Engro Fertilizer Sukuk	9.3.11	65,000	65,000	5,000	322,511	322,005
Security Leasing Sukuk	9.3.12	2,000	2,000	5,000	4,219	6,094
Shahmurad Sugar Mills Sukuk		-	250	1,000,000	-	166,667
Second Sitara Chemicals Sukuk		-	10,000	5,000	-	12,500
Third Sitara Chemicals Sukuk	9.3.13	8,000	8,000	5,000	16,667	30,000
Sitara Energy Sukuk - 1	9.3.14	6,000	6,000	5,000	6,247	12,413
Sitara Energy Sukuk - 2	9.3.25	4,000	4,000	5,000	4,028	8,000
New Allied Electronics (LG) Sukuk	9.3.16	11,000	11,000	5,000	55,000	55,000
Sui Southern Gas Company Sukuk	9.3.17	84,000	84,000	5,000	168,000	336,000
Kohat Cement Sukuk	9.3.18	27,000	27,000	5,000	95,310	130,410
Eden Housing Sukuk	9.3.19	50,000	50,000	5,000	156,900	187,500
Optimus Sukuk	9.3.20	50,000	50,000	5,000	145,835	187,501
LESCO Sukuk		-	42,000	5,000	-	210,000
HBFC Sukuk	9.3.21	15,000	15,000	5,000	37,500	52,500
Haq Bahu Sugar Mills Sukuk - 1		-	10,000	5,000	-	25,000
					<u>2,330,678</u>	<u>3,756,277</u>
					<u>20,630,926</u>	<u>13,506,277</u>

- 9.3.1** The profit rate on these sukuk comprises of six months weighted average yield of six months market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in March 2012. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.2** The profit rate on these sukuk comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in November 2013. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.3** The profit rate on these sukuk comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in December 2013. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.4** The profit rate on these sukuk comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in March 2014. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.5** The profit rate on these sukuk comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in May 2014. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.6** The profit rate on these sukuk comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in December 2014. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.7** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 35 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 35 basis points) receivable on semi-annual basis with maturity in October 2012. The principal will be repaid on maturity. The purchase price and rentals are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.

The Bank had purchased 10,000 certificates on June 25, 2009 of WAPDA – 1 Sukuk through a negotiated transaction for a cash consideration of Rs. 50.228 million having face value of Rs. 50 million. These certificates were available in the seller's Central Depository Company (CDC) account and on completion of the transaction were transferred to the Bank's CDC account. However, the periodic Ijarah Rental dues were not paid to the Bank on the plea that there exists certain discrepancy with respect to ownership of the asset. The Bank and its legal advisors are of the view that the security and the rental purchased through CDC is deemed to be legally bona fide. The Bank's legal advisor is certain that the Bank will be able to recover the rental therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements.

- 9.3.8** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR minus 25 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR minus 25 basis points) receivable on semi-annual basis with maturity in July 2017. The principal will be repaid in 12 equal semi-annual installments with first installment falling due on the 54th month from the first drawdown date. The issue amount and rentals are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.9** These Sukuks have been restructured during the year. After restructuring these Sukuks carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 175 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 175 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in September 2014. The outstanding principal will be redeemed in 6 equal quarterly installments starting from June 2013.
- 9.3.10** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 200 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 200 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in October 2012. The principal will be redeemed in 12 consecutive quarterly installments, the first such installment falling due not later than the end of 27 months from the last draw down. These Sukuk are backed by guarantee of Rs. 740 million from a bank. During 2010, Amtex has defaulted on its principal repayment. Consequently the Bank has suspended the accrual of profit from the Sukuk. During the year the Bank has called the underlying guarantee.
- 9.3.11** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 150 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 150 basis points) receivable semi annually based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in September 2015. Principal repayment to be made in two consecutive, equal semi annual installments, the first such installment falling due on the 90th month from the date of the first contribution under the facility. As a security first pari passu charge has been provided on all present and future fixed assets of the Company with margin.
- 9.3.12** These Sukuks have been further restructured w.e.f. March 2011. After restructuring these Sukuks carry profit at the rate of 0%, (2010: 6% (3% Cash + 3% accrual) upto September 2011 receivable monthly and thereafter at the rate of 1 month KIBOR upto maturity. The accrued profit amount to be repaid in six equal monthly installments starting from 43rd month. Principal to be repaid in 48 months starting from April 2010). As per the new restructured plan principal will be repaid in 36 monthly installments and the accrued portion of profit upto March 2011 has also been waived.
- 9.3.13** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 100 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 100 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in December 2012. The principal will be redeemed in 12 equal quarterly installments the first such installment falling due on the 27th month from the date of first draw down. As a security specific and exclusive hypothecation charge in respect of the Musharaka assets in favour of the investors to the extent of entire legal ownership rights of the company (covering the entire amount of Sukuk along with an 18.22% margin) is provided. There is an early purchase option available to the issuer after 2 years of disbursement with "No Early Payment Penalty".
- 9.3.14** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points) receivable semi-annually with maturity in July 2012. The principal will be redeemed in ten equal semi-annual installments commencing from the 6th month from the date of issue. As a security first charge over present and future assets of the company with 25% margin has been provided.
- 9.3.15** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points) receivable semi-annually with maturity in July 2012. The principal will be redeemed in ten equal semi-annual installments commencing from the 6th month from the date of issue. As a security first charge over present and future assets of the company with 25% margin has been provided.

- 9.3.16** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 220 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 220 basis points) receivable semi-annually with maturity in December 2012. The principal will be repaid in 6 consecutive semi-annual installments, the first such installment falling not later than the end of 30th month from the date of issue. As a security first pari passu charge over all present and future fixed assets amounting to Rs. 800 million of the company, irrevocable guarantee of a Financial Institution and Personal Guarantee of sponsoring directors has been provided. There is an early purchase option available to the issuer after 2 years of disbursement. A provision for the diminution in value of investment amounting to Rs. 15 million has been made against the principal.
- 9.3.17** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 20 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 20 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism having a tenor of 5 years with maturity in December 2012. The principal will be repaid in 10 consecutive quarterly installments, the first installment falling due on end of 33rd month from the last draw down. As a security first pari passu charge over fixed assets of the company or equitable mortgage on selected land and building with 25% margin has been provided. There is an early purchase option available to the issuer after 1 year of disbursement.
- 9.3.18** These sukuks have been restructured during the year. After restructuring these Sukuks carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 150 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 180 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in September 2016. As per the new "Restructuring Agreement", Principal to be redeemed with revised mechanism and profit for the first four quarters will go into a frozen account, which will be retired through payments made from 13th quarter to 20th quarter. As a security first ranking hypothecation charge over all present and future fixed assets of the company equivalent to the facility amount, along with 25% margin and first ranking mortgage over all present and future immoveable properties of the Company with a 25% margin over the facility amount has been provided.
- 9.3.19** These Sukuks carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 250 basis points upto June 29, 2013 and three months KIBOR plus 300 basis points for the period between June 30, 2013 and June 29, 2014. (2010: three months KIBOR plus 250 basis points upto June 29, 2013 and three months KIBOR plus 300 basis points for the period between June 30, 2013 and June 29, 2014) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in June 2014. These sukuks were restructured in 2010, accordingly the principal redemption started from September 2010 till June 2014 and will be calculated using the percentage as mentioned in "Restructuring Agreement". As a security charge over hypothecated assets amounting to Rs. 2,445 million (inclusive of approximately 33.5% margin) and a charge over the mortgaged property of the company amounting to Rs. 1,820 million (inclusive of 10% margin) has been created by the issuer in favour of the trustee.
- 9.3.20** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 125 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 125 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in April 2015. The principal will be repaid in 24 consecutive quarterly installments, the first such installment falling due not later than the end of the 15th month from the last drawdown. As a security, first specific charge on specified vehicles amounting to Rs. 250 million of the company (on market value to be established every year by approved valuator) and a 25% margin over the principal amount in the form of first floating charge on the company's present and future current assets has been provided.
- 9.3.21** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 100 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 100 basis points) receivable semi annually and the first such profit payment will fall due after six months from the issue date with maturity in May 2014. As a security first charge over specific assets of the Company with 25% security margin has been provided. The principal will be redeemed in 10 equal semi-annual installments starting from 18th month of the date of issue of Sukuk.

9.4 Details of investments in Mutual Funds

Name of investee fund	2011		2010	
	Number of Units	Cost (Rupees in '000)	Number of Units	Cost (Rupees in '000)
Open ended mutual funds				
Al Meezan Cash Fund	128	5	112	5
Meezan Islamic Fund	166	5	134	5
Meezan Islamic Income Fund	115	5	104	5
		<u>15</u>		<u>15</u>
Close end mutual funds				
Meezan Balanced Fund	1,000	6	1,000	6
		<u>21</u>		<u>21</u>

9.5 Quality of Available for Sale Securities
Sukuks / Certificates - (at market value / cost)

	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Long / Medium Term Rating (Where available)		(Rupees in '000)	
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 1	N/A	Unrated	-	254,050
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 3	Unrated	Unrated	2,017,600	2,030,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 5	Unrated	Unrated	5,055,000	5,000,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 6	Unrated	Unrated	2,563,000	2,500,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 7	Unrated	N/A	3,125,335	-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 8	Unrated	N/A	2,280,825	-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 9	Unrated	N/A	3,512,950	-
WAPDA First Sukuk Certificates	Unrated	Unrated	301,410	311,610
WAPDA Second Sukuk Certificates	Unrated	Unrated	672,881	674,154
Karachi Shipyard and Engineering Works - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	190,000
Karachi Shipyard and Engineering Works - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	464,000
Pak Elektron Limited Sukuk - Sukuk	A	A+	128,571	171,429
Amtex Sukuk - Sukuk	D (SO)	Default	221,250	221,250
Engro Chemicals Pakistan Limited - Sukuk	AA	AA	322,511	322,005
Security Leasing - Sukuk	Unrated	Unrated	4,219	6,094
Shahmurad Sugar Mills - Sukuk	N/A	A-	-	166,667
Sitara Chemical Industries Limited - Second Sukuk	N/A	AA-	-	12,500
Sitara Chemical Industries Limited - Third Sukuk	A+	AA-	16,667	30,000
Sitara Energy Limited - Sukuk	Unrated	Unrated	6,247	12,413
Sitara Energy Limited - Sukuk	Unrated	Unrated	4,028	8,000
New Allied Electronics - Sukuk	Default	Default	55,000	55,000
Sui Southern Gas Company Limited - Sukuk	AA	AA	168,000	336,000
Kohat Cement - Sukuk	Withdrawn	Withdrawn	95,310	130,410
Eden Housing - Sukuk	D	A	156,900	187,500
Optimus - Sukuk	A	A	145,835	187,501
Lahore Electric Supply Corporation - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	210,000
House Building Finance Corporation - Sukuk	A	A+	37,500	52,500
Haq Bahu Sugar Mills - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	25,000
			20,891,039	13,558,083
Units of open-end mutual funds (at market value)				
Meezan Cash Fund	AA+(f)	AA(f)	6	6
Meezan Islamic Fund	5 Star	5 Star	7	6
Meezan Islamic Income Fund	A+(f)	A+(f)	6	5
Units of closed-end mutual funds (at market value)				
Meezan Balanced Fund	AM2	AM2	9	7
			28	24
			20,891,067	13,558,107
Less: Provision for diminution in the value of investments			(15,000)	(15,000)
			20,876,067	13,543,107

9.6 Details of investment in unlisted subsidiary

	Holding %	Breakup value Per Share	Cost	
			2011	2010
			----- Rupees in `000 -----	
BankIslami Modaraba Investments Limited Chief Executive Mr. Zulfiqar Ali 8,000,000 (2010: 8,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	100	18.05	191,015	191,015

Breakup value per share is based on the financial statements of the subsidiary for the half year ended December 31, 2011.

9.7 Particular of provision for diminution in the value of investments

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Opening balance	9.7.1	15,000	15,000
Charge for the year		-	-
Reversals		-	-
Closing balance		15,000	15,000
9.7.1 Particulars of provision in respect of type and segment			
Sukuk certificates - Available for sale securities		15,000	15,000
		15,000	15,000

10 FINANCINGS

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
Financings in Pakistan			
- Murabaha	10.1 & 10.3	6,343,955	6,870,285
- Istisn'a	10.2	2,630,000	1,445,000
- Diminishing Musharka - Housing		1,562,950	946,765
- Diminishing Musharka - Others		6,280,778	5,161,718
- Against Bills - Murabaha		65,452	9,575
- Against Bills - Musawama		-	2,640
- Post Due Acceptance		53,397	-
- Musawama Financings		1,427,500	-
- Financings to employees	10.6 & 10.11	511,687	400,381
		<u>18,875,719</u>	<u>14,836,364</u>
Housing finance portfolio	10.4	156,111	809,277
Net investment in Ijarah financing in Pakistan	10.7	371,701	706,358
Net book value of assets/investment in ijarah under IFAS 2	10.8	1,057,265	647,098
Financings – gross		<u>20,460,796</u>	<u>16,999,097</u>
Less: Provision against non-performing financings	10.9 & 10.10		
- Specific		(321,423)	(296,681)
- General		(28,972)	(32,291)
Financings – net of provisions		<u>20,110,401</u>	<u>16,670,125</u>

10.1 Murahaba includes financings amounting to Rs. 99.999 million (2010: Rs 390.761 million) against Murabaha under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme.

10.2 Istisn'a includes financing amounting to Rs. 350 million (2010: Rs 50 million) against Istisn'a under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme.

	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----		
10.3 Murabaha sale price	22,441,710	17,829,687
Purchase price	(21,596,731)	(17,117,952)
	<u>844,979</u>	<u>711,735</u>

10.3.1 Deferred Murabaha income

Opening balance	160,141	81,312
Arising during the year	844,979	711,735
Recognised during the year	(879,998)	(632,906)
	<u>125,122</u>	<u>160,141</u>

10.3.2 Murabaha receivable

Opening balance	6,870,285	4,180,471
Sales during the year	22,441,710	17,829,687
Received during the year	(22,968,040)	(15,139,873)
	<u>6,343,955</u>	<u>6,870,285</u>

10.4 Last year, the Bank acquired the housing finance portfolio of CitiBank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches ("the acquired portfolio") under Shariah Compliant Structure of Hawalah (assignment of debt) and Wakalah Lil Qabz (recovery agency). The Wakalah Lil Qabz portfolio was subsequently transferred to the Bank by CitiBank. The acquisition has duly been approved by the State Bank of Pakistan vide letter no. BPRD (R&P-02)/625-93/2010/9690 dated December 06, 2010 and by the Competition Commission of Pakistan vide letter no. 169/CCP/MERGER/2009 dated December 24, 2010. The Bank has settled a loan amount of Rs 722.590 million with CitiBank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches against the acquired portfolio amounting to Rs 953.273 million (comprising of Rs 722 million under assignment of debt and Rs 231.130 million under Wakalah Lil Qabz)

The acquired portfolio was to be converted in Shariah Compliant Diminishing Musharika based facility "Muskun". No income was to be recognised on the acquired portfolio which was not converted to Shariah Compliant "Muskun" facility. Such unrecognized amount needs to be paid as charity. During the current year out of the total acquired portfolio of Rs 953.273 million, loans amounting to Rs 507.733 million have been converted to "Muskun" facility, loans amounting to Rs 34.409 million have been returned to CitiBank on the basis of some discrepancy in the documents and loans amounting to Rs 266.432 million have not been converted to "Muskun" facility. The gain arising on the acquired portfolio has been deferred and will be transferred to profit and loss account on the time proportionate basis

	2011	2010
10.5 Particulars of financings	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
10.5.1 In local currency	20,460,796	16,999,097
10.5.2 Short -Term (for upto one year)	12,856,417	11,649,194
Long- Term (for over one year)	7,604,379	5,349,903
	20,460,796	16,999,097

10.6 This includes Rs 2.274 million (2010: Rs 2.259 million) markup free financing to employees advanced under Bank's Human Resource Policy.

10.7 Net investment in Ijarah financings

	2011				2010			
	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total
	Rupees in `000							
Ijarah rentals receivable	71,352	207,138	-	278,490	178,114	425,153	-	603,267
Residual value	115,502	46,851	-	162,353	109,008	149,725	-	258,733
Minimum Ijarah payments	186,854	253,989	-	440,843	287,122	574,878	-	862,000
Profit for future periods	(12,656)	(56,486)	-	(69,142)	(40,855)	(114,787)	-	(155,642)
Present value of minimum Ijarah payments	174,198	197,503	-	371,701	246,267	460,091	-	706,358
	2011				2010			
	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total
	Rupees in `000							
Net investment in Ijarah financings - IFAS 2								
Ijarah rentals receivable	33,869	1,023,396	-	1,057,265	20,707	626,391	-	647,098

10.8 Ijarah Assets

	2011								
	COST			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					Rate of depreciation %
As at January 01, 2011	Additions / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2011	As at January 01, 2011	Charge / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2011	Book value as at December 31, 2011			
	Rupees in `000								
Plant and Machinery	180,995	343,391	524,386	29,383	106,381	135,764	388,622	20-33.33	
Vehicles	582,817	415,195	896,083	87,331	149,560	227,440	668,643	20-33.33	
	763,812	(101,929)	1,420,469	116,714	(9,451)	363,204	1,057,265		
		(101,929)			(9,451)				
	2010								
	COST			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					Rate of depreciation %
As at January 01, 2010	Additions / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2010	As at January 01, 2010	Charge / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2010	Book value as at December 31, 2010			
	Rupees in `000								
Plant and Machinery	61,356	119,639	180,995	8,393	20,990	29,383	151,612	20-33.33	
Vehicles	155,105	431,704	582,817	20,873	68,413	87,331	495,486	20-33.33	
	216,461	(3,992)	763,812	29,266	(1,955)	116,714	647,098		
		(3,992)			(1,955)				

10.9 Financing includes Rs. 799.001 million (2010: Rs. 660.047 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as follows:

Category of Classification	2011								
	Classified Financings			Provision Required			Provision Held		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total
	Rupees in `000								
Substandard	71,810	-	71,810	1,816	-	1,816	1,816	-	1,816
Doubtful	67,648	-	67,648	848	-	848	848	-	848
Loss	659,543	-	659,543	318,759	-	318,759	318,759	-	318,759
	<u>799,001</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>799,001</u>	<u>321,423</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>321,423</u>	<u>321,423</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>321,423</u>
	2010								
	Classified Financings			Provision Required			Provision Held		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total
	Rupees in `000								
Substandard	53,570	-	53,570	5,008	-	5,008	5,008	-	5,008
Doubtful	52,521	-	52,521	8,350	-	8,350	8,350	-	8,350
Loss	553,956	-	553,956	283,323	-	283,323	283,323	-	283,323
	<u>660,047</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>660,047</u>	<u>296,681</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>296,681</u>	<u>296,681</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>296,681</u>

10.10 Particulars of provision against non-performing financings:

	2011			2010		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
	Rupees in `000					
Opening balance	296,681	32,291	328,972	230,928	18,781	249,709
Charge for the year	101,528	-	101,528	69,599	2,049	71,648
Reversals	(76,786)	(3,319)	(80,105)	(79,072)	-	(79,072)
	24,742	(3,319)	21,423	(9,473)	2,049	(7,424)
Transferred during the years	-	-	-	75,226	11,461	86,687
Closing balance	<u>321,423</u>	<u>28,972</u>	<u>350,395</u>	<u>296,681</u>	<u>32,291</u>	<u>328,972</u>

10.10.1 The Bank has maintained a general reserve (provision) in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Consumer Financing issued by SBP and for potential losses on financings.

10.10.2 Particulars of provision against non-performing financings:

	2011			2010		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
	Rupees in `000					
In local currency	321,423	28,972	350,395	296,681	32,291	328,972
In foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>321,423</u>	<u>28,972</u>	<u>350,395</u>	<u>296,681</u>	<u>32,291</u>	<u>328,972</u>

During the year the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has introduced certain amendments in the Prudential Regulations in respect of maintenance of provisioning requirements against non-performing loans and advances vide BSD Circular No. 1 dated October 21, 2011 (effective from September 30, 2011). Under the revised guidelines issued by SBP, banks have been allowed to avail the benefit of Forced Sales Value (FSV) of collaterals held as follows:

a. Prudential Regulation R-8 for Corporate / Commercial Banking and Prudential Regulation R-11 for SME Financing:

Category of Asset	Benefit of FSV allowed from the date of classification
Mortgaged residential, commercial, and industrial properties (land & building only)	75% for first year 60% for second year 45% for third year 30% for fourth year, and 20% for fifth year
Plant & Machinery under charge	30% for first year 20% for second year, and 10% for third year
Pledged stock	40% for three years

b. Prudential Regulations R-22 for Consumer Financing:

Category of Asset	Benefit of FSV allowed from the date of classification
Mortgaged residential property	75% for first and second year 50% for third and fourth year, and 30% for fifth year

However, as per the Circular the additional impact on profitability arising from availing the benefit of forced sales value against pledged stocks, mortgaged residential, commercial and industrial properties and plant and machinery would not be available for payment of cash or stock dividend. Under the previous guidelines issued by SBP which were effective from September 30, 2009, banks were allowed to avail the benefit of 40% of forced sales value of pledged stocks and mortgaged residential, commercial and industrial properties held as collateral against all non-performing loans for 3 years from the date of classification for calculating provisioning requirement. However, the benefit of discounted forced sales value of plant and machinery was previously not available to banks for calculating provisioning requirement.

Had the provision against non-performing loans and advances been determined in accordance with the previously laid down requirements of SBP, the specific provision against non-performing loans would have been higher and consequently profit before taxation and advances (net of provisions) as at December 31, 2011 would have been lower by approximately Rs. 59.428 million. As allowed under the circular the Bank has availed benefit of forced sale values amounting to Rs. 443.846 million (2010: Rs 298.764 million) in determining the provisioning against non performing financings as at December 31, 2011.

10.10.3 During the current year, financial relief in respect of financings was given to three customers from the Citibank acquired portfolio. The Bank did not incur any loss on these financings as the acquired amount of these loans was lower than the amount finally settled by the customers. The financial relief given includes financial relief given to one customer above Rs. 500,000 on the basis of the original outstanding amount. The details are as under:

S. No.	Customer Name	Father's Name	Address	CNIC No.	Amount outstanding	Amount received	Financial relief given
----- Rupees -----							
1	Muhammad Kashif Rahim Khan	Muhammad Abdul Rahim Khan	House No. R-1074, Sector 15-A-4, Buffer Zone, North Karachi, Karachi	4210117028327	1,745,780	1,200,000	545,780

10.11 Particulars of financings to directors, executives or officers of the Bank

Financings due by directors, executives or officers of the bank or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons	Note	2011 ----- Rupees in `000 -----	2010
Balance at beginning of year		400,381	300,052
Financing granted during the year		202,089	155,382
Repayments		(90,783)	(55,053)
Balance at end of year		511,687	400,381

11 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

Capital work-in-progress	11.1	5,360	5,140
Property and equipment	11.2	1,732,638	1,980,249
Intangible assets	11.3	73,630	81,291
		1,811,628	2,066,680

11.1 Capital work-in-progress

Civil works
Equipment
Advances to suppliers and contractors

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	1,580	4,894
	3,780	246
	<u>5,360</u>	<u>5,140</u>

11.2 Property and equipment

	2011							
	COST			DEPRECIATION			Net book value as at December 31, 2011	Rate of Depreciation
	As at January 01, 2011	Additions/ (disposals) / adjustments	As at December 31, 2011	As at January 01, 2011	Charge for the year / (disposals) / adjustment	As at December 31, 2011		
	----- Rupees in `000 -----							
Free hold Land	275,128	-	275,128	-	-	-	275,128	-
Building on lease hold land	913,031	-	913,031	138,422	45,652	184,074	728,957	5
Furniture and fixture	770,158	14,131 (257) (6,323)	777,709	192,823	76,475 (56)	269,242	508,467	10
Electrical, office and computer equipment	816,474	68,950 (1,825) 5,695	889,294	488,643	185,586 (1,390)	672,839	216,455	25
Vehicles	50,818	69 (40,520)	10,367	25,472	3,032 (21,768)	6,736	3,631	20
	<u>2,825,609</u>	<u>83,150</u> <u>(42,602)</u> <u>(628)</u>	<u>2,865,529</u>	<u>845,360</u>	<u>310,745</u> <u>(23,214)</u>	<u>1,132,891</u>	<u>1,732,638</u>	

	2010							
	COST			DEPRECIATION			Net book value as at December 31, 2010	Rate of Depreciation
	As at January 01, 2010	Additions/ (disposals) / adjustments	As at December 31, 2010	As at January 01, 2010	Charge for the year / (disposals) / adjustment	As at December 31, 2010		
	----- Rupees in `000 -----							
Free hold Land	275,128	-	275,128	-	-	-	275,128	-
Building on lease hold land	913,031	-	913,031	92,554	45,868	138,422	774,609	5
Furniture and fixture	755,440	15,467 (332) (417)	770,158	116,829	75,883 (85) 196	192,823	577,335	10
Electrical, office and computer equipment	776,652	41,588 (628) (1,138)	816,474	298,298	191,324 (405) (574)	488,643	327,831	25
Vehicles	127,509	4,220 (80,911)	50,818	50,263	20,611 (45,402)	25,472	25,346	20
	<u>2,847,760</u>	<u>61,275</u> <u>(81,871)</u> <u>(1,555)</u>	<u>2,825,609</u>	<u>557,944</u>	<u>333,686</u> <u>(45,892)</u> <u>(378)</u>	<u>845,360</u>	<u>1,980,249</u>	

11.2.1 Details of property and equipment disposed-off

The details of property and equipment disposed-off during the year are disclosed in 'Annexure 1'

11.3 Intangible asset

	2011							
	COST			AMORTISATION			Net book value as at December 31, 2011	Rate of Amortization
	As at January 01, 2011	Additions/ (disposals)	As at December 31, 2011	As at January 01, 2011	Charge for the Year	As at December 31, 2011		
	----- Rupees in `000 -----							
Computer software	148,377	22,044	170,421	67,086	29,705	96,791	73,630	20

2010								
COST			AMORTISATION			Net book value as at December 31, 2010	Rate of Amortization	
As at January 01, 2010	Additions/ (disposals)	As at December 31, 2010	As at January 01, 2010	Charge for the Year	As at December 31, 2010			
Rupees in `000								
Computer software	144,435	3,942	148,377	39,288	27,798	67,086	81,291	20

11.4 Cost of fully depreciated properties and equipment that are still in the Bank's use, as at December 31, 2011, amounted to Rs. 244.062 million (2010: Rs 92.396 million). The cost of fully amortised intangible assets that are still in the Bank's use, as at December 31, 2011 amounted to Rs.16.164 million (2010: 11.487 million).

12 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
Deferred tax debits arising in respect of:			
Accumulated tax losses	12.1	401,999	632,862
Tax credit against minimum tax paid		118,562	61,319
Provision against non-performing financings		1,753	-
Ijarah financings		3,433	-
		525,747	694,181
Deferred tax credits arising due to:			
Ijarah financings		-	(1,627)
Accelerated tax depreciation		(246,575)	(263,658)
Amortization of deferred cost		-	(1,430)
Surplus on revaluation of investment		(91,042)	(17,437)
Provision against non-performing financings		-	(7,846)
		(337,617)	(291,998)
		188,130	402,183

12.1 The Bank has an aggregate amount of Rs. 1,148.569 million (2010: Rs. 1,768.345 million) in respect of tax losses as at December 31, 2011. The management carries out periodic assessment to assess the benefit of these losses as the Bank would be able to set off the profit earned in future years against these carry forward losses. Based on this assessment the management has recognised deferred tax debit balance amounting to Rs. 401.999 million (2010: Rs. 632.862 million) [including an unabsorbed tax depreciation of Rs. 894.065 million (2010: Rs. 1,348.868 million)] on the entire available losses. The amount of this benefit has been determined based on the projected financial statements for the future periods. The determination of future taxable profit is most sensitive to certain key assumptions such as cost to income ratio of the Bank, deposit composition, kibar rates, growth of deposits and financings, investment returns, product mix of financings, potential provision against assets and branch expansion plan. Any significant change in the key assumptions may have an effect on the realisibility of the deferre tax asset.

13 OTHER ASSETS

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
Profit / return accrued in local currency		962,319	643,769
Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		104,062	85,851
Advance against financings	13.1	4,594,158	2,895,585
Advance taxation (payments less provision)		8,686	9,526
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	13.4	308,410	308,410
Branch adjustment account		-	39,227
Unrealised gain on forward foreign exchange promises		1,092	7,164
Deferred costs	13.2	-	4,086
Insurance claim receivable		17,399	12,639
Car Ijara Repossession		2,234	1,473
Other Receivable	13.3	50,184	50,479
		6,048,544	4,058,209
Less: Provision held against other assets	13.5	(74,838)	(11,528)
Other assets (net of provisions)		5,973,706	4,046,681

13.1 Represents advance given in respect of Murahaba and Ijarah financings.

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Opening balance	4,086	20,169
Less: Amortised during the year	(4,086)	(16,083)
Closing balance	-	4,086

13.3 Includes Rupees Nil (2010: Rs 1.757 million) in respect of letter of credits.

13.4 The market value of Non-Banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims is Rs 317.812 million (2010: Rs 317.812 million).

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
13.5 Provision held against other assets			
Opening balance		11,528	-
Charge for the year		63,310	11,528
Reversals		-	-
Closing balance		74,838	11,528

14 BILLS PAYABLE

In Pakistan	798,853	563,020
Outside Pakistan	-	-
	798,853	563,020

15 DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

In Pakistan	800,000	353,000
Outside Pakistan	-	-
	800,000	353,000

15.1 Details of due to financial institutions secured / unsecured

Secured

Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme	15.1.1	800,000	353,000
		800,000	353,000

15.1.1 Represents Musharaka contributions by the State Bank of Pakistan against Islamic Export Refinance Scheme. These carry expected profit rate of 10% per annum (2010: 8.5% to 9% per annum) and are secured against collateral.

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
15.2 Particulars of due to financial institutions with respect to currencies		
In local currency	800,000	353,000
In foreign currencies	-	-
	800,000	353,000

16 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

Customers

Fixed deposits	24,541,027	18,796,560
Savings deposits	14,257,250	9,982,409
Current accounts - non-remunerative	10,101,628	8,975,862
Margin accounts – non-remunerative	97,270	158,067
	48,997,175	37,912,898

Financial Institutions

Remunerative deposits	1,524,716	258,117
Non-remunerative deposits	46,894	27,305
	50,568,785	38,198,320

16.1 Particulars of deposits

In local currency	49,924,398	37,619,916
In foreign currencies	644,387	578,404
	50,568,785	38,198,320

17 OTHER LIABILITIES

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Profit / return payable in local currency		518,038	300,870
Profit / return payable in foreign currency		29	-
Unearned fees and commission		1,180	5,212
Accrued expenses		117,657	137,012
Deferred Murabaha Income - Financing and IERS	10.3.1	125,122	160,141
Deferred Murabaha Income - Commodity Murabaha	8.3	7,399	10,474
Payable to defined benefit plan	31	241	58,023
Payable to defined contribution plan	32	879	959
Unearned rent		1,209	1,151
Security deposits against ijara		434,375	390,706
Branch adjustment account		1,517	-
Sundry creditors		34,432	34,036
Charity payable	17.1	5,747	9,441
Retention money		7,233	7,071
Withholding tax payable		2,666	3,595
WWF Payable		13,867	1,219
Others		69,447	35,067
		<u>1,341,038</u>	<u>1,154,977</u>
17.1 Opening		9,441	8,071
Additions during		4,806	5,770
Payments during	17.1.1	(8,500)	(4,400)
Closing balance		<u>5,747</u>	<u>9,441</u>

17.1.1 Charity in excess of Rs 100,000 was paid to the following:

Deaf and Dumb Welfare Society	-	300
Fakhr-e-Imdad Foundation	-	700
The Citizen Foundation	2,000	2800
Alamgir Welfare Trust Intl	1,000	-
The Indus Hospital	2,000	-
The Memon Medical	1,000	-
Akhuwat Charity	1,000	-
Jamiat Taleem Ul Quran	1,000	-
Captain (Retd) Ibrahim	-	600
Mrs. Saba Zulfiqar	500	-
	<u>8,500</u>	<u>4,400</u>

17.1.2 Charity was not paid to any staff of the Bank or to any individual / organisation in which a director or his spouse had any interest at any time during the year.

18 SHARE CAPITAL

18.1 Authorised capital	2011	2010	2011	2010
	-----Number of shares-----		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	1,300,000,000	1,300,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000
Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each				
18.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital				
	527,967,898	527,967,898	5,279,679	5,279,679
Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each				
Fully paid in cash	527,967,898	527,967,898	5,279,679	5,279,679

18.3 The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 7 dated April 2009 had revised the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for the Banks. As per the circular the Bank was required to have a minimum issued, subscribed and paid-up capital (free of losses) of Rs. 8 billion by December 31 2011 and is required to raise it to Rs. 10 billion in a phased manner by December 31, 2013 The paid-up capital of the Bank (free of losses) amounted to Rs. 5.052 billion at December 31, 2011. As more fully explained in note 1.2 to this financial statements, the SBP vide its letter No.BSD/CSD/546/2012 dated January 13, 2012 has granted extension to the Bank in timeline for meeting MCR (free of losses) amounting to Rs. 6 billion till June 30, 2012.

19 RESERVES	NOTE	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Statutory Reserves	19.1	<u>91,221</u>	<u>9,310</u>
19.1	Under section 21 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 an amount of not less than 20% of the profit is to be transferred to create a reserve fund till such time the reserve fund and the share premium account equal the amount of the paid up capital. Thereafter, an amount of not less than 10% of the profit is required to be transferred to such reserve fund.		
20 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS			
20.1 Surplus on revaluation of available for sale securities		2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Sukuk Certificates		<u>260,113</u>	49,816
Mutual Fund		<u>7</u>	<u>3</u>
		<u>260,120</u>	49,819
Related deferred tax liability		<u>(91,042)</u>	<u>(17,437)</u>
		<u>169,078</u>	<u>32,382</u>
21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
21.1 Transaction-related contingent liabilities			
Contingent liabilities in respect of performance bonds, bid bonds, warranties, etc. given favoring			
- Government		<u>689,949</u>	869,935
- Others		<u>631,196</u>	110,245
		<u>1,321,145</u>	<u>980,180</u>
21.2 Trade-related contingent liabilities			
Import letter of Credit		<u>1,725,823</u>	1,260,833
Acceptances		<u>235,229</u>	176,571
		<u>1,961,052</u>	<u>1,437,404</u>
21.3 Claim not acknowledged as debt		<u>842,707</u>	<u>982,606</u>
21.4 Commitments in respect of promises			
Purchase		<u>93,574</u>	<u>339,270</u>
Sale		<u>127,607</u>	<u>373,661</u>
21.5 Commitments for the acquisition of operating fixed assets		<u>4,779</u>	<u>34,745</u>
21.6 Commitments in respect of financing facilities			
The Bank makes commitments to extend financings in the normal course of its business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or expense if the facility is unilaterally withdrawn .			
21.7 Other commitments		2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Bills for collection		<u>244,596</u>	<u>320,132</u>
22 PROFIT / RETURN EARNED			
On financings to:			
- Customers		<u>2,546,663</u>	1,960,781
- Financial institutions		<u>738,027</u>	926,266
		<u>3,284,690</u>	2,887,047
On investments in available for sale securities		<u>2,190,136</u>	885,808
On deposits / placements with financial institutions		<u>9,024</u>	20,813
Others		<u>18,304</u>	13,529
		<u>5,502,154</u>	<u>3,807,197</u>

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
23 PROFIT / RETURN EXPENSED			
Deposits		2,811,667	2,021,669
Other short term fund generation		55,851	35,864
Others		15,837	-
		<u>2,883,355</u>	<u>2,057,533</u>
24 OTHER INCOME			
Rent on property		8,268	10,523
Gain on termination of ijarah financing		10,485	7,208
Gain on sale of property and equipment	11.2.1	12,787	20,260
Other		21,764	14,793
		<u>53,304</u>	<u>52,784</u>
25 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	25.3	787,128	601,862
Charge for defined benefit plan	31	25,944	20,914
Contribution to defined contribution plan	32	26,566	25,464
Worker's Welfare Fund		12,648	1,219
Non-executive directors' fees, allowances and other expenses		1,550	1,550
Insurance on consumer car ijarah		31,334	31,999
Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.		312,956	293,457
Legal and professional charges		10,325	11,395
Communications		83,352	78,463
Repairs and maintenance		150,421	143,181
Stationery and printing		25,476	22,800
Advertisement and publicity		67,203	46,152
Auditors' remuneration	25.1	3,737	5,329
Depreciation	11.2	310,745	333,686
Amortization	25.2	33,791	43,881
CDC and share registrar services		3,828	4,075
Entertainment expense		19,188	15,793
Security service charges		66,574	60,358
Brokerage and commission		5,577	7,793
Travelling and conveyance		15,703	11,075
Remuneration to Shariah Board		250	250
Fees and Subscription		80,322	82,036
Vehicle Running and Maintenance		25,409	24,838
Others		47,500	27,906
		<u>2,147,527</u>	<u>1,895,476</u>
25.1 Auditors' remuneration			
Audit fee		1,750	1,500
Fee for the review of half yearly financial statements		600	420
Special certifications and sundry advisory services		900	2,920
Tax services		-	90
Out-of-pocket expenses		487	399
		<u>3,737</u>	<u>5,329</u>
25.2 Amortisation			
Intangible assets	11.3	29,705	27,798
Deferred cost	13.2	4,086	16,083
		<u>33,791</u>	<u>43,881</u>
25.3			
During the year, the Bank has paid Long Service Award (LSA) to eligible employees Only those employees were eligible for LSA who fulfilled time based condition. The amount under LSA relating to Chief Executive Officer and Key Management Personnel of the Bank amounted to Rs.5.613 million and Rs. 19.292 million respectively.			
26 OTHER CHARGES			
Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan		412	7,212
Others		4,249	4,445
		<u>4,661</u>	<u>11,657</u>

27	TAXATION	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	For the year		
	- Current	57,242	(42,269)
	- Prior	1,340	-
	- Deferred	140,449	44,276
		<u>199,031</u>	<u>2,007</u>

The numerical reconciliation between average tax rate and the applicable tax rate has not been presented in these financial statements due to available tax losses brought forward from tax years 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. The provision for current year income tax has been made under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 (minimum tax on turnover).

Under Section 114 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (Ordinance), the Bank has filed the return of income for the tax years 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 on due dates. The said returns were deemed completed under the provisions of the prevailing income tax laws as applicable in Pakistan during the relevant accounting years.

28	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	Note	2011	2010
			----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	Profit after taxation for the year		<u>409,556</u>	<u>46,550</u>
			----- Number of shares -----	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue - Number		<u>527,967,898</u>	<u>527,967,898</u>
			----- Rupees -----	
	Earning per share - basic / diluted	28.1	<u>0.78</u>	<u>0.09</u>

28.1 There were no convertible / dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010

29	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	2011	2010
			----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	4,684,826	3,035,148
	Balances with other banks	7	549,277	569,622
			<u>5,234,103</u>	<u>3,604,770</u>
30	STAFF STRENGTH		--- Number of employees ---	
	Permanent		1,112	916
	Contractual basis		336	431
	Total staff strength		<u>1,448</u>	<u>1,347</u>

31 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

31.1 General description

The Bank has a gratuity scheme for its employees (members of the scheme).The scheme entitles the members to lumpsum payment at the time of retirement, resignation or death. Permanent staff are eligible for such benefits after three years of service.

The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit scheme are 1,112 (2010: 912). The present value of obligation under the scheme at the Statement of Financial Position date were as follows:

31.2	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plan	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	63,884	50,735
	Fair Value of any Plan assets	(82,426)	-
	Net actuarial losses not recognised	18,783	7,288
	Liability recognized in the balance sheet	<u>241</u>	<u>58,023</u>

31.3 Amount charged to the profit and loss account	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Current service cost	19,117	16,070
Finance cost	7,012	4,844
Actuarial loss recognised	(185)	-
	<u>25,944</u>	<u>20,914</u>
31.4 Movement in fair value of plan assets		
Opening balance	-	-
Contributions	83,726	-
Benefits paid	(1,300)	-
Actuarial Gain / (Loss) on Assets	-	-
Closing balance	<u>82,426</u>	<u>-</u>
31.5 Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet		
Opening balance	58,023	37,411
Expense for the year	25,944	20,914
Benefits paid	-	(302)
Contributions during the year	(83,726)	-
Closing balance	<u>241</u>	<u>58,023</u>
31.6 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation		
Opening balance	50,735	34,755
Current service cost	19,117	16,070
Finance cost	7,012	4,844
Benefits Paid	(1,300)	(302)
Actuarial gain	(11,680)	(4,632)
Closing balance	<u>63,884</u>	<u>50,735</u>
31.7 Actuarial loss to be recognised		
Corridor limit		
The limits of the corridor at the beginning of the year		
10% of obligations	5,074	3,476
10% of plan assets	-	-
Which works out to	<u>5,074</u>	<u>3,476</u>
Unrecognised actuarial gains (losses) at the beginning of the year	7,288	2,656
Limit of corridor as at 1 January 2011	5,074	-
Excess	<u>2,214</u>	<u>2,656</u>
Average expected remaining working lives in years	12	13
Actuarial loss to be recognised	<u>185</u>	<u>-</u>
31.8 Unrecognised actuarial losses		
Unrecognised actuarial gains (losses) at the beginning of the year	7,288	2,656
Actuarial gains on obligation	11,680	4,632
Subtotal	<u>18,968</u>	<u>7,288</u>
Actuarial loss recognised	(185)	-
Unrecognised actuarial gains / losses at the end of the year	<u>18,783</u>	<u>7,288</u>

Principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

Expected rate of increase in salary level	12%	13%
Valuation discount rate	12.5%	14%
Expected return on plan assets	5%	0%

31.9 Historical information	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	----- Rupees in `000 -----				
As at December 31					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	63,884	50,735	34,755	19,092	10,150
Fair value of plan assets	-	-	-	-	-
Deficit	<u>63,884</u>	<u>50,735</u>	<u>34,755</u>	<u>19,092</u>	<u>10,150</u>
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	<u>(11,680)</u>	<u>(4,632)</u>	<u>(2,928)</u>	<u>(357)</u>	<u>(505)</u>

32 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN (PROVIDENT FUND)

The Bank operates a contributory provident fund scheme for permanent employees. The employer and employee both contribute 10% of basic salary to the funded scheme every month. Equal monthly contribution by employer and employees during the year amounted to Rs.26.566 million (2010: Rs.25.464 million) each.

33 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	President / Chief Executive		Directors		Executives	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Rupees in '000					
Fees	-	-	1,550	1,550	-	-
Managerial remuneration	*14,183	9,781	-	-	94,279	87,780
Bonus	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for defined benefit plan	1,181	815	-	-	8,500	7,312
Salary in lieu of provident fund	*1,418	978	-	-	-	-
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	-	-	-	8,894	8,220
Rent and house maintenance	*391	270	-	-	29,691	24,522
Utilities	*1,418	978	-	-	9,428	8,778
Medical	*1,418	978	-	-	9,428	8,623
Increment Allowance	-	-	-	-	36,535	12,117
Others	-	-	-	-	1,633	2,215
	<u>20,009</u>	<u>13,800</u>	<u>1,550</u>	<u>1,550</u>	<u>198,388</u>	<u>159,567</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>100</u>

*Included in this amount are arrears amounting to Rs. 3.571 million (2010:Nil)

- 33.1 The Bank's President / Chief Executive and certain Executives are provided with free use of Bank's maintained cars in accordance with the Bank's service rules.

In addition to above all eligible executives, including the Chief Executive Officer of the Bank are also entitled to certain short term employee benefits which are disclosed in note 25.3 to these financial statements.

34 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

The fair value of quoted investments is based on quoted market prices. Unquoted equity securities are valued at cost less impairment losses. The provision for impairment in the value of investments has been determined in accordance with accounting policy as stated in note 5.2.5 to these financial statements.

The Fair values of financings cannot be determined with reasonable accuracy due to absence of current and active market. The provisions against financings have been calculated in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in note 5.3 to these financial statements. The repricing, maturity profile and effective rates are stated in note 38 to these financial statements.

Fair values of all other financial assets and liabilities cannot be calculated with sufficient accuracy as active market does not exist for these instruments. In the opinion of the management, fair value of these assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are either short term in nature and in case of financings and deposits are frequently repriced.

34.1 Off-balance sheet financial instruments

	2011		2010	
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
	Rupees in '000			
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	93,579	93,574	382,146	373,661
Forward sale of foreign exchange	127,887	127,607	63,402	63,269

35 SEGMENT DETAILS WITH RESPECT TO BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The segment analysis with respect to business activity is as follows:

	Trading & Sales	Retail Banking	Commercial Banking	Support Centre	Total
-----Rupees in '000-----					
2011					
Total income	571,690	3,355,587	1,757,459	44,127	5,728,863
Total expenses	46,669	2,860,545	1,328,808	884,254	5,120,276
Net income (loss)	525,021	495,042	428,651	(840,127)	608,587
Segment Assets (Gross)	31,232,461	7,122,755	18,773,042	2,139,706	59,267,964
Segment Non Performing Assets	74,790	324,240	536,214	12	935,256
Segment Provision Required	34,790	183,848	228,000	12	446,650
Segment Liabilities	618,920	34,973,402	17,859,572	56,782	53,508,676
Segment Return on Assets (ROA) (%)	1.68%	6.95%	2.28%	-	-
Segment Cost of funds (%)*	12.76%	6.81%	8.33%	-	-

* In case of Trading & Sales and Commercial Banking, the cost of funds includes the cost of funds borrowed from Head office.

	Trading & Sales	Retail Banking	Commercial Banking	Support Centre	Total
-----Rupees in '000-----					
2010					
Total income	80,237	2,422,415	1,277,775	232,886	4,013,313
Total expenses	37,531	2,211,077	954,175	765,987	3,968,770
Net income (loss)	42,706	211,338	323,600	(533,101)	44,543
Segment Assets (Gross)	20,655,460	4,643,858	17,743,245	2,355,058	45,397,621
Segment Non Performing Financing	61,418	152,202	517,670	-	731,290
Segment Provision Required	21,418	140,065	200,435	-	361,918
Segment Liabilities	377,520	26,673,044	12,876,337	342,416	40,269,317
Segment Return on Assets (ROA) (%)	0.21%	4.55%	1.82%	-	-
Segment Cost of funds (%)	13.81%	6.63%	8.74%	-	-

* In case of Trading & Sales and Commercial Banking, the cost of funds includes the cost of funds borrowed from Head office.

36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions and include a subsidiary company, associated companies with or without common directors, principal shareholders, retirement benefit funds, directors and their close family members, and key management personnel.

The related parties of the Bank comprise related group companies, principal shareholders, key management personnel, companies where directors of the Bank also hold directorship, directors and their close family members and staff retirement funds.

A number of banking transactions are entered into with related parties in the normal course of business. These include financing and deposit transactions. These transactions are executed substantially on the same terms including profit rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties and do not involve more than a normal risk.

Contributions to staff retirement benefit plan are made in accordance with the terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives are determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

Transactions with related parties other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel including Chief Executive Officer under the terms of the employment as disclosed in note 33 are as follows:

<u>Subsidiary</u>	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Deposits		
At beginning of the year	88,555	75,727
Deposits during the year	1,433,972	880,647
Withdrawals during the year	(1,423,093)	(867,819)
At the end of the year	<u>99,434</u>	<u>88,555</u>
Transactions, income and expenses		
Return on deposits expensed	<u>10,236</u>	<u>8,080</u>
Associates		
Financings		
At beginning of the year	167,663	150,000
Disbursements	66,122	17,663
Repayments	(11,943)	-
At the end of the year	<u>221,842</u>	<u>167,663</u>
Deposits		
At beginning of the year	123,065	76,177
Deposits during the year	598,059	811,835
Withdrawals during the year	(602,448)	(764,947)
At the end of the year	<u>118,676</u>	<u>123,065</u>
Transactions, income and expenses		
Profit earned on financings	31,810	18,311
Return on deposits expensed	5,989	6,395
Repairs and maintenance	49,468	47,036
Advance against financing	4,215	-
Sale of investment	248,148	-
Key management personnel		
Financings		
At beginning of the year	61,167	48,796
Disbursements	21,149	18,062
Repaid during the year	(4,232)	(5,691)
At the end of the year	<u>78,084</u>	<u>61,167</u>
Deposits		
At beginning of the year	16,563	6,973
Deposits	94,531	84,541
Withdrawals during the year	(106,529)	(74,951)
At the end of the year	<u>4,565</u>	<u>16,563</u>
Transactions, income and expenses		
Profit earned on financing	2,769	2,242
Return on deposits expensed	364	317
Remuneration	58,929	38,222
Disposal of vehicle	2,115	17,420
Employee benefit plans		
Contribution to Employees Gratuity Fund	<u>25,944</u>	<u>20,914</u>
Contribution to Employees Provident Fund	<u>26,566</u>	<u>25,464</u>

37 CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY

37.1 Capital management

Capital Management aims to safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern so that it could continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk. For that the Bank ensures strong capital position and efficient use of capital as determined by the underlying business strategy i.e. maximizing growth on continuing basis. The Bank maintains a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders' return is also recognised and the Bank recognises the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

This process is managed by the Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) of the Bank. The objective of ALCO is to derive the most appropriate strategy in terms of the mix of assets and liabilities given its expectations of the future and the potential consequences of interest rate movement, liquidity constraints and capital adequacy and its implication on risk management policies.

37.2 Goals of managing capital

The goals of managing capital of the Bank are as follows: Our objectives for a sound capital management are: 1) to ensure that the Bank complies with the regulatory Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) 2) maintain a strong credit rating 3) maintain healthy capital ratios to support business and to maximize shareholder value and 4) to operate with a Revolving Planning Horizon and be able to take advantage of new investment opportunities when they appear.

37.3 Statutory minimum capital requirement and management of capital

The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 7 dated April 2009 has revised the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for the Banks. As per the circular the Bank was required to have a minimum issued, subscribed and paid-up capital (free of losses) of Rs. 8 billion by December 31, 2011 and is required to raise it to Rs. 10 billion in a phased manner by December 31, 2013. The paid-up capital of the Bank (free of losses) amounted to Rs. 5.052 billion at December 31, 2011. As more fully explained in note 1.2 to this financial statements, the SBP vide its letter No. BSD/CSD/546/2012 dated January 13, 2012 has granted extension to the Bank in timeline for meeting MCR (free of losses) amounting to Rs. 6 billion till June 30, 2012.

37.4 Capital Structure

The Bank's Regulatory Capital has been analysed into three tiers i.e.:

- Tier 1 capital, which includes fully paid up capital, general reserves as per the financial statements and net un-appropriated profits, etc after deductions for deficit on revaluation of available for sale investments and 50% deduction for investments in the equity of subsidiary companies being commercial entities and book value of goodwill and intangibles.
- Tier 2 capital, which includes general provisions for loan losses (up to a maximum of 1.25% of risk weighted assets), reserves on revaluation of fixed assets and equity investments up to a maximum of 45% of the balance, foreign exchange translation reserves, etc after 50% deduction for investments in the equity of subsidiary companies being commercial entities.
- Tier 3 capital has also been prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan. However the Bank is not eligible for the Tier 3 capital.

The total of Tier II and Tier III capital has to be limited to Tier I capital.

Banking operations are categorised in either the trading book or the banking book and risk weighted assets are determined according to specified requirements that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off balance sheet exposures. The total risk weighted exposures comprise the credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

37.5 Capital adequacy ratio

The capital to risk weighted assets ratio, calculated in accordance with the SBP guidelines on capital adequacy using Basel II Standardised approach for credit and market risk and basic indicator approach for operational risk is presented below:

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Tier I Capital		
Shareholders Capital	5,279,679	5,279,679
Reserves as disclosed on the Statement of Financial Position	91,221	9,310
Accumulated loss	(227,340)	(554,985)
	5,143,560	4,734,004
Other deductions:		
Cost of investment in subsidiary - 50%	(95,508)	(95,508)
Book value of goodwill and intangibles	(73,630)	(81,291)
Total Tier I Capital	<u>4,974,422</u>	<u>4,557,206</u>
Tier II Capital		
General provisions for loan losses-up to maximum of 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	28,972	32,291
Revaluation Reserves up to 45%	117,054	22,419
Less: Cost of Investment in Subsidiary	(95,508)	(95,508)
Total Tier II Capital	50,518	(40,798)
Eligible Tier III Capital	-	-
Total Regulatory Capital Base	<u>5,024,940</u>	<u>4,516,407</u>

(a)

Risk-weighted exposures

	Capital Requirements		Risk Weighted Assets	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Credit risk				
Portfolios subject to standardized approach (Simple Approach for CRM)	----- Rupees in '000 -----			
Corporate Portfolio	1,144,451	997,571	11,444,506	9,975,714
Retail Portfolio	22,280	24,781	222,795	247,814
Mortgage Portfolio	64,118	65,259	641,176	652,587
Past due financings	56,383	27,580	563,828	275,801
Claims on Banks	162,266	122,969	1,622,658	1,229,692
Fixed Assets	173,800	198,539	1,737,998	1,985,389
Others	616,184	382,365	6,161,836	3,823,648
	<u>2,239,482</u>	<u>1,819,064</u>	<u>22,394,797</u>	<u>18,190,645</u>
Portfolios subject to off balance sheet exposure –non market/market related				
Corporate Portfolio	81,911	38,720	819,106	387,196
Market risk				
Capital requirement for portfolios subject to standardized approach				
Foreign Exchange risk	6,143	18,248	61,429	182,483
Interest Rate Risk	216,207	277,665	2,162,074	2,776,651
Equity Risk	6	4	56	42
Operational risk				
Capital Requirement for operational risks subject to Basic Indicator Approach	381,037	161,853	3,810,372	1,618,525
Total	(b) <u>2,924,786</u>	<u>2,315,554</u>	<u>29,247,834</u>	<u>23,155,542</u>
Capital adequacy ratio				
Total eligible regulatory capital held	(a) <u>5,024,940</u>		<u>4,516,408</u>	
Total risk weighted assets	(b) <u>29,247,834</u>		<u>23,155,542</u>	
Capital adequacy ratio [(a / b) x 100]	<u>17.18%</u>		<u>19.5%</u>	

38 RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of Risk Management is to effectively manage uncertainties that arise in the normal course of business activities. The risk management function is one of the most important areas of the banking business, and covers a wide spectrum of financial business risk class; including Credit, Market, Liquidity, Operational etc. The Bank follows effective risk governance which commensurate well with its current size and structure.

The implementation of Basel II (B2) provides for a risk-based capital requirement. The Bank adheres to the regulatory requirement in this respect, and conducts its business accordingly.

As a prelude to countering the financial debacle of the recent past, the Basel Committee (Internationally) is raising the resilience of the banking sector by strengthening the regulatory capital framework, essentially building on the three pillars of the Basel II structure. The reforms raise both the quality and quantity of the regulatory capital base and enhance the risk coverage of the capital framework. The SBP (State Bank of Pakistan) while being cognizant of the various reforms in the offing, is reviewing the impact of Basel III (B3) guidelines on the capital structure and CAR (Capital Adequacy Ratio) through quantitative impact studies.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

A well formulated policy and procedure is critical to an effective Risk Management framework; it then needs to be reinforced through a strong control culture that promotes sound risk governance. The Bank's Risk Management Framework has been developed keeping in mind, that:

- To be effective, control activities should be an integral part of the regular activities of the Bank;
- Every loss or near miss event should provide some Key Learning Outcome (KLO), helping and promoting a better risk identification and mitigation,
- While the reward may well commensurate the level of risk, it has to be viewed in entirety and not in isolation; and
- Critical decision making should be based on relevant research, proper analysis and effective communication within the Bank.

Strategic Level

At the strategic level, the risk related functions are approved by the senior management and the Board. These include: defining risks, setting parameters, ascertaining the institutions risk appetite, formulating strategy and policies for managing risks and establishing adequate systems and controls to ensure that overall risk remains within acceptable level and the reward compensates¹ for the risk taken.

Macro Level

It encompasses risk management within a business area or across business lines. Generally the risk management activities performed by middle management or units devoted to risk reviews fall into this category. Periodical review of various portfolios; stress test and scenario analysis for portfolio resilience; application of statistical tools and information in time series for developing strong inferences are all performed at this level.

Micro Level

Risk management at micro level, is of critical importance. This function if performed with diligence and understanding, can be of maximum benefit to the organization. Micro level risk management includes:

- Business line acquisition, strong adherence to the credit and other related criteria.
- Middle Office monitoring function for a sound risk assessment of various risks inherent in treasury operations.
- Detailed review of various processes and operating procedures, for operational and other risk related assessments.

Risk appetite of the bank

The risk appetite of the Bank is an outcome of its corporate goal, economic profitability, available resources (size and business life cycle) and most significantly; the controls. The Bank believes in a cautious yet steady approach towards its business objectives and takes a holistic view of its investment and financing requirement.

This approach is primarily based on a viable portfolio build-up with a long-term view; key consideration being the health of various portfolios.

Risk organization

A strong organizational set-up, with clearly defined roles and responsibilities permits a higher level of articulation of the Banks risk mandate, establishment of a structure that provides for authority, delegation and accountability, and development of control framework. Risk management cannot live in a vacuum; in order to be effective, it has to be run at an enterprise level. Risk governance must involve all relevant parties and should be sanctioned by the bank's leadership.

The risk management function at the Bank, along with the different committees including ALCO (Asset Liability Committee) and MCC (Management Credit Committee), RMC (Risk Management Committee of the Board) manage and adhere to the risk management policies and procedures, with an explicit aim to mitigate/ manage risk in line with the Banks objectives.

Business line accountability

One of the most important features of the risk management process is the business line accountability. Business has to understand the risk implication of specific transaction on the business / portfolio. Some specific risks e.g. reputation risk affects the entire banking business and is not limited to one business line or the other. At BIPL, as in any other reputable organization, responsibility comes with accountability. Each business segment is responsible for the profit / loss of the business. The management of risk is as much a line function as it is supports¹.

Business lines are equally responsible for the risks they are taking. Because line personnel understand the risks of the business. Lack of an understanding of this by the line management may lead to risk management in isolation.

38.1 Credit Risk

The Bank manages credit risk by effective credit appraisal mechanism, approving and reviewing authorities, limit structures, internal credit risk rating system, collateral management and post disbursement monitoring so as to ensure prudent financing activities and sound financing portfolio under the umbrella of a comprehensive Credit Policy approved by the Board of Directors. Credit Risk has certain sub-categories as follows:

i) Price risk

There is a risk that the asset repossessed due to default of the lessee may be sold or leased out to another party at a price lower than the original contract price.

ii) Counter party risk

The risk that the counter-party defaults during the term of a transaction (Murabaha, Ijarah etc.).

iii) Settlement risk

The risk that the counter-party does not meet its commitments at the maturity of the transaction after the Bank has already met its commitments.

iv) Country risk

Country Risk can be defined as the risk of adverse impact of certain factors on a country's specific economic, political and social scenario which affects the ability of the country (or a borrower in that country) to repay its obligations. Country risk may be a combination of Transfer Risk and Sovereign Risk.

38.1.1 Segmental information

Segmental Information is presented in respect of the class of business and geographical distribution of Financings, Deposits, Contingencies and Commitments.

38.1.1.1 Segments by class of business

	2011					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	2,619,273	12.80%	2,378,083	4.70%	39,283	0.85%
Mining and Quarrying	-	0.00%	677,889	1.34%	-	0.00%
Textile	1,865,069	9.12%	561,080	1.11%	1,572,926	34.23%
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	200,214	0.98%	571,377	1.13%	90,928	1.98%
Cement	1,095,733	5.36%	271,959	0.54%	15,035	0.33%
Sugar	1,611,042	7.87%	1,605,441	3.17%	16	0.00%
Footwear and Leather garments	52,060	0.25%	67,304	0.13%	27,795	0.60%
Automobile and transportation equipment	46,632	0.23%	242,384	0.48%	274,646	5.98%
Education	5,135	0.03%	234,430	0.46%	-	0.00%
Electronics and electrical appliances	337,796	1.65%	203,315	0.40%	341,872	7.44%
Production and transmission of energy	900,000	4.40%	15,625	0.03%	-	0.00%
Construction	1,057,136	5.17%	1,348,100	2.67%	136,318	2.97%
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	2,914,014	14.24%	12,363	0.02%	500,508	10.89%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	322,539	1.58%	2,534,288	5.01%	150,000	3.26%
Exports/Imports	-	0.00%	81,118	0.16%	86,837	1.89%
Transport, Storage and Communication	293,304	1.43%	404,083	0.80%	-	0.00%
Financial	1,664,258	8.13%	1,571,610	3.11%	139,274	3.03%
Insurance	11,933	0.06%	69,789	0.14%	-	0.00%
Services	148,216	0.72%	1,339,464	2.65%	25,323	0.55%
Individuals	3,044,917	14.88%	20,306,491	40.16%	35,716	0.78%
Others*	2,271,525	11.10%	16,072,592	31.78%	1,158,983	25.22%
	<u>20,460,796</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>50,568,785</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>4,595,460</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

* Others include Sole Proprietors, trusts, fund accounts and Govt deposits etc.

	2010					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	1,506,050	8.86%	2,081,572	5.45%	-	0.00%
Mining and Quarrying	-	0.00%	565,914	1.48%	-	0.00%
Textile	2,421,300	14.24%	320,016	0.84%	925,288	20.71%
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	97,898	0.58%	449,386	1.18%	84,419	1.89%
Cement	1,004,234	5.91%	76,446	0.20%	25,134	0.56%
Sugar	1,220,185	7.18%	981,071	2.57%	-	0.00%
Footwear and Leather garments	134,753	0.79%	68,407	0.18%	51,368	1.15%
Automobile and transportation equipment	34,678	0.20%	170,968	0.45%	460,441	10.31%
Education	4,789	0.03%	109,534	0.29%	-	0.00%
Electronics and electrical appliances	129,000	0.76%	75,275	0.20%	50,292	1.13%
Production and transmission of energy	2,551,685	15.01%	51,285	0.13%	-	0.00%
Construction	488,511	2.87%	492,808	1.29%	92,931	2.08%
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	-	0.00%	12,742	0.03%	-	0.00%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	280,973	1.65%	2,206,127	5.78%	-	0.00%
Exports/Imports	18,021	0.11%	122,656	0.32%	80,661	1.81%
Transport, Storage and Communication	350,516	2.06%	451,346	1.18%	138,921	3.11%
Financial	1,954,021	11.49%	285,422	0.75%	444,665	9.95%
Insurance	1,085	0.01%	37,622	0.10%	-	0.00%
Services	133,502	0.79%	1,030,130	2.70%	73,915	1.65%
Individuals	2,832,463	16.66%	15,289,283	40.03%	982,606	21.99%
Others*	1,835,433	10.80%	13,320,310	34.87%	1,057,357	23.67%
	<u>16,999,097</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>38,198,320</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>4,467,998</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

* Others include Sole Proprietors, trusts, fund accounts and Govt deposits etc.

38.1.1.2 Segment by sector

	2011					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage
Public / Government	1,860,205	9%	1,218,171	2%	689,950	15%
Private	18,600,591	91%	49,350,614	98%	3,905,510	85%
	<u>20,460,796</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>50,568,785</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>4,595,460</u>	<u>100%</u>
	2010					
	Financings		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage	Rupees in '000	Percentage
Public / Government	2,450,606	14%	1,342,625	4%	869,935	19%
Private	14,548,491	86%	36,855,695	96%	3,598,063	81%
	<u>16,999,097</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>38,198,320</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>4,467,998</u>	<u>100%</u>

38.1.1.3 Details of non-performing advances and specific provisions by class of business segment:

	2011		2010	
	----- Rupees in '000-----			
	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held
Wholesale and Retail trade	22,598	2,299	45,256	6,045
Textile	122,691	84,653	162,032	128,032
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	295	-	907	-
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	5,274	70	12,371	30
Cement	23,750	11,006	23,750	12,422
Automobile & Transportation equipment	5,333	-	8,000	-
Construction	70,997	57,105	71,733	32,643
Services	2,703	586	1,445	578
Paper Product*	137,096	9,068	85,672	-
Transport, Storage and Communication	14,313	2,363	13,312	1,194
Individuals	374,950	150,750	212,552	115,737
Others	19,001	3,523	23,017	-
	<u>799,001</u>	<u>321,423</u>	<u>660,047</u>	<u>296,681</u>

* Provision has been made under subjective evaluation

38.1.1.4 Details of non-performing financings and specific provisions by sector:

	2011		2010	
	----- Rupees in '000-----			
	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held
Public / Government	-	-	-	-
Private	799,001	321,423	660,047	296,681
	<u>799,001</u>	<u>321,423</u>	<u>660,047</u>	<u>296,681</u>

38.1.1.5 GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT ANALYSIS

	2011			
	Profit before taxation	Total assets employed	Net assets employed	Contingencies and commitments
	----- Rupees in '000-----			
Pakistan	608,587	58,821,314	5,312,638	4,595,460
	<u>608,587</u>	<u>58,821,314</u>	<u>5,312,638</u>	<u>4,595,460</u>
	2010			
	Profit before taxation	Total assets employed	Net assets employed	Contingencies and commitments
	----- Rupees in '000-----			
Pakistan	44,543	45,035,703	4,766,386	4,467,998
	<u>44,543</u>	<u>45,035,703</u>	<u>4,766,386</u>	<u>4,467,998</u>

38.1.2 Credit risk - Standardized Approach

Credit risk arises due to the risk of a borrower defaulting on his commitment either in part or as a whole. The Bank has currently employed standardized approach for evaluation of credit risk. It uses CRM (Credit Risk Mitigation) technique where applicable. The Bank carries a strong desire to move towards the FIRB and Advanced approach.

38.1.2.1 Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardised Approach and supervisory risk weights in the IRB Approach

The Bank uses reputable and SBP approved rating agencies for deriving risk weight to specific credit exposures, where available. The Bank has also recently employed a credit rating model, which is compatible to the rating guidelines of SBP, which will support the Bank in internally rating the credit clients.

Types of Exposures and ECAI's used

Exposures	2011			2010		
	JCR - VIS	PACRA	Others	JCR - VIS	PACRA	Others
Corporate	✓	✓	N/A	✓	✓	N/A
Banks	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	N/A

Credit Exposures subject to Standardised approach

Exposures	Rating Category	2011			2010		
		Amount Outstanding	Deduction CRM	Net amount	Amount Outstanding	Deduction CRM	Net amount
----- Rs. In '000 -----							
Corporate	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20%	3,423,412	-	3,423,412	1,584,051	-	1,584,051
	50%	1,239,277	154,832	1,084,445	1,034,212	-	1,034,212
	100%	211,259	-	211,259	10,988	-	10,988
	150%	320,500	-	320,500	-	-	-
	Unrated	9,637,174	111,582	9,525,592	9,005,147	179,764	8,825,383
		14,831,622	266,414	14,565,208	11,634,398	179,764	11,454,634
Retail	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50%	609,867	312,807	297,060	541,360	210,941	330,419
	75%	609,867	312,807	297,060	541,360	210,941	330,419
Total		15,441,489	579,221	14,862,268	12,175,758	390,705	11,785,053

CRM = Credit Risk Mitigation

38.1.2.2 Credit Risk Disclosures with respect to Credit Risk Mitigation for Standard and IRB Approaches- Basel II Specific.

The Bank obtains capital relief for both on and off-balance sheet non-market related exposures by using simple approach for Credit risk mitigation (CRM). Off-balance sheet items under the simplified standardized approach are converted into credit exposure equivalents through the use of credit conversion factors. Under the standardized approach the Bank has taken advantage of the cash collaterals available with the Bank in the form of security deposits and cash margins.

Valuation and management of eligible collaterals for CRM is being done in line with the conditions laid down by the SBP. Since eligible collaterals for CRM purposes are all in the form of cash collaterals, they generally do not pose risk to the Bank in terms of change in their valuation due to changes in the market conditions.

The Bank takes the benefit of CRM against its claims on corporate and retail portfolio. Under the standardized approach for on-balance sheet exposures, the corporate portfolio of Rs.14,831.622 million (2010: Rs. 11,634.398 million) is subject to the CRM of Rs.266.414 million (2010: Rs. 179.764 million) whereas a claim on retail portfolio of Rs.609.867 million (2010: Rs. 541.360 million) is subject to CRM of Rs 312.807 million (2010: Rs. 210.941 million). The total benefit of Rs.579.221 million (2010: Rs. 390.705 million) was availed through CRM against total on-balance sheet exposure of Rs.15,441.489 million (2010: Rs. 12,175.758 million).

Under off-balance sheet, non-market related exposures; the corporate portfolio of Rs 301.039 million (2010: Rs. 1,473.667 million) is subject to the CRM of Rs.7.023 million (2010: Rs. 100.907 million). Hence total benefit of Rs 7.023 million (2010: Rs. 100.907 million) was availed by the Bank through CRM against total off-balance sheet, non-market related exposure of Rs.301.039 million (2010: Rs. 1,473.667 million).

During the year, total amount of cash collateral used for CRM purposes was Rs.586.244 million as against amount of Rs 491.612 million in year 2010. The difference in the value of cash collateral is due to the changes in the exposure amounts and resultant amount of cash collateral obtained.

38.2 Equity Position Risk in the Banking book –Basel II Specific

Equity position includes the following:

- . Strategic investments
- . Investment in equities for generating revenue in short term

These equity investments are accounted for and disclosed as per the provisions and directives of SBP,SECP and the requirements of approved International Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Provision for diminution in the value of securities is made after considering impairment, if any, in their value and charged to profit and loss account.

38.3 Yield / Profit Rate Risk in the banking book – Basel II specific

It includes all material yield risk positions of the Bank taking into account all repricing and maturity data. It includes current balances and contractual yield rates, the Bank understands that its financing shall be repriced as per their respective contracts.

The Bank estimates changes in the economic value of equity due to changes in the yield rates on on-balance sheet positions by conducting duration gap analysis. It also assesses yield rate risk on earnings of the bank by applying upward and downward shocks.

38.4 Market Risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of losses in on-and-off balance sheet positions arising from movements in market prices e.g. fluctuations in values in tradable, marketable or leasable assets. The risks relate to the current and future volatility of market values of specific assets and of foreign exchange rates and benchmark yields.

The Bank uses various tools and techniques to assess market risk including but not limited to full valuation, stress testing, scenario analysis. These assessment methods enables the Bank to estimate changes in the value of the portfolio, if exposed to various risk factors.

Moreover, since the Bank does not deal in interest based products, the impact of the above risks will be very minimal. The Bank does not have positions or forward exchange contracts giving mismatches of maturity unless such risks have been taken care of through some other mechanism.

38.4.1 Foreign Exchange Risk

Currency risk is the risk of loss arising from the fluctuations of exchange rates.

In the normal course of conducting commercial banking business, which ranges from intermediation only to taking on principal risk as dealer or as counterparty, the Bank purchases or sells currencies in today / ready and gives or receives unilateral promises for sale or purchase of FX at future dates in a long or short position in different currency pairs. These positions expose the Bank to foreign exchange risk. To control this risk, the Bank primarily uses notional principal limits at various levels to control the open position, and ultimately the residual foreign exchange risk of the Bank. The Bank also strictly adheres to all associated regulatory limits.

Following is the summary of the assets of the Bank subject to foreign exchange risk.

	2011			
	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
	----- Rupees in '000 -----			
Pakistan rupee	58,081,473	52,864,260	34,034	5,251,247
United States dollar	562,738	502,211	(16,605)	43,922
Great Britain pound	84,128	83,576	-	552
Deutsche mark		-	-	-
Japanese yen	1,521	-	-	1,521
Euro	77,556	58,629	(17,429)	1,498
UAE Dirham	426	-	-	426
ACU	7,777	-	-	7,777
CHF	840	-	-	840
AUD	1,985	-	-	1,985
Saudi Riyal	2,869	-	-	2,869
	<u>58,821,313</u>	<u>53,508,676</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,312,637</u>

2010

	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
----- Rupees in '000 -----				
Pakistan rupee	44,240,425	39,690,913	34,391	4,583,903
United States dollar	555,343	387,130	(8,058)	160,155
Great Britain pound	92,775	87,802	-	4,973
Deutsche mark	-	-	-	-
Japanese yen	559	-	-	559
Euro	130,923	103,472	(26,333)	1,118
UAE Dirham	168	-	-	168
ACU	12,106	-	-	12,106
CHF	627	-	-	627
AUD	37	-	-	37
Saudi Riyal	2,740	-	-	2,740
	<u>45,035,703</u>	<u>40,269,317</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,766,386</u>

38.4.2 MISMATCH OF YIELD / PROFIT RATE SENSITIVE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Effective yield / Profit rate	Total	2011										
		Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-profit bearing financial instruments	
----- Rupees in '000 -----												
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with Treasury Banks	4,684,826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,684,826
Balances with other Banks	5.00% 549,277	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	549,164
Due from financial institutions	11.77% 4,436,264	4,436,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	12.41% 21,067,082	965,292	6,461,473	13,449,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	191,042
Financings	13.28% 20,110,401	8,071,685	5,350,476	3,545,632	50,288	113,266	132,098	392,290	304,776	1,379,586	-	770,304
Other assets	1,013,857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,013,857
	<u>51,861,707</u>	<u>13,473,354</u>	<u>11,811,949</u>	<u>16,994,907</u>	<u>50,288</u>	<u>113,266</u>	<u>132,098</u>	<u>392,290</u>	<u>304,776</u>	<u>1,379,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,209,193</u>
Liabilities												
Bills payable	798,853	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	798,853
Due to financial institutions	10.00% 800,000	-	350,000	450,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other	7.01% 50,568,785	3,939,202	2,415,427	2,606,264	4,866,637	8,705,229	8,813,778	4,769,060	4,207,396	-	-	10,245,792
Other liabilities	1,181,093	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,181,093
	<u>53,348,731</u>	<u>3,939,202</u>	<u>2,765,427</u>	<u>3,056,264</u>	<u>4,866,637</u>	<u>8,705,229</u>	<u>8,813,778</u>	<u>4,769,060</u>	<u>4,207,396</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,225,738</u>
On-balance sheet gap	<u>(1,487,024)</u>	<u>9,534,152</u>	<u>9,046,522</u>	<u>13,938,643</u>	<u>(4,816,349)</u>	<u>(8,591,963)</u>	<u>(8,681,680)</u>	<u>(4,376,770)</u>	<u>(3,902,620)</u>	<u>1,379,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,016,545)</u>
NON FINANCIAL ASSETS												
Operating fixed assets	1,811,628	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	188,130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	4,959,849	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>6,959,607</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES												
Other liabilities	159,945	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>159,945</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>5,312,638</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Yield / Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,534,152	9,046,522	13,938,643	(4,816,349)	(8,591,963)	(8,681,680)	(4,376,770)	(3,902,620)	1,379,586	(5,016,545)	
Cumulative Yield/Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		<u>9,534,152</u>	<u>18,580,674</u>	<u>32,519,317</u>	<u>27,702,968</u>	<u>19,111,005</u>	<u>10,429,325</u>	<u>6,052,555</u>	<u>2,149,935</u>	<u>3,529,521</u>	<u>(1,487,024)</u>	

Effective yield / Profit rate	2010										
	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years	Non-profit bearing financial instruments
Rupees in '000											
On-balance sheet financial instruments											
Assets											
Cash and balances with Treasury Banks	-	3,035,148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,035,148
Balances with other Banks	9.43%	569,622	355	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	569,267
Due from financial institutions	12.14%	4,513,132	4,513,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	13.33%	13,732,132	1,529,373	3,912,061	8,053,563	-	6,099	-	40,000	-	191,036
Financings	14.00%	16,670,125	5,907,981	1,044,727	2,490,011	549,048	1,371,082	1,001,139	1,000,714	2,459,451	843,713
Other assets	-	643,769	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	643,769
		39,163,928	11,950,841	4,956,788	10,543,574	549,048	1,377,181	1,001,139	1,000,714	2,499,451	843,713
											4,441,478
Liabilities											
Bills payable	-	563,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	563,020
Due to financial institutions	10.00%	353,000	-	303,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	6.96%	38,198,320	2,187,711	2,310,040	1,698,298	4,328,688	6,086,881	6,151,127	3,999,615	2,274,726	9,161,234
Other liabilities	-	365,858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	365,857
		39,480,198	2,187,711	2,613,040	1,748,298	4,328,688	6,086,881	6,151,127	3,999,615	2,274,726	10,090,111
		(316,270)	9,763,130	2,343,748	8,795,276	(3,779,640)	(4,709,700)	(5,149,988)	(2,998,901)	224,725	843,713
											(5,648,633)
On-balance sheet gap											
NON FINANCIAL ASSETS											
Operating fixed assets		2,066,680									
Deferred tax assets		402,183									
Other assets		3,402,912									
		5,871,775									
NON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES											
Other liabilities		789,119									
TOTAL NET ASSETS											
		4,766,386									
Total Yield / Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,763,130	2,343,748	8,795,276	(3,779,640)	(4,709,700)	(5,149,988)	(2,998,901)	224,725	843,713	(5,648,634)
Cumulative Yield/Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,763,130	12,106,878	20,902,154	17,122,514	12,412,814	7,262,826	4,263,925	4,488,650	5,332,363	(316,271)

38.5 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the potential loss to the Bank arising from its inability either to meet its obligations (financial) or to fund increases in assets as they fall due without incurring unacceptable costs or losses.

BIPL's liquidity at various levels (day to day, short term, long term) is managed by the Treasury along with the Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO), which is one of the most important management level committees. Its role cannot be overemphasized here, it serves as a part of the critical trio with risk management and treasury department. Monitoring and maintaining key liquidity ratios, a viable funding mix, depositor concentration, reviewing contingency plans etc.

38.5.1 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2011									
	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Rupees in '000										
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	4,684,826	4,684,826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	549,277	549,277	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from financial institutions	4,436,264	4,436,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	21,067,082	40,000	2,017,600	-	846,174	7,618,000	9,117,728	563,656	672,909	191,015
Financings	20,110,401	6,476,897	4,140,756	819,439	1,419,325	781,982	933,996	3,458,122	761,022	1,318,862
Operating fixed assets	1,811,628	-	-	5,360	-	-	-	293,716	508,467	1,004,085
Deferred tax assets	188,130	-	-	-	-	-	-	188,130	-	-
Other assets	5,973,706	375,696	4,974,843	271,497	113,119	-	-	4,979	233,572	-
	58,821,314	16,562,960	11,133,199	1,096,296	2,378,618	8,399,982	10,051,724	4,508,603	2,175,970	2,513,962
Liabilities										
Bills payable	798,853	798,853	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to financial institutions	800,000	-	350,000	450,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	50,568,785	5,558,750	2,415,427	2,606,264	4,866,637	13,018,350	13,126,900	4,769,060	4,207,397	-
Other liabilities	1,341,038	715,821	34,432	125,122	24,989	-	-	440,674	-	-
	53,508,676	7,073,424	2,799,859	3,181,386	4,891,626	13,018,350	13,126,900	5,209,734	4,207,397	-
	5,312,638	9,489,536	8,333,340	(2,085,090)	(2,513,008)	(4,618,368)	(3,075,176)	(701,131)	(2,031,427)	2,513,962
Net assets										
Share capital	5,279,679									
Reserves	91,221									
Accumulated loss	(227,340)									
Surplus on revaluation of assets	169,078									
	5,312,638									

	2010									
	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Rupees in '000										
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	3,035,148	3,035,148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	569,622	569,622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from financial institutions	4,513,132	4,513,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	13,732,132	1,529,373	3,912,061	8,053,563	-	6,099	-	-	40,021	191,015
Financings	16,670,125	5,908,191	1,044,800	2,490,259	550,775	1,371,082	1,001,139	1,000,714	2,459,451	843,714
Operating fixed assets	4,046,681	749,145	2,899,671	24,112	96,871	25,000	-	-	251,882	-
Deferred tax assets	2,066,680	-	-	5,140	-	-	-	434,468	577,335	1,049,737
Other assets	402,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	402,183	-	-
	45,035,703	16,304,611	7,856,532	10,573,074	647,646	1,402,181	1,001,139	1,837,365	3,328,689	2,084,466
Liabilities										
Bills payable	563,020	563,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to financial institutions	353,000	-	303,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	38,198,320	3,697,906	2,310,040	1,698,298	4,328,688	9,912,402	9,976,646	3,999,614	2,274,726	-
Other liabilities	1,154,977	488,237	34,036	160,141	22,875	-	-	449,688	-	-
	40,269,317	4,749,163	2,647,076	1,908,439	4,351,563	9,912,402	9,976,646	4,449,302	2,274,726	-
Net assets	4,766,386	11,555,448	5,209,456	8,664,635	(3,703,917)	(8,510,221)	(8,975,507)	(2,611,937)	1,053,963	2,084,466
Share capital	5,279,679									
Reserves	9,310									
Accumulated loss	(554,985)									
Advance against future issue of share capital	32,382									
	4,766,386									

38.6 Operational Risk

Operational Risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external / internal events. The risk is different from the others, since it has a greater level of uncertainty and may be termed as a little difficult to measure. The Bank believes that (prudence) should be lived and breathed through the organizational culture.

At a more formal level, the Bank has strengthened its risk management framework by developing policies, guidelines and manuals. Operational and other risk assessment tool e.g. ORAF is being effectively used to assess, mitigate and monitor possible risk that may arise in any of the Bank's financial product or department. Operational Loss Database (OLD) records all the internal/external potential operational losses which helps the management understand the causes and impact of these risks.

38.7 Strategic Risk

Strategic risk arises due to wrong assumptions in strategic decision making or the failure to react correctly to long-term changes in strategic parameters.

The Bank follows a deliberate low-risk strategy. Within the general constraints of its niche market the Bank is aware of the need of reducing risk. The Bank has a well established strategic planning and evaluation process which involves all levels of management and which is subject to regular review.

38.8 Systemic Risk

Systemic risk is the risk of a total or partial collapse of the financial system.

Such a collapse could be due to technical factors or market driven (psychological reasons).

Systemic risk is reduced by the activities of both national and international regulatory authorities. The Bank actively supports these organizations through its membership of the relevant banking industry association i.e. Pakistan Banks Association ("PBA"). The Bank also takes account of systemic risk by means of careful management of counter party risks in the inter-bank market.

38.9 Shariah Non-compliance

Shariah non-compliance risk is the risk that arises from an Islamic bank's failure to comply with the Shariah rules and principles prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan and/or the Shariah Advisor of the Bank. It remains' the most important operational risk for an Islamic bank. Compliance of shariah guidelines must permeate throughout the organization and its adherence should be reflected in the products and activities.

39 GENERAL

39.1 Captions, as prescribed by BSD Circular No. 04 of 2006 dated February 17, 2006 issued by the SBP, in respect of which there are no amounts, have not been reproduced in these financial statements, except for captions of the Statement of Financial Position and profit and loss account.



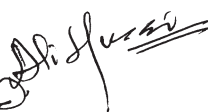
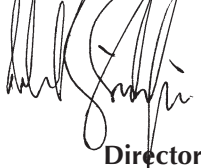
The figures in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee.

39.2 Corresponding figures
Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparisons. No significant reclassifications were made during the current year except for the following.

Reclassified from	Reclassified to	Rupees in '000
Other income	Profit / return earned	988
Other income	Fee, commission and brokerage income	2,673
Income from dealing in foreign currencies	Fee, commission and brokerage income	3,713
Other income	Income from dealing in foreign currencies	2,561

40. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on March 07, 2012 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

President / Chief Executive **Director** **Director** **Director**

Annexure 1

Details of disposals of fixed assets whose original cost or the book value exceeds Rs. 1 million or Rs. 250,000 whichever is less and assets disposed off to the chief executive or to a director or to executives or to any related party, irrespective of the value, are as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss) on sale of property and equipment	Mode of disposal	Particular of purchaser
	------(Rupees in '000)-----						
Honda Civic	1,386	1,363	23	1,077	1,054	Auction	Muhammed Shabir
Honda Civic	1,932	348	1,584	1,725	141	Auction	Suzuki South
Honda Civic	1,652	833	819	1,455	636	Auction	Aqeel Akhtar
Toyota Corolla	919	637	282	1,026	744	Auction	Noman H Khan
Suzuki Liana	852	530	322	557	235	Auction	Salman Ahmed
Suzuki Liana	852	551	301	647	346	Auction	Umar Farooq
Suzuki Liana	1,027	452	575	657	82	Auction	Salman Ahmed
Suzuki Liana	1,070	323	747	704	(43)	Auction	Musmat Sakina
Suzuki Liana	1,000	450	550	691	141	Auction	Sikandar Ali
Suzuki Liana	829	230	599	766	16	Auction	Waseem Mirza
Suzuki Liana	1,029	453	576	686	110	Auction	Sultan Hassan Khan
Suzuki Liana	1,042	458	584	551	(33)	Auction	Saif ur Rehman
Suzuki Liana	1,029	453	576	716	140	Auction	Irfan Ullah Ansari
Suzuki Liana	822	309	513	613	100	Auction	Sultan Hassan Khan
Suzuki Cultus	750	334	416	728	312	Auction	Muhammed Arif
Suzuki Cultus	756	357	399	618	219	Auction	Muhammed Alam
Suzuki Cultus	750	330	420	718	298	Auction	Waseem Mirza
Suzuki Cultus	832	247	585	757	172	Auction	Abdul Waheed
Suzuki Cultus	750	334	416	676	260	Auction	Muhammed Ali Akbar Khan
Suzuki Bolan	296	4	292	321	29	Auction	Shahid Ahmed Abbassi
Toyota Corolla	965	665	300	338	38	Bank Policy	Mufti Irshad Ahmed Aijaz - Employee
Suzuki Liana	1,019	458	561	616	55	Bank Policy	Muhammed Nadeem Aslan - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	750	335	415	710	295	Bank Policy	Asif Ullah Khan - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	699	223	476	544	68	Bank Policy	Syed Adib Haider - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	699	223	476	710	234	Bank Policy	Fawad Iqbal Khan - Employee
Toyota Corolla	1,052	957	95	765	670	Bank Policy	Ahmed Mustafa - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	759	350	409	544	135	Bank Policy	Irfan Manzoor Khokhar - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	832	257	575	566	(9)	Bank Policy	Syed Kashif Iqbal - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	750	367	383	518	135	Bank Policy	Ershad Ahmed - Employee
Toyota Corolla	1,048	751	297	297	-	Bank Policy	Muhammed Imran - Employee
Toyota Corolla	1,068	736	332	332	-	Bank Policy	Syed Mujtaba Hussain Kazmi - Employee
Honda City	1,225	1,213	12	675	663	Bank Policy	Mehmood Rashid - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	750	404	346	548	202	Bank Policy	Zakir Siraj Uddin - Employee
Suzuki Liana	1,019	564	455	617	162	Bank Policy	Muhammed Shakir Abbasi - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	815	471	344	700	356	Bank Policy	Syed Azmat Ali - Employee
Suzuki Liana	929	340	589	651	62	Auction	Noman Baig
Suzuki Liana	955	437	518	540	22	Bank Policy	Muhammed Shafi Ullah - Employee
	34,909	17,747	17,162	25,360	8,198		
Other property and equipment (having book value less than 250,000 or cost less than Rs. 1,000,000)	7,693	5,467	2,226	6,815	4,589		
	42,602	23,214	19,388	32,175	12,787		

DIRECTORS' REPORT

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the consolidated Annual Results of the Bank along with its subsidiary BankIslami Modaraba Investment Ltd. For the period ended December 31, 2011. The highlights of the year under review are:

	Dec-11	Dec-10	Growth (%)
	Rupees in Million		
Total Deposits	50,468	38,110	32.43%
Total Assets	58,717	44,947	30.64%
Total Financing-net	20,110	16,670	20.64%
Total Investments	20,892	13,565	54.01%
Shareholder's Equity	5,138	4,732	8.58%
Branches	102	102	-
	Dec-11	Dec-10	
	Rupees		
Basic Earnings/(loss) per share	0.77	0.08	862.5%

Our group performance remained satisfactory. The Group has been able to post growth in its deposits by 32.43%, Financings by 20.64% and total Assets by 30.64%.

The Board would like to place on record its deep appreciation to the State Bank of Pakistan which has supported us with an un-wavering commitment. Gratitude is also due to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. Finally, we are thankful to our employees and customers for their patronage and support.

On behalf of the Board,



Hasan A Bilgrami
Chief Executive Officer

March 07, 2012

Islami Current Account



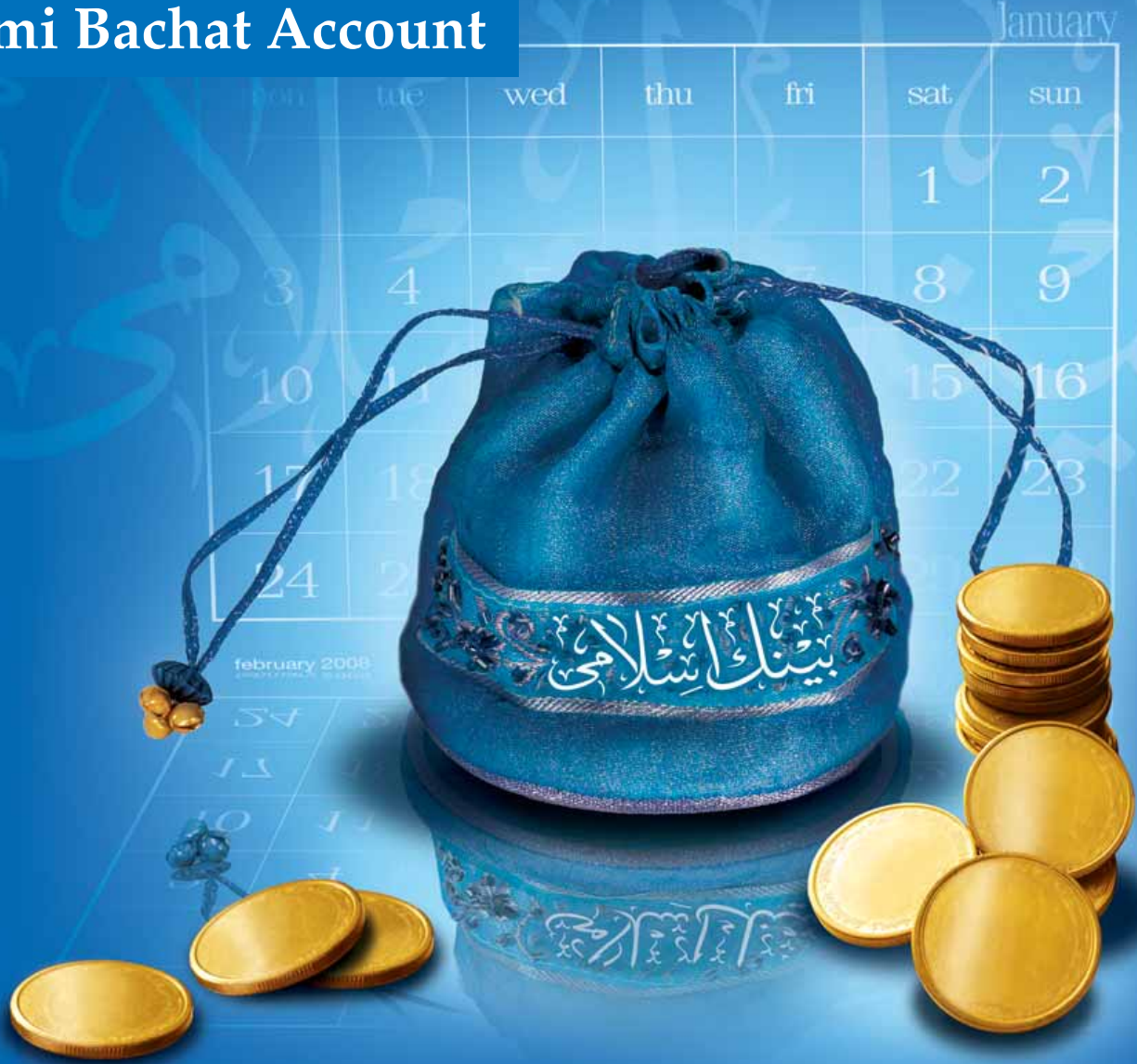
BankIslami brings to you **Islami Current Account**, which is based on the principles of 'Qarz' and is authenticated by our renowned Sharia'h Board.

Islami Current Account provides you the following features:

- Interest-free account
- Available in Pak Rupee
- Account statement facility
- VISA Debit Card
- 24/7 Phone Banking
- Online Banking nationwide
- Inter Bank Fund Transfer through ATM
- SMS Alerts Plus

Serving you, the Right way

Islami Bachat Account



BankIslami brings you **Islami Bachat Account**, which is based on Sharia'h compliance mode of "Mudarabah" and is Authenticated by a renowned Sharia'h Board.

Islami Bachat Account provides you the following features:

- Halal Profit payment on monthly basis
- VISA Debit Card facility
- Nationwide network of 102* Online branches in 49 Cities
- Online Banking facility
- SMS Alerts Plus facility
- Internet Banking facility
- Inter-bank Funds Transfer facility via ATM

Serving you, the Right way

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated statement of financial position of BankIslami Pakistan Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary company, BankIslami Modaraba Investments Limited as at December 31, 2011 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (here-in-after referred to as the 'consolidated financial statements'), for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements include unaudited certified returns from the branches of the Holding Company, except for eight branches, which have been audited by us. We have also expressed a separate opinion on the separate financial statements of BankIslami Pakistan Limited and have performed a limited scope review under International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the subsidiary company. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of BankIslami Pakistan Limited and its subsidiary company as at December 31, 2011 and the results of their operations, their comprehensive income, their cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.



A.F. Ferguson & Co

Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: **Rashid A. Jafer**


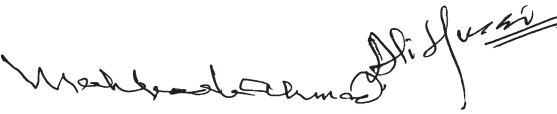

Dated: March 08, 2012

Karachi

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	4,684,831	3,035,153
Balances with other banks	7	549,411	570,858
Due from financial institutions	8	4,436,264	4,513,132
Investments	9	20,891,908	13,564,654
Financings	10	20,110,401	16,670,125
Operating fixed assets	11	1,816,863	2,048,855
Deferred tax assets	12	188,442	409,483
Other assets	13	6,038,413	4,134,418
		<u>58,716,533</u>	<u>44,946,678</u>
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable	14	798,853	563,020
Due to financial institutions	15	800,000	353,000
Deposits and other accounts	16	50,468,674	38,109,790
Sub-ordinated loans		-	-
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		-	-
Other liabilities	17	1,342,233	1,156,705
		<u>53,409,760</u>	<u>40,182,515</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>5,306,773</u>	<u>4,764,163</u>
REPRESENTED BY			
Share capital	18	5,279,679	5,279,679
Reserves	19	91,221	9,310
Accumulated losses		(233,205)	(557,208)
		<u>5,137,695</u>	<u>4,731,781</u>
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net	20	169,078	32,382
		<u>5,306,773</u>	<u>4,764,163</u>
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	21		

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.


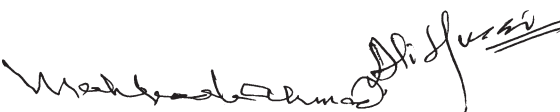




President / Chief Executive Director Director Director

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Profit / return earned	22	5,504,739	3,810,943
Profit / return expensed	23	2,873,119	2,049,453
Net spread earned		2,631,620	1,761,490
Provision / (Reversal of provision) against non-performing financings - net	10.10	21,423	(7,424)
Provision for diminution in the value of investments	9.7	1,195	12,671
Bad debts written off directly		-	-
		22,618	5,247
Net spread after provisions / (reversals)		2,609,002	1,756,243
OTHER INCOME			
Fee, commission and brokerage income		110,118	94,207
Dividend Income		2	1
Income from dealing in foreign currencies		63,285	59,124
Gain on sale of securities		-	-
Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments classified as held for trading	24	53,247	52,848
Other income		-	-
Total other income		226,652	206,180
		2,835,654	1,962,423
OTHER EXPENSES			
Administrative expenses	25	2,153,177	1,897,405
Other provisions / write offs		63,310	11,528
Other charges	26	4,661	11,657
Total other expenses		2,221,148	1,920,590
		614,506	41,833
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		614,506	41,833
Taxation			
- Current	27	59,816	44,993
- Prior years	27	1,340	-
- Deferred	27	147,436	(44,319)
		208,592	674
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		405,914	41,159
Accumulated losses brought forward		(556,130)	(589,057)
		(150,216)	(547,898)
Basic earnings per share – Rupees	28	0.77	0.08
Diluted earnings per share – Rupees	28	0.77	0.08

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

President / Chief Executive

Director



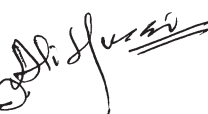
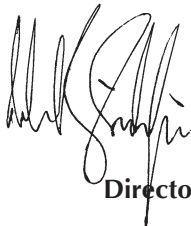
Director

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Profit after taxation for the year	405,914	41,159
Comprehensive income transferred to equity	405,914	41,159
Components of comprehensive income not reflected in equity :		
Surplus on revaluation of available for sale investments - net of tax	169,078	32,382
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>574,992</u>	<u>73,541</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



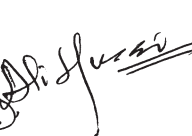





President / Chief Executive Director Director Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		614,506	41,833
Less: Dividend Income		(2)	(1)
		<u>614,504</u>	<u>41,832</u>
Adjustments:			
Depreciation	25	311,474	331,722
Amortisation	25.2	29,705	27,798
Depreciation on operating Ijara assets	10.8	255,941	89,403
Provision / (Reversal of provision) against non-performing financings - net	10.10	21,423	(7,424)
Provision for diminution in the value of investments	9.7	1,195	12,671
Other provisions / write offs	13.6	63,310	11,528
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	24	(12,787)	(20,260)
Deferred cost amortised	13.2	4,086	16,083
		<u>674,347</u>	<u>461,521</u>
		1,288,851	503,353
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets			
Due from financial institutions		76,868	(494,319)
Financings		(3,717,640)	(6,294,801)
Others assets (excluding advance taxation and deferred cost)		(1,971,718)	(126,997)
		<u>(5,612,490)</u>	<u>(6,916,117)</u>
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities			
Bills payable		235,833	77,412
Due to financial institutions		447,000	196,840
Deposits and other accounts		12,358,884	10,198,139
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		185,528	238,000
		<u>13,227,245</u>	<u>10,710,391</u>
		8,903,606	4,297,627
Income tax paid		(60,829)	(36,476)
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>8,842,777</u>	<u>4,261,151</u>
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net investments in available for sale securities		(7,118,148)	(6,919,869)
Dividend received		2	1
Investments in operating fixed assets		(128,862)	(68,839)
Sale proceeds of property and equipment disposed-off		32,462	56,239
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(7,214,546)</u>	<u>(6,932,468)</u>
		1,628,231	(2,671,317)
Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		3,606,011	6,277,328
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	29	<u>5,234,242</u>	<u>3,606,011</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

President / Chief Executive

Director


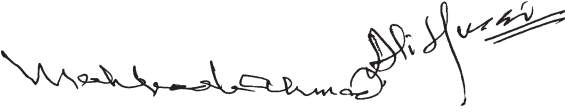

Director

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	Share capital	Statutory Reserves	Accumulated losses	Total
	-----Rupees in '000 -----			
Balance as at January 01, 2010	5,279,679	-	(589,057)	4,690,622
Profit after taxation for the year transferred from Statement of Comprehensive Income			41,159	41,159
Transfer to Statutory reserve		9,310	(9,310)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2010	5,279,679	9,310	(557,208)	4,731,781
Profit after taxation for the year transferred from Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	-	405,914	405,914
Transfer to Statutory reserve	-	81,911	(81,911)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2011	5,279,679	91,221	(233,205)	5,137,695

The annexed notes 1 to 40 and Annexure 1 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

President / Chief Executive **Director** **Director** **Director**

Internet Banking



Your Account with you, always...

Access your account information from anywhere, no matter where you are. BankIslami Internet Banking provides you the facility to access and manage your accounts and transactions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

- Access to your Account's mini/full statement
- Funds transfer from one BankIslami account to another
- Access to transaction history
- Transaction enquiry by Cheque No., transaction amount or date
- Customization of your Internet Banking account

Serving you, the Right way

بَيْتُكَ إِسْلَامِي



BankIslami

Your trust
Our strength

With a network of 102* branches in 49 cities, BankIslami offers the following authentic Islamic banking solutions:

- Islami Mahana Munafa Account
- Islami Bachat Account
- "MUSKUN" - Home Financing
- Corporate Banking
- Islami Trade Finance
- Islami Amadni Certificate
- Islami Auto Ijarah
- Islami Current Account
- Investment Banking
- Islami Sahulat Account
- VISA Debit Card
- SMS Alerts Plus
- Internet Banking

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

*Including sub-branches

BANKISLAMI PAKISTAN LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANY NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 The Group comprises of:

BankIslami Pakistan Limited (Holding Company)

BankIslami Pakistan Limited (the Bank) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on October 18, 2004 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 to carry out business of an Islamic Commercial Bank in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah.

The State Bank of Pakistan Bank granted a 'Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank' license on March 18, 2005. The Bank commenced its operations as a Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank with effect from April 07, 2006, on receiving Certificate of Commencement of Business from the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) under section 37 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. The Bank is principally engaged in corporate, commercial, consumer, retail banking activities and investment activities.

The Bank is operating through 102 branches including 32 sub branches as at December 31, 2011. (2010: 102 branches). The registered office of the Bank is situated at 11th Floor, Dolmen City, Marine Drive, Block-4, Clifton, Karachi. The shares of the Bank are quoted on the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited.

Based on the financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2010, the Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (Private) Limited (PACRA) determined the Bank's long-term rating as 'A' and the short-term rating as 'A-1'.

- 1.2 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) vide circular no. 07 of 2009 dated April 15, 2009 has increased the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for banks upto Rs. 10 billion to be achieved in a phased manner by December 31, 2013. The MCR (free of losses) and Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) requirements as at December 31, 2011 is Rs 8 billion (2010: Rs 7 billion) and 10 percent (2010: 10 percent) respectively. However, the paid up capital of the Bank (free of losses) as of December 31, 2011 amounts to Rs 5.052 billion although its CAR stands at 17.57 percent.

Last year the Board of Directors (BoD) of the Bank in their meeting held on February 07, 2011 had in principle agreed to issue right shares to increase its capital (free of losses) to Rs. 6 billion. The SBP vide its letter no. BSD/CSD/546/2012 dated January 13, 2012 has advised the Bank to complete the right issue as principally agreed by the BOD in its meeting held on February 7, 2011 by June 30, 2012 to achieve the paid up capital (free of losses) of at least Rs 6 billion. Any further extension in timeline for meeting MCR would be considered once the paid up capital (free of losses) of Rs 6 billion is achieved.

BankIslami Modaraba Investments Limited (Subsidiary Company) - 100 percent holding

The subsidiary company was incorporated in Pakistan on January 22, 1986 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 as a public limited company. Later on it was registered as a Modaraba Company with the Registrar of Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980. The principal activity of the subsidiary company is to float and operate Modaraba. The subsidiary company is managing its Modaraba with the name of Modaraba-Al-Mali. The principal place of business of the Subsidiary company is situated at 10th Floor, Progressive Square, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

The financial statements of the subsidiary company have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying value of the investments held by the holding company has been eliminated against the shareholder's equity in the Subsidiary Company. Intra group balances or transactions have been eliminated.

The financial statements of the subsidiary company have been consolidated on the basis of reviewed condensed interim financial statements for the half year ended December 31, 2011.

The financial statements of "Modaraba Al-Mali", a modaraba floated by the subsidiary company in which it has 13 percent holding, have not been consolidated although the Group over which the Group has control by virtue of management rights. The management of the Group is of the view that consolidated financial statements are required to be prepared only for subsidiaries as defined in the Companies Ordinance, 1984. "Modaraba Al-Mali" is a modaraba floated under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (flotation and control) Ordinance, 1980 and does not fall under the definition of subsidiary as defined under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Hence, the financial statements of "Modaraba Al-Mali" are not required to be consolidated in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Group provides financing mainly through Murabaha, Ijarah, and other Islamic modes. Under Murabaha the goods are purchased and are then sold to the customers on credit. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of profit thereon. The income on such financing is recognised in accordance with the principles of Islamic Shariah. However income, if any, received which does not comply with the principles of Islamic Shariah is recognised as charity payable as directed by the Shariah Advisor.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 3.1** These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Wherever the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or directives issued by the SECP and SBP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or the requirements of the said directives prevail.
- 3.2** The SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment Property' for banking companies through BSD Circular Letter No. 10 dated August 26, 2002 till further instructions. Further, the SECP has deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' through its notification S.R.O 411(I)/2008 dated April 28, 2008. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.
- 3.3** SBP through its BSD Circular No. 07 dated April 20, 2010 has clarified that for the purpose of preparation of financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard - 1 (Revised) 'Presentation of Financial Statements', two statement approach shall be adopted i.e. separate 'Profit and Loss Account' and 'Statement of Comprehensive Income' shall be presented, and Balance Sheet shall be renamed as 'Statement of Financial Position'. Furthermore, the Surplus / (Deficit) on revaluation of Available-For-Sale Securities (AFS) only may be included in the 'Statement of Comprehensive Income' but will continue to be shown separately in the Statement of Financial Position. Accordingly, the above requirements have been adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.
- 3.4** IFRS 8 'Operating Segments' is effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2009. All banking companies in Pakistan are required to prepare their annual financial statements in line with the format prescribed under BSD Circular No. 4 dated February 17, 2006, 'Revised Forms of Annual Financial Statements', effective from the accounting year ended December 31, 2006. The management of the Group believes that as the SBP has defined the segment categorisation in the above mentioned circular, the SBP requirements prevail over the requirements specified in IFRS 8. Accordingly, segment information disclosed in these financial statements is based on the requirements laid down by SBP.

3.5 New and amended standards and interpretations that are effective in the current year:

The following revised standards and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2011:

- IAS 24 (revised), 'Related party disclosures' issued in November 2009. It supersedes IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures', issued in 2003. The revised standard classifies and simplifies the definition of a related party and removes the requirement for government - related entities to disclose details of all transactions with the government and other government - related entities. The revised standard does not have any significant effect on the Group's Financial Statements.
- IFRIC 14 (amendments), 'Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement'. The amendments correct an unintended consequence of IFRIC 14, 'IAS 19 – The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction'. Without the amendments, entities are not permitted to recognise as an asset some voluntary prepayments for minimum funding contributions. This was not intended when IFRIC 14 was issued, and the amendments correct this. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2011. The amendment does not have any significant impact on the Group's Financial Statements.

There are other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2011 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

3.6 New and amended standards and interpretations that are not yet effective:

The following amendment to existing standard has been issued and is not mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on January 1, 2011 and not early adopted:

IAS 19, 'Employee Benefits' was amended in June 2011 applicable for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The impact on the Group will be as follows: to eliminate the corridor approach and recognise all actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income as they occur; to immediately recognise all past service costs; and to replace interest cost and expected return on plan assets with a net interest amount that is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability / asset. The management is yet to assess the full impact of the amendments.

There are other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are therefore not detailed in these consolidated financial statements.

3.7 Early adoption of standards

The Group has not early adopted any new or amended standard in 2011.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 Accounting convention

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that certain investments, foreign currency balances and commitments in respect of foreign exchange contracts have been marked to market and are carried at fair value. Further, staff retirement benefits as disclosed in note 5.7 to the financial statements have been carried at present values as determined under International Accounting Standard 19.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. The amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand.

4.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgement in application of its accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgements were made by the management in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) classification and provisioning against investments (notes 5.2 and 9)
- ii) classification and provisioning against financings (notes 5.3 and 10)
- iii) current and deferred taxation (notes 5.6, 12 and 27)
- iv) determination of useful lives and depreciation / amortisation (note 11)

5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise specified.

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of consolidated cash flow statement comprise of cash and balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks in current and deposit accounts.

5.2 Investments

5.2.1 Classification

Investments of the Group, other than investments in associates are classified as follows:

(a) Held-for-trading

These are investments which are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices or are securities included in a portfolio for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking.

(b) Held- to-maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity and the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold them till maturity.

(c) Available-for-sale

These are investments which do not fall under the 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

5.2.2 Regular way contracts

All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date, which is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the investments.

5.2.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Investments other than those categorised as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value which includes transaction costs associated with the investment. Investments classified as 'held for trading' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account.

Premium or discount on debt securities classified as available for sale is amortised using the effective interest method and taken to the profit and loss account.

5.2.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition investments are valued as follows:

(a) Held-for-trading

These are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Gains and losses on remeasurement are included in the net profit and loss for the year.

(b) Held-to-maturity

These are measured at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method, less any impairment loss recognised to reflect irrecoverable amount.

(c) Available for sale

Quoted / Government securities are measured at fair value. Surplus / (deficit) arising on remeasurement is taken to a separate account shown in the statement of financial position below equity. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realised upon disposal.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break up value of equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements. Investments in other unquoted securities are valued at cost less impairment losses, if any.

(d) Investments in associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control.

5.2.5 Impairment

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale and held to maturity (except sukuk certificates) is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. A significant or prolonged decline in fair value of an equity investment below its cost is also considered an objective evidence of impairment. Provision for diminution in the value of sukuk certificates is made as per the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. In case of impairment of available for sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in surplus on revaluation of securities on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position below equity is removed therefrom and recognised in the profit and loss account. For investments classified as held to maturity, the impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

5.2.6 Gains or losses on sale of investments are included in profit and loss for the year.

5.3 Financing

Financings are financial products originated by the Group and principally comprise Murabaha, Istisna', Ijarah, Salam, Musawamah and Diminishing Musharaka receivables. These are stated net of general and specific provisions.

Specific provision

The Group maintains specific provision for doubtful debts based on the requirements specified in the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

General provision

The Group also maintains general provision at the rate of 5% against unsecured consumer portfolio and at the rate of 1.5% against secured consumer portfolio in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.



The net provision made / reversed during the year is charged to the profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted off against financings. Financings are written off when there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

Murabaha to the purchase orderer is a sale transaction wherein the first party (the Group) sells to the client/customer Shariah compliant assets / goods for cost plus a pre-agreed profit after getting title and possession of the same. In principle on the basis of an undertaking (Promise-to-Purchase) from the client (the purchase orderer), the Group purchases the assets / goods subject of the Murabaha from a third party and takes the possession thereof. However the Group can appoint the client as its agent to purchase the assets / goods on its behalf. Thereafter, it sells it to the client at cost plus the profit agreed upon in the promise.

Import Murabaha is a product, used to finance a commercial transaction which consists of purchase by the Group (generally through an undisclosed agent) the goods from the foreign supplier and selling them to the customer after getting the title to and possession of the goods. Murabaha financing is extended to all types of trade transactions i.e., under Documentary Credits (LCs), Documentary Collections and Open Accounts.

Istisna'a is an order to manufacture or construct some assets. Istisna'a has two legs: first the Group acquires the described goods by way of Istisna'a to be manufactured by the customer from raw material of its own and once the goods are delivered to the Group, the customer through an independent agency contract, will sell the same to various end-users as the agent of the Group.

Ijarah is a contract in which the Group buys and rents a productive asset to a person short of funds and in need of that asset.

Salam is a sale transaction where the seller undertakes to supply some specific goods to the buyer at a future date against an advance price fully paid on spot.

Musawamah is a sale transaction in which price of a commodity to be traded is bargained between the seller and the purchaser without any reference to the cost incurred by the seller.

Diminishing Musharaka represents an asset in joint ownership whereby a partner promises to buy the equity share of the other partner until the title to the equity is totally transferred to him. The partner using the asset pays the proportionate rental of such asset to the other partner (the Group).

Musharaka / Modaraba are different types of partnerships in business with distribution of profit in agreed ratio and distribution of loss in the ratio of capital invested.

5.3.1 Ijarah Financings

Ijarah financings executed on or before December 31, 2008 have been accounted for under finance method, thereafter all Ijarah financings are accounted for under IFAS-2.

- (a) Under finance method, the present value method of minimum Ijarah payments have been recognised and shown under financings. The unearned income i.e. the excess of aggregate Ijarah rentals over the cost of the asset and documentation charges under Ijarah facility is deferred and then amortised over the term of the Ijarah, so as to produce a constant rate of return on net investment in the Ijarah. Gains / losses on termination of Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on a receipt basis. Income on Ijarah is recognised from the date of delivery of the respective assets to the mustajir (lessee).
- (b) Under IFAS-2 method, assets underlying Ijarah financings have been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any, and are shown under financings. Rentals accrued from Ijarah financings net of depreciation charged are taken to the profit and loss account. Depreciation on Ijarah assets is charged by applying the straight line method over the Ijarah period which is from the date of delivery of respective assets to mustajir upto the date of maturity / termination of Ijarah agreement.

5.4 Operating fixed assets and depreciation

5.4.1 Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method by taking into consideration the estimated useful life of the related assets at the rates specified in note 11.2 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions / deletions during the year is charged for the proportionate period for which the asset remained in use.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment if any, are taken to the profit and loss account.

5.4.2 Capital work in progress

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

5.4.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets having a finite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. The useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date. Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at acquisition cost, less impairment losses, if any.

Amortisation on additions / deletions during the year is charged for the proportionate period for which the asset remained in use.

Software and other development costs are only capitalised to the extent that future economic benefits are expected to be derived by the Group.

5.4.4 Impairment

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately in the financial statements except for impairment loss on revalued assets, which is adjusted against related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of that asset.

Where an impairment loss reverses subsequently, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately except for impairment loss on revalued assets which is adjusted against the related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of assets.

5.5 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between the cost of acquisition and the fair value of the Group's share of net identifiable assets of the acquired entity at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment, annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

5.6 Taxation

5.6.1 Current

The provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at current rates of taxation, after taking into consideration available tax credits, rebates and tax losses as allowed under the Seventh Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary relating to prior years, which arises from assessments / developments made during the year.

5.6.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Group also records deferred tax asset on available tax losses. Deferred tax is calculated using the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised.

The carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group also recognises deferred tax asset / liability on (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of securities which is adjusted against the related (deficit) / surplus in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 12 - Income Taxes.

5.7 Staff retirement benefits

5.7.1 Defined benefit plan

The Group operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees. The liability recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit gratuity scheme, is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the consolidated statement of financial position date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognized actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. Contributions to the fund are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The defined benefit obligation is calculated periodically by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The last valuation was conducted as on December 31, 2011. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised as income or expense over the average remaining working lives of the employees, if the net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains or losses for the Scheme at the end of the previous financial year exceed 10% of the higher of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets.

5.7.2 Defined contribution plan

The Group operates an approved funded contributory provident fund scheme for all of its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Group and the employees at the rate of 10 % of the basic salary. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Group are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

5.8 Revenue recognition

- 5.8.1** Profit from Murabaha is accounted for on consummation of Murabaha transaction. However, profit on the portion of revenue not due for payment is deferred by accounting for unearned Murabaha income with a corresponding credit to deferred Murabaha income which is recorded as a liability. The same is then recognised as revenue on a time proportionate basis.
- 5.8.2** Profit from Istisna'a is recorded on accrual basis commencing from the time of sale of goods till the realisation of proceeds by the Group. Profit from Diminishing Musharaka, Salam and Musawamah are recognised on a time proportionate basis.
- 5.8.3** The Group follows the finance method in recognising income on Ijarah contracts written upto December 31, 2008. Under this method the unearned income i.e. excess of aggregate Ijarah rentals over the cost of the asset and documentation charges under Ijarah facility is deferred and then amortised over the term of the Ijarah, so as to produce a constant rate of return on net investment in the Ijarah. Gains / losses on termination of Ijarah contracts are recognised as income on a receipt basis. Income on Ijarah is recognised from the date of delivery of the respective assets to the Mustajir (lessee).
- Profit from Ijarah contracts entered on or after January 01, 2009 is recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of the contract net of depreciation expense relating to the Ijarah assets.
- 5.8.4** Profit on Diminishing Musharaka is recognised on an accrual basis.
- 5.8.5** Provisional profit of Musharaka / Modaraba financing is recognised on an accrual basis. Actual profit / loss on Musharaka and Modaraba financings is adjusted for declaration of profit by Musharaka partner / Modarib or at liquidation of Musharaka / Modaraba.
- 5.8.6** Profit on classified financing is recognised on receipt basis.
- 5.8.7** Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- 5.8.8** Gains and losses on sale of investments are included in profit and loss currently.
- 5.8.9** Fee on issuance of letter of credit and acceptance is recognised on receipt basis as generally the transaction consummates within an accounting period. Fee on guarantees, if considered material, is recognised over the period of guarantee.
- 5.8.10** Profit on Sukuks is recognised on an accrual basis.

5.9 Financial Instruments

5.9.1 Financial assets and financial liabilities

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the Group loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to income directly. Financial assets carried on the balance sheet include cash and bank balances, due from financial institutions, investments, financings and certain receivables, and financial liabilities include bills payable, due to financial institutions, deposits and other payables. The particular recognition methods adopted for significant financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with them.

5.9.2 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to off-set the recognised amount and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also off-set and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements.

5.9.3 Derivatives

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. In the case of equity futures, the fair value is calculated with reference to quoted market price. Derivatives with positive market values (unrealised gains) are included in other receivables and derivatives with negative market values (unrealised losses) are included in other liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. The resultant gains and losses are taken to profit and loss account currently.

5.10 Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into local currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the statement of consolidated financial position date. Forward exchange promises are revalued using forward exchange rates applicable to their respective remaining maturities.

Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

Commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed at contracted rates. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in rupee terms at the exchange rates ruling on the reporting date.

5.11 Fiduciary assets

Assets held in a fiduciary capacity are not treated as assets of the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

5.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent assets are not recognised, and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

Provisions for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations are recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the Group to settle the obligation. Charge to the profit and loss account is stated net of expected recoveries.

5.13 Deferred costs

As allowed by SBP pre-operating / preliminary expenses are included in deferred costs and these are amortised over a maximum period of five years on straight line basis from the date of commencement of business.

5.14 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment) or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format of reporting is based on business segments.

5.14.1 Business segments

Trading and sales

It includes equity, foreign exchanges, commodities, credit, funding, own position securities, placements and financings.

Retail banking

It includes retail financings, deposits and banking services offered to its retail customers and small and medium enterprises.

Commercial banking

It includes project finance, export finance, trade finance, Ijarah, guarantees and bills of exchange relating to its corporate customers.

Support Centre

It includes the assets and liabilities relating to support functions at Head Office and their related income and expenses.

Modaraba Management

It includes the Modaraba management business carried on by the Group.

5.14.2 Geographical segment

The Group has 102 branches including 32 sub branches (2010: 102 branches including 32 sub branches) and operates only in Pakistan.

5.15 Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

The Group occasionally acquires assets in settlement of certain doubtful financings. These are stated at lower of the net realisable value of the related advances and the current fair value of such assets.

6 CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
In hand			
- local currency		835,995	653,806
- foreign currency		97,403	159,600
		<u>933,398</u>	<u>813,406</u>
With the State Bank of Pakistan in			
- local currency current account	6.1	2,857,995	1,610,620
- foreign currency deposit accounts			
Cash Reserves Account	6.2	42,005	30,401
Special Cash Reserve Account	6.3	50,189	35,967
US Dollar Clearing Account	6.4	16,634	19,264
		<u>108,828</u>	<u>85,632</u>
With National Bank of Pakistan in			
- local currency current account		784,610	525,495
		<u>4,684,831</u>	<u>3,035,153</u>

- 6.1** This represents Rs.2,857.995 million (2010: Rs. 1,610.620 million) held against Cash Reserve Requirement and Statutory Liquidity Requirement. The local currency current account is maintained with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) as per the requirements of Section 36 of the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956. This section requires banking companies to maintain a local currency cash reserve in the current account opened with the SBP at a sum not less than such percentage of its time and demand liabilities in Pakistan as may be prescribed by SBP.
- 6.2** As per BSD Circular No. 15 dated June 21, 2008, cash reserve of 5% is required to be maintained with State Bank of Pakistan on deposits held under the New Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme (FE-25 deposits).
- 6.3** Special cash reserve of 6% is required to be maintained with SBP on FE-25 deposits as specified in BSD Circular No. 15 dated June 21, 2008. During the year this deposit was not remunerated (2010: Nil).
- 6.4** This includes Rs. 70.883 million (2010: Rs. 64.058 million) held against Cash Reserve Requirement and Special Cash Reserves Requirement. Balance amount is available to the Group for its operations. These deposits do not carry any return.

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
7 BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS			
In Pakistan			
- on current accounts		15,206	19,221
- on deposit accounts	7.1	<u>247</u>	<u>1,591</u>
		15,453	20,812
Outside Pakistan			
- on current accounts		<u>533,958</u>	<u>550,046</u>
- on deposit accounts		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>533,958</u>	<u>550,046</u>
		<u>549,411</u>	<u>570,858</u>

- 7.1** Represents deposits with various Islamic commercial banks under Musharaka and Modaraba arrangements with maturities less than 3 months. The expected profit rate on these arrangements is 5% (2010: 5 % to 13.5 %) per annum.

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
8 DUE FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
Sukuk Murahaba	8.1	6,418	6,418
Commodity Murahaba - local currency	8.2 & 8.3	<u>3,911,264</u>	<u>4,513,132</u>
		3,917,682	4,519,550
Musharika Placement	8.4	<u>525,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	8.5	<u>4,442,682</u>	<u>4,519,550</u>
Provision against sukuk Murahaba		<u>(6,418)</u>	<u>(6,418)</u>
		<u>4,436,264</u>	<u>4,513,132</u>

- 8.1** The Group entered into sukuk Murabaha arrangement under which the Group appointed its client as an agent under asset purchase agreements to purchase the underlying sukuk from the open market on its behalf and later sell them on deferred Murahaba basis. The maturity date of the deal was February 08, 2009. The Group is making efforts to recover the outstanding balance and has made a provision against the outstanding amount.

- 8.2** The Group has entered into Commodity Murahaba agreements under which the Group purchases an underlying commodity from open market through an agent and sells it to a financial institution on credit with profit. The profit rates on the agreement range between 10.75 % to 12.5 % (2010: 12.75 % and 13 %) per annum and the agreements have a maturity ranging from 2 days to 16 days.

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
8.3 Commodity Murabaha sale price	529,196,217	544,831,409
Purchase price	(528,466,000)	(543,915,000)
	<u>730,217</u>	<u>916,409</u>
Deferred Commodity Murabaha income		
Opening balance	10,474	7,002
Deferred during the year	730,217	916,409
Recognised during the year	(733,292)	(912,937)
	<u>7,399</u>	<u>10,474</u>
Commodity Murabaha		
Opening balance	4,513,132	2,218,813
Sales during the year	529,196,217	544,831,409
Received during the year	(529,798,085)	(542,537,090)
	<u>3,911,264</u>	<u>4,513,132</u>

8.4 The Group has entered into Musharaka placement agreements which carries profit at 11.90 % per annum and have a maturity of 4 days.

8.5 Particulars of amounts due from financial institutions with respect to currencies:

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
- In local currency	4,442,682	4,519,550
- In foreign currency	-	-
	<u>4,442,682</u>	<u>4,519,550</u>

9 INVESTMENTS

	Note	2011			2010		
		Held by the Group	Given as collateral	Total	Held by the Group	Given as collateral	Total
----- Rupees in `000 -----							
9.1 Investments by types							
Available for sale securities							
Sukuk / Certificates	9.2	20,644,425	-	20,644,425	13,526,277	-	13,526,277
Units of Open-end mutual fund	9.2	15	-	15	15	-	15
Units of Closed-end mutual fund	9.2	6	-	6	6	-	6
		<u>20,644,446</u>	-	<u>20,644,446</u>	<u>13,526,298</u>	-	<u>13,526,298</u>
Modaraba							
Modaraba-Al-Mali	9.6	16,208	-	16,208	16,208	-	16,208
Total investment at cost		<u>20,660,654</u>	-	<u>20,660,654</u>	<u>13,542,506</u>	-	<u>13,542,506</u>
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments	9.2	(28,866)	-	(28,866)	(27,671)	-	(27,671)
Investments - net of Provisions		<u>20,631,788</u>	-	<u>20,631,788</u>	<u>13,514,835</u>	-	<u>13,514,835</u>
Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale securities	20	260,120	-	260,120	49,819	-	49,819
Total investments at market value		<u>20,891,908</u>	-	<u>20,891,908</u>	<u>13,564,654</u>	-	<u>13,564,654</u>

9.2 Investments by segment

	Note	2011	2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----			
Federal Government Securities			
GOP Ijarah Sukuks	9.3	18,300,248	9,750,000
Sukuks			
Sukuks - unlisted	9.3	2,344,177	3,776,277
Fully paid up certificates / Units			
Modaraba Certificates	9.6	16,208	16,208
Units of Open-ended Mutual Funds	9.4	15	15
Units of Closed-end Mutual Funds	9.4	6	6
Total investment at cost		<u>20,660,654</u>	<u>13,542,506</u>
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments	9.7	(28,866)	(27,671)
Investments (net of provisions)		<u>20,631,788</u>	<u>13,514,835</u>
Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale securities	20	260,120	49,819
Total investments at market value		<u><u>20,891,908</u></u>	<u><u>13,564,654</u></u>

9.3 Available for sale securities

Name of the investee company	Note	2011		2010		Face Value (Rupees)	2011		2010	
		Number of Certificates		Cost	Cost		----- Rupees in '000 -----			
Sukuk Certificates										
Federal Government										
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 1		-	2,500			100,000	-			250,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 3	9.3.1	20,000	20,000			100,000	2,000,000			2,000,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 5	9.3.2	50,000	50,000			100,000	5,000,000			5,000,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 6	9.3.3	25,000	25,000			100,000	2,500,000			2,500,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 7	9.3.4	30,500	-			100,000	3,050,000			-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 8	9.3.5	22,500	-			100,000	2,250,248			-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 9	9.3.6	35,000	-			100,000	3,500,000			-
							18,300,248			9,750,000
Others										
First WAPDA Sukuk	9.3.7	60,000	60,000			5,000	299,737			299,453
Second WAPDA Sukuk	9.3.8	134,000	134,000			5,000	668,903			668,555
KSEW Sukuk - 1		-	38,000			5,000	-			190,000
KSEW Sukuk - 2		-	92,800			5,000	-			464,000
Pak Electron Sukuk	9.3.9	60,000	60,000			5,000	128,571			171,429
Amtex Sukuk	9.3.10	59,000	59,000			5,000	221,250			221,250
Engro Fertilizer Sukuk	9.3.11	65,000	65,000			5,000	322,511			322,005
Security Leasing Sukuk	9.3.12	2,000	2,000			5,000	4,219			6,094
Shahmurad Sugar Mills Sukuk		-	250			1,000,000	-			166,667
Second Sitara Chemicals Sukuk		-	10,000			5,000	-			12,500
Third Sitara Chemicals Sukuk	9.3.13	8,000	8,000			5,000	16,667			30,000
Sitara Energy Sukuk - 1	9.3.14	6,000	6,000			5,000	6,247			12,413
Sitara Energy Sukuk - 2	9.3.25	4,000	4,000			5,000	4,028			8,000
New Allied Electronics (LG) Sukuk	9.3.16	11,000	11,000			5,000	55,000			55,000
Sui Southern Gas Company Sukuk	9.3.17	84,000	84,000			5,000	168,000			336,000
Kohat Cement Sukuk	9.3.18	27,000	27,000			5,000	95,310			130,410
Eden Housing Sukuk	9.3.19	54,000	54,000			5,000	170,399			202,500
Optimus Sukuk	9.3.20	50,000	50,000			5,000	145,835			187,501
LESCO Sukuk		-	42,000			5,000	-			210,000
HBFC Sukuk	9.3.21	15,000	15,000			5,000	37,500			52,500
Haq Bahu Sugar Mills Sukuk - 1		-	12,000			5,000	-			30,000
							2,344,177			3,776,277
							<u>20,644,425</u>			<u>13,526,277</u>

- 9.3.1** The profit rate on these sukus comprises of six months weighted average yield of six months market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in March 2012. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.2** The profit rate on these sukus comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in November 2013. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.3** The profit rate on these sukus comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in December 2013. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.4** The profit rate on these sukus comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in March 2014. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.5** The profit rate on these sukus comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in May 2014. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee.
- 9.3.6** The profit rate on these sukus comprises of six months weighted average yield of six month market T-Bills. The principal is redeemable on maturity in December 2014. These are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee. At December 31, 2011, these had a market value of Rs. 3,512,950 thousand.
- 9.3.7** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 35 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 35 basis points) receivable on semi-annual basis with maturity in October 2012. The principal will be repaid on maturity. The purchase price and rentals are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee. At December 31, 2011, these had a market value of Rs. 301,410 thousand (2010: Rs 311,610 thousand).

The Group had purchased 10,000 certificates on June 25, 2009 of WAPDA – 1 Sukuk through a negotiated transaction for a cash consideration of Rs. 50.228 million having face value of Rs. 50 million. These certificates were available in the seller's Central Depository Company (CDC) account and on completion of the transaction were transferred to the Group's CDC account. However, the periodic Ijarah Rental dues were not paid to the Group on the plea that there exists certain discrepancy with respect to ownership of the asset. The Group and its legal advisors are of the view that the security and the rental purchased through CDC is deemed to be legally bonafide. The Group's legal advisor is certain that the Group will be able to recover the rental therefore no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

- 9.3.8** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR minus 25 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR minus 25 basis points) receivable on semi-annual basis with maturity in July 2017. The principal will be repaid in 12 equal semi-annual installments with first installment falling due on the 54th month from the first drawdown date. The issue amount and rentals are backed by Government of Pakistan's Sovereign Guarantee. At December 31, 2011, these had a market value of Rs. 672,881 thousand (2010: 674,154 thousand).
- 9.3.9** These Sukuks have been restructured during the year. After restructuring these Sukuks carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 175 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 175 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in September 2014. The outstanding principal will be redeemed in 6 equal quarterly installments starting from June 2013.
- 9.3.10** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 200 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 200 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in October 2012. The principal will be redeemed in 12 consecutive quarterly installments, the first such installment falling due not later than the end of 27 months from the last draw down. These Sukuk are backed by guarantee of Rs. 740 million from a Group. During 2010, Amtex has defaulted on its principal repayment. Consequently the Group has suspended the accrual of profit from the Sukuk. During the year the Group has called the underlying guarantee.
- 9.3.11** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 150 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 150 basis points) receivable semi annually based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in September 2015.

Principal repayment to be made in two consecutive, equal semi annual installments, the first such installment falling due on the 90th month from the date of the first contribution under the facility. As a security first pari passu charge has been provided on all present and future fixed assets of the Company with margin.

- 9.3.12** These Sukuks have been further restructured w.e.f. March 2011. After restructuring these Sukuks carry profit at the rate of 0%, (2010: 6% (3% Cash + 3% accrual) upto September 2011 receivable monthly and thereafter at the rate of 1 month KIBOR upto maturity. The accrued profit amount to be repaid in six equal monthly installments starting from 43rd month. Principal to be repaid in 48 months starting from April 2010). As per the new restructured plan principal will be repaid in 36 monthly installments and the accrued portion of profit upto March 2011 has also been waived.
- 9.3.13** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 100 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 100 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in December 2012. The principal will be redeemed in 12 equal quarterly installments the first such installment falling due on the 27th month from the date of first draw down. As a security specific and exclusive hypothecation charge in respect of the Musharaka assets in favour of the investors to the extent of entire legal ownership rights of the company (covering the entire amount of Sukuk along with an 18.22% margin) is provided. There is an early purchase option available to the issuer after 2 years of disbursement with "No Early Payment Penalty".
- 9.3.14** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points) receivable semi-annually with maturity in July 2012. The principal will be redeemed in ten equal semi-annual installments commencing from the 6th month from the date of issue. As a security first charge over present and future assets of the company with 25% margin has been provided.
- 9.3.15** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 195 basis points) receivable semi-annually with maturity in July 2012. The principal will be redeemed in ten equal semi-annual installments commencing from the 6th month from the date of issue. As a security first charge over present and future assets of the company with 25% margin has been provided.
- 9.3.16** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 220 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 220 basis points) receivable semi-annually with maturity in December 2012. The principal will be repaid in 6 consecutive semi-annual installments, the first such installment falling not later than the end of 30th month from the date of issue. As a security first pari passu charge over all present and future fixed assets amounting to Rs. 800 million of the company, irrevocable guarantee of a Financial Institution and Personal Guarantee of sponsoring directors has been provided. There is an early purchase option available to the issuer after 2 years of disbursement. A provision for the diminution in value of investment amounting to Rs. 15 million has been made against the principal.
- 9.3.17** These carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 20 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 20 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism having a tenor of 5 years with maturity in December 2012. The principal will be repaid in 10 consecutive quarterly installments, the first installment falling due on end of 33rd month from the last draw down. As a security first pari passu charge over fixed assets of the company or equitable mortgage on selected land and building with 25% margin has been provided. There is an early purchase option available to the issuer after 1 year of disbursement.
- 9.3.18** These sukuks have been restructured during the year. After restructuring these Sukuks carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 150 basis points (2010: three months KIBOR plus 180 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in September 2016. As per the new "Restructuring Agreement", Principal to be redeemed with revised mechanism and profit for the first four quarters will go into a frozen account, which will be retired through payments made from 13th quarter to 20th quarter. As a security first ranking hypothecation charge over all present and future fixed assets of the company equivalent to the facility amount, along with 25% margin and first ranking mortgage over all present and future immoveable properties of the Company with a 25% margin over the facility amount has been provided.
- 9.3.19** These Sukuks carry profit at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 250 basis points upto June 29, 2013 and three months KIBOR plus 300 basis points for the period between June 30, 2013 and June 29, 2014. (2010: three months KIBOR plus 250 basis points upto June 29, 2013 and three months KIBOR plus 300 basis points for the period between June 30, 2013 and June 29, 2014) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in June 2014. These sukuks were restructured in 2010, accordingly the principal

redemption started from September 2010 till June 2014 and will be calculated using the percentage as mentioned in "Restructuring Agreement". As a security charge over hypothecated assets amounting to Rs. 2,445 million (inclusive of approximately 33.5% margin) and a charge over the mortgaged property of the company amounting to Rs. 1,820 million (inclusive of 10% margin) has been created by the issuer in favour of the trustee.

- 9.3.20** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 125 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 125 basis points) receivable quarterly based on Diminishing Musharaka mechanism with maturity in April 2015. The principal will be repaid in 24 consecutive quarterly installments, the first such installment falling due not later than the end of the 15th month from the last drawdown. As a security, first specific charge on specified vehicles amounting to Rs. 250 million of the company (on market value to be established every year by approved valuator) and a 25% margin over the principal amount in the form of first floating charge on the company's present and future current assets has been provided.
- 9.3.21** These carry profit at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 100 basis points (2010: six months KIBOR plus 100 basis points) receivable semi annually and the first such profit payment will fall due after six months from the issue date with maturity in May 2014. As a security first charge over specific assets of the Company with 25% security margin has been provided. The principal will be redeemed in 10 equal semi-annual installments starting from 18th month of the date of issue of Sukuk.

9.4 Details of investments in Mutual Funds

Name of investee fund	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Number of units		Cost (Rupees in '000)	
Open ended mutual funds				
Al Meezan Cash Fund	128	112	5	5
Meezan Islamic Fund	166	134	5	5
Meezan Islamic Income Fund	115	104	5	5
			15	15
Close end mutual funds				
Meezan Balanced Fund	1,000	1,000	6	6
			21	21

9.5 Quality of Available for Sale Securities

	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Long / Medium Term Rating		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Sukuks / Certificates - (at market value / cost)				
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 1	N/A	Unrated	-	254,050
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 3	Unrated	Unrated	2,017,600	2,030,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 5	Unrated	Unrated	5,055,000	5,000,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 6	Unrated	Unrated	2,563,000	2,500,000
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 7	Unrated	N/A	3,125,335	-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 8	Unrated	N/A	2,280,825	-
Ijarah GOP Sukuk - 9	Unrated	N/A	3,512,950	-
WAPDA First Sukuk Certificates	Unrated	Unrated	301,410	311,610
WAPDA Second Sukuk Certificates	Unrated	Unrated	672,881	674,154
Karachi Shipyard and Engineering Works - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	190,000
Karachi Shipyard and Engineering Works - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	464,000
Pak Elektron Limited Sukuk - Sukuk	A	A+	128,571	171,429
Amtex Sukuk - Sukuk	D (SO)	Unrated	221,250	221,250
Engro Chemicals Pakistan Limited - Sukuk	AA	AA	322,511	322,005
Security Leasing - Sukuk	Unrated	Unrated	4,219	6,094
Shahmurad Sugar Mills - Sukuk	N/A	A-	-	166,667
Sitara Chemical Industries Limited - Second Sukuk	N/A	AA-	-	12,500
Sitara Chemical Industries Limited - Third Sukuk	A+	AA-	16,667	30,000
Sitara Energy Limited - Sukuk	Unrated	Unrated	6,247	12,413
Sitara Energy Limited - Sukuk	Unrated	Unrated	4,028	8,000
New Allied Electronics - Sukuk	Default	Default	55,000	55,000
Sui Southern Gas Company Limited - Sukuk	AA	AA	168,000	336,000
Kohat Cement - Sukuk	Withdrawn	Withdrawn	95,310	130,410
Eden Housing - Sukuk	D	A	170,399	202,500
Optimus - Sukuk	A	A	145,835	187,501
Lahore Electric Supply Corporation - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	210,000
House Building Finance Corporation - Sukuk	A	A+	37,500	52,500
Haq Bahu Sugar Mills - Sukuk	N/A	Unrated	-	30,000
			20,904,538	13,578,083
Units of open-end mutual funds (at market value)				
Meezan Cash Fund	AA+(f)	AA(f)	6	6
Meezan Islamic Fund	5 Star	5 Star	7	6
Meezan Islamic Income Fund	A+(f)	A+(f)	6	5
Units of closed-end mutual funds (at market value)				
Meezan Balanced Fund	AM2	AM2	9	7
			28	24
			20,904,566	13,578,107
Less: Provision for diminution in the value of investments			(28,866)	(27,671)
			20,875,700	13,550,436

2011 2010

9.6 Details of investment in Modaraba Certificates

Name of investee	Percentage Holding		Number of Certificates		Market Value		Cost	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
					----- Rupees in `000 -----		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Certificates								
Modaraba Al-Mali (related party)	13	13	2,342,177	2,342,177	2,342	3,537	16,208	16,208

Breakup value per share is based on the financial statements of the subsidiary for the half year ended December 31, 2011.

9.7 Particular of provision for diminution in the value of investments

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Opening balance	9.7.1	27,671	15,000
Charge for the year		1,195	12,671
Reversals		-	-
Closing balance		28,866	27,671

9.7.1 Particulars of provision in respect of type and segment

Sukuk certificates - Available for sale securities		28,866	27,671
		28,866	27,671

10 FINANCINGS

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Financings in Pakistan			
- Murabaha	10.1 & 10.3	6,343,955	6,870,285
- Istisn'a	10.2	2,630,000	1,445,000
- Diminishing Musharka - Housing		1,562,950	946,765
- Diminishing Musharka - Others		6,280,778	5,161,718
- Against Bills - Murabaha		65,452	9,575
- Against Bills - Musawama		-	2,640
- Post Due Acceptance		53,397	-
- Musawama Financings		1,427,500	-
- Financings to employees	10.6 & 10.11	511,687	400,381
		18,875,719	14,836,364
Housing finance portfolio		156,111	809,277
Net investment in Ijarah financing in Pakistan	10.7	371,701	706,358
Net book value of assets/investment in ijarah under IFAS 2	10.8	1,057,265	647,098
Financings – gross		20,460,796	16,999,097
Less: Provision against non-performing financings	10.9 & 10.10		
- Specific		(321,423)	(296,681)
- General		(28,972)	(32,291)
Financings – net of provisions		20,110,401	16,670,125

- 10.1** Murahaba includes financings amounting to Rs. 99.999 million (2010: Rs 390.761 million) against Murabaha under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme.
- 10.2** Istisna includes financing amounting to Rs. 350 million (2010: Rs 50 million) against istisna under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme.

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
10.3 Murahaba sale price	22,441,710	17,829,687
Purchase price	<u>(21,596,731)</u>	<u>(17,117,952)</u>
	<u>844,979</u>	<u>711,735</u>
10.3.1 Deferred Murabaha income		
Opening balance	160,141	81,312
Arising during the year	844,979	711,735
Recognised during the year	<u>(879,998)</u>	<u>(632,906)</u>
	<u>125,122</u>	<u>160,141</u>
10.3.2 Murabaha receivable		
Opening balance	6,870,285	4,180,471
Sales during the year	22,441,710	17,829,687
Received during the year	<u>(22,968,040)</u>	<u>(15,139,873)</u>
	<u>6,343,955</u>	<u>6,870,285</u>

- 10.4** Last year, the Group acquired the housing finance portfolio of CitiBank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches ("the acquired portfolio") under Shariah Compliant Structure of Hawalah (assignment of debt) and Wakalah Lil Qabz (recovery agency). The Wakalah Lil Qabz portfolio was subsequently transferred to the Group by CitiBank. The acquisition has duly been approved by the State Bank of Pakistan vide letter no BPRD (R&P-02)/625-93/2010/9690 dated December 06, 2010 and by the Competition Commission of Pakistan vide letter no 169/CCP/MERGER/2009 dated December 24, 2010. The Group has settled a loan amount of Rs 722.590 million with CitiBank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches against the acquired portfolio amounting to Rs 953.273 million (comprising of Rs 722 million under assignment of debt and Rs 231.130 million under Wakalah Lil Qabz).

The acquired portfolio was to be converted in Shariah Compliant Diminishing Musharika based facility "Muskun". No income was to be recognised on the acquired portfolio which was not converted to Shariah Compliant "Muskun" facility. Such unrecognised amount needs to be paid as charity. During the current year out of the total acquired portfolio of Rs 953.273 million, loans amounting to Rs 507.733 million have been converted to "Muskun" facility, loans amounting to Rs 34.409 million have been returned to CitiBank on the basis of some discrepancy in the documents and loans amounting to Rs 266.432 million have not been converted to "Muskun" facility. The gain arising on the acquired portfolio has been deferred and will be transferred to profit and loss account on the time proportionate basis.

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
10.5 Particulars of financings		
10.5.1 In local currency	<u>20,460,796</u>	<u>16,999,097</u>
10.5.2 Short -Term (for upto one year)	<u>12,856,417</u>	<u>11,649,194</u>
Long- Term (for over one year)	<u>7,604,379</u>	<u>5,349,903</u>
	<u>20,460,796</u>	<u>16,999,097</u>

10.6 This includes Rs 2.274 million (2010: Rs 2.259 million) markup free financing to employees advanced under Group's Human Resource Policy.

10.7 Net investment in Ijarah financings

	2011				2010			
	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total
Rupees in `000								
Ijarah rentals receivable	71,352	207,138	-	278,490	178,114	425,153	-	603,267
Residual value	115,502	46,851	-	162,353	109,008	149,725	-	258,733
Minimum Ijarah payments	186,854	253,989	-	440,843	287,122	574,878	-	862,000
Profit for future periods	(12,656)	(56,486)	-	(69,142)	(40,855)	(114,787)	-	(155,642)
Present value of minimum Ijarah payments	174,198	197,503	-	371,701	246,267	460,091	-	706,358

Net investment in Ijarah financings - IFAS 2

	2011				2010			
	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Over five years	Total
Rupees in `000								
Ijarah rentals receivable	33,869	1,023,396	-	1,057,265	20,707	626,391	-	647,098

10.8 Ijarah Assets

	2011							
	COST			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			Book value as at December 31, 2011	Rate of depreciation %
As at January 01, 2011	Additions / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2011	As at January 01, 2011	Charge / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2011			
Plant and Machinery	180,995	343,391	524,386	29,383	106,381	135,764	388,622	20-33.33
	582,817	415,195	896,083	87,331	149,560	227,440	668,643	20-33.33
Vehicles		(101,929)		(9,451)				
	763,812	758,586	1,420,469	116,714	255,941	363,204	1,057,265	
		(101,929)		(9,451)				

	2010							
	COST			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			Book value as at December 31, 2010	Rate of depreciation %
As at January 01, 2010	Additions / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2010	As at January 01, 2010	Charge / (deletions)	As at December 31, 2010			
Plant and Machinery	61,356	119,639	180,995	8,393	20,990	29,383	151,612	20-33.33
	155,105	431,704	582,817	20,873	68,413	87,331	495,486	20-33.33
Vehicles		(3,992)		(1,955)				
	216,461	551,343	763,812	29,266	89,403	116,714	647,098	
		(3,992)		(1,955)				

10.9 Financings include Rs. 799.001 million (2010: Rs. 660.047 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as follows:

	2011								
	Classified Financings			Provision Required			Provision Held		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total
	Rupees in `000								
Substandard	71,810	-	71,810	1,816	-	1,816	1,816	-	1,816
Doubtful	67,648	-	67,648	848	-	848	848	-	848
Loss	659,543	-	659,543	318,759	-	318,759	318,759	-	318,759
	799,001	-	799,001	321,423	-	321,423	321,423	-	321,423

	2010								
	Classified Financings			Provision Required			Provision Held		
	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total	Domestic	Overseas	Total
	Rupees in `000								
Substandard	53,570	-	53,570	5,008	-	5,008	5,008	-	5,008
Doubtful	52,521	-	52,521	8,350	-	8,350	8,350	-	8,350
Loss	553,956	-	553,956	283,323	-	283,323	283,323	-	283,323
	660,047	-	660,047	296,681	-	296,681	296,681	-	296,681

10.10 Particulars of provision against non-performing financings

	2011			2010		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
	Rupees in `000					
Opening balance	296,681	32,291	328,972	230,928	18,781	249,709
Charge for the year	101,528	-	101,528	69,599	2,049	71,648
Reversals	(76,786)	(3,319)	(80,105)	(79,072)	-	(79,072)
	24,742	(3,319)	21,423	(9,473)	2,049	(7,424)
Transferred during the year	-	-	-	75,226	11,461	86,687
Closing balance	321,423	28,972	350,395	296,681	32,291	328,972

10.10.1 The Group has maintained a general reserve (provision) in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Consumer Financing issued by SBP and for potential losses on financings.

10.10.2 Particulars of provision against non-performing financings:

	2011			2010		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
	Rupees in `000					
In local currency	321,423	28,972	350,395	296,681	32,291	328,972
In foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
	321,423	28,972	350,395	296,681	32,291	328,972

During the year the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has introduced certain amendments in the Prudential Regulations in respect of maintenance of provisioning requirements against non-performing loans and advances vide BSD Circular No. 1 dated October 21, 2011 (effective from September 30, 2011). Under the revised guidelines issued by SBP, the availability of benefit of Forced Sales Value (FSV) of collaterals held is as follows:

a. Prudential Regulation R-8 for Corporate / Commercial Banking and Prudential Regulation R-11 for SME Financing:

Category of Asset

Benefit of FSV allowed from the date of classification

Mortgaged residential, commercial, and industrial properties (land & building only)	75% for first year 60% for second year 45% for third year 30% for fourth year, and 20% for fifth year
Plant & Machinery under charge	30% for first year 20% for second year, and 10% for third year
Pledged stock	40% for three years

b. Prudential Regulations R-22 for Consumer Financing:

Category of Asset	Benefit of FSV allowed from the date of classification
Mortgaged residential property	75% for first and second year 50% for third and fourth year, and 30% for fifth year

However, as per the Circular the additional impact on profitability arising from availing the benefit of forced sales value against pledged stocks, mortgaged residential, commercial and industrial properties and plant and machinery would not be available for payment of cash or stock dividend. Under the previous guidelines issued by SBP which were effective from September 30, 2009, the benefit of 40% of forced sales value of pledged stocks and mortgaged residential, commercial and industrial properties held as collateral against all non-performing loans for 3 years from the date of classification for calculating provisioning requirement was allowed. However, the benefit of discounted forced sales value of plant and machinery was previously not available for calculating provisioning requirement.

Had the provision against non-performing loans and advances been determined in accordance with the previously laid down requirements of SBP, the specific provision against non-performing loans would have been higher and consequently profit before taxation and advances (net of provisions) as at December 31, 2011 would have been lower by approximately Rs. 59.428 million. As allowed under the circular the Group has availed benefit of forced sale values amounting to Rs. 443.846 million (2010: Rs 298.764 million) in determining the provisioning against non performing financings as at December 31, 2011.

10.10.3 During the current year, financial relief in respect of financings was given to three customers from the Citibank acquired portfolio. The Group did not incur any loss on these financings as the acquired amount of these loans was lower than the amount finally settled by the customers. The financial relief given includes financial relief given to one customer above Rs 500,000 on the basis of the original outstanding amount. The details are as under:

S. No.	Customer Name	Father's Name	Address	CNIC No.	Amount outstanding	Amount received	Financial relief given
--------	---------------	---------------	---------	----------	--------------------	-----------------	------------------------

----- Rupees -----

1	Muhammad Kashif Rahim Khan	Muhammad Abdul Rahim Khan	House No. R-1074, Sector 1 5-A-4, Buffer Zone, North Karachi, Karachi	4210117028327	1,745,780	1,200,000	545,780
---	----------------------------	---------------------------	---	---------------	-----------	-----------	---------

10.11 Particulars of financings to directors, executives or officers of the Group

Financings due by directors, executives or officers of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Balance at beginning of year		400,381	300,052
Financing granted during the year		202,089	155,382
Repayments		(90,783)	(55,053)
Balance at end of year		<u>511,687</u>	<u>400,381</u>

11 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

	Note	2011	2010
Capital work-in-progress	11.1	35,360	25,140
Property and equipment	11.2	1,707,873	1,942,424
Intangible assets	11.3	73,630	81,291
		<u>1,816,863</u>	<u>2,048,855</u>

11.1 Capital work-in-progress

	2011	2010
Civil works	30,000	20,000
Equipment	1,580	4,894
Advances to suppliers and contractors	<u>3,780</u>	<u>246</u>
	<u>35,360</u>	<u>25,140</u>

11.2 Property and equipment

	2011							
	COST			DEPRECIATION			Book value as at December 31, 2011	Rate of depreciation %
	As at January 01, 2011	Additions / (Disposal)/ adjustments	As at December 31, 2011	As at January 01, 2011	Charge / (Disposal)/ adjustments	As at December 31, 2011		
	----- Rupees in `000 -----							
Free hold Land	275,128	-	275,128	-	-	-	275,128	-
Building on lease hold land	869,858	-	882,057	133,503	43,493	179,619	702,438	5
Furniture and fixture	770,843	12,199 14,131 (257) (6,323)	778,394	193,502	2,623 76,477 (56)	269,923	508,471	10
Electrical, office and computer equipment	816,763	68,950 (1,825) 5,695	889,583	488,885	185,635 (1,390)	673,130	216,453	25
Vehicles	51,481	1,946 (41,183)	12,244	25,759	3,246 (22,144)	6,861	5,383	20
	<u>2,784,073</u>	<u>85,027</u> <u>(43,265)</u> <u>11,571</u>	<u>2,837,406</u>	<u>841,649</u>	<u>308,851</u> <u>(23,590)</u> <u>2,623</u>	<u>1,129,533</u>	<u>1,707,873</u>	
	2010							
	COST			DEPRECIATION			Book value as at December 31, 2010	Rate of depreciation %
	As at January 01, 2010	Additions / (Disposal)	As at December 31, 2010	As at January 01, 2010	Charge / (Disposal)	As at December 31, 2010		
	----- Rupees in `000 -----							
Free hold Land	275,128	-	275,128	-	-	-	275,128	-
Building on lease hold land	869,858	-	869,858	89,794	43,709	133,503	736,355	5
Furniture and fixture	756,125	15,467 (332) (417)	770,843	117,508	75,883 (85) 196	193,502	577,341	10
Electrical, office and computer equipment	776,941	41,588 (628) (1,138)	816,763	298,477	191,387 (405) (574)	488,885	327,878	25
Vehicles	128,172	4,220 (80,911)	51,481	50,418	20,743 (45,402)	25,759	25,722	20
	<u>2,806,224</u>	<u>61,275</u> <u>(81,871)</u> <u>(1,555)</u>	<u>2,784,073</u>	<u>556,197</u>	<u>331,722</u> <u>(45,892)</u> <u>(378)</u>	<u>841,649</u>	<u>1,942,424</u>	

11.2.1 Details of property and equipment disposed-of

The details of property and equipment disposed-of during the year are disclosed in 'Annexure I'

11.3 Intangible asset

	2011							
	COST			AMORTISATION			Net Book value as at December 31, 2011	Rate of amortisation %
	As at January 01, 2011	Additions /Disposal	As at December 31, 2011	As at January 01, 2011	Charge for the year	As at December 31, 2011		
Rupees in `000								
Computer software	148,377	22,044	170,421	67,086	29,705	96,791	73,630	20

	2010							
	COST			AMORTISATION			Net Book value as at December 31, 2010	Rate of amortisation %
	As at January 01, 2010	Additions / (Disposal)	As at December 31, 2010	As at January 01, 2010	Charge for the year	As at December 31, 2010		
Rupees in `000								
Computer software	144,435	3,942	148,377	39,288	27,798	67,086	81,291	20

- 11.4** Cost of fully depreciated properties and equipment that are still in the Group's use, as at December 31, 2011, amounted to Rs. 245.026 million (2010: Rs 93.173 million). The cost of fully amortised intangible assets that are still in the Group's use, as at December 31, 2011 amounted to Rs.16.164 million (2010: 11.487 million)

2011 **2010**
----- Rupees in `000 -----

12 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Deferred tax debits arising in respect of:

Accumulated tax losses	12.1	402,222	640,040
Tax credit against minimum tax paid		118,562	61,319
Provision against non-performing financings		1,753	46
Ijarah financings		3,433	-
		525,970	701,405

Deferred tax credits arising due to:

Ijarah financings		-	(1,627)
Accelerated tax depreciation		(246,486)	(263,582)
Amortization of deferred cost		-	(1,430)
Surplus on revaluation of investment		(91,042)	(17,437)
Provision against non-performing financings		-	(7,846)
		(337,528)	(291,922)
		188,442	409,483

- 12.1** The Group has an aggregate amount of Rs. 1,149.206 million (2010: Rs. 1,768.345 million) in respect of tax losses as at December 31, 2011. The management carries out periodic assessment to assess the benefit of these losses as the Group would be able to set off the profit earned in future years against these carry forward losses. Based on this assessment the management has recognised deferred tax debit balance amounting to Rs. 402.222 million (2010: Rs. 632.862 million) [including an unabsorbed tax depreciation of Rs. 894.065 million (2010: Rs. 1,348.868 million)] on the entire available losses. The amount of this benefit has been determined based on the projected financial statements for the future periods. The determination of future taxable profit is most sensitive to certain key assumptions such as cost to income ratio, deposit composition, kibar rates, growth of deposits and financings, investment returns, product mix of financings, potential provision against assets and branch expansion plan. Any significant change in the key assumptions may have an effect on the realisibility of the deferred tax asset.

Note 2011 2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----

13 OTHER ASSETS

Profit / return accrued in local currency		962,869	645,627
Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		104,189	108,133
Advance against financings	13.1	4,594,158	2,895,585
Advance taxation (payments less provision)		6,430	6,757
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	13.5	308,410	308,410
Branch adjustment account		-	39,227
Unrealised gain on forward foreign exchange promises		1,092	7,164
Goodwill	13.3	59,232	59,232
Deferred costs	13.2	-	4,086
Insurance claim receivable		17,399	12,639
Car Ijarah Repossession		2,234	1,473
Other Receivables	13.4	57,238	57,613
		<u>6,113,251</u>	<u>4,145,946</u>
Less: Provision held against other assets	13.6	(74,838)	(11,528)
Other assets (net of provisions)		<u>6,038,413</u>	<u>4,134,418</u>

13.1 Represents advance given in respect of Murahaba and Ijarah financings.

13.2 Deferred costs

Opening balance		4,086	20,169
Less: Amortised during the year		(4,086)	(16,083)
Closing balance		<u>-</u>	<u>4,086</u>

Note 2011 2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----

13.3 Goodwill

As at 1st January		59,232	59,232
Impairment - charged during the year		-	-
Net book value as at December 31		<u>59,232</u>	<u>59,232</u>

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combination has been allocated to the following Cash Generating Unit (CGU):

- BankIslami Modaraba Investments Limited

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU is as follows:

		2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	----- Rupees in `000 -----
-	BankIslami Modaraba Investments Limited	<u>59,232</u>	<u>59,232</u>

Key assumptions used in value in use calculation

The recoverable amount of the business operation of the cash generating unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation, using cash flow projections based on business plan approved by the management covering a five year period.

The calculation of value in use for the business operation is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- Management fees;
- Income from education division;
- Dividend income;
- Discount rate;

Management fees

Management fees have been assumed at 10 percent, based on prevailing industry trends and anticipated market conditions.

Income from education division

Fee levels are based on expected fees benchmarked against comparable educational institutions.

Dividend income

Dividend income on investment in Modaraba has been projected on the expected returns estimated on the basis of historical performance and prevailing industry trends.

Discount rate

Discount rate reflects management estimates of the rate of return required for the business and are calculated using the capital asset pricing model. Discount rates are calculated by using the weighted average cost of capital of the company.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

Management believes that reasonable possible changes in other assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount of the entity will not result in an impairment of goodwill.

13.4 Includes Rs. Nil (2010: Rs 1.757 million) in respect of letter of credits.

13.5 The market value of Non-Banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims is Rs 317.812 million (2010: Rs 317.812 million).

13.6 Provision held against other assets

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Opening balance	11,528	-
Charge for the year	63,310	11,528
Reversals	-	-
Closing balance	74,838	11,528

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
14	BILLS PAYABLE		
	In Pakistan	798,853	563,020
	Outside Pakistan	-	-
		<u>798,853</u>	<u>563,020</u>
15	DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
	In Pakistan	800,000	353,000
	Outside Pakistan	-	-
		<u>800,000</u>	<u>353,000</u>
15.1	Details of due to financial institutions secured / unsecured		
	Secured		
	Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan under Islamic Export Refinance Scheme	15.1.1 800,000	353,000
		<u>800,000</u>	<u>353,000</u>
15.1.1	Represents Musharaka contributions by the State Bank of Pakistan against Islamic Export Refinance Scheme. These carry expected profit rate of 10% per annum (2010: 8.5% to 9% per annum) and are secured against collateral.		
15.2	Particulars of due to financial institutions with respect to currencies		
		2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	In local currency	800,000	353,000
	In foreign currencies	-	-
		<u>800,000</u>	<u>353,000</u>
16	DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS		
	Customers		
	Fixed deposits	24,442,027	18,796,560
	Savings deposits	14,256,139	9,982,409
	Current accounts - non-remunerative	10,101,628	8,975,862
	Margin accounts – non-remunerative	97,270	158,067
		<u>48,897,064</u>	<u>37,912,898</u>
	Financial Institutions		
	Remunerative deposits	1,524,716	169,587
	Non-remunerative deposits	46,894	27,305
		<u>50,468,674</u>	<u>38,109,790</u>
16.1	Particulars of deposits		
	In local currency	49,824,287	37,531,386
	In foreign currencies	644,387	578,404
		<u>50,468,674</u>	<u>38,109,790</u>

17 OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	2011 ----- Rupees in `000 -----	2010
Profit / return payable in local currency		517,962	300,870
Profit / return payable in foreign currency		29	-
Unearned fees and commission		1,180	5,212
Accrued expenses		118,861	138,742
Deferred Murabaha Income - Financing and IERS	10.3.1	125,122	160,141
Deferred Murabaha Income - Commodity Murabaha	8.3	7,399	10,474
Payable to defined benefit plan	31	241	58,023
Payable to defined contribution plan	32	879	959
Unearned rent		1,209	1,151
Security deposits against Ijarah		434,375	390,706
Branch adjustment account		1,517	-
Sundry creditors		34,432	34,036
Charity payable	17.1	5,747	9,441
Retention money		7,233	7,071
Withholding tax payable		2,666	3,595
WWF payable		13,934	1,218
Others		69,447	35,066
		<u>1,342,233</u>	<u>1,156,705</u>
17.1 Opening balance		9,441	8,071
Additions during		4,806	5,770
Payments during	17.1.1	(8,500)	(4,400)
Closing balance		<u>5,747</u>	<u>9,441</u>

17.1.1 Charity in excess of Rs 100,000 was paid to the following:

Deaf and Dumb Welfare Society	-	300
Fakhr-e-Imdad Foundation	-	700
The Citizen Foundation	2,000	2,800
Alamgir Welfare Trust Intl	1,000	
The Indus Hospital	2,000	-
The Memon Medical	1,000	-
Akhuwat Charity	1,000	-
Jamiat Taleem Ul Quran	1,000	-
Captain (Retd) Ibrahim	-	600
Mrs. Saba Zulfiqar	500	-
	<u>8,500</u>	<u>4,400</u>

17.1.2 Charity was not paid to any staff of the Group or to any individual / organisation in which a director or his spouse had any interest at any time during the year.

18 SHARE CAPITAL

18.1 Authorised capital

2011 ----- Number of Shares -----	2010		2011 ----- Rupees in `000 -----	2010
<u>1,300,000,000</u>	<u>1,300,000,000</u>	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	<u>13,000,000</u>	<u>13,000,000</u>

18.2 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

2011 ----- Number of Shares -----	2010		2011 ----- Rupees in `000 -----	2010
		Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		
527,967,898	527,967,898	Fully paid in cash	5,279,679	5,279,679
<u>527,967,898</u>	<u>527,967,898</u>		<u>5,279,679</u>	<u>5,279,679</u>

18.3 The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 7 dated April 2009 had revised the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for banks. As per the circular the Holding Company was required to have a minimum issued, subscribed and paid-up capital (free of losses) of Rs. 8 billion by December 31, 2011 and is required to raise it to Rs. 10 billion in a phased manner by December 31, 2013. The paid-up capital of the Holding Company (free of losses) amounted to Rs. 5.052 billion at December 31, 2011. As more fully explained in note 1.2 to this financial statements, the SBP vide its letter No. BSD/CSD/546/2012 dated January 13, 2012 has granted extension to the Holding Company in timeline for meeting MCR (free of losses) amounting to Rs. 6 billion till June 30, 2012.

	Note	2011 ----- Rupees in `000 -----	2010
19 RESERVES			
Statutory Reserves	19.1	<u>91,221</u>	<u>9,310</u>

19.1 Under section 21 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 an amount of not less than 20% of the profit is to be transferred to create a reserve fund till such time the reserve fund and the share premium account equal the amount of the paid up capital. Thereafter, an amount of not less than 10% of the profit is required to be transferred to such reserve fund.

	2011 ----- Rupees in `000 -----	2010
20 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS		
20.1 Surplus on revaluation of available for sale securities		
Sukuk Certificates	260,113	49,816
Mutual Fund	7	3
Modaraba Certificates	-	-
	<u>260,120</u>	<u>49,819</u>
Related deferred tax liability	(91,042)	(17,437)
	<u>169,078</u>	<u>32,382</u>

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

21.1 Transaction-related contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities in respect of performance bonds, bid bonds, warranties, etc. given favoring		
- Government	689,949	869,935
- Others	631,196	110,245
	<u>1,321,145</u>	<u>980,180</u>

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
21.2 TRADE-RELATED CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
Import letter of Credit	1,725,823	1,260,833
Acceptances	235,229	176,571
	<u>1,961,052</u>	<u>1,437,404</u>
21.3 CLAIM NOT ACKNOWLEDGED AS DEBT	<u>861,907</u>	<u>982,606</u>
21.4 COMMITMENTS IN RESPECT OF PROMISES		
Purchase	<u>93,574</u>	<u>339,270</u>
Sale	<u>127,607</u>	<u>373,661</u>
21.5 Commitments for the acquisition of operating fixed assets	<u>4,779</u>	<u>34,745</u>
21.6 Commitments in respect of financing facilities		
The Group makes commitments to extend financings in the normal course of its business but these being revocable commitments do not attract any significant penalty or expense if the facility is unilaterally withdrawn.		
	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
21.7 Other commitments		
Bills for collection	<u>244,596</u>	<u>320,132</u>
22 PROFIT / RETURN EARNED		
On financings to:		
- Customers	2,546,663	1,960,781
- Financial institutions	738,027	926,266
	<u>3,284,690</u>	<u>2,887,047</u>
On investments in available for sale securities	2,192,694	889,227
On deposits / placements with financial institutions	9,051	21,140
Others	18,304	13,529
	<u>5,504,739</u>	<u>3,810,943</u>
	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
23 PROFIT / RETURN EXPENSED		
Deposits	2,801,431	2,013,589
Other short term fund generation	55,851	35,864
Others	15,837	-
	<u>2,873,119</u>	<u>2,049,453</u>
24 OTHER INCOME		
Rent on property	8,268	10,523
Gain on termination of ijarah financing	10,485	7,208
Gain on sale of property and equipment	12,787	20,260
Other	21,707	14,857
	<u>53,247</u>	<u>52,848</u>

Note

----- Rupees in `000 -----

25	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Note	2011	2010
			----- Rupees in `000 -----	
	Salaries, allowances, and other benefits	25.3	790,933	604,739
	Charge for defined benefit plan	31	25,944	20,914
	Contribution to defined contribution plan	32	26,566	25,464
	Worker's Welfare Fund		12,795	1,377
	Non-executive directors' fees, allowances and other expenses		1,550	1,550
	Insurance on consumer car Ijarah		31,334	31,999
	Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.		313,048	293,516
	Legal and professional charges		10,492	11,525
	Communications		83,419	78,515
	Repairs and maintenance		150,578	143,281
	Stationery and printing		25,476	22,800
	Advertisement and publicity		67,203	46,179
	Auditors' remuneration	25.1	3,917	5,589
	Depreciation	11.2	311,474	331,722
	Amortisation	25.2	33,791	43,881
	CDC and share registrar services		3,903	4,137
	Entertainment expense		19,188	15,800
	Security service charges		66,574	60,358
	Brokerage and commission		5,577	7,793
	Travelling and conveyance		15,923	11,287
	Remuneration to Shariah Board		250	250
	Fees and subscription		80,322	82,040
	Vehicle running and maintenance		25,409	24,838
	Others		47,511	27,851
			<u>2,153,177</u>	<u>1,897,405</u>
25.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		1,850	1,575
	Fee for the review of half yearly financial statements		650	420
	Special certifications and sundry advisory services		900	3,105
	Tax services		-	90
	Out-of-pocket expenses		517	399
			<u>3,917</u>	<u>5,589</u>
25.2	Amortisation			
	Intangible assets	11.3	29,705	27,798
	Deferred cost	13.2	4,086	16,083
			<u>33,791</u>	<u>43,881</u>
25.3	During the year, the Group has paid Long Service Award (LSA) to eligible employees. Only those employees were eligible for LSA who fulfilled time based condition. The amount under LSA relating to Chief Executive Officer and Key Management Personnel of the Group amounted to Rs. 5.613 million and Rs. 19.292 million respectively.			
			2011	2010
			----- Rupees in `000 -----	
26	OTHER CHARGES			
	Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan		412	7,212
	Others		4,249	4,445
			<u>4,661</u>	<u>11,657</u>

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
27 TAXATION			
For the year			
- Current		59,816	44,993
- Prior years		1,340	-
- Deferred		147,436	(44,319)
		<u>208,592</u>	<u>674</u>

The numerical reconciliation between average tax rate and the applicable tax rate has not been presented in these consolidated financial statements due to available tax losses brought forward from tax years 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011. The provision for current year income tax has been made under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 (minimum tax on turnover).

Under Section 114 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (Ordinance), the returns of income for the tax years 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 have been filed on due dates. The said returns were deemed completed under the provisions of the prevailing income tax laws as applicable in Pakistan during the relevant accounting years.

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
28 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE			
Profit after taxation for the year		<u>405,914</u>	<u>41,159</u>
		----- Number of shares -----	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue - Number		<u>527,967,898</u>	<u>527,967,898</u>
		----- Rupees -----	
Earning per share - basic / diluted	28.1	<u>0.77</u>	<u>0.08</u>

28.1 There were no convertible / dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
29 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	4,684,831	3,035,153
Balances with other banks	7	549,411	570,858
		<u>5,234,242</u>	<u>3,606,011</u>
30 STAFF STRENGTH			
		----- Number of employees-----	
Permanent		1,116	920
Contractual basis		336	431
Total staff strength		<u>1,452</u>	<u>1,351</u>

31 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

31.1 General description

The Group has a gratuity scheme for its employees (members of the scheme).The scheme entitles the members to lumpsum payment at the time of retirement, resignation or death. Permanent staff are eligible for such benefits after three years of service.

The number of employees covered under the following defined benefit scheme are 1,112 (2010: 912). The present value of obligation under the scheme at the Statement of financial position date were as follows:

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
31.2	Reconciliation of payable to defined benefit plan		
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	63,884	50,735
	Fair Value of any Plan assets	(82,426)	-
	Net actuarial losses not recognised	18,783	7,288
	Liability recognised in the balance sheet	<u>241</u>	<u>58,023</u>
31.3	Amount charged to the profit and loss account		
	Current service cost	19,117	16,070
	Finance cost	7,012	4,844
	Actuarial loss recognised	(185)	-
		<u>25,944</u>	<u>20,914</u>
31.4	Movement in fair value of plan assets		
	Opening balance	-	-
	Contributions	83,726	-
	Benefits paid	(1,300)	-
	Actuarial Gain / (Loss) on Assets	-	-
	Closing balance	<u>82,426</u>	<u>-</u>
31.5	Movement in the liability recognised in the balance sheet		
	Opening balance	58,023	37,411
	Expense for the year	25,944	20,914
	Benefits paid	-	(302)
	Contributions during the year	(83,726)	-
	Closing balance	<u>241</u>	<u>58,023</u>
31.6	Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation		
	Opening balance	50,735	34,755
	Current service cost	19,117	16,070
	Finance cost	7,012	4,844
	Benefits Paid	(1,300)	(302)
	Actuarial gain	(11,680)	(4,632)
	Closing balance	<u>63,884</u>	<u>50,735</u>
31.7	Actuarial loss to be recognised		
	Corridor limit		
	The limits of the corridor at the beginning of the year		
	10% of obligations	5,074	3,476
	10% of plan assets	-	-
	Which works out to	5,074	3,476
	Unrecognised actuarial gains /(losses) at the beginning of the year	7,288	2,656
	Limit of corridor as at 1 January 2011	5,074	-
	Excess	<u>2,214</u>	<u>2,656</u>

	Note	2011	2010
		----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Average expected remaining working lives in years		12	13
Actuarial loss to be recognised		185	-
31.8 Unrecognised actuarial losses			
Unrecognised actuarial gains / (losses) at the beginning of the year		7,288	2,656
Actuarial gains on obligation		11,680	4,632
Subtotal		18,968	7,288
Actuarial loss recognised		(185)	-
Unrecognised actuarial gains / (losses) at the end of the year		18,783	7,288

Principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

Expected rate of increase in salary level	12%	13%
Valuation discount rate	12.5%	14%
Expected return on plan assets	5%	0%

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	----- Rupees in '000 -----				
31.9 Historical information					
As at December 31					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	63,884	50,735	34,755	19,092	10,150
Fair value of plan assets	-	-	-	-	-
Deficit	63,884	50,735	34,755	19,092	10,150
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(11,680)	(4,632)	(2,928)	(357)	(505)

32 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN (PROVIDENT FUND)

The Group operates a contributory provident fund scheme for permanent employees. The employer and employee both contribute 10% of basic salary to the funded scheme every month. Equal monthly contribution by employer and employees during the year amounted to Rs.26.566 million (2010: Rs.25.464 million) each.

33 COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	President / Chief Executive		Directors		Executives	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in '000 -----					
Fees	-	-	1,550	1,550	-	-
Managerial remuneration	*14,183	9,781	-	-	94,279	87,780
Bonus	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for defined benefit plan	1,181	815	-	-	8,500	7,312
Salary in lieu of provident fund	*1,418	978	-	-	-	-
Contribution to defined contribution plan	-	-	-	-	8,894	8,220
Rent and house maintenance	*391	270	-	-	29,691	24,522
Utilities	*1,418	978	-	-	9,428	8,778
Medical	*1,418	978	-	-	9,428	8,623
Increment Allowance	-	-	-	-	36,535	12,117
Others	-	-	-	-	1,633	22,15
	*20,009	13,800	1,550	1,550	198,388	157,352
Number of persons	1	1	4	4	106	100

* Included in this amount are arrears amounting to Rs. 3.571 million (2010: Nil)

- 33.1** The remuneration and other benefits paid to the Chief Executive Officer of the subsidiary company amounted to Rs. 3.019 million (2010: Rs. 2.245 million).
- 33.2** The Group's President / Chief Executive and certain Executives are provided with free use of Group's maintained cars in accordance with the Group's service rules.

In addition to above all eligible executives, including the Chief Executive Officer of the Group are also entitled to certain short term employee benefits which are disclosed in note 25.3 to these financial statements.

34 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

The fair value of quoted investments is based on quoted market prices. Unquoted equity securities are valued at cost less impairment losses. The provision for impairment in the value of investments has been determined in accordance with accounting policy as stated in note 5.2.5 to these financial statements.

The fair values of financings cannot be determined with reasonable accuracy due to absence of current and active market. The provisions against financings have been calculated in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in note 5.3 to these financial statements. The repricing, maturity profile and effective rates are stated in note 38 to these financial statements.

Fair values of all other financial assets and liabilities cannot be calculated with sufficient accuracy as active market does not exist for these instruments. In the opinion of the management, fair value of these assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are either short term in nature and in case of financings and deposits are frequently repriced.

34.1 Off-balance sheet financial instruments

	2011		2010	
	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
----- Rupees in '000 -----				
Forward purchase of foreign exchange	93,579	93,574	382,146	373,661
Forward sale of foreign exchange	127,887	127,607	63,402	63,269

35 SEGMENT DETAILS WITH RESPECT TO BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The segment analysis with respect to business activity is as follows:

	Trading & Sales	Retail Banking	Commercial Banking	Support Centre	Modaraba Management	Total
----- Rupees in '000 -----						
2011						
Total income	571,690	3,355,588	1,757,459	44,126	2,528	5,731,391
Total expenses	46,669	2,850,309	1,328,810	884,578	6,519	5,116,885
Net income / (loss)	525,021	505,279	428,649	(840,452)	(3,991)	614,506
Segment Assets (Gross)	31,232,461	7,122,751	18,773,042	1,985,460	49,469	59,163,183
Segment Non Performing Assets	74,790	324,241	536,213	12		935,256
Segment Provision	34,790	183,849	227,999	12		446,650
Segment Liabilities	618,920	34,873,291	17,859,574	56,713	1,262	53,409,760
Segment Return on Assets (ROA) (%)	1.68%	7.08%	2.28%	-	-	-
Segment Cost of funds (%) *	12.76%	6.80%	8.33%	-	-	-

* In case of Trading and Sales in Commercial Banking, the cost of funds includes the cost of funds borrowed from Head Office.

	Trading & Sales	Retail Banking	Commercial Banking	Support Centre	Modaraba Management	Total
-----Rupees in '000-----						
2010						
Total income	80,237	2,422,415	1,277,774	232,887	3,809	4,017,122
Total expenses	37,532	2,202,997	954,175	763,689	16,896	3,975,289
Net income/(loss)	42,705	219,418	323,599	(530,802)	(13,087)	41,833
Segment Assets (Gross)	20,655,460	4,643,858	17,743,245	2,124,987	141,046	45,308,596
Segment Non Performing Assets	61,418	152,202	517,670	-	-	731,290
Segment Provision Required	21,418	140,065	200,435	-	-	361,918
Segment Liabilities	377,520	26,583,538	12,876,337	342,416	2,704	40,182,515
Segment Return on Assets (ROA) (%)	0.21%	4.72%	1.82%	-	-	-
Segment Cost of funds (%) *	13.81%	6.61%	8.74%	-	-	-

* In case of Trading and Sales in Commercial Banking, the cost of funds includes the cost of funds borrowed from Head Office.

36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions and include a subsidiary company, associated companies with or without common directors, principal shareholders, retirement benefit funds, directors and their close family members, and key management personnel.

The related parties of the Group comprise related group companies, principal shareholders, key management personnel, companies where directors of the Group also hold directorship, directors and their close family members and staff retirement funds.

A number of banking transactions are entered into with related parties in the normal course of business. These include financing and deposit transactions. These transactions are executed substantially on the same terms including profit rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties and do not involve more than a normal risk.

Contributions to staff retirement benefit plan are made in accordance with the terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives are determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

Transactions with related parties other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel including Chief Executive Officer under the terms of the employment as disclosed in note 33 are as follows:

	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in `000 -----	
Associates		
Financings		
At beginning of the year	167,663	150,000
Disbursements	66,122	17,663
Repayments	(11,943)	-
At the end of the year	<u>221,842</u>	<u>167,663</u>
Deposits		
At beginning of the year	123,065	76,177
Deposits during the year	598,059	811,835
Withdrawals during the year	(602,448)	(764,947)
At the end of the year	<u>118,676</u>	<u>123,065</u>

2011 2010
----- Rupees in `000 -----

Transactions, income and expenses

Profit earned on financings	31,810	18,311
Return on deposits expensed	5,989	6,395
Repairs and maintenance	49,468	47,036
Advance against financing	4,215	-
Sale of investment	248,148	-

Key management personnel

Financings

At beginning of the year	61,167	48,796
Disbursements	21,149	18,062
Repaid during the year	(4,232)	(5,691)
At the end of the year	78,084	61,167

Deposits

At beginning of the year	16,563	6,973
Deposits	94,531	84,541
Withdrawals during the year	(106,529)	(74,951)
At the end of the year	4,565	16,563

Transactions, income and expenses

Profit earned on financing	2,769	2,242
Return on deposits expensed	364	317
Remuneration	58,929	38,222
Disposal of vehicle	2,115	17,420

Employee benefit plans

Contribution to Employees Gratuity Fund	25,944	20,914
Contribution to Employees Provident Fund	26,566	25,464

37 CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY

37.1 Capital management

Capital Management aims to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it could continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk. For that the Group ensures strong capital position and efficient use of capital as determined by the underlying business strategy i.e. maximizing growth on continuing basis. The Group maintains a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders' return is also recognised and the Group recognises the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

This process is managed by the Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) of the Group. The objective of ALCO is to derive the most appropriate strategy in terms of the mix of assets and liabilities given its expectations of the future and the potential consequences of interest rate movement, liquidity constraints and capital adequacy and its implication on risk management policies.

37.2 Goals of managing capital

The goals of managing capital of the Group are as follows: Our objectives for a sound capital management are: 1) to ensure that the Group complies with the regulatory Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) 2) maintain a strong credit rating 3) maintain healthy capital ratios to support business and to maximize shareholder value and 4) to operate with a Revolving Planning Horizon and be able to take advantage of new investment opportunities when they appear.

37.3 Statutory minimum capital requirement and management of capital

The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 7 dated April 2009 has revised the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR) for banks. As per the circular the Holding Company was required to have a minimum issued, subscribed and paid-up capital (free of losses) of Rs. 8 billion by December 31, 2011 and is required to raise it to Rs. 10 billion in a phased manner by December 31, 2013. The paid-up capital of the Holding Company (free of losses) amounted to Rs. 5.052 billion at December 31, 2011. As more fully explained in note 1.2 to this financial statements, the SBP vide its letter No. BSD/CSD/546/2012 dated January 13, 2012 has granted extension to the Holding Company in timeline for meeting MCR (free of losses) amounting to Rs. 6 billion till June 30, 2012.

37.4 Capital Structure

The Group's Regulatory Capital has been analysed into three tiers i.e.:

- Tier 1 capital, which includes fully paid up capital, general reserves as per the financial statements and net un-appropriated profits, etc after deductions for deficit on revaluation of available for sale investments and 50% deduction for investments in the equity of subsidiary companies being commercial entities and book value of goodwill and intangibles.
- Tier 2 capital, which includes general provisions for loan losses (up to a maximum of 1.25% of risk weighted assets), reserves on revaluation of fixed assets and equity investments up to a maximum of 45% of the balance, foreign exchange translation reserves, etc after 50% deduction for investments in the equity of subsidiary companies being commercial entities.
- Tier 3 capital has also been prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan. However the Group is not eligible for the Tier 3 capital.

The total of Tier II and Tier III capital has to be limited to Tier I capital.

Group operations are categorised in either the trading book or the banking book and risk weighted assets are determined according to specified requirements that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off balance sheet exposures. The total risk weighted exposures comprise the credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

37.5 Capital adequacy ratio

The capital to risk weighted assets ratio, calculated in accordance with the SBP guidelines on capital adequacy using Basel II Standardised approach for credit and market risk and basic indicator approach for operational risk is presented below:

Regulatory Capital Base	2011		2010	
	----- Rupees in `000 -----			
Tier I Capital				
Shareholders Capital	5,279,679		5,279,679	
Reserves as disclosed on the Statement of Financial Position	91,221		8,232	
Accumulated loss	(233,205)		(556,130)	
	<u>5,137,695</u>		<u>4,731,781</u>	
Less: Deficit on account of revaluation of investment held in AFS	-		-	
Less: Book value of goodwill and intangibles	(132,862)		(140,523)	
	<u>5,004,833</u>		<u>4,591,258</u>	
Tier II Capital				
General provisions for loan losses-up to maximum of 1.25% of Risk Weighted Assets	28,972		32,291	
Revaluation Reserves up to 45%	117,054		22,419	
Total Tier II Capital	146,026		54,710	
Eligible Tier III Capital	-		-	
Total Regulatory Capital Base	(a) <u>5,150,859</u>		<u>4,645,968</u>	

Risk-weighted exposures	Capital Requirements		Risk Weighted Assets	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	----- Rupees in '000 -----			
Portfolios subject to standardized approach (Simple Approach for CRM)				
Corporate Portfolio	1,144,451	997,571	11,444,506	9,975,714
Retail Portfolio	22,280	24,781	222,795	247,814
Mortgage Portfolio	64,118	65,259	641,176	652,587
Past due financings	56,383	27,580	563,828	275,801
Claims on Banks	162,268	123,013	1,622,684	1,230,134
Fixed Assets	174,323	196,756	1,743,233	1,967,563
Others	616,918	385,759	6,169,181	3,857,592
	<u>2,240,741</u>	<u>1,820,719</u>	<u>22,407,403</u>	<u>18,207,205</u>

Portfolios subject to off balance sheet exposure –non market/market related

Corporate Portfolio	81,911	38,720	819,106	387,196
Market risk				
Capital requirement for portfolios subject to standardized approach				
Foreign Exchange risk	6,143	18,248	61,429	182,483
Interest Rate Risk	218,266	280,547	2,182,660	2,805,465
Equity Risk	474	712	4,740	7,116
Operational risk				
Capital Requirement for operational risks subject to Basic Indicator Approach	383,321	163,294	3,833,213	1,632,941
Total	(b) <u>2,930,856</u>	<u>2,322,240</u>	<u>29,308,551</u>	<u>23,222,406</u>
Capital adequacy ratio				
Total eligible regulatory capital held	(a) <u>5,150,859</u>	<u>4,645,968</u>		
Total risk weighted assets	(b) <u>29,308,551</u>	<u>23,222,406</u>		
Capital adequacy ratio [(a / b) x 100]	<u>17.57%</u>	<u>20.01%</u>		

38 RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of Risk Management is to effectively manage uncertainties that arise in the normal course of business activities. The risk management function is one of the most important areas of the banking business, and covers a wide spectrum of financial business risk class; including Credit, Market, Liquidity, Operational etc. The Group follows effective risk governance which commensurate well with its current size and structure.

The implementation of Basel II (B2) provides for a risk-based capital requirement. The Group adheres to the regulatory requirement in this respect, and conducts its business accordingly.

As a prelude to countering the financial debacle of the recent past, the Basel Committee (Internationally) is raising the resilience of the banking sector by strengthening the regulatory capital framework, essentially building on the three pillars of the Basel II structure. The reforms raise both the quality and quantity of the regulatory capital base and enhance the risk coverage of the capital framework. The SBP (State Bank of Pakistan) while being cognizant of the various reforms in the offing, is reviewing the impact of Basel III (B3) guidelines on the capital structure and CAR (Capital Adequacy Ratio) through quantitative impact studies.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

A well formulated policy and procedure is critical to an effective Risk Management framework; it then needs to be reinforced through a strong control culture that promotes sound risk governance. The Group's Risk Management Framework has been developed keeping in mind, that:

- To be effective, control activities should be an integral part of the regular activities of the Group;
- Every loss or near miss event should provide some Key Learning Outcome (KLO), helping and promoting a better risk identification and mitigation,
- While the reward may well commensurate the level of risk, it has to be viewed in entirety and not in isolation; and
- Critical decision making should be based on relevant research, proper analysis and effective communication within the Group.

Strategic Level

At the strategic level, the risk related functions are approved by the senior management and the Board. These include: defining risks, setting parameters, ascertaining the institutions risk appetite, formulating strategy and policies for managing risks and establishing adequate systems and controls to ensure that overall risk remains within acceptable level and the reward compensates' for the risk taken.

Macro Level

It encompasses risk management within a business area or across business lines. Generally the risk management activities performed by middle management or units devoted to risk reviews fall into this category. Periodical review of various portfolios; stress test and scenario analysis for portfolio resilience; application of statistical tools and information in time series for developing strong inferences are all performed at this level.

Micro Level

Risk management at micro level, is of critical importance. This function if performed with diligence and understanding, can be of maximum benefit to the organization. Micro level risk management includes:

- Business line acquisition, strong adherence to the credit and other related criteria.
- Middle Office monitoring function for a sound risk assessment of various risks inherent in treasury operations.
- Detailed review of various processes and operating procedures, for operational and other risk related assessments.

Risk appetite of the Group

The risk appetite of the Group is an outcome of its corporate goal, economic profitability, available resources (size and business life cycle) and most significantly; the controls. The Group believes in a cautious yet steady approach towards its business objectives and takes a holistic view of its investment and financing requirement.

This approach is primarily based on a viable portfolio build-up with a long-term view; key consideration being the health of various portfolios.

Risk organization

A strong organizational set-up, with clearly defined roles and responsibilities permits a higher level of articulation of the Groups risk mandate, establishment of a structure that provides for authority, delegation and accountability, and development of control framework. Risk management cannot live in a vacuum; in order to be effective, it has to be run at an enterprise level. Risk governance must involve all relevant parties and should be sanctioned by the Group's leadership

The risk management function at the Group, along with the different committees including ALCO (Asset Liability Committee) and MCC (Management Credit Committee), RMC (Risk Management Committee of the Board) manage and adhere to the risk management policies and procedures, with an explicit aim to mitigate/ manage risk in line with the Groups objectives.

Business line accountability

One of the most important features of the risk management process is the business line accountability. Business has to understand the risk implication of specific transaction on the business / portfolio. Some specific risks e.g. reputation risk affects the entire Group business and is not limited to one business line or the other. At the Group, as in any other reputable organization, responsibility comes with accountability. Each business segment is responsible for the profit / loss of the business. The management of risk is as much a line function as it is supports'.

Business lines are equally responsible for the risks they are taking. Because line personnel understand the risks of the business. Lack of an understanding of this by the line management may lead to risk management in isolation.

38.1 Credit Risk

The Group manages credit risk by effective credit appraisal mechanism, approving and reviewing authorities, limit structures, internal credit risk rating system, collateral management and post disbursement monitoring so as to ensure prudent financing activities and sound financing portfolio under the umbrella of a comprehensive Credit Policy approved by the Board of Directors. Credit Risk has certain sub-categories as follows:

i) Price risk

There is a risk that the asset repossessed due to default of the lessee may be sold or leased out to another party at a price lower than the original contract price.

ii) Counter party risk

The risk that the counter-party defaults during the term of a transaction (Murabaha, Ijarah etc.).

iii) Settlement risk

The risk that the counter-party does not meet its commitments at the maturity of the transaction after the Group has already met its commitments.

iv) Country risk

Country Risk can be defined as the risk of adverse impact of certain factors on a country's specific economic, political and social scenario which affects the ability of the country (or a borrower in that country) to repay its obligations. Country risk may be a combination of Transfer Risk and Sovereign Risk.

38.1.1 Segmental information

Segmental Information is presented in respect of the class of business and geographical distribution of financings, Deposits, Contingencies and Commitments.

38.1.1.1 Segments by class of business

	2011					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	2,619,273	12.80%	2,378,082	4.71%	39,283	0.85%
Mining and Quarrying	-	0.00%	677,889	1.34%	-	0.00%
Textile	1,865,069	9.12%	561,080	1.11%	1,572,926	34.09%
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	200,214	0.98%	571,377	1.13%	90,928	1.97%
Cement	1,095,733	5.36%	271,959	0.54%	15,035	0.33%
Sugar	1,611,042	7.87%	1,605,441	3.18%	16	0.00%
Footwear and Leather garments	52,060	0.25%	67,304	0.13%	27,795	0.60%
Automobile and transportation equipment	46,632	0.23%	242,384	0.48%	274,646	5.95%
Education	5,135	0.03%	234,430	0.46%	-	0.00%
Electronics and electrical appliances	337,796	1.65%	203,315	0.40%	341,872	7.41%
Production and transmission of energy	900,000	4.40%	15,625	0.03%	-	0.00%
Construction	1,057,136	5.17%	1,348,100	2.67%	136,318	2.95%
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	2,914,014	14.24%	12,363	0.02%	500,508	10.85%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	322,539	1.58%	2,534,288	5.02%	150,000	3.25%
Exports/Imports	-	0.00%	81,118	0.16%	86,837	1.88%
Transport, Storage and Communication	293,304	1.43%	404,083	0.80%	-	0.00%
Financial	1,664,258	8.13%	1,471,499	2.92%	139,274	3.02%
Insurance	11,933	0.06%	69,789	0.14%	-	0.00%
Services	148,216	0.72%	1,339,464	2.65%	25,323	0.55%
Individuals	3,044,917	14.88%	20,306,491	40.24%	54,916	1.19%
Others*	2,271,525	11.10%	16,072,593	31.85%	1,158,983	25.12%
	20,460,796	100.00%	50,468,674	100.00%	4,614,660	100.00%

*Others include Sole Proprietors, trusts, fund accounts and Govt deposits etc.

	2010					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing	1,506,050	8.86%	2,081,573	5.46%	-	0.00%
Mining and Quarrying	-	0.00%	565,914	1.48%	-	0.00%
Textile	2,421,300	14.24%	320,016	0.84%	925,288	20.62%
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	97,898	0.58%	449,386	1.18%	84,419	1.88%
Cement	1,004,234	5.91%	76,446	0.20%	25,134	0.56%
Sugar	1,220,185	7.18%	981,071	2.57%	-	0.00%
Footwear and Leather garments	134,753	0.79%	68,407	0.18%	51,368	1.14%
Automobile and transportation equipment	34,678	0.20%	170,968	0.45%	460,441	10.26%
Education	4,789	0.03%	109,534	0.29%	-	0.00%
Electronics and electrical appliances	129,000	0.76%	75,275	0.20%	50,292	1.12%
Production and transmission of energy	2,551,685	15.01%	51,285	0.13%	-	0.00%
Construction	488,511	2.87%	492,808	1.29%	92,931	2.07%

	2010					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	-	0.00%	12,742	0.03%	-	0.00%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	280,973	1.65%	2,206,127	5.79%	-	0.00%
Exports/Imports	18,021	0.11%	122,656	0.32%	80,661	1.80%
Transport, Storage and Communication	350,516	2.06%	451,346	1.18%	138,921	3.10%
Financial	1,954,021	11.49%	196,891	0.52%	444,665	9.91%
Insurance	1,085	0.01%	37,622	0.10%	-	0.00%
Services	133,502	0.79%	1,030,130	2.70%	73,915	1.65%
Individuals	2,832,463	16.66%	15,289,283	40.12%	1,001,806	22.33%
Others*	1,835,433	10.80%	13,320,310	34.95%	1,057,357	23.56%
	16,999,097	100.00%	38,109,790	100.00%	4,487,198	100.00%

*Others include Sole Proprietors, trusts, fund accounts and Govt deposits etc.

38.1.1.2 Segment by sector

	2011					
	Financings (Gross)		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Public / Government	1,860,205	9%	1,218,171	2%	689,950	15%
Private	18,600,591	91%	49,250,503	98%	3,924,710	85%
	20,460,796	100%	50,468,674	100%	4,614,660	100%

	2010					
	Financings		Deposits		Contingencies and Commitments	
	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent	Rupees in '000	Percent
Public / Government	2,450,606	14%	1,342,625	4%	869,935	19%
Private	14,548,491	86%	36,767,165	96%	3,617,263	81%
	16,999,097	100%	38,109,790	100%	4,487,198	100%

38.1.1.3 Details of non-performing advances and specific provisions by class of business segment:

	2011		2010	
	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held
	----- Rupees in '000 -----			
Wholesale and Retail trade	22,598	2,299	45,256	6,045
Textile	122,691	84,653	162,032	128,032
Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	295	-	907	-
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	5,274	70	12,371	30
Cement	23,750	11,006	23,750	12,422
Automobile & Transportation equipment	5,333	-	8,000	-
Construction	70,997	57,105	71,733	32,643
Services	2,703	586	1,445	578
Paper Product*	137,096	9,068	85,672	-
Transport, Storage and Communication	14,312	2,363	13,312	1,194
Individuals	374,950	150,750	212,552	115,737
Others	19,002	3,523	23,017	-
	799,001	321,423	660,047	296,681

* Provision has been made under subjective evaluation

38.1.1.4 Details of non-performing financings and specific provisions by sector:

Public / Government
Private

2011		2010	
Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held	Classified Financings	Specific Provisions Held
----- Rupees in '000-----			
799,001	321,423	660,047	296,681
799,001	321,423	660,047	296,681

38.1.1.5 GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT ANALYSIS

	2011			
	Profit before taxation	Total assets employed	Net assets employed	Contingencies and commitments
----- Rupees in '000-----				
Pakistan	614,506	58,716,533	5,306,773	4,614,660
----- Rupees in '000-----				
	2010 - (Restated)			
	Profit before taxation	Total assets employed	Net assets employed	Contingencies and commitments
----- Rupees in '000-----				
Pakistan	41,833	44,946,678	4,764,163	4,487,198

38.1.2 Credit risk - Standardized Approach

Credit risk arises due to the risk of a borrower defaulting on his commitment either in part or as a whole. The Group has currently employed standardized approach for evaluation of credit risk. It uses CRM (Credit Risk Mitigation) technique where applicable. The Group carries a strong desire to move towards the FIRB and Advanced approach.

38.1.2.1 Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardised Approach and supervisory risk weights in the IRB Approach

The Group uses reputable and SBP approved rating agencies for deriving risk weight to specific credit exposures, where available. The Group has also recently employed a credit rating model, which is compatible to the rating guidelines of SBP, which will support the Group in internally rating the credit clients.

Types of Exposures and ECAI's used

Exposures	2011			2010		
	JCR - VIS	PACRA	Others	JCR - VIS	PACRA	Others
Corporate	✓	✓	N/A	✓	✓	N/A
Banks	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	N/A

Credit Exposures subject to Standardised approach

Exposures	Rating Category	2011			2010		
		Amount Outstanding	Deduction CRM	Net amount	Amount Outstanding	Deduction CRM	Net amount
----- Rupees in '000-----							
Corporate	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20%	3,423,412	-	3,423,412	1,588,142	-	1,588,142
	50%	1,239,277	154,832	1,084,445	1,034,212	-	1,034,212
	100%	211,259	-	211,259	10,988	-	10,988
	150%	320,500	-	320,500	-	-	-
	Unrated	9,637,174	111,582	9,525,592	9,001,056	179,764	8,821,292
		14,831,622	266,414	14,565,208	11,634,398	179,764	11,454,634
Retail	0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	20%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50%	-	-	-	-	-	-
	75%	609,867	312,807	297,060	541,360	210,941	330,419
		609,867	312,807	297,060	541,360	210,941	330,419
Total		15,441,489	579,221	14,862,268	12,175,758	390,705	11,785,053

CRM = Credit Risk Mitigation

38.1.2.2 Credit Risk Disclosures with respect to Credit Risk Mitigation for Standard and IRB Approaches- Basel II Specific.

The Group obtains capital relief for both on and off-balance sheet non-market related exposures by using simple approach for Credit risk mitigation (CRM). Off-balance sheet items under the simplified standardized approach are converted into credit exposure equivalents through the use of credit conversion factors. Under the standardized approach the Group has taken advantage of the cash collaterals available with the Group in the form of security deposits and cash margins.

Valuation and management of eligible collaterals for CRM is being done in line with the conditions laid down by the SBP. Since eligible collaterals for CRM purposes are all in the form of cash collaterals, they generally do not pose risk to the Group in terms of change in their valuation due to changes in the market conditions.

The Group takes the benefit of CRM against its claims on corporate and retail portfolio. Under the standardized approach for on-balance sheet exposures, the corporate portfolio of Rs.14,831.622 million (2010: Rs. 11,634.398 million) is subject to the CRM of Rs.266.414 million (2010: Rs. 179.764 million) whereas a claim on retail portfolio of Rs.609.867 million (2010: Rs. 541.360 million) is subject to CRM of Rs 312.807 million (2010: Rs. 210.941 million). The total benefit of Rs.579.221 million (2010: Rs. 390.705 million) was availed through CRM against total on-balance sheet exposure of Rs.15,441.489 million (2010: Rs. 12,175.758 million).

Under off-balance sheet, non-market related exposures; the corporate portfolio of Rs 301.039 million (2010: Rs. 1,473.667 million) is subject to the CRM of Rs.7.023 million (2010: Rs. 100.907 million). Hence total benefit of Rs 7.023 million (2010: Rs. 100.907 million) was availed by the Group through CRM against total off-balance sheet, non-market related exposure of Rs.301.039 million (2010: Rs. 1,473.667 million).

During the year, total amount of cash collateral used for CRM purposes was Rs.586.244 as against amount of Rs 491.612 million in year 2010. The difference in the value of cash collateral is due to the changes in the exposure amounts and resultant amount of cash collateral obtained.

38.2 Equity Position Risk in the Banking book –Basel II Specific

Equity position includes the following:

- Strategic investments
- Investment in equities for generating revenue in short term

These equity investments are accounted for and disclosed as per the provisions and directives of SBP,SECP and the requirements of approved International Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Provision for diminution in the value of securities is made after considering impairment, if any, in their value and charged to profit and loss account.

38.3 Yield / Profit Rate Risk in the banking book – Basel II specific

It includes all material yield risk positions of the Group taking into account all repricing and maturity data. It includes current balances and contractual yield rates, the Group understands that its financing shall be repriced as per their respective contracts.

The Group estimates changes in the economic value of equity due to changes in the yield rates on on-balance sheet positions by conducting duration gap analysis. It also assesses yield rate risk on earnings of the Group by applying upward and downward shocks.

38.4 Market Risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of losses in on-and-off balance sheet positions arising from movements in market prices e.g. fluctuations in values in tradable, marketable or leasable assets. The risks relate to the current and future volatility of market values of specific assets and of foreign exchange rates and benchmark yields.

The Group uses various tools and techniques to assess market risk including but not limited to full valuation, stress testing, scenario analysis. These assessment methods enables the Group to estimate changes in the value of the portfolio, if exposed to various risk factors.

Moreover, since the Group does not deal in interest based products, the impact of the above risks will be very minimal. The Group does not have positions or forward exchange contracts giving mismatches of maturity unless such risks have been taken care of through some other mechanism.

38.4.1 Foreign Exchange Risk

Currency risk is the risk of loss arising from the fluctuations of exchange rates.

In the normal course of conducting commercial banking business, which ranges from intermediation only to taking on principal risk as dealer or as counterparty, the Group purchases or sells currencies in today / ready and gives or receives unilateral promises for sale or purchase of FX at future dates in a long or short position in different currency pairs. These positions expose the Group to foreign exchange risk. To control this risk, the Group primarily uses notional principal limits at various levels to control the open position, and ultimately the residual foreign exchange risk of the Group. The Group also strictly adheres to all associated regulatory limits.

Following is the summary of the assets of the Group subject to foreign exchange risk.

2011

	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
----- Rupees in '000 -----				
Pakistan rupee	57,976,692	52,765,344	34,034	5,245,382
United States dollar	562,738	502,211	(16,605)	43,922
Great Britain pound	84,128	83,576	-	552
Deutsche mark	-	-	-	-
Japanese yen	1,521	-	-	1,521
Euro	77,556	58,629	(17,429)	1,498
UAE Dirham	426	-	-	426
ACU	7,777	-	-	7,777
CHF	840	-	-	840
AUD	1,985	-	-	1,985
Saudi Riyal	2,869	-	-	2,869
	<u>58,716,533</u>	<u>53,409,760</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,306,773</u>

2010

	Assets	Liabilities	Off-balance sheet items	Net foreign currency exposure
----- Rupees in '000 -----				
Pakistan rupee	44,151,400	39,604,111	34,391	4,581,680
United States dollar	555,343	387,130	(8,058)	160,155
Great Britain pound	92,775	87,802	-	4,973
Deutsche mark	-	-	-	-
Japanese yen	559	-	-	559
Euro	130,923	103,472	(26,333)	1,118
UAE Dirham	168	-	-	168
ACU	12,106	-	-	12,106
CHF	627	-	-	627
AUD	37	-	-	37
Saudi Riyal	2,740	-	-	2,740
	<u>44,946,678</u>	<u>40,182,515</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,764,163</u>

38.4.2 MISMATCH OF YIELD / PROFIT RATE SENSITIVE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		2011										
Effective yield / Profit rate	Total	Exposed to Yield / Profit risk									Non-profit bearing financial instruments	
		Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years		
Rupees in '000												
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
	Cash and balances with Treasury Banks	4,684,831	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,684,831
5.00%	Balances with other Banks	549,411	244	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	549,167
11.77%	Due from financial institutions	4,436,264	4,436,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12.41%	Investments	20,891,908	965,291	6,474,972	13,449,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,370
13.28%	Financings	20,110,401	8,071,685	5,350,475	3,545,632	50,288	113,266	132,098	392,290	304,776	1,379,586	770,305
	Other assets	1,021,474	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,021,474
		51,694,289	13,473,484	11,825,447	16,994,907	50,288	113,266	132,098	392,290	304,776	1,379,586	7,028,147
Liabilities												
	Bills payable	798,853	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	798,853
10.00%	Due to financial institutions	800,000	-	350,000	450,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.01%	Deposits and other accounts	50,468,674	3,840,202	2,415,427	2,606,264	4,866,637	8,704,729	8,813,278	4,769,060	4,207,397	-	10,245,680
	Other liabilities	1,182,288	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,182,288
		53,249,815	3,840,202	2,765,427	3,056,264	4,866,637	8,704,729	8,813,278	4,769,060	4,207,397	-	12,226,821
	On-balance sheet gap	1,555,526	9,633,282	9,060,020	13,938,643	(4,816,349)	(8,591,463)	(8,681,180)	(4,376,770)	(3,902,621)	1,379,586	(5,198,674)
NON FINANCIAL ASSETS												
	Operating fixed assets	1,816,863	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deferred tax assets	188,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other assets	4,959,849	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		6,965,154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES												
	Other liabilities	159,945	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL NET ASSETS	5,249,683	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Yield / Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,633,282	9,060,020	13,938,643	(4,816,349)	(8,591,463)	(8,681,180)	(4,376,770)	(3,902,621)	1,379,586	(5,198,674)
	Cumulative Yield/Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,633,282	18,693,302	32,631,945	27,815,596	19,224,133	10,542,953	6,166,183	2,263,562	3,643,148	(5,198,674)

		2010										
Effective yield / Profit rate	Total	Exposed to Yield / Profit risk									Non-profit bearing financial instruments	
		Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years		
Rupees in '000												
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
	Cash and balances with Treasury Banks	3,035,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,035,153
9.43%	Balances with other Banks	570,858	1,591	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	569,267
12.14%	Due from financial institutions	4,513,132	4,513,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.33%	Investments	13,564,654	1,544,373	3,917,061	8,053,563	-	6,094	-	-	40,000	-	3,563
14.00%	Financings	16,670,125	5,907,981	1,044,727	2,490,011	549,049	1,371,082	1,001,139	1,000,714	2,459,451	843,713	2,258
	Other assets	645,627	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	545,627
		38,999,549	11,967,077	4,961,788	10,543,574	549,049	1,377,167	1,001,139	1,000,714	2,499	843,713	4,255,868
Liabilities												
	Bills payable	563,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	563,020
6.50%	Due to financial institutions	353,000	-	303,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.74%	Deposits and other accounts	38,109,790	2,180,107	2,230,040	1,698,298	4,328,688	6,086,418	6,150,664	3,999,615	2,274,726	-	9,161,234
	Other liabilities	365,858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	365,858
		39,391,668	2,180,107	2,533,040	1,748,298	4,328,688	6,086,418	6,150,664	3,999,615	2,274,726	-	10,090,112
	On-balance sheet gap	(392,119)	9,786,970	2,428,748	8,795,276	(3,779,639)	(4,709,242)	(5,149,525)	(2,998,901)	224,725	843,713	(5,834,244)
NON FINANCIAL ASSETS												
	Operating fixed assets	2,048,855	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Deferred tax assets	409,483	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other assets	3,488,791	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		5,947,129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES												
	Other liabilities	790,847	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL NET ASSETS	4,764,163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Yield / Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,786,970	2,428,748	8,795,276	(3,779,639)	(4,709,242)	(5,149,525)	(2,998,901)	224,725	843,713	(5,834,244)
	Cumulative Yield/Profit Risk Sensitivity Gap		9,786,970	12,215,718	21,010,994	17,231,355	12,522,113	7,372,588	4,373,687	4,598,412	5,442,125	(5,834,244)

38.5 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the potential loss to the Group arising from its inability either to meet its obligations (financial) or to fund increases in assets as they fall due without incurring unacceptable costs or losses.

BIPL's liquidity at various levels (day to day, short term, long term) is managed by the Treasury along with the Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO), which is one of the most important management level committees. Its role cannot be overemphasized here, it serves as a part of the critical trio with risk management and treasury department. Monitoring and maintaining key liquidity ratios, a viable funding mix, depositor concentration, reviewing contingency plans etc.

38.5.1 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2011									
	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Rupees in '000										
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	4,684,831	4,684,831	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	549,411	549,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from financial institutions	4,436,264	4,436,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	20,891,908	40,000	2,017,600	-	846,173	7,618,000	9,131,228	563,656	672,909	2,342
Financings	20,110,401	6,476,897	4,140,756	819,439	1,419,325	781,982	933,996	3,458,122	761,022	1,318,862
Operating fixed assets	1,816,863	-	-	35,360	-	-	-	295,468	512,924	973,111
Deferred tax assets	188,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	188,442	-	-
Other assets	6,038,413	383,301	4,974,843	271,497	110,977	-	-	64,223	233,572	-
	58,716,533	16,570,704	11,133,199	1,126,296	2,376,475	8,399,982	10,065,224	4,569,911	2,180,427	2,294,315
Liabilities										
Bills payable	798,853	798,853	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to financial institutions	800,000	-	350,000	450,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	50,468,674	5,459,749	2,415,427	2,606,264	4,866,637	13,017,240	13,126,900	4,769,060	4,207,397	-
Other liabilities	1,342,233	717,016	34,432	125,122	24,989	-	-	440,674	-	-
	53,409,760	6,975,618	2,799,859	3,181,386	4,891,626	13,017,240	13,126,900	5,209,734	4,207,397	-
Net assets	5,306,773	9,595,086	8,333,340	(2,055,090)	(2,515,151)	(4,617,258)	(3,061,676)	(639,823)	(2,026,970)	2,294,315
Share capital	5,279,679									
Reserves	91,221									
Accumulated loss	(233,205)									
Surplus on revaluation of assets	169,078									
	5,306,773									
2010										
	Total	Upto 1 Month	Over 1 to 3 Months	Over 3 to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 to 2 Years	Over 2 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 to 10 Years	Above 10 Years
Rupees in '000										
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	3,035,153	3,035,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	570,858	570,858	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from financial institutions	4,513,132	4,513,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	13,564,654	210,000	-	-	284,050	3,139,825	8,038,500	1,216,012	672,730	3,537
Financings	16,670,125	5,908,192	1,044,800	2,490,259	550,775	1,371,082	1,001,139	1,000,714	2,459,451	843,713
Operating fixed assets	2,048,855	-	-	25,140	-	-	-	434,893	577,339	1,011,483
Deferred tax assets	409,483	-	-	-	-	-	-	409,483	-	-
Other assets	4,134,418	758,136	2,895,585	24,112	120,471	25,000	-	59,232	251,882	-
	44,946,678	14,995,471	3,940,385	2,539,511	955,296	4,535,907	9,039,639	3,120,334	3,961,402	1,858,733
Liabilities										
Bills payable	563,020	563,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to financial institutions	353,000	-	303,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	38,109,790	3,697,906	2,230,040	1,698,298	4,328,688	9,903,872	9,976,646	3,999,614	2,274,726	-
Other liabilities	1,156,705	489,965	34,036	160,141	22,875	-	-	449,688	-	-
	40,182,515	4,750,891	2,567,076	1,908,439	4,351,563	9,903,872	9,976,646	4,449,302	2,274,726	-
Net assets	4,764,163	10,244,580	1,373,309	631,072	(3,396,267)	(5,367,965)	(937,007)	(1,328,968)	1,686,676	1,858,733
Share capital	5,279,679									
Reserves	8,232									
Accumulated loss	(556,130)									
Advance against future issue of share capital	32,382									
	4,764,163									

38.6 Operational Risk

Operational Risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external / internal events. The risk is different from the others, since it has a greater level of uncertainty and may be termed as a little difficult to measure. The Group believes that (prudence) should be lived and breathed through the organizational culture.

At a more formal level, the Group has strengthened its risk management framework by developing policies, guidelines and manuals. Operational and other risk assessment tool e.g. ORAF is being effectively used to assess, mitigate and monitor possible risk that may arise in any of the Group's financial product or department. Operational Loss Database (OLD) records all the internal/external potential operational losses which helps the management understand the causes and impact of these risks.

38.7 Strategic Risk

Strategic risk arises due to wrong assumptions in strategic decision making or the failure to react correctly to long-term changes in strategic parameters.

The Group follows a deliberate low-risk strategy. Within the general constraints of its niche market the Group is aware of the need of reducing risk. The Group has a well established strategic planning and evaluation process which involves all levels of management and which is subject to regular review.

38.8 Systemic Risk

Systemic risk is the risk of a total or partial collapse of the financial system.

Such a collapse could be due to technical factors or market driven (psychological reasons).

Systemic risk is reduced by the activities of both national and international regulatory authorities. The Group actively supports these organizations through its membership of the relevant banking industry association i.e. Pakistan Banks Association ("PBA"). The Group also takes account of systemic risk by means of careful management of counter party risks in the inter-bank market.

38.9 Shariah Non-compliance

Shariah non-compliance risk is the risk that arises from the Group's failure to comply with the Shariah rules and principles prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan and/or the Shariah Advisor of the Group. It remains' the most important operational risk for the Group. Compliance of shariah guidelines must permeate throughout the organization and its adherence should be reflected in the products and activities.

39 GENERAL

39.1 Captions, as prescribed by BSD Circular No. 04 of 2006 dated February 17, 2006 issued by the SBP, in respect of which there are no amounts, have not been reproduced in these financial statements, except for captions of the Statement of Financial Position and profit and loss account. The figures in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee.

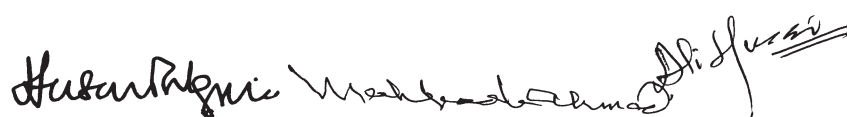
39.2 Corresponding figures

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparisons. No significant reclassifications were made during the current year except for the following:

Reclassified from	Reclassified to	Rupees in '000
Other income	Profit / return earned	988
Other income	Fee, commission and brokerage income	2,673
Income from dealing in foreign currencies	Fee, commission and brokerage income	3,713
Other income	Income from dealing in foreign currencies	2,561

40 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on March 07,2012 by the Board of Directors of the Group.



President / Chief Executive

Director

Director

Director

Annexure 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Details of disposals of fixed assets whose original cost or the book value exceeds Rs. 1 million or Rs. 250,000 whichever is less and assets disposed off to the chief executive or to a director or to executives or to any related party, irrespective of the value, are as follows:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Gain / (loss) on sale of property and equipment	Mode of disposal	Particular of purchaser
	------(Rupees in '000)-----						
Honda Civic	1,386	1,363	23	1,077	1,054	Auction	Muhammed Shabir
Honda Civic	1,932	348	1,584	1,725	141	Auction	Suzuki South
Honda Civic	1,652	833	819	1,455	636	Auction	Aqeel Akhtar
Honda City	663	376	287	287	-	Group Policy	Zulfiqar Ali - Employee
Toyota Corolla	919	637	282	1,026	744	Auction	Noman H Khan
Suzuki Liana	852	530	322	557	235	Auction	Salman Ahmed
Suzuki Liana	852	551	301	647	346	Auction	Umar Farooq
Suzuki Liana	1,027	452	575	657	82	Auction	Salman Ahmed
Suzuki Liana	1,070	323	747	704	(43)	Auction	Musmat Sakina
Suzuki Liana	1,000	450	550	691	141	Auction	Sikandar Ali
Suzuki Liana	829	230	599	766	167	Auction	Waseem Mirza
Suzuki Liana	1,029	453	576	686	110	Auction	Sultan Hassan Khan
Suzuki Liana	1,042	458	584	551	(33)	Auction	Saif ur Rehman
Suzuki Liana	1,029	453	576	716	140	Auction	Irfan Ullah Ansari
Suzuki Liana	822	309	513	613	100	Auction	Sultan Hassan Khan
Suzuki Cultus	750	334	416	728	312	Auction	Muhammed Arif
Suzuki Cultus	756	357	399	618	219	Auction	Muhammed Alam
Suzuki Cultus	750	330	420	718	298	Auction	Waseem Mirza
Suzuki Cultus	832	247	585	757	172	Auction	Abdul Waheed
Suzuki Cultus	750	334	416	676	260	Auction	Muhammed Ali Akbar Khan
Suzuki Bolan	296	4	292	321	29	Auction	Shahid Ahmed Abbassi
Toyota Corolla	965	665	300	338	38	Group Policy	Mufti Irshad Ahmed Aijaz - Employee
Suzuki Liana	1,019	458	561	616	55	Group Policy	Muhammed Nadeem Aslan - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	750	335	415	710	295	Group Policy	Asif Ullah Khan - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	699	223	476	544	68	Group Policy	Syed Adib Haider - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	699	223	476	710	234	Group Policy	Fawad Iqbal Khan - Employee
Toyota Corolla	1,052	957	95	765	670	Group Policy	Ahmed Mustafa - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	759	350	409	544	135	Group Policy	Irfan Manzoor Khokhar - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	832	257	575	566	(9)	Group Policy	Syed Kashif Iqbal - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	750	367	383	518	135	Group Policy	Ershad Ahmed - Employee
Toyota Corolla	1,048	751	297	297	-	Group Policy	Muhammed Imran - Employee
Toyota Corolla	1,068	736	332	332	-	Group Policy	Syed Mujtaba Hussain Kazmi - Employee
Honda City	1,225	1,213	12	675	663	Group Policy	Mehmood Rashid - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	750	404	346	548	202	Group Policy	Zakir Siraj Uddin - Employee
Suzuki Liana	1,019	564	455	617	162	Group Policy	Muhammed Shakir Abbasi - Employee
Suzuki Cultus	815	471	344	700	356	Group Policy	Syed Azmat Ali - Employee
Suzuki Liana	929	340	589	651	62	Auction	Noman Baig
Suzuki Liana	955	437	518	540	22	Group Policy	Muhammed Shafi Ullah - Employee
	35,572	18,123	17,449	25,647	8,198		
Other property and equipment (having book value less than 250,000 or cost less than Rs. 1,000,000)	7,693	5,467	2,226	6,815	4,589		
	43,265	23,590	19,675	32,462	12,787		

بَنكِ اِسْلَامِي



BankIslami

Introducing **VISA** DEBIT CARD with Complimentary Benefits!



CASH COVERAGE for your safety & satisfaction. Now feel free to use any ATM nationwide anytime & every where with complete peace of mind because your cash is protected under BankIslami Visa Debit Card's CASH COVERAGE.



TAKAFUL COVERAGE, provides you protection and peace of mind. God-forbid if any accident occurs, you don't have to bother because you are secured under BankIslami Visa Debit Card's Takaful Coverage.



SMS ALERTS, keeps you updated of all your BankIslami Visa Debit Card transactions. For your security and satisfaction, you will receive an instant message on every transaction made by your BankIslami Visa Debit Card.

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

بَيْتُكَ إِسْلَامِي



For some, it's just the way you earn.
For us, it's what goes behind that earning.



BankIslami with a network of 102* Online branches in 49 cities offers following Pure Islamic banking solutions while keeping your values intact.

- Islami Mahana Munafa Account
- Islami Bachat Account
- "MUSKUN" - Home Financing
- Corporate Banking
- Islami Trade Finance
- Islami Amadni Certificate
- Islami Auto Ijarah
- Islami Current Account
- Investment Banking
- Islami Sahulat Account
- VISA Debit Card
- SMS Alerts Plus
- Internet Banking

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

*Including sub-branches

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

No. of Shareholders	Shareholding		Total Shares Held	Total Shares Held %
	From	To		
289	1	100	12,713	0.002
16978	101	500	8,077,731	1.530
4232	501	1000	3,242,818	0.614
2680	1001	5000	5,530,948	1.048
374	5001	10000	2,860,431	0.542
125	10001	15000	1,599,971	0.303
73	15001	20000	1,335,649	0.253
41	20001	25000	929,898	0.176
31	25001	30000	856,474	0.162
26	30001	35000	847,032	0.160
16	35001	40000	609,698	0.115
11	40001	45000	463,219	0.088
15	45001	50000	731,454	0.139
9	50001	55000	479,897	0.091
8	55001	60000	469,199	0.089
4	60001	65000	254,600	0.048
2	65001	70000	138,439	0.026
9	70001	75000	657,091	0.124
3	75001	80000	234,162	0.044
6	80001	85000	504,754	0.096
4	85001	90000	352,436	0.067
9	95001	100000	897,500	0.170
4	100001	105000	419,148	0.079
5	105001	110000	544,271	0.103
1	110001	115000	112,141	0.021
1	120001	125000	120,787	0.023
2	125001	130000	257,500	0.049
3	130001	135000	400,829	0.076
2	135001	140000	279,887	0.053
1	140001	145000	140,531	0.027
1	145001	150000	150,000	0.028
1	150001	155000	153,000	0.029
1	160001	165000	161,640	0.031
1	170001	175000	175,000	0.033
1	175001	180000	178,750	0.034
2	180001	185000	365,406	0.069
1	185001	190000	185,937	0.035
2	195001	200000	400,000	0.076
2	200001	205000	403,000	0.076
1	205001	210000	208,787	0.040
2	245001	250000	500,000	0.095
1	250001	255000	251,000	0.048

No. of Shareholders	Shareholding		Total Shares Held	Total Shares Held %
	From	To		
1	255001	260000	258,328	0.049
1	280001	285000	285,000	0.054
1	295001	300000	300,000	0.057
1	320001	325000	322,374	0.061
1	355001	360000	357,192	0.068
1	365001	370000	370,000	0.070
1	370001	375000	372,009	0.070
2	395001	400000	800,000	0.152
1	415001	420000	416,825	0.079
1	420001	425000	422,000	0.080
1	475001	480000	475,175	0.090
1	510001	515000	512,082	0.097
1	515001	520000	519,084	0.098
2	595001	600000	1,199,368	0.227
1	690001	695000	692,000	0.131
1	705001	710000	708,500	0.134
1	735001	740000	739,079	0.140
1	820001	825000	825,000	0.156
1	895001	900000	898,394	0.170
1	930001	935000	931,961	0.177
1	965001	970000	968,555	0.183
1	1025001	1030000	1,027,405	0.195
1	1195001	1200000	1,197,262	0.227
1	1225001	1230000	1,227,140	0.232
1	1290001	1295000	1,291,500	0.245
1	1340001	1345000	1,341,693	0.254
1	1600001	1605000	1,601,943	0.303
1	2025001	2030000	2,026,055	0.384
1	2660001	2665000	2,663,585	0.504
1	2970001	2975000	2,973,525	0.563
1	3195001	3200000	3,200,000	0.606
1	4440001	4445000	4,441,357	0.841
1	5240001	5245000	5,242,000	0.993
1	5700001	5705000	5,702,050	1.080
1	6600001	6605000	6,603,975	1.251
1	7295001	7300000	7,300,000	1.383
1	7650001	7655000	7,650,500	1.449
1	10995001	11000000	11,000,000	2.083
1	20770001	20775000	20,771,500	3.934
1	46680001	46685000	46,682,493	8.842
2	51420001	51425000	102,847,766	19.480
1	111255001	111260000	111,256,116	21.073
1	131050001	131055000	131,053,379	24.822
25,026			527,967,898	100

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2011

PARTICULARS	SHAREHOLDERS	SHAREHOLDING	PERCENTAGE
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their Spouse and Minor Children	5	103,477,674	19.60
Associated Companies, Undertakings, and related parties	2	242,309,495	45.89
Banks, Development Financial Institutions and Non Banking Financial Institutions	6	1,209,411	0.23
Insurance Companies	2	6,618,975	1.25
Modaraba & Mutual Funds	15	33,520,703	6.35
General Public			
a: Local	24,907	95,020,605	18.00
b: Foreign	7	2,884,881	0.55
Others	82	42,926,154	8.13
TOTAL	25,026	527,967,898	100.00

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2011

PARTICULARS	SHAREHOLDERS	SHAREHOLDING	PERCENTAGE
Associated Companies & Shareholders with More than 10 % Shareholding			
Jahangir Siddiqui & Co. Ltd.	1	111,256,116	21.07
Dubai Bank PJSC	1	131,053,379	24.82
NIT & ICP			
National Bank of Pakistan - Trustee Department	1	599,368	0.11
Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their Spouse and Minor Children			
Hasan A. Bilgrami	1	499,079	0.10
Ahmed Goolam Mahomed Randeree	1	51,423,883	9.74
Chief Justice (Retd.) Mahboob Ahmed	1	130,829	0.02
Shabbir Ahmed Randeree	1	51,423,883	9.74
Public Sector Companies, Corporations, Banks, DFI's NBFI's, Insurance Companies, Modaraba, Modaraba Funds and Other Organisations	112	86,560,756	16.40
General Public	24907	95,020,605	18.00
TOTAL	25026	527,967,898	100.00

CORRESPONDENT BANKING NETWORK

COUNTRY	NAME OF BANK
AUSTRALIA	COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KEB AUSTRALIA LIMITED
AUSTRIA	RAIFFISENLANDESBANK OBEROESTERREICH
BAHRAIN	KOREA EXCHANGE BANK NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN
BANGLADESH	BANK ALFALAH LIMITED BANK ASIA LIMITED HABIB BANK LIMITED
BELARUS	JOINT-STOCK SAVINGS BANK BELARUSBANK
BELGIUM	HABIB BANK LIMITED
BRAZIL	BANCO KEB DO BRASIL S.A.
CANADA	HABIB CANADIAN BANK KOREA EXCHANGE BANK OF CANADA
CHINA	BANK OF JIANSU CO LTD. CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK HARBIN COMMERCIAL BANK JPMORGAN CHASE BANK KOREA EXCHANGE BANK ZHEJIANG CHOUZHOU COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD ZHEJIANG PINGHU RURAL COOPERATIVE BANK
DENMARK	DANSKE BANK A/S
DJIBOUTI	BNAQUE POUR LE COMMERCE ET L'INDUSTRIE-MER GROUGE
FINLAND	DANSKE BANK A/S NORDEA BANK FINLAND PLC SAMPO BANK
FRANCE	HABIB BANK LIMITED KOREA EXCHANGE BANK NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN UNION DE BANQUES ARABES ET FRANCAISES
GERMANY	COMMERZ BANK AG DANSKE BANK A/S KOREA EXCHANGE BANK (DEUTSCHLAND) AG NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN UNICREDIT BANK AG
HONG KONG	COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA HABIB BANK LIMITED HBZ FINANCE LIMITED JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KOREA EXCHANGE BANK MASHREQ BANK

	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN UNION BANK OF INDIA UNION DE BANQUES ARABES ET FRANCAISES
INDIA	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION MASHREQBANK UNION BANK OF INDIA
INDONESIA	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KOREA EXCHANGE BANK DANAMON PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK
IRAN	BANK MELLI IRAN BANK MILLAT BANK SADERAT IRAN
IRELAND	DANSKE BANK A/S
ITALY	BANCA INTESA S.P.A. BANCA POPOLARE DI VICENZA SCPARL BANCA UBAE SPA BANCO POPOLARE DI VERONA UNICREDIT BANK
JAPAN	COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA KOREA EXCHANGE BANK NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN UNION DE BANQUES ARABES ET FRANCAISES
KENYA	GULF AFRICAN BANK LIMITED HABIB BANK LIMITED KENYA COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED
KOREA	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KOREA EXCHANGE BANK NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN UNION DE BANQUES ARABES ET FRANCAISES WOORI BANK
KUWAIT	COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT SAK, THE
LUXEMBOURG	DANSKE BANK INTERNATIONAL SA
MALAYSIA	AFFIN BANK BERHAD BANK MUAMALAT MALAYSIA BERHAD EON BANK BERHAD JPMORGAN CHASE BANK BERHAD
MAURITIUS	HABIB BANK LIMITED MAURITIUS
NEPAL	HIMALAYAN BANK LIMITED
NETHERLANDS	HABIB BANK LIMITED KOREA EXCHANGE BANK
NIGERIA	PLATINUMHABIB BANK PLC
NORWAY	DANSKE BANK A/S
OMAN	HABIB BANK OMAN





PAKISTAN

ALBARAKA BANK (PAKISTAN) LIMITED
ALLIED BANK LIMITED
ASKARI BANK LIMITED
BANK AL HABIB LIMITED
BANK ALFALAH LIMITED
BANK OF KHYBER (THE)
BANK OF PUNJAB (THE)
BURJ BANK LIMITED
DUBAI ISLAMIC BANK (PAKISTAN) LIMITED
FAYSAL BANK LIMITED
HABIB BANK LIMITED
HABIB METROPOLITAN BANK LIMITED
JS BANK LIMITED
KASB BANK LIMITED
MCB BANK LIMITED
MEEZAN BANK LIMITED
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN
NIB BANK LIMITED
SAMBA BANK LIMITED
SILKBANK LIMITED
SINDH BANK LIMITED
SONERI BANK LIMITED
SUMMIT BANK LIMITED
UNITED BANK LIMITED

PANAMA

KOREA EXCHANGE BANK

PHILIPPINE

KOREA EXCHANGE BANK

POLAND

DANSKE BANK A/S

QATAR

QATAR ISLAMIC BANK
UNITED BANK LIMITED

ROMANIA

ROMANIAN INTERNATIONAL BANK SA

RUSSIA

OPEN JOINT STOCK COMPANY 'RBS'

SAUDI ARABIA

ALRAJHI BANKING & INVESTMENT CORPORATION
JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN
NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK
SAUDI HOLLANDI BANK

SINGAPORE

COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA
HABIB BANK LIMITED
JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
KOREA EXCHANGE BANK
UNION DE BANQUES ARABES ET FRANCAISES
WOORI BANK

SLOVAKIA

COMMERZBANK AG

SOUTH AFRICA

FIRST RAND BANK LIMITED
HABIB OVERSEAS BANK LIMITED
HBZ BANK LIMITED

SPAIN

BANCO ESPANOL DE CREDITO
CAJA DE AHORROS DEL MEDITERRANEEED

SRI LANKA	HATTON NATIONAL BANK LIMITED
SWEDEN	DANSKE BANK A/S SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN
SWITZERLAND	ARAB BANK (SWITZERLAND) LIMITED HABIB BANK AG ZURICH HABIBSONS BANK LIMITED KOREA EXCHANGE BANK (SCHWEIZ) AG UNITED BANK A.G.
TAIWAN	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
THAILAND	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KOREA EXCHANGE BANK
TURKEY	HABIB BANK LIMITED KUYEYI TURK KATILIM BANKASI SA TEKSTIL BANKASI S.A. TURKIYE FINANS KATILIM BANK TURKIYE VAKIFLAR BANKKASI T.A.O.
U.K.	BANCA INTESA S.P.A. COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA DANSKE BANK A/S HABIB – UK PLC HABIB BANK AG ZURICH HABIBSONS BANK LIMITED ISLAMIC BANK OF BRITAIN PLC JPMORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. KOREA EXCHANGE BANK MASHREQ BANK NORTHERN BANK LIMITED UNITED NATIONAL BANK WOORI BANK
U.S.A.	ATLANTIC BANK OF NEW YORK COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA DEUTSCHE BANK TRUST COMPANY AMERICAS HABIB AMERICAN BANK HABIB BANK LIMITED JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KEB NY FINANCIAL CORPORATION MASHREQ BANK NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN SAEHAN BANK, LOS ANGELES UNITED BANK LIMITED
UAE	ABU DHABI COMMERCIAL BANK ABU DHABI ISLAMIC BANK DUBAI BANK PJSC HABIB BANK AG ZURICH HABIB BANK LIMITED KUWAIT TURKISH PARTICIPATION BANK DUBAI LTD. MASHREQ BANK
UKRAINE	CREDIT DNEPR BANK DEMARK BANK JS
VIETNAM	ASIA COMMERCIAL BANK JPMORGAN CHASE BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION KOREA EXCHANGE BANK, HANOI BRANCH VIETNAM ASIA COMMERCIAL JOINT-STOCK BANK VINASIAM BANK
YEMEN	SABA ISLAMIC BANK



BRANCH NETWORK*

SINDH

Main Branch Clifton (Karachi)

11th Floor, Executive Tower, Dolmen City,
Marine Drive, Block-4, Clifton, Karachi
Tel: (021) 35839906
Fax: (021) 35378373

26th Street D.H.A. Branch (Karachi)

31-C, Badar Commercial Street No.1, 26th Street,
Phase V, D.H.A. Karachi
Tel: (021) 35349244-5
Fax: (021) 35349243

Al Hilal Society Branch (Karachi)

Shop No.1 Ground Floor, Jawwad Court, Plot
No. SC-11, KDA Scheme No. 7, Main University Road,
Chandni Chowk, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34860713-16, 34860728
Fax: (021) 34860704

Baloch Colony Branch (Karachi)

Plot No. SA-2/1 Block-3 Administrative Society, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34300036-42
Fax: (021) 34300043

Baqai Medical University Branch (Karachi)

51-DHTOR, Baqai Medical Centre,
Super Highway, near Toll Plaza,
Karachi
Tel: (021) 34410220-34410201
Fax: (021) 34410219

Burns Road Branch (Karachi)

Land Survey Sheet No. AM 51, Artillery Maidan Quarters,
Burns Road, Karachi
Tel: (021) 32215505, 32215527, 32215689, 32215542
Fax: (021) 32215480

Cloth Market Branch (Karachi)

Shop-05, Cochinwala Market,
Laxmidas Street, Karachi
Tel: (021) 32469031-35
Fax: (021) 32469030

D.H.A. Phase IV Branch (Karachi)

Plot No.36-C, Sunset Commercial Street No.2,
D.H.A. Phase IV, Karachi
Tel: (021) 35313191-7
Fax: (021) 35313190

Dhoraji Branch (Karachi)

Al-Madina Heights, Plot Survey No. 35-C/449 CP Berar
Cooperative Housing Society, Dhoraji, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34860407-10, 34860566-68
Fax: (021) 34860569

F.B. Area Branch (Karachi)

Plot No. C-6, Block 4, F.B. Area,
KDA Scheme No. 16, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36362278, 36807782
Fax: (021) 36364659

Gulshan-e-Maymar Branch (Karachi)

Areeba Heaven, SB-3, Sector X-II, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36833354-5
Fax: (021) 36833445

Jodia Bazar Branch (Karachi)

Ibrahim Manzil, Darya Lal Street,
Jodia Bazar, Karachi
Tel: (021) 32462487-9, 32462831-4
Fax: (021) 32416368

Karachi Stock Exchange Branch (Karachi)

Room No. 520, 5th Floor, K.S.E. Building, Karachi
Tel: (021) 32462861-67
Fax: (021) 32462490

Korangi Branch (Karachi)

Plot No. 51/9-B, Sector 15,
Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi
Tel: (021) 35114488-91
Fax: (021) 35114494

Malir Cantt Branch (Karachi)

Plot No. 35, Block-5, Cantt Bazar,
Malir Cantt, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34491481-82
Fax: (021) 34491483

Nazimabad No. 7 Branch (Karachi)

Plot No.4, Row No 1, Sub Block-B, Block-III,
Nazimabad No. 7, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36707492-96
Fax: (021) 36707497

North Nazimabad Block A Branch (Karachi)

Shop No. 3A, 3B, 3C, 2B Unique Centre,
Block A, North Nazimabad, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36722504-6
Fax: (021) 36722507

North Nazimabad Branch (Karachi)

D-5, Block-L,
North Nazimabad, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36676474-75
Fax: (021) 36676488

Orangi Town Branch (Karachi)

Plot No. LS 55 & 56, ST 11-A, Sector 1,
Block D, Orangi Town, Karachi
Tel: (021)-36664031-34, 36692257-59
Fax: (021) 36662257

Power House Branch (Karachi)

ST-3 AS-28 Commercial Area, Sector 5-H,
Power House, New Karachi
Tel: (021) 36901366-9, 36901362
Fax: (021) 36901364

Rashid Minhas Road Branch (Karachi)

Plot No. FL-3/13 & 14, Block-5,
Gulshan-e-Iqbal, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34818227-9
Fax: (021) 34818135

S.I.T.E. Branch (Karachi)

Shop Nos. 8 & 9, Anum Trade Center,
E-31-B, Ghani Chowrangi, S.I.T.E., Karachi
Tel: (021) 32587661-2, 32587665
Fax: (021) 32587510

Shadman Town Branch (Karachi)

Shop No. 1-5, KDA Flats, Phase 3,
Sector 14/B, Shadman Town No.1,
North Nazimabad, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36950027-33
Fax: (021) 36950034

Shah Faisal Colony Branch (Karachi)

Shop No. 1 & 2, Plot No A/6, Shop No. 1 & 2,
Plot No. A/7 Survey No. 135, Deh Drigh Colony,
Shah Faisal Colony, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34686121-25
Fax: (021) 34686126

Shaheed-e-Millat Branch (Karachi)

Shop No. 15 & 16, Adam Arcade, B.M.C.H.S.,
Shaheed-e-Millat Road, Karachi
Tel: (021) 34145305-8
Fax: (021) 34145311

Shahra-e-Faisal Branch (Karachi)

Shop No. 1, Faisal Tower, Plot No. 25/3,
Survey Sheet No. 35/1, Block 7 & 8,
Maqbool C.H.S. Ltd., Karachi
Tel: (021) 34555985-87
Fax: (021) 34555991

University Road Branch (Karachi)

Adjacent to Dolphin Bakery, Saleem Plaza,
Block 16, Gulshan-e-Iqbal,
Karachi
Tel: (021) 34801540, 34839031-34
Fax: (021) 34801541

UP More Branch (Karachi)

LS-7, Street No. 8, Sub Sector 11-I,
North Karachi Township, Karachi
Tel: (021) 36950158-59-61-66
Fax: (021) 36950167

Gulistan-e-Jauhar Branch (Karachi)

Shop No. W-12, Eastern Pride, Block 15,
KDA Scheme 36, Gulistan-e-Johar,
Karachi
Tel: (021) 34619514-18, 34619563, 34619573-4
Fax: (021) 34619583

Saddar Branch (Karachi)

Habib Shopping Mall, Bohri Bazaar,
Raja Ghazanfar Ali Road, Karachi
Tel: (021) 35219891-94
Fax: (021) 35219895

Heerabad Branch (Hyderabad)

A/113-261, Jail Road, Heerabad,
Hyderabad
Tel: (022) 2636768-70, 2636862 -3
Fax: (022) 2636864

Auto Bahan Branch (Hyderabad)

Plot No. C-10-8, C-10- 3,
Block C, Auto Bahan Road, Hyderabad
Tel: (022) 3820301-7
Fax: (022) 3820308

Mirpurkhas Branch

New Town Station Road, Mirpur Khas
Tel: (0233) 874287
Fax: (0233) 875802

Sukkur Branch

Umar Welding Store City, Survey No. 3/21,
Station Road, Sukkur
Tel: (071) 5617322-8
Fax: (071) 5617329

Tando Allah Yar Branch

Mir Pur Khas Road,
Tando Allahyar
Tel: (022) 3891559, 3891661
Fax: (022) 3892243

Nawabshah Branch

City Survey No. 225
Ward A Masjid Road, Nawabshah
Tel: (0244) 330920-4, 330926-7
Fax: (0244) 330928

Larkana Branch

City Survey No.1806
Word-A Bank Square Road, Larkana
Tel: (074) 4059833-6, 4059884-6
Fax: (074) 4059887

BALOCHISTAN

Jinnah Road Branch (Quetta)

Jinnah Road, Quetta
Tel: (081) 2821743-2821758
Fax: (081) 2821650

Iqbal Road Branch (Quetta)

Shop No. 605, Khewat No. 200,
Khatooni No. 234, Ward No. 18, Urban No. 1,
Sharah-e-Iqbal, Quetta
Tel: (081) 2866510-13-36
Fax: (081) 2829739

Airport Road Branch (Quetta)

Alam Khan Chowk, Airport Road, Quetta
Tel: (081) 2864627-29, 2840114, 2840121
Fax: (081) 2840135

Kuchlak Branch (Quetta)

Chaman Road, Quetta
Tel: (081) 2891591-2
Fax: (081) 2891580

Muslimbagh Branch

Muslimbagh, Balochistan
Tel: (0823) 669823-29
Fax: (0823) 669830

Qila Saifullah Branch

Main Junction Road, Qila Saifullah
Tel: (0823) 610895-899, 610804-806
Fax: (0823) 610806

Chaman Branch

Trench Road, Chaman
Tel: (0826) 618032-37
Fax: (0826) 618039

Pishin Branch

Bund Road, Opp Madina Hardware,
Pishin
Tel: (0826) 421381 421384
Fax: (0826) 421387

Loralai Branch

Bhagi Bazar, Loralai
Tel: (0824) 661696-700
Fax: (0824) 661701

Zhob Branch

Market Road, Zhob
Tel: (0822) 412130-31, 412047-49
Fax: (0822) 412136

Dukki Branch

Masjid Road, Dukki
Tel: (0824) 667301-303
Fax: (0824) 667306

PUNJAB

Jail Road Branch (Lahore)

Plot No. 5-A, House No.5, Main Gulberg Road,
Near EFU Building, Jail Road,
Lahore
Tel: (042) 35790571
Fax: (042) 35790573

Akbar Chowk Branch (Lahore)

883-D, Peco Road, Faisal Town,
Akbar Chowk, Lahore
Tel: (042) 35221731-7
Fax: (042) 35221738

Circular Road Branch (Lahore)

Circular Road, Near Mochi Gate, Lahore
Tel: (042) 37374009-15
Fax: (042) 37374016

Azam Cloth Market Branch (Lahore)

F-1207 Azam Cloth Market, Lahore
Tel: (042) 37670188, 37658602, 37670256
Fax: (042) 37658232

Badami Bagh Branch (Lahore)

23-Peco Road, Badami Bagh, Lahore
Tel: (042) 37723865-68, 37723881
Fax: (042) 37723882

Darogha wala gate Branch (Lahore)

326 G.T.Road (Link Shalimar Road),
Lahore
Tel: (042) 36530512-16
Fax: (042) 36530517

D.H.A. Y Block Branch (Lahore)

153, Y Block, D.H.A., Lahore
Tel: (042) 35733841-44, 35734709-11
Fax: (042) 35734713

Ferozepur Road Branch (Lahore)

Plot No. 174, Feroz Pur Road, Lahore
Tel: (042) 37524321-24-25-27
Fax: (042) 37524331

G-Block, D.H.A. Branch (Lahore)

47-G, Commercial Area, Phase I, Block-G,
Stadium Road, D.H.A., Lahore
Tel: (042) 35691066-72
Fax: (042) 35691073

Thokar Niaz Baig Branch (Lahore)

3/D- Nawab Town, Raiwind Road,
Thokar Niaz Baig, Lahore
Tel: (042) 35315636-40
Fax: (042) 35315641

Johar Town Branch (Lahore)

M-Block, Johar Town, Lahore
Tel: (042) 35315710
Fax: (042) 35315711

Airport Road Branch (Lahore)

Plot No. 595/8, Airport Road, Main Defence Road,
Lahore Cantt (Adjacent to Phase VIII), Lahore
Tel: (042) 35741536-8
Fax: (042) 35741540

Walton Road Branch (Lahore)

Plot 48-E, Super Town,
Walton Road, Cantt., Lahore
Tel: (042) 36603701
Fax: (042) 36603702

Gujranwala Branch

Gujranwala BX-11-75-7S-10-12,
GT Road, Gujranwala
Tel: (055) 3820511-16
Fax: (055) 3820517

Jhang Branch

95-A College Chowk, Jhang
Tel: (047) 7651401-05
Fax: (047) 7651406

Abdali Road Branch (Multan)

Abdali Road, Chowk Nawwan Sheer,
Multan
Tel: (061) 4500356-59
Fax: (061) 4500360

Gulguht Branch (Multan)

Jalal Masjid Chowk, Multan
Tel: (061) 6210371-5
Fax: (061) 6210376

Vehari Road Branch (Multan)

Vehari Road, Multan
Tel: (061) 6761900-6
Fax: (061) 6761907

SIE 1 Branch (Gujrat)

Danish Metal Work, SIE-1, Gujrat
Tel: (053) 3538010-15
Fax: (053) 3538016

D.G. Khan Branch

Jampur Road, Near District Hospital, D.G. Khan
Tel: (064) 2473201-7
Fax: (064) 2473208

Kotwali Road Branch (Faisalabad)

P-16, Kotwali Road, Faisalabad
Tel: (041) 2412123-29
Fax: (041) 2412130

Susan Road Branch (Faisalabad)

Plot No. S-8, Madina Town,
Main Susan Road, Faisalabad
Tel: (041) 8728626-8, 8728631
Fax: (041) 8728671 / 8728708

Mian Channu Branch

Ghazi Mor, G.T Road, Mian Channu
Tel: (065) 2664001-7
Fax: (065) 2664008

Rahimyar Khan Branch

21-A, Model Town, Rahim Yar Khan
Tel: (068) 5886971-77
Fax: (068) 5886978

Sadiqabad Branch

Allama Iqbal Road, Opp. Ghalla Mandi,
Sadiqabad
Tel: (068) 5700594-7, 5800591
Fax: (068) 5800598

Sargodha Branch

65/2, Railway Road, Sargodha
Tel: (048) 3768264-68
Fax: (048) 3768269

Bhawalpur Branch

Block No. 915, Circular Road,
Bahawalpur
Tel: (062) 2732235-38
Fax: (062) 2732239 / 2732240

Okara Branch

69/1, M.A.Jinnah Road, Okara
Tel: (044) 2522901-6
Fax: (044) 2552907

Kashmir Road Branch (Sialkot)

B-III-116/99/2, Kashmir Road, Sialkot
Tel: (052) 4270419-20, 4270429-30, 4270439-40
Fax: (052) 4270426

Mainwali Branch

Mouza urra khel Pacca,
Main Sargodha Road, Mainwali
Tel: (0459) 237531
Fax: (0459) 237532

Sahiwal Branch

418, High Street, Sahiwal
Tel: (040) 4228284-88, 4467688
Fax: (040) 4462688

Chaklala Scheme No. 3 (Rawalpindi)

Plot No.11, Commercial Bazar,
Chaklala Scheme III, Rawalpindi
Tel: (051) 5766140-43
Fax: (051) 5766144

Satellite Town Branch (Rawalpindi)

69/B, 4th Road, Commercial Market,
Satellite Town, Rawalpindi
Tel: (051) 4572001-4
Fax: (051) 4572005

Saddar Branch (Rawalpindi)

60-Bank Road, RWP Cantt, Rawalpindi
Tel: (051) 5120381-4
Fax: (051) 5120385

Jehlum Branch

Tehsil Road, Near Shandar Chowk, Jehlum
Tel: (0544) 620503-48
Fax: (0544) 620498

Hazro Branch

Circular Road, Hazro
Tel: (057) 2310048-51
Fax: (057) 2310019

Taxila Branch

Faisal Shaheed Road, Taxila
Tel: (051) 4535055-8
Fax: (051) 4534985 / 4535047

Turnol Branch

Muhammad Ayub Plaza, Main G.T Road,
Islamabad
Tel: (051) 2217022
Fax: (051) 2217021

Wah Cantt. Branch

A-12, Shahwali Colony, Mall Road, Wah Cantt
Tel: (051) 4539046-7
Fax: (051) 4539044

Chakwal Branch

Khasra No. 4516, Jhelum Road, Chakwal
Tel: (0543) 552739, 44,45,56
Fax: (0543) 552742 / 552760

KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

Khyber Bazar Branch (Peshawar)

Shop No.6 & 7, Ground Floor, Survey No. 412/B(1)
Haji Khan Building, Opposite U Plaza
Situated at Khyber Bazar, Peshawar
Tel: (091) 2590341-6
Fax: (091) 2590347-8

Jamrud Road Branch (Peshawar)

Near Hotel Grand, Jamrud Road, Peshawar
Tel: (091) 5711482-4
Fax: (091) 5711489

Haripur Branch

Circular Road, Haripur
Tel: (0995) 613570-3
Fax: (0995) 613574

Mansehra Branch

Swati Arcade, Abbottabad Road,
Tehsil & District Mansehra
Tel: (0997) 307761-4
Fax: (0997) 303479

Dera Ismail Khan Branch

West Circular Road, Near Taank Adda,
Dera Ismail Khan
Tel: (0966) 715018-20
Fax: (0966) 715021

Abbottabad Branch

Abbottabad Business Center (ABC Plaza),
Aamir Shaheed Road, Supply Bazar, Abbottabad
Tel: (0992) 343959-63
Fax: (0992) 343957, 343964

Chitral Branch

Attalique Bazar, Chitral
Tel: (0943) 414501,414530,414550
Fax: (0943) 414591

Gilgit Branch

Askari Bakers, Gilgit Cantt
Tel: (05811) 457832-6
Fax: (05811) 457837

ISLAMABAD & AZAD KASHMIR

Blue Area Branch (Islamabad)

5-6, Chenab Center, Block-104-E,F-7/G-7,
Jinnah Avenue, Islamabad
Tel: (051) 2804271-74
Fax: (051) 2804275

I-9 Branch (Islamabad)

Plot No-2 E, I-9 Markaz, Islamabad.
Tel: (051) 4858403-08
Fax: (051) 4445852

I-8 Branch (Islamabad)

Executive Centre, I-8 Markaz, Islamabad
Tel: (051) 4861017, 4861029, 4861117
Fax: (051) 4861118

F-10 Markaz Branch (Islamabad)

Plot No.6-C, Insaaf Plaza, F-10 Markaz, Islamabad
Tel: (051) 222961-64
Fax: (051) 222965-6

Mirpur Branch

Plot No. 2-B/3, Sub Sector A/2,
Mian Muhammad Road, Mirpur, AJK
Tel: (05827) 439700-04
Fax: (05827) 439705

Islamgarh Branch

Ground Floor, Main Kotli Road,
Islam Garh Tehsil, District Mirpur, AJK
Tel: (05827) 423971-74
Fax: (05827) 423970

This page is intentionally left blank.

Islami Mahana Munafa Account



Enjoy Profit,
Every Month

Enjoy the freedom of Halal monthly gains by opening **Islami Mahana Munafa Account** with BankIslami for a prosperous present while building your wealth for a secure future. **Islami Mahana Munafa Account** provides security, convenience and flexibility of the investment tenures to suit your financial needs.

With a nationwide network of 102* Online branches in 49 cities, BankIslami truly serves you – the right way.

- Monthly Halal profit payment
- Investment tenure from 1– 5 years
- Minimum investment amount of Rs.10,000/-
- Early encashment facility with no penalty

Serving you, the Right way

بَيْتُكَ إِسْلَامِي



BankIslami

For some it's just a craft.
For us, it reflects your focus on detail.



Islami Auto Ijarah

As a leading authentic Islamic Bank, we realize your focus on detail of Islamic Banking products and solutions. That is why we bring to you the following range of Islamic Banking services to satisfy your banking needs.

- Islami Mahana Munafa Account
- Islami Amadni Certificate
- Islami Sahulat Account
- Islami Bachat Account
- VISA Debit Card
- "MUSKUN" - Home Financing
- Islami Current Account
- SMS Alerts Plus
- Corporate Banking
- Investment Banking
- Islami Trade Finance
- Internet Banking

Serving you, the Right way

BankIslami Pakistan
www.bankislami.com.pk

24/7 Phone Banking
111-ISLAMI (111-475264)

PROXY FORM

8th Annual General Meeting

The Company Secretary
BankIslami Pakistan Limited
11th Floor, Executive Tower,
Dolmen City, Marine Drive,
Block - 4, Clifton
Karachi - Pakistan.

I/We _____ of _____ being a member(s) of
BankIslami Pakistan Limited and holder of _____ ordinary shares as per
Share Register Folio No. _____ and / or CDC Investor
Account No./Participant I.D. No. _____ and sub Account No. _____ do
hereby appoint _____ of _____
or failing him / her _____ of _____ as my/our proxy to vote

and act for me / us on my / our behalf at the 8th Annual General Meeting of BankIslami Pakistan Limited,
to be held on Friday, March 30, 2012 at 12:00 noon at Hotel Regent Plaza, Shakra-e-Faisal, Karachi, and
at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2012.

Witness:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Signature of Member(s)

CNIC or Passport No. _____

Notes:

1. Proxies in order to be effective, must be received by the company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
2. CDC Shareholders and their Proxies are each requested to attach an attested photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.



Serving you, the Right way

Please affix
correct
postage

The Company Secretary

BankIslami Pakistan Limited

11th Floor, Executive Tower,
Dolmen City, Marine Drive,
Clifton Block - 4,
Karachi, Pakistan

Our Value Added Services



24 Hours Call Centre: Just call us at 111-ISLAMI (111-475264) any time of the week

Online Banking: Access your funds from our online network of 102 branches in 49 cities

VISA Debit Card: Access to over 1 million ATMs and 10 million merchant outlets globally

FREE Internet Banking: Access your account information and transaction history at home or office 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

eStatement: Enjoy daily, weekly, monthly or yearly statement of your account whenever and wherever required

Safe Deposit Lockers: Enjoy safety of your valuables in strong heat resistant steel lockers with 24 hours security

Interbank Funds Transfer: Enjoy Branchless, Cashless & Chequeless transfer of funds to your friends, relatives & business associates via ATM

Our Products

Islami Auto Ijarah

Islami Current Account

Islami Sahulat Account

Islami Mahana Munafa Account

Islami Amadni Certificate

Ijarah

Salam Financing

Musharakah Financing

MUSKUN - Home Financing

Islami Bachat Account

Islami Dollar Bachat Account

Murabahah Financing

Islami Export Re-finance Scheme

Istisna Financing

Diminishing Musharakah Financing

BankIslami Pakistan Limited

11th Floor, Executive Tower, Dolmen City, Marine Drive, Clifton Block-4, Karachi-Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 111-247-111 (111-BIP-111) Fax: (92-21) 35378373
www.bankislami.com.pk