

Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS)
PUNJAB 2007-08



Volume 8
RAJANPUR

**Government of the Punjab
Planning & Development Department
Bureau of Statistics**

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The Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey was carried out by the Bureau of Statistics, Government of Punjab, Planning and Development Department. Financial support was provided by the Government of Punjab through the Annual Development Programme and technical support by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).

The final report consists of 36 volumes. Readers may refer to the enclosed table of contents for reference.

This is a household survey planned by the Planning and Development Department, Government of the Punjab, Pakistan (<http://www.pndpunjab.gov.pk/page.asp?id=712>). Survey tools were based on models and standards developed by the global MICS project, designed to collect information on the situation of children and women in countries around the world. Additional information on the global MICS project may be obtained from www.childinfo.org.

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FOREWORD

Government of the Punjab is committed to reduce poverty through sustaining high growth in all aspects of provincial economy. An abiding challenge in maintaining such growth pattern is concurrent development of capacities in planning, implementation and monitoring which requires reliable and real time data on development needs, quality and efficacy of interventions and impacts. Being cognizant of this need, Planning and Development Department is consistently working on improved systems for generation of accurate information on development needs and impacts of the investments made through development budgets.

Social sectors remain a priority area for the government and development outlays for these sectors have grown multifold over the last five years. Government of the Punjab is committed to attain the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) for education, health, water supply & sanitation and poverty. That would require not only provision of adequate resources but also a very robust system for ascertaining the area specific needs, efficient use of resources and regular monitoring of the results and impacts. Towards this end, government, with assistance of UNICEF, has embarked upon periodic conduct of Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS). The first such survey was carried out in 2003-04 and proved to be the most important tool in determining government budgetary outlays for the next four years, particularly for the social sectors.

MICS 2003-04 was based on 40 indicators and the usage of information generated by the survey pointed to the need of further improvements in the scope and coverage of selected indicators. Therefore, scope of MICS 2007-08 was further expanded to more than 70 indicators and the coverage was extended down to 'tehsil' level. This posed much greater challenges in terms of logistics and man-management but it is matter of great satisfaction that final product has proven to be worth that effort.

The results of 2007-08 survey not only provide information on progress made in key social indicators since 2003-04 but also provide an excellent baseline for the key social indicators to the provincial planners. The Punjab Bureau of Statistics, Planning & Development Department, partner organizations at the provincial and district level richly deserve all the credit for coming up with an excellent report. Special credit also goes to UNICEF for their unstinted support for the MICS over the years and bringing international expertise to support this effort.

I am confident that this report will prove to be a valuable source not only for the planning efforts of government of punjab but also a valuable reference for the academia and research organizations.

Muhammad Sami Saeed
Chairman,
Planning and Development Board, Punjab

Dated: 20th February, 2009

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) Punjab 2007–08 is the result of ceaseless efforts of different departments and organisations. Funded through the Annual Development Programme, the survey was conducted by the Bureau of Statistics, Punjab with technical support of UNICEF. The Federal Bureau of Statistics provided the sample design which was also reviewed by an international consultant. The validation of survey was undertaken by the Social Work Department, University of the Punjab, Lahore. The survey covered 6,368 clusters and 91,280 households in urban and rural areas throughout the province. The fieldwork was started on 12 December 2007 and completed on 10 April 2008.

Punjab MICS 2007–08 allows the provincial government and districts to gauge and monitor their respective status of human and social development with precise data on a variety of key indicators. It will assist the decision-makers to move towards new avenues of human and social development.

MICS 2007–08 is result of collective efforts of many individuals and each one of them merits recognition. The Chairman, P&D Board (who also heads the Provincial Steering Committee of MICS) and Secretary P&D Department extended their fullest support and guided throughout the process. Mr. Shamim Rafique, Director General, Bureau of Statistics and his team deserves special mention. Their hard work and dedication has made it possible that the final product is completed in time. The keen interest and contribution made by the members of the Steering Committee, Technical and Planning & Coordination Group, Chief (MEPA) and his team are also acknowledged.

MICS 2007-08 would not have been possible without technical support of UNICEF. Dr. Deepak Bajracharya, Provincial Chief, UNICEF, and his team played an active role throughout the process. Special thanks are due to Dr Manar Abdel Rahman, who led the process; Mr. Armando Levinson and Ivena Bajelic, International consultants for MICS 2007-08; The Federal Bureau of Statistics for providing sample design and listing; ECI (Pvt) Limited for facilitating trainings; Social Work Department, University of the Punjab, Lahore for monitoring; M/s Eycon (Pvt) Ltd for data management support; and many more partners.

The fieldwork of this survey was a mammoth exercise but tireless efforts made by the regional supervisors, team supervisors and field enumerators (both male/ female in house listing and interviews) made possible to complete this difficult task in record time and without any major operational issue. The entire field teams deserve appreciation.

All district governments and Administrative Departments provided valuable support by contributing services of their staff in the process. Communities, local leadership and members of the sampled households devoted their time and resources to facilitate the work of survey teams. They need to be applauded for their confidence in sharing their personal information and enriching this survey. The information provided by them remains in trust and will not be used for any purposes other than their benefit.

Hamed Yaqoob Sheikh
Member/ Chief Economist

Planning and Development Board, Punjab

Dated: 20th February, 2009

Summary Results of Key Indicators - District Rajanpur

Results are in per cent, unless otherwise stated

TOPIC	Indicator No.			INDICATOR	MICS 2007-08		MICS 2003-04	
	MDG	Global MICS	Punjab MICS 2007-08		District	Punjab	District	Punjab

LITERACY AND EDUCATION

Literacy	8		44	Literacy rate 10+ years	33	59	34	54			
			45	Adult literacy rate 15+ years	30	56	31	52			
			60	46	Adult literacy rate 15-24 years	43	73	42	68		
	Education	52		36	Pre-school attendance	4	14	-	-		
				54	39	Net intake rate in primary education (5 years)	8	19	-	-	
		6	55	37	Net intake rate in primary education (6 years)	17	38	-	-		
38					Net primary attendance rate (5-9 years)	27	53	33	51		
9			61	42	Gross primary attendance rate	55	97	56	88		
				43	Net primary school attendance rate:						
					- Government schools	77	56	-	-		
					- Private schools	21	43	-	-		
				56	40	Net middle/ secondary attendance rate	12	29	18	33	
				41		42	42	Gender parity index for:			
							- Primary education	0.79	0.96	0.73	0.93
							- Middle/secondary education	0.72	0.94	0.72	0.88
	41	Primary educational facility within 2 km:									
			- Government boys	79	93	-	-				
			- Government girls	74	91	-	-				
			- Private boys	47	75	-	-				
			- Private girls	45	74	-	-				

ENVIRONMENT

Water and Sanitation			47	Physical access to drinking water (within dwelling)	83	92	83	92						
			30	11	48	Use of improved drinking water sources	90	97	90	97				
			31	12	49	Use of properly treated water	0.6	4.8	-	-				
					55	Safe drinking water without bacteria	51	51	-	-				
			51		50	50	Use of sanitary means of excreta disposal	32	70	39	58			
						51	Use of improved water sources and improved sanitation	31	68		-			
						53		53	Proper disposal of:					
										- Waste water	19	57	16	43
										- Solid waste	2	14	14	15
						54		54	Hand washing adequately:					
				- Before meal	33				57	13	41			
						- After using latrine	36	66	15	55				

ADULT HEALTH AND HEALTH CARE

Adult health			28	Prevalence of chronic cough	1	2	2	2
			29	Reported tuberculosis	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.5
			30	Reported hepatitis	0.8	0.7	-	-
Health care			25	Care provided by Lady Health Worker (LHW)	38	50	8	35
			35	Physical access to health facility within half an hour's distance	47	75	-	-

Summary Results of Key Indicators - District Rajanpur

Results are in per cent, unless otherwise stated

TOPIC	Indicator No.			INDICATOR	MICS 2007-08		MICS 2003-04	
	MDG	Global MICS	Punjab MICS 2007-08		District	Punjab	District	Punjab

CHILD MORTALITY

Child mortality	13	1	1	Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 births)	170	111	153	112
	14	2	2	Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 births)	110	77	97	77

NUTRITION

	4	6	5	Underweight prevalence (moderate & severe)	40	34	47	34
Nutritional status				Underweight prevalence (severe)	15	11	-	-
		7	6	Stunting prevalence (moderate & severe)	59	42	-	-
				Stunting prevalence (severe)	36	23	-	-
		8	7	Wasting prevalence (moderate & severe)	14	13	-	-
				Wasting prevalence (severe)	6.3	5.6	-	-
Breast-feeding	15	8	8	Exclusive breastfeeding rate	54	49	-	30
	16	9		Continued breastfeeding rate at:				
				- 12-15 months	85	74	-	79
				- 20-23 months	82	53	-	47
	17	12	12	Timely complementary feeding rate	64	42	28	44
Salt iodisation	18	11	11	Children receiving minimum recommended complementary feeding	38	31	-	-
	19	10	10	Adequately fed infants	47	40	-	-
	41	70	70	Adequately Iodised salt consumption	2	6	4	8
Vitamin A	42	22	22	Vitamin A supplementation (under 5 years)	59	79	92	87

CHILD HEALTH

Care of illness	33	19	19	Use of Oral Rehydration Therapy (ORT)	48	47	57	43
			31	Prevalence of diarrhoea	7.6	7.8	34	22
	34	20	20	Home management of diarrhoea	10	15	-	-
	35	21	21	Received ORT or increased fluids and continued feeding	35	30	-	-
	23	18	18	Care seeking for suspected pneumonia	81	70	-	-
	22	33	33	Knowledge of two danger signs of pneumonia	10	10	-	-
		32	Any illness during past 2 weeks		13	-	-	
	29	24	69	Solid fuels	98	71	-	-

CHILD PROTECTION

Birth registration	62	34	34	Birth registration	22	77	45	82
Child labour	71	56	56	Child labour	4.2	5.1	-	-
	72	57	57	Labourer students	2.5	3.4	-	-
	73	58	58	Student labourers	24	49	-	-
Disability	101	62	62	Child disability (2-9 years)	5.8	5.2	-	-

Summary Results of Key Indicators - District Rajanpur

Results are in per cent, unless otherwise stated

TOPIC	Indicator No.			INDICATOR	MICS 2007-08		MICS 2003-04	
	MDG	Global MICS	Punjab MICS 2007-08		District	Punjab	District	Punjab

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

Fertility			24	Total fertility rate	-	4.3	6.7	4.7	
Contra-ception	19c	21	14	Use of contraceptives (any method)	13	32	12	36	
			15	Contraceptive drop out	3.1	4.3	-	-	
			16	Unwilling pregnancy	27	26	-	-	
Maternal and newborn health	17	4	20	Antenatal care	37	53	29	44	
			3	Skilled attendant at delivery	12	43	7	33	
			4	Institutional deliveries	10	38	-	-	
			23	Postnatal care	12	41	8	30	
			68	17	Currently married women aged 15-19	6.8	3.2	-	-

HIV/AIDS

HIV/ AIDS knowledge & attitudes			26	Knowledge of preventing HIV/ AIDS	6	18	-	-	
			86	27	Negative attitude towards people with HIV/ AIDS	57	43	-	-

SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Employment			60	Unemployment rate (15+ years)	5.1	6.8	-	-
			61	Family member working outside village/ town	6	12	2.3	9.6
			74	Percent of households who own three or more possessions	59	89	30	56
			75	Percent of household members who use at least one utility	87	94	59	83
			73	Household characteristics:				
Housing and Assets				- Finished floor (pacca)	27	57	-	-
				- Finished roof (pacca)	47	84	-	-
				- Finished wall (pacca)	32	76	-	-
			59	Ownership of assets:				
				- House	95	84	92	86
				- Land	59	34	40	32
				- Livestock	75	51	56	41
			71	Mean household size	6.7	6.5	6.9	6.6
			72	Mean number of persons per room	4.1	3.7	4.2	3.4
Remittances and Zakat			63	Receiving remittances within Pakistan	2.7	5.5	0.2	4.2
			64	Receiving remittances from abroad	1.8	4.1	2.0	4.3
			65	Receiving cash donation	0.9	1.4	2.7	3.8
			66	Safety nets:				
Social Benefits, Subsidies and Families Support Programmes				- Receiving pensions	0.7	6.2		
				- Getting benefits from Government schemes of social protection	2	16	-	-
				- Purchasing goods from government utility stores	5	12	-	-
				How often:				
				- Regularly	16	17	-	-
				- Rarely	79	79	-	-

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
ASFR	Age Specific Fertility Rate
BOS	Bureau of Statistics
CDC	Communicable Disease Centre
CRS	Crop Reporting Service
CSPro	Census and Survey Processing System
EB	Enumeration Block
FBS	Federal Bureau of Statistics
GAR	Gross Attendance Rate
GPI	Gender Parity Index
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
IDD	Iodine Deficiency Disorders
IMR	Infant Mortality Rate
IUD	Intrauterine Device
LAM	Lactational Amenorrhea Method
LHW	Lady Health Worker
MCEB	Mean Number of Children Ever Born
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
MICS	Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey
MICS-3	The third round of the Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey
NAR	Net Attendance Rate
NCHS	National Centre for Health Statistics (USA)
NGOs	Non-government organisations
OPV	Oral Polio Vaccine
ORS	Oral Rehydration Solution
ORT	Oral Rehydration Therapy
P&D	Planning And Development
PDHS	Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey
PPB	Parts Per Billion
PPM	Parts Per Million
PRHFPS	Pakistan Reproductive Health and Family Planning Survey
PSLM	Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey
PSUs	Primary Sampling Units
RHF	Recommended Home Fluid
SPSS	Statistical Package for Social Sciences
SSUs	Secondary Sampling Units
STIs	Sexually Transmitted infections
TFR	Total Fertility Rate
U5MR	Under 5 Mortality Rate
UN	United Nations
UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
WFFC	World Fit For Children
WHO	World Health Organisation

INTRODUCTION

1.1. Background

This report is the 8th volume of the tehsil based Punjab MICS 2007–08, conducted from December 2007 to April 2008 by the Bureau of Statistics (BOS), Planning and Development Department, Government of the Punjab. To provide a snapshot of progress on indicators for Rajanpur District, the report compares the results of MICS 2007–08 to those of MICS 2003–04 by tehsil where ever available.

Punjab MICS is a household survey intended to assist the Government of Pakistan/ Punjab in planning and monitoring social service delivery and other indicators of development. The survey fills gaps in essential data, providing recent and relevant information at the provincial, divisional, district and tehsil level. The survey findings will ultimately feed into government programmes for sustainable development and poverty alleviation.

The MICS report fulfils an important role in monitoring progress towards attaining goals and targets from key international agreements: the Millennium Declaration, adopted by United Nations member states in September 2000, and the Plan of Action for 'A World Fit For Children', adopted at the United Nations Special Session on Children in May 2002, and commitments made at the 1990 World Summit for Children. As a signatory, Pakistan is committed to improving the situation of all its citizens, especially children, and to report upon progress made in the years since the agreements.

The value of this survey goes far beyond generating data for international reporting. To formulate and achieve goal-oriented plans it is essential that resources are distributed based on rational and appropriate objectives at the provincial, district and tehsil level. The Punjab MICS 2007–08 will meet the data needs of researchers, academia, policymakers and managers at the grassroots level.

The survey was coordinated and supervised by the Technical, Planning and Coordination Groups chaired by the Chief Economist Planning and Development (P&D) Board. These groups comprised of key technical staff of the line departments and UNICEF. The Government of Punjab financed the MICS through its Annual Development Programme and UNICEF provided technical assistance.

1.2. Survey Objectives

The primary objectives of the Punjab MICS 2007–08 are:

- To update and compare the results of Punjab MICS 2003–04 with finding in Punjab MICS 2007–08 at the district and tehsil levels;
- To establish benchmarks indicators which were not included in Punjab MICS 2003–04 but are included in the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs);
- To highlight inter-district disparities on the basis of evidence in order to address them through appropriate district and tehsil-level social sector planning efforts by the provincial government;
- To develop a strong advocacy tool for action on poor social service delivery;
- To provide information on the situation of children and women and assist the government in establishing child-focused benchmarking to report on the MDGs and the government's long term plans, and to measure progress;
- To build the capacity of government institutions by encouraging their active involvement in all phases of the survey.

1.3. Organisation of the Report

The report for Punjab MICS 2007–08 comprises 36 volumes. This, the 8th volume, presents results at tehsil level for Rajanpur District. Technical aspects of the survey are described in the appendices of Provincial Report (Volume 1).

1.4. Questionnaires

Questionnaires for the Punjab MICS 2007–08 were based on MICS–3 model questionnaires with some modifications and additions to accommodate additional indicators selected by the Government of the Punjab. A household questionnaire was administered in each sampled

household, with three major sections: information on all household members, individual questionnaires for each ever-married woman aged 15–49 years, and a children's section administered to mother or caretakers of children under 5 years of age. The questionnaires included the following modules:

- **Household Questionnaire**
 - Household Listing
 - Education
 - Income and Employment
 - Water and Sanitation
 - Child Labour
 - Disability
 - Maternal Mortality
 - Household Characteristics
 - Salt Iodisation
 - Drinking Water Testing
- **Questionnaire for Individual Woman**
 - Child Mortality
 - Maternal and Newborn Health
 - Contraception
 - HIV/AIDS
- **Questionnaire for Children Under 5**
 - Birth Registration
 - Vitamin A
 - Breastfeeding
 - Care during Illness
 - BCG Immunisation
 - Anthropometry

	Households			
	Major City	Other Urban	Rural	Total
Punjab	10464	21360	59456	91280
Rajanpur District	-	660	1728	2388
Tehsil				
Jampur	-	276	704	980
Rajanpur	-	324	608	932
Rojhan	-	60	416	476

The MICS–3 model questionnaires were revised and customised to suit local conditions and translated from English into the Urdu language. The Urdu version of the questionnaire was pre-

tested in November 2007 in the urban and rural areas on a set of households that was not included in the survey sample. Questionnaires were modified based on the results of the pre-test.

1.5. Training and Fieldwork

Due to the large sample size and to ease management of the large fieldwork operation while assuring quality and proper supervision, the province was divided into ten regions of 3-5 districts each. D G Khan Region comprised of D G Khan, Layyah, Muzaffargarh and Rajanpur districts. The BOS assigned one senior officer as Regional Supervisor for the region, who was responsible for all aspects of fieldwork.

Household listing began in October 2007. The Federal Bureau of Statistics (FBS) trained listers taken by BOS from line departments and academia, and supervised the process through its regional offices.

A 5-day training of master trainers was conducted in Lahore during November 2007. Master trainers comprised of technical staff from the BOS, female doctors from the health department and professional trainers engaged by UNICEF. The training was conducted by a private sector consultancy firm, Employment through Creativity Integration (ECI) Pvt Ltd. A manual was developed training interviewers and supervisory staff. Field enumeration staff was trained by master trainers at the regional level. The required staff for D G Khan region was trained in two sessions through the courtesy of District Health Development Centre (DHDC) D G Khan in December 2007. Each session was standardised in terms of duration, content, material and instructional methodology and provided adequate opportunities for hands-on practice and closely supervised field work. Standardised instruction manuals for team supervisors and interviewers were developed and used during training and fieldwork. Each training session concluded with a standard evaluation of the participants.

A total of eight team supervisors led the interviewer teams at D G Khan region were deployed. Each team comprised one male and two female interviewers. The male interviewers were responsible for locating sampled households, introductions, administering the household modules and performing water testing. The female interviewers administered the women and children modules to eligible women and mothers or caretakers of children. They also performed the anthropometric measurements on children. Depending on the size of the household, administration of each questionnaire took about 35-45 minutes.

Each team supervisor supported two teams in urban or three teams in rural areas. Supervisors ensured that the visited household was one identified through the sampling process. They were also responsible for completeness and quality of work, keeping to schedules, and arranging transport and accommodation. Team supervisors were the primary link between regional supervisors and interviewers, and reported on their teams' progress and performance regularly. Teams were instructed to complete one cluster a day. All cluster and control sheets were delivered by team supervisors to their regional supervisor who forwarded them to the BOS headquarters in Lahore after two days to allow the completion of the water test.

To establish the credibility of the survey, the University of the Punjab's Social Work Department was engaged as an independent monitoring organisation and was involved in the survey process from the beginning. This third party monitoring was intended to support, assess and report on the quality of all aspects of the survey work. The monitors covered questionnaire design, training, listing, fieldwork and back-checking of filled-in questionnaires, data management and report writing. The third party monitoring report is included in Provincial Report (Volume 1).

Team supervisors for D G Khan region were largely taken from the BOS, Crop Reporting Service (CRS), Agriculture, Health, Social Welfare Departments and Gender Reform Action Plan (GRAP). The interviewers were engaged from the BOS and other government line departments including Population Welfare, Health and CRS and included university graduates through the Gender

Reform Action Plan (GRAP) and NGOs. In total, 72 interviewers, 8 team supervisors and a regional supervisor were involved in data collection. Thus more than 80 field enumeration staff participated in fieldwork for the survey from 12 December 2007 to 10 April 2008.

1.6. Data Processing and Analysis

Questionnaire responses received a preliminary edit on the spot by team supervisors. At the end of the day, the team supervisor and interviewers reviewed each questionnaire and filled in the cluster control sheet. The regional supervisor checked randomly selected questionnaires. Data editors deployed by the data management organisation conducted a final edit and check before data entry.

Data handling and processing was managed by an experienced private sector agency which was responsible for survey data management and processing, including pre-entry editing, data entry, verification and consistency checks, preliminary tabulations and frequencies, support of the data analysis process and preparation of final data for dissemination in electronic form.

In total, 48 data editors, 78 data entry operators and eight data supervisors and quality control staff took part in the data processing operation at provincial level. They were trained in four batches during May 2008. The two trainings for editors were conducted by Punjab MICS master trainers following the curriculum used in training interviewers.

For better quality control, all questionnaires were double entered and internal consistency checks were performed. The data management operation site was housed within the BOS premises to ensure close monitoring. A short-term international consultant was engaged by UNICEF to review the technical aspects of data entry operation during June 2008 who recommend improvements in the data management process.

Data processing began on 10 May and concluded on 15 September 2008. Procedures and standard programs developed under the global MICS-3 project and adapted to the Punjab questionnaires were used. Data were entered and processed using the CSPro software after customising standard data entry programs, and were analysed using the Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS) software program after customising the model syntax and tabulation plans. Syntax and tabulation plans were prepared for the additional indicators included in the survey.

Table numbers used in this report refer to the same numbers used in the global MICS-3 tabulation plan. Each table number is prefixed by two letters denoting the section to which the table belongs. Generally numbering of figures reflects the table numbers from which the data used in the figures are obtained.

1.7. Dimensions of Data Analysis

Data are presented for the entire province in Provincial Report (Volume 1). District Rajanpur data are disaggregated by tehsil, area of residence, sex, age, level of education and wealth index quintile and presented in this report.

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Table HH.2: Household age distribution by sex

Percent distribution of the household population by five-year age groups, and dependency age groups, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Males		Females		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Punjab	303,804	100.0	289,039	100.0	592,843	100.0
District						
Rajanpur	4,153	100.0	3,782	100.0	7,935	100.0
Age						
0-4	605	14.6	587	15.5	1,191	15.0
5-9	692	16.7	648	17.1	1,340	16.9
10-14	609	14.7	486	12.9	1,095	13.8
15-19	442	10.6	427	11.3	868	10.9
20-24	296	7.1	262	6.9	558	7.0
25-29	244	5.9	307	8.1	551	6.9
30-34	229	5.5	212	5.6	441	5.6
35-39	217	5.2	183	4.8	400	5.0
40-44	166	4.0	114	3.0	280	3.5
45-49	120	2.9	117	3.1	237	3.0
50-54	112	2.7	152	4.0	265	3.3
55-59	91	2.2	120	3.2	210	2.7
60-64	154	3.7	76	2.0	230	2.9
65-69	44	1.1	32	0.9	76	1.0
70+	132	3.2	60	1.6	192	2.4
Dependency age groups						
<15	1,905	45.9	1,721	45.5	3,626	45.7
15-64	2,072	49.9	1,969	52.1	4,041	50.9
65+	176	4.2	92	2.4	268	3.4

Table HH.3: Household composition

Percent distribution of households by selected characteristics, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Weighted percent	Number of households	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Punjab	100.0	91,075	91,075
District			
Rajanpur	100.0	1,193	2,388
Tehsil			
Jampur	48.3	577	980
Rajanpur	33.6	401	932
Rojhan	18.1	216	476
Area of residence			
Rural	85.5	1,020	1,728
All Urban	14.5	173	660
Other Urban	100.0	173	660
Sex of household head			
Male	99.4	1,186	2,366
Female	0.6	7	22
No. of household members			
1	0.1	2	4
2-3	12.6	150	285
4-5	24.9	298	568
6-7	26.7	318	639
8-9	20.0	239	513
10+	15.6	187	379
At least one child aged < 5 years	61.0	1,193	2,388
At least one woman aged 15-49 years	85.8	1,193	2,388
Punjab			
At least one child aged < 5 years	47.4	91,075	91,075
At least one woman aged 15-49 years	81.9	91,075	91,075

Table HH.4: Women's background characteristics

Percent distribution of women aged 15-49 years by background characteristics, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Weighted percent	Number of women	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Punjab	100.0	86,148	86,148
District			
Rajanpur	100.0	1,133	2,274
Tehsil			
Jampur	47.8	542	921
Rajanpur	34.1	386	893
Rojhan	18.1	205	460
Area of residence			
Rural	86.3	978	1,676
All Urban	13.7	155	598
Other Urban	100.0	155	598
Age			
15-19	6.7	76	142
20-24	14.6	166	330
25-29	24.6	279	534
30-34	18.3	207	412
35-39	15.9	180	376
40-44	9.8	111	246
45-49	10.1	115	234
Marital status			
Currently married	99.0	1,121	2,242
Widowed	0.9	11	29
Divorced	0.1	1	3
Motherhood status			
Ever gave birth	87.6	992	2,003
Never gave birth	12.4	140	270
Education			
None	87.2	988	1,878
Primary	4.8	54	137
Middle	2.1	24	66
Secondary	2.9	33	95
Higher	3.0	34	97
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0	1
Wealth index quintiles			
Lowest	57.9	656	1,139
Second	21.1	239	488
Middle	12.2	138	337
Fourth	6.4	72	222
Highest	2.4	27	88

Table HH.5: Children's background characteristics

Percent distribution of children under five years of age by background characteristics, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Weighted percent	Number of under-5 children	
		Weighted	Unweighted
Punjab	100.0	70,226	70,226
District			
Rajanpur	100.0	1,169	2,326
Tehsil			
Jampur	49.3	576	963
Rajanpur	33.0	385	874
Rojhan	17.7	207	489
Area of residence			
Rural	87.7	1,025	1,775
All Urban	12.3	144	551
Other Urban	100.0	144	551
Gender			
Male	50.7	593	1,195
Female	49.3	576	1,131
Age			
< 6 months	11.0	128	255
6-11 months	9.1	107	217
12-23 months	16.0	187	371
24-35 months	18.8	219	441
36-47 months	23.8	278	548
48-59 months	21.2	247	490
Missing/Inconsistent	0.2	2	4
Mother's Education			
None	88.5	1,035	1,961
Primary	3.7	43	119
Middle	1.9	22	55
Secondary	3.2	38	99
Higher	2.7	31	90
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0	2
Wealth index quintiles			
Lowest	60.2	703	1,223
Second	20.8	243	508
Middle	11.5	134	321
Fourth	5.7	66	206
Highest	1.8	22	68

Table NU.1: Child malnourishment

Percentage of children aged 0-59 months who are severely or moderately malnourished, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Weight for age		Height for age		Weight for height			Number of children aged 0-59 months
	% below	% below	% below	% below	% below	% below	% above	
	- 2 SD*	- 3 SD*	- 2 SD**	- 3 SD**	- 2 SD***	- 3 SD***	+ 2 SD	
Punjab	33.6	11.3	42.4	23.3	13.4	5.6	6.9	57,368
District								
Rajanpur	40.2	15.1	58.7	36.4	13.7	6.3	9.2	481
Tehsil								
Jampur	36.6	12.3	62.6	37.8	11.7	3.8	7.2	225
Rajanpur	40.4	18.2	50.3	31.5	15.6	8.4	10.4	144
Rojhan	47.0	16.5	61.6	40.0	15.2	8.6	11.9	112
Area of residence								
Rural	41.6	15.1	61.8	38.3	12.5	5.1	8.1	384
All Urban	34.5	15.0	46.6	29.1	18.5	10.7	13.5	98
Other Urban	34.5	15.0	46.6	29.1	18.5	10.7	13.5	98
Gender								
Male	42.6	16.7	60.8	37.7	14.7	7.4	8.5	253
Female	37.4	13.2	56.4	34.9	12.6	5.0	10.0	228
Child's age								
< 6 months	34.4	7.2	44.3	20.3	14.7	5.3	13.6	68
6-11 months	37.8	12.7	56.4	28.9	13.3	4.5	16.9	78
12-23 months	46.5	19.2	56.3	38.7	16.8	5.3	5.9	88
24-35 months	47.2	24.6	64.1	45.9	15.2	8.3	5.5	81
36-47 months	36.2	12.2	64.9	45.5	9.3	5.6	5.8	87
48-59 months	37.0	13.2	64.1	35.6	13.2	8.6	9.2	78
Missing/Inconsistent	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
Mother's Education								
None	41.6	15.8	61.2	38.1	12.8	5.7	8.5	399
Primary	32.6	9.9	51.3	26.0	11.7	8.3	13.3	27
Middle	45.6	2.1	46.7	36.2	18.4	0.0	8.4	12
Secondary	35.4	13.2	44.7	31.2	20.0	8.8	8.5	21
Higher	25.5	15.7	41.2	23.8	23.2	14.6	17.1	22
Madrasa/NSC	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	0
Wealth Index								
Lowest	44.7	16.7	65.2	41.0	12.6	6.6	9.5	275
Second	35.9	15.7	55.1	33.9	12.2	3.1	6.0	91
Middle	38.8	10.2	53.9	33.4	18.6	6.0	7.1	65
Fourth	26.6	11.0	40.2	21.5	14.6	9.9	13.7	38
Highest	20.9	11.7	23.2	15.3	20.1	11.7	23.9	13

Table NU.4: Adequately fed infants

Percentage of infants under 6 months of age exclusively breastfed, percentage of infants 6-11 months who are breastfed and who ate solid/semi-solid food at least the minimum recommended number of times yesterday and percentage of infants adequately fed, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percent of infants					
	0-5 months exclusively breastfed	6-8 months who received breastmilk and complementary food at least 2 times in prior 24 hours	9-11 months who received breastmilk and complementary food at least 3 times in prior 24 hours	6-11 months who received breastmilk and complementary food at least the minimum recommended number of times per day*	0-11 months who were appropriately fed**	Number of infants aged 0-11 months
Punjab	48.5	30.0	32.5	31.0	40.2	14,498
District						
Rajanpur	53.5	46.3	24.0	38.1	46.5	235
Tehsil						
Jampur	43.8	42.8	30.7	37.8	41.0	107
Rajanpur	58.8	60.1	15.4	44.7	52.6	86
Rojhan	66.3	28.0	19.6	25.4	47.9	42
Area of residence						
Rural	56.1	46.9	23.7	38.4	48.0	203
All Urban	37.2	42.8	25.7	36.0	36.7	32
Other Urban	37.2	42.8	25.7	36.0	36.7	32
Gender						
Male	55.1	29.9	22.0	27.2	42.5	111
Female	52.1	62.2	25.5	47.8	50.1	124
Mother's Education						
None	57.7	48.9	24.7	39.7	49.7	201
Primary	38.2	16.3	0.0	10.7	23.6	9
Middle	27.4	49.7	0.0	39.8	32.4	8
Secondary	27.0	21.2	47.0	31.7	29.1	9
Higher	8.9	47.2	19.2	39.0	26.2	8
Wealth Index quintiles						
Lowest	55.3	45.1	33.8	41.0	48.8	141
Second	63.5	62.6	5.8	41.2	53.7	46
Middle	41.7	54.8	6.4	34.5	38.7	27
Fourth	42.0	18.5	20.3	19.1	28.7	15
Highest	15.2	15.4	31.1	21.0	17.6	6

Table NU.5: Adequately Iodized salt consumption

Percentage of households consuming adequately iodized salt, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percent of households in which salt was	Number of households interviewed	Percent of households with				Total	Number of households in which salt was tested or with no
			No salt	Salt test result				
			0 PPM	>0 to < 15 PPM	15+ PPM*			
Punjab	98.9	91,075	0.3	87.7	5.7	6.3	100.0	90,333
District								
Rajanpur	99.7	1,193	0.1	95.7	2.0	2.2	100.0	1,191
Tehsil								
Jampur	99.8	577	0.2	95.7	1.2	2.9	100.0	577
Rajanpur	99.9	401	0.0	94.2	3.7	2.1	100.0	400
Rojhan	98.9	216	0.1	98.5	0.7	0.7	100.0	214
Area of residence								
Rural	99.7	1,020	0.1	96.2	1.9	1.9	100.0	1,018
All Urban	99.6	173	0.3	93.0	2.6	4.1	100.0	173
Other Urban	99.6	173	0.3	93.0	2.6	4.1	100.0	173
Wealth Index quintiles								
Lowest	99.6	697	0.1	97.9	0.9	1.1	100.0	695
Second	99.9	245	0.1	95.8	2.3	1.8	100.0	245
Middle	100.0	146	0.0	92.4	4.0	3.6	100.0	146
Fourth	99.7	78	0.0	90.4	5.2	4.4	100.0	78
Highest	99.0	27	1.0	71.8	6.4	20.7	100.0	27

Table NU.6: Children's vitamin A supplementation

Percent distribution of children aged 6-59 months by whether they have received a high dose vitamin A supplement in the last 6 months, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percent of children who received			Not sure if received vitamin A	Never received vitamin A	Total	Number of children aged 6-59 months
	Within last 6 months*	Prior to last 6 months	Not sure when				
Punjab	79.4	4.8	5.4	0.9	9.5	100.0	62,613
District							
Rajapur	59.4	4.5	16.0	0.5	19.6	100.0	1,041
Tehsil							
Jampur	53.7	2.9	21.7	0.7	21.1	100.0	519
Rajapur	65.2	2.2	12.4	0.1	20.1	100.0	337
Rojhan	64.8	13.2	6.6	0.7	14.7	100.0	184
Area of residence							
Rural	55.7	5.1	17.5	0.6	21.1	100.0	914
All Urban	86.1	0.0	5.0	0.0	9.0	100.0	126
Other Urban	86.1	0.0	5.0	0.0	9.0	100.0	126
Gender							
Male	60.6	5.4	14.7	0.5	18.8	100.0	532
Female	58.1	3.5	17.3	0.5	20.5	100.0	509
Age							
6-11 months	19.0	0.6	8.7	0.0	71.6	100.0	107
12-23 months	57.5	4.9	17.0	0.7	19.9	100.0	187
24-35 months	68.7	4.5	15.6	0.0	11.2	100.0	219
36-47 months	62.2	5.3	17.7	0.9	13.9	100.0	278
48-59 months	67.0	4.9	17.0	0.6	10.5	100.0	247
Missing/Inconsisten	28.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.7	100.0	2
Mother's Education							
None	58.4	4.5	16.6	0.6	20.0	100.0	923
Primary	66.0	1.7	9.7	0.0	22.6	100.0	39
Middle	64.2	10.5	6.8	0.0	18.4	100.0	18
Secondary	59.1	8.8	21.2	0.0	10.8	100.0	33
Higher	80.3	0.0	5.3	0.0	14.4	100.0	28
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0
Wealth Index quintiles							
Lowest	54.9	4.9	19.5	0.8	19.9	100.0	626
Second	58.7	4.6	14.9	0.0	21.8	100.0	218
Middle	73.7	2.6	8.9	0.0	14.7	100.0	119
Fourth	74.8	2.2	2.6	0.0	20.5	100.0	60
Highest	80.0	6.9	0.0	0.0	13.1	100.0	18

Table CH.4: Oral rehydration treatment

Percentage of children aged 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks and treatment with oral rehydration solution (ORS) or other oral rehydration treatment (ORT), MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Had diarrhoea in last two weeks	Number of children aged 0-59 months	Children with diarrhoea who received:					Number of children aged 0-59 months with
			Fluid from ORS packet	Recommended homemade fluid	Pre-packaged ORS fluid	No treatment	ORT Use Rate *	
Punjab	7.8	70,226	22.5	10.1	21.6	53.0	47.0	5,445
District								
Rajanpur	7.6	1,169	22.6	6.7	23.8	52.5	47.5	89
Tehsil								
Jampur	8.7	576	24.0	5.1	25.2	51.1	48.9	50
Rajanpur	5.6	385	26.4	9.8	21.0	50.6	49.4	22
Rojhan	8.3	207	13.7	7.7	23.3	59.1	40.9	17
Area of residence								
Rural	7.5	1,025	23.7	7.1	21.1	53.6	46.4	77
All Urban	8.0	144	15.0	4.4	41.5	45.5	54.5	12
Other Urban	8.0	144	15.0	4.4	41.5	45.5	54.5	12
Gender								
Male	8.6	593	20.3	7.3	23.7	52.5	47.5	51
Female	6.5	576	25.7	5.9	23.9	52.6	47.4	37
Age								
< 6 months	4.9	128	20.1	7.9	7.6	64.4	35.6	6
6-11 months	16.4	107	23.5	0.0	27.4	56.7	43.3	18
12-23 months	12.6	187	17.9	6.8	22.1	54.8	45.2	24
24-35 months	7.7	219	16.2	10.7	25.4	55.8	44.2	17
36-47 months	4.9	278	42.7	8.0	23.6	29.1	70.9	14
48-59 months	4.3	247	17.1	8.8	28.9	58.7	41.3	11
Missing/Inconsistent	0	2	.	.	.	.	.	0
Mother's Education								
None	7.6	1,035	22.9	7.2	22.2	53.3	46.7	79
Primary	7.0	43	10.1	0.0	23.7	66.1	33.9	3
Middle	6.9	22	0.0	0.0	71.2	28.8	71.2	2
Secondary	7.7	38	45.3	9.5	39.7	24.4	75.6	3
Higher	7.5	31	14.0	0.0	26.8	59.2	40.8	2
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0	.	.	.	.	.	0
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	8.0	703	20.1	6.4	17.9	61.3	38.7	56
Second	8.1	243	36.6	3.7	33.2	32.9	67.1	20
Middle	7.0	134	7.8	14.6	26.6	51.0	49.0	9
Fourth	3.7	66	22.3	0.0	60.6	28.2	71.8	2
Highest	5.0	22	30.0	25.2	50.4	19.7	80.3	1

Table CH.5: Home management of diarrhoea

Percentage of children aged 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks who took increased fluids and continued to feed during the episode, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Had diarrhoea in last two weeks	Number of children aged 0-59 months	Children with diarrhoea who:				Home management of diarrhoea*	received ORT or increased fluids AND continued feeding**	Number of children aged 0-59 months with
			Drank more	Drank the same or less	Ate somewhat less, same or more	Ate much less or none			
Punjab	7.8	70,226	25.3	69.4	47.8	46.6	15.2	29.5	5,445
District									
Rajapur	7.6	1,169	19.4	69.2	59.1	33.1	10.3	34.7	89
Tehsil									
Jampur	8.7	576	11.2	72.2	61.3	33.0	6.9	32.0	50
Rajapur	5.6	385	24.3	72.6	45.3	43.1	7.1	27.2	22
Rojhan	8.3	207	37.3	56.0	70.0	20.4	24.4	52.0	17
Area of residence									
Rural	7.5	1,025	19.5	69.2	58.9	32.3	9.8	34.0	77
All Urban	8.0	144	19.2	69.1	60.3	37.7	13.7	38.9	12
Other Urban	8.0	144	19.2	69.1	60.3	37.7	13.7	38.9	12
Gender									
Male	8.6	593	25.3	65.5	58.6	34.7	14.3	36.3	51
Female	6.5	576	11.3	74.2	59.7	30.8	4.8	32.5	37
Age									
0-11 months	10.1	235	19.1	72.7	54.2	31.4	11.1	36.0	24
12-23 months	12.6	187	19.5	75.3	64.3	32.3	8.1	34.9	24
24-35 months	7.7	219	20.4	64.9	51.0	40.9	10.5	28.6	17
36-47 months	4.9	278	14.8	75.1	51.3	47.1	2.0	25.5	14
48-59 months	4.3	247	24.4	47.0	81.5	7.7	24.4	52.9	11
Missing/ Inconsistent	0.0	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Mother's Education									
None	7.6	1,035	18.8	69.0	60.6	31.2	9.4	34.6	79
Primary	7.0	43	35.5	64.5	23.6	76.4	23.6	23.6	3
Middle	6.9	22	31.5	39.5	28.8	42.2	13.8	13.8	2
Secondary	7.7	38	9.5	90.5	47.1	52.9	9.5	47.1	3
Higher	7.5	31	23.2	76.8	89.9	10.1	23.2	50.6	2
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Wealth index quintiles									
Lowest	8.0	703	24.6	61.9	60.1	30.1	12.9	32.7	56
Second	8.1	243	3.5	93.2	52.3	43.6	1.7	36.2	20
Middle	7.0	134	14.8	64.8	66.0	26.8	5.9	35.0	9
Fourth	3.7	66	33.0	67.0	57.2	42.8	21.9	47.8	2
Highest	5.0	22	44.9	55.1	74.8	25.2	44.9	74.8	1

Table CH.6: Care seeking for suspected pneumonia

Percentage of children aged 0-59 months with suspected pneumonia in the last two weeks taken to a health provider, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Had acute respiratory infection	Number of children aged 0-59 months	Children with suspected pneumonia who were taken to:											Number of children aged 0-59 months with suspected pneumonia					
			Public sources					Private sources					Other source						
			Govt. hospital	Govt. health centre	Rural health center	Dispensary	Other public	Private hospital clinic	Private physician	Dispensary/compounder	Mobile clinic	Other private medical	Relative or friend		Traditional practitioner (Hakeem)	Homeopath	Other	Any appropriate provider*	
Punjab	7.2	70226	17.0	1.7	2.5	2.7	0.6	10.1	42.6	20.1	0.7	1.5	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.0	70.3	5,022	
District																			
Rajapur	19.6	1,169	60.2	1.0	5.4	12.5	0.0	17.4	48.6	16.5	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.0	80.9	229	
Tehsil																			
Jampur	15.2	576	39.4	0.4	6.7	22.4	0.0	23.4	23.7	27.7	0.0	1.1	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	65.1	87	
Rajapur	29.6	385	73.7	1.6	4.9	7.5	0.0	13.2	64.5	9.5	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.0	90.6	114	
Rojhan	13.4	207	70.0	0.0	3.4	1.6	0.0	15.3	61.4	10.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	90.6	28	
Area of residence																			
Rural	19.7	1,025	62.4	0.2	3.7	13.5	0.0	19.6	47.0	18.5	0.0	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.0	79.3	202	
All Urban	18.8	144	43.7	6.9	18.3	4.6	0.0	0.9	60.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.9	0.0	93.0	27	
Other Urban	18.8	144	43.7	6.9	18.3	4.6	0.0	0.9	60.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.9	0.0	93.0	27	
Gender																			
Male	19.7	593	62.0	1.5	6.6	13.1	0.0	16.2	47.6	17.7	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0	80.0	117	
Female	19.5	576	58.4	0.4	4.2	11.8	0.0	18.5	49.5	15.3	0.0	1.4	0.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	81.7	112	
Age																			
0-11 months	11.0	235	35.1	1.4	3.6	12.6	0.0	10.1	43.4	29.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	63.8	26	
12-23 months	14.2	187	51.3	0.8	7.3	10.0	0.0	19.9	43.5	20.3	0.0	3.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	84.8	27	
24-35 months	21.8	219	65.4	1.0	7.0	10.7	0.0	16.3	49.3	19.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.5	0.0	81.8	48	
36-47 months	25.8	278	62.3	0.8	4.4	13.6	0.0	16.9	52.0	9.3	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.0	83.4	72	
48-59 months	23.1	247	68.8	1.1	5.2	13.7	0.0	21.0	48.3	15.5	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	82.8	57	
Missing/Inconsistent	0.0	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Mother's Education																			
None	19.7	1,035	60.4	0.4	5.1	13.6	0.0	18.5	48.1	17.7	0.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.0	79.8	204	
Primary	17.0	43	54.4	8.1	10.6	9.0	0.0	18.3	47.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	96.6	7	
Middle	24.4	22	35.6	0.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	33.6	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0	12.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	56.6	5	
Secondary	12.6	38	67.5	6.0	9.8	5.9	0.0	11.8	36.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5	
Higher	24.2	31	74.5	7.1	6.4	0.0	0.0	3.3	78.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	8	
Madress/NSC	0.0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Wealth index quintiles																			
Lowest	17.0	703	54.5	0.6	3.0	14.4	0.0	17.2	45.9	20.7	0.0	1.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.0	75.4	119	
Second	23.4	243	67.2	0.4	9.3	13.2	0.0	23.0	46.2	15.4	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	86.4	57	
Middle	24.0	134	67.2	1.6	5.2	8.5	0.0	10.0	56.7	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	85.7	32	
Fourth	26.0	66	58.3	4.4	10.7	6.7	0.0	14.3	55.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	88.0	17	
Highest	15.9	22	86.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.3	68.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	3	

Table CH.7A: Knowledge of the two danger signs of pneumonia

Percentage of mothers/caretakers of children aged 0-59 months by knowledge of types of symptoms for taking a child immediately to a health facility, and percentage of mothers/caretakers who recognize fast and difficult breathing as signs for seeking care immediately, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percentage of mothers/caretakers of children aged 0-59 months who think that a child should be taken immediately to a health facility if the child:								Mothers/caretakers who recognize the two danger-signs of pneum-	Number of mothers/caretakers of children aged 0-59 months
	Is not able to drink or breastfeed	Becomes sicker	Develops a fever	Has fast breathing	Has difficult breathing	Has blood in stool	Is drinking poorly	Has other symptoms		
Punjab	29.7	66.1	72.4	25.1	23.9	15.3	30.8	1.5	10.1	70,226
District										
Rajapur	32.2	76.9	84.7	29.6	23.4	5.8	42.6	1.4	10.3	1,169
Tehsil										
Jampur	48.2	76.0	84.9	27.2	18.8	4.5	47.1	0.3	9.2	576
Rajapur	7.9	79.9	84.3	35.3	27.4	6.5	36.4	2.1	12.9	385
Rojhan	33.0	73.9	84.9	25.4	28.5	8.5	41.7	3.2	8.4	207
Area of residence										
Rural	35.5	77.8	85.2	27.2	22.8	6.1	46.5	0.9	9.4	1,025
All Urban	8.7	70.3	81.4	46.2	27.3	4.4	15.2	4.9	16.4	144
Other Urban	8.7	70.3	81.4	46.2	27.3	4.4	15.2	4.9	16.4	144
Mother's Education										
None	33.5	77.4	84.7	27.4	22.7	5.9	43.7	1.2	9.6	1,035
Primary	25.5	71.5	84.1	30.9	30.5	6.8	26.5	3.0	11.7	43
Middle	15.2	81.8	87.0	55.4	25.5	1.0	51.1	1.2	22.6	22
Secondary	25.0	77.7	82.7	50.8	30.2	2.3	36.5	0.9	16.2	38
Higher	21.3	65.5	86.9	55.7	27.0	12.2	29.5	5.2	15.3	31
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles										
Lowest	39.0	75.1	85.5	25.8	21.1	5.3	44.9	1.4	8.5	703
Second	26.9	81.3	83.6	29.4	24.1	8.1	44.0	1.3	9.6	243
Middle	18.5	81.6	84.6	40.8	27.9	6.3	39.5	0.9	15.7	134
Fourth	14.3	69.9	79.5	45.1	34.2	1.3	23.6	1.3	19.3	66
Highest	12.7	78.6	89.9	37.4	25.9	11.5	31.2	7.4	13.6	22

Table CH.8: Solid fuel use

Percent distribution of households according to type of cooking fuel, and percentage of households using solid fuels for cooking, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percentage of households using:										Total	Solid fuels for cooking*	Number of households
	Electricity	Liquid Propane Gas (LPG)	Natural gas	Biogas	Coal/Charcoal	Wood	Straw/shrubs/grass	Animal dung	Agricultural residue	Other/missing			
Punjab	0.1	4.2	24.9	0.1	0.6	54.3	3.6	12.0	0.2	0.1	100.0	70.6	91,075
District													
Rajampur	0.1	1.5	0.1	-	0.7	91.9	5.3	0.2	-	0.1	100.0	98.2	1,193
Tehsil													
Jampur	0.0	1.3	0.1	-	0.4	97.2	0.8	0.0	-	0.1	100.0	98.4	577
Rajampur	0.2	2.5	0.0	-	1.2	90.1	5.8	0.3	-	0.0	100.0	97.3	401
Rojhan	0.0	0.2	0.2	-	0.9	81.0	16.6	0.8	-	0.2	100.0	99.3	216
Area of residence													
Rural	0.1	0.2	0.0	-	0.8	92.3	6.2	0.3	-	0.1	100.0	99.6	1,020
All Urban	0.1	9.3	0.5	-	0.4	89.2	0.3	0.1	-	0.0	100.0	90.1	173
Other Urban	0.1	9.3	0.5	-	0.4	89.2	0.3	0.1	-	0.0	100.0	90.1	173
Mother's Education													
None	0.0	0.2	0.0	-	0.5	92.1	6.6	0.4	-	0.1	100.0	99.6	794
Primary	0.0	0.9	0.0	-	2.7	91.9	4.5	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	99.1	116
Middle	0.0	1.5	0.0	-	0.3	95.6	2.6	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	98.5	90
Secondary	0.6	3.1	0.3	-	0.4	93.1	2.5	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	96.0	116
Higher	0.0	14.0	1.3	-	1.0	82.9	0.8	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	84.7	77
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	100.0	1
Wealth index quintiles													
Lowest	0.1	0.0	0.0	-	0.9	90.9	7.7	0.4	-	0.1	100.0	99.9	697
Second	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2	97.3	2.2	0.1	-	0.2	100.0	99.8	245
Middle	0.2	1.4	0.0	-	1.5	94.6	2.4	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	98.5	146
Fourth	0.6	6.9	0.6	-	0.3	90.2	1.4	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	91.9	78
Highest	0.0	39.1	2.9	-	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	100.0	58.0	27

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Table EN.1 : Use of improved water sources

Percent distribution of household population according to main source of drinking water and percentage of household population using improved drinking water sources, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Main source of drinking water										Number of household members						
	Improved sources					Unimproved sources											
	Piped into dwelling	Piped into yard or plot	Public tap/stand pipe	Hand Pump	Donkey Pump	Protected well within dwelling	Protected Tubewell/urbine	Protected well outside dwelling/spring, rainwater	Bottled/can water	Unprotected: well within or outside dwelling/unprotected	Tanker/art with smakk tank	Surface water	Bottled/can water	Other/Mising	Total	Improved source of drinking water*	
Punjab	16.5	0.4	2.9	31.6	39.4	0.8	3.2	0.8	1.4	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.4	1.4	100.0	96.8	592,843
District																	
Rajampur	5.0	0.7	4.5	62.8	14.8	0.1	2.1	0.0	0.2	2.4	0.2	6.3	0.7	0.2	100.0	90.1	7,935
Tehsil																	
Jampur	5.5	0.4	6.3	58.6	13.8	0.2	3.9	0.1	0.0	4.8	0.1	5.8	0.3	0.2	100.0	88.8	3,932
Rajampur	3.7	0.5	1.9	61.3	21.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	9.4	1.0	0.0	100.0	89.6	2,691
Rojhan	5.9	2.1	4.1	78.1	3.9	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.1	1.0	1.4	1.3	0.8	100.0	95.4	1,312
Area of residence																	
Rural	3.5	0.4	5.3	68.6	7.9	0.1	2.5	0.0	0.2	2.8	0.3	7.5	0.9	0.1	100.0	88.5	6,711
All Urban	13.1	2.3	0.1	30.6	52.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	99.2	1,224
Other Urban	13.1	2.3	0.1	30.6	52.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	100.0	99.2	1,224
Education of head of household																	
None	3.0	0.6	5.4	68.6	6.9	0.2	3.0	0.1	0.2	3.1	0.3	7.6	0.8	0.2	100.0	88.1	5,215
Primary	6.2	0.4	3.1	65.0	18.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	4.7	0.4	0.7	100.0	93.2	780
Middle	9.8	1.0	4.4	57.1	23.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.2	100.0	96.6	619
Secondary	8.7	1.1	1.4	46.0	34.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.0	5.8	1.0	0.0	100.0	92.1	818
Higher	11.4	0.8	2.0	33.0	47.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.0	2.7	1.0	0.0	100.0	95.3	499
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5
Wealth index quintiles																	
Lowest	1.0	0.1	5.7	75.7	0.7	0.1	2.0	0.0	0.2	3.8	0.3	9.5	0.7	0.2	100.0	85.5	4,469
Second	6.0	1.7	3.4	68.4	10.2	0.0	3.5	0.2	0.2	1.1	0.3	3.7	0.9	0.4	100.0	93.6	1,717
Middle	14.4	1.6	3.3	38.2	39.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.4	0.0	100.0	98.2	1,019
Fourth	13.5	0.5	1.6	5.2	77.3	1.1	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	554
Highest	15.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	79.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.0	100.0	97.2	176

Table EN.2: Household water treatment

Percent distribution of household population according to drinking water treatment method used in the household, and percentage of household population that applied an appropriate water treatment method, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Water treatment method used in the household										All drinking water sources		Improved drinking water sources		Unimproved drinking water sources	
	Add										Appropriate water treatment method*		Appropriate water treatment method		Appropriate water treatment method	
	None	Boil	Strain through a cloth	Use water filter	Let it settle	Other/DK	Number of household members	Number of household members	Number of household members	Number of household members	Appropriate water treatment method	Appropriate water treatment method	Appropriate water treatment method	Appropriate water treatment method	Number of household members	Number of household members
Punjab	93.8	2.8	0.0	0.2	2.0	1.0	0.1	4.8	592,843	4.9	573,930	2.6	18,913			
District																
Rajapur	95.8	0.3	0.1	3.0	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.6	7,935	0.4	7,152	2.6	783			
Tehsil																
Jampur	95.5	0.2	0.0	3.4	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.2	3,932	0.3	3,491	0.0	442			
Rajapur	94.4	0.6	0.2	3.8	0.5	0.1	0.0	1.4	2,691	0.7	2,411	7.3	280			
Rojhan	99.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	1,312	0.3	1,251	0.0	61			
Area of residence																
Rural	95.3	0.3	0.1	3.5	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.5	6,711	0.2	5,938	2.7	773			
All Urban	98.3	0.4	0.0	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.5	1,224	1.5	1,214	0.0	10			
Other Urban	98.3	0.4	0.0	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.5	1,224	1.5	1,214	0.0	10			
Education of head of household																
None	95.9	0.2	0.1	3.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	5,215	0.0	4,594	2.5	621			
Primary	95.8	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	780	0.0	727	0.0	53			
Middle	99.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	619	0.0	598	0.0	21			
Secondary	94.7	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.7	818	0.8	753	0.0	65			
Higher	92.8	1.6	0.0	2.7	2.9	0.0	0.0	4.5	499	3.7	475	21.2	23			
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5	100.0	5	.	0			
Wealth index quintiles																
Lowest	94.7	0.2	0.1	4.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.3	4,469	0.0	3,820	2.4	649			
Second	97.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	1,717	0.0	1,607	0.0	110			
Middle	98.9	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,019	0.0	1,001	0.0	19			
Fourth	97.7	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	2.3	554	2.3	554	.	0			
Highest	87.7	3.2	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	12.3	176	9.7	171	100.0	5			

Table EN.3: Physical access to source of water

Percent distribution of households according to time to go to source of drinking water, get water and return, and mean time to source of drinking water, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Time to source of drinking water					Total	Mean time to source of drinking water*	Number of households
	Water on premises	Less than 30 minutes	30 minutes to less than 1 hour	1 hour or more	DK/ Missing			
Punjab	92.3	5.1	1.6	0.8	0.2	100.0	22.6	91,075
District Rajanpur	83.0	8.3	4.6	4.0	0.1	100.0	35.4	1,193
Tehsil								
Jampur	77.1	10.7	5.9	6.2	0.1	100.0	38.9	577
Rajanpur	87.2	7.2	4.5	1.0	0.0	100.0	24.0	401
Rojhan	90.8	4.0	1.4	3.8	0.0	100.0	41.2	216
Area of residence								
Rural	80.4	9.5	5.4	4.7	0.1	100.0	35.7	1,020
All Urban	98.5	1.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	13.0	173
Other Urban	98.5	1.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	13.0	173
Education of head of household								
None	78.9	9.9	5.7	5.4	0.1	100.0	36.3	794
Primary	90.9	5.7	1.8	1.6	0.0	100.0	29.9	116
Middle	91.9	3.3	3.8	1.0	0.0	100.0	39.8	90
Secondary	90.1	4.9	3.7	1.3	0.0	100.0	30.9	116
Higher	92.4	6.8	0.0	0.8	0.0	100.0	22.4	77
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	.	1
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	77.2	11.4	5.2	6.1	0.1	100.0	35.1	697
Second	86.5	7.2	5.2	1.0	0.0	100.0	29.0	245
Middle	93.9	1.2	3.4	1.5	0.0	100.0	64.2	146
Fourth	97.8	0.0	1.4	0.8	0.0	100.0	41.3	78
Highest	98.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	10.0	27

Table EN.3A: Bacteria water testing

Percent distribution of household according to bacteria water testing, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percent of households in which water was tested	Number of households	<u>Percent of households were:</u>		Total	Number of households in which water was tested
			Bacteria was present	Bacteria was not present		
Punjab	91.4	91,075	48.7	51.3	100.0	83,222
District						
Rajanpur	81.8	1,193	48.9	51.1	100.0	976
Tehsil						
Jampur	95.6	577	39.8	60.2	100.0	551
Rajanpur	82.0	401	55.1	44.9	100.0	329
Rojhan	44.8	216	79.7	20.3	100.0	97
Area of residence						
Rural	79.3	1,020	51.9	48.1	100.0	810
All Urban	96.5	173	34.5	65.5	100.0	167
Other Urban	96.5	173	34.5	65.5	100.0	167
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	77.3	697	50.7	49.3	100.0	539
Second	85.1	245	50.7	49.3	100.0	208
Middle	88.9	146	44.2	55.8	100.0	130
Fourth	93.2	78	42.6	57.4	100.0	73
Highest	97.2	27	38.6	61.4	100.0	26

[Table EN.5: Use of sanitary means of excreta disposal](#)

Percent distribution of household population according to type of toilet facility used by the household, and the percentage of household population using sanitary means of excreta disposal, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Type of toilet facility used by household										Percentage of population using sanitary means of excreta disposal*	Number of household members	
	Improved sanitation facility					Unimproved sanitation facility							
	Flush/pour flush to:												
	Piped sewer system	Septic tank	Pit latrine	Ventilated improved pit latrine	Pit latrine with slab	Public/communal latrine	Uncovered pit	No facilities or bush or field	Other	Missing	Total		
Punjab	20.9	36.5	9.6	0.7	1.6	0.1	0.3	29.4	0.5	0.3	100.0	69.5	592,843
District													
Rajapur	3.8	14.3	11.6	2.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	63.4	3.3	0.1	100.0	32.1	7,935
Tehsil													
Jampur	6.9	15.9	9.8	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.9	64.1	0.4	0.2	100.0	34.5	3,932
Rajapur	1.1	17.2	16.2	2.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	53.2	8.6	0.1	100.0	36.8	2,691
Rojhan	0.2	4.0	7.6	3.1	0.3	0.2	0.9	82.4	1.0	0.0	100.0	15.6	1,312
Area of residence													
Rural	1.5	9.4	11.1	2.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	74.5	0.2	0.1	100.0	24.3	6,711
All Urban	16.7	41.7	14.7	1.9	0.2	0.0	1.4	3.0	20.4	0.2	100.0	75.1	1,224
Other Urban	16.7	41.7	14.7	1.9	0.2	0.0	1.4	3.0	20.4	0.2	100.0	75.1	1,224
Education of head of household													
None	1.8	8.5	7.1	1.8	0.2	0.1	1.1	77.7	1.8	0.1	100.0	19.3	5,215
Primary	5.8	18.6	17.6	1.9	0.0	0.0	1.4	50.1	4.7	0.0	100.0	43.8	780
Middle	8.1	24.1	17.9	1.7	0.0	0.9	0.3	41.7	5.4	0.0	100.0	52.5	619
Secondary	6.6	24.2	27.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	31.1	7.1	0.0	100.0	60.9	818
Higher	12.1	41.1	16.7	4.3	0.3	0.0	1.1	16.0	8.0	0.5	100.0	74.5	499
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5
Wealth index quintiles													
Lowest	0.6	2.1	3.4	1.3	0.0	0.2	1.1	90.7	0.6	0.0	100.0	7.6	4,469
Second	3.1	18.8	19.1	3.8	0.5	0.0	1.4	49.5	3.5	0.4	100.0	45.3	1,717
Middle	11.0	34.7	29.2	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.2	12.8	9.4	0.0	100.0	77.7	1,019
Fourth	14.2	48.0	20.1	2.5	0.3	0.0	1.1	0.0	13.4	0.4	100.0	85.0	554
Highest	19.9	58.2	18.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	100.0	96.8	176

Table EN.7: Use of improved water sources and improved sanitation

Percentage of household population using both improved drinking water sources and sanitary means of excreta disposal, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percentage of household population:			Number of household members
	Using improved sources of drinking water*	Using sanitary means of excreta disposal**	Using improved sources of drinking water and using sanitary means of	
Punjab	96.8	69.5	67.5	592,843
District				
Rajanpur	90.1	32.1	31.4	7,935
Tehsil				
Jampur	88.8	34.5	33.4	3,932
Rajanpur	89.6	36.8	36.4	2,691
Rojhan	95.4	15.6	15.3	1,312
Area of residence				
Rural	88.5	24.3	23.6	6,711
All Urban	99.2	75.1	74.5	1,224
Other Urban	99.2	75.1	74.5	1,224
Education of head of household				
None	88.1	19.3	18.9	5,215
Primary	93.2	43.8	43.8	780
Middle	96.6	52.5	51.4	619
Secondary	92.1	60.9	58.8	818
Higher	95.3	74.5	72.3	499
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	100.0	100.0	5
Wealth index quintiles				
Lowest	85.5	7.6	7.2	4,469
Second	93.6	45.3	44.2	1,717
Middle	98.2	77.7	75.9	1,019
Fourth	100.0	85.0	85.0	554
Highest	97.2	96.8	94.0	176

Table EN.11A: Disposal of waste water

Percent distribution of household population according to disposal of waste water, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Waste water disposal						Proper disposal of waste water	Number of households
	Sewerage connected with main line	Sewerage connected with open drain	Septic tank	Pit in or outside house	Open street or open fields	No response/DK		
Punjab	19.3	30.2	7.4	10.9	32.1	0.1	56.8	592,843
District								
Rajanpur	1.9	15.9	0.7	10.8	70.6	0.1	18.5	7,935
Tehsil								
Jampur	2.6	13.2	1.5	14.3	68.3	0.0	17.3	3,932
Rajanpur	1.7	25.0	0.0	4.3	68.7	0.3	26.7	2,691
Rojhan	0.0	5.1	0.0	13.5	81.3	0.1	5.1	1,312
Area of residence								
Rural	1.0	3.6	0.9	12.3	82.1	0.1	5.5	6,711
All Urban	6.4	83.4	0.1	2.7	7.3	0.1	89.8	1,224
Other Urban	6.4	83.4	0.1	2.7	7.3	0.1	89.8	1,224
Education of head of household								
None	0.6	9.0	0.6	13.4	76.3	0.2	10.1	5,215
Primary	3.6	20.4	0.2	3.5	72.4	0.0	24.1	780
Middle	3.1	24.7	2.2	4.9	65.1	0.0	30.0	619
Secondary	4.3	31.7	0.0	8.2	55.8	0.0	36.0	818
Higher	7.2	44.0	2.9	6.4	39.4	0.0	54.1	499
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	5
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	0.2	1.7	0.0	13.3	84.7	0.0	2.0	4,469
Second	1.3	17.6	1.4	11.2	68.0	0.4	20.3	1,717
Middle	5.3	40.1	1.2	5.2	48.2	0.0	46.5	1,019
Fourth	6.4	65.4	2.9	3.1	22.2	0.0	74.7	554
Highest	14.7	62.5	3.2	0.3	19.3	0.0	80.5	176

Table EN.11B: Disposal of solid waste

Percent distribution of household population according to disposal of solid waste, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Solid waste disposal							Number of households
	Collected by any municipal institution	Disposed of by solid waste management deptt	Private company vechicle collects from home	In open streets	In open fields	No response/DK	Proper disposal of solid waste	
Punjab	7.8	1.8	4.5	7.7	78.1	0.1	14.1	592,843
District								
Rajanpur	1.9	0.1	-	9.9	88.1	-	2.1	7,935
Tehsil								
Jampur	0.4	0.0	-	8.6	91.1	-	0.4	3,932
Rajanpur	3.5	0.2	-	15.1	81.2	-	3.7	2,691
Rojhan	3.4	0.4	-	3.0	93.1	-	3.8	1,312
Area of residence								
Rural	0.3	0.0	-	4.5	95.3	-	0.3	6,711
All Urban	11.1	0.9	-	39.4	48.7	-	12.0	1,224
Other Urban	11.1	0.9	-	39.4	48.7	-	12.0	1,224
Education of head of household								
None	1.1	0.0	-	6.2	92.6	-	1.1	5,215
Primary	2.2	0.0	-	10.7	87.1	-	2.2	780
Middle	3.1	0.3	-	17.4	79.3	-	3.4	619
Secondary	3.2	0.6	-	15.5	80.6	-	3.9	818
Higher	7.2	0.3	-	26.8	65.7	-	7.5	499
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	-	100.0	0.0	-	0.0	5
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	0.3	0.0	-	3.2	96.5	-	0.3	4,469
Second	1.6	0.0	-	10.6	87.8	-	1.6	1,717
Middle	3.8	0.4	-	19.6	76.2	-	4.2	1,019
Fourth	10.0	1.1	-	35.8	53.1	-	11.1	554
Highest	9.7	0.3	-	35.2	54.8	-	10.0	176

Table EN.12A: Hands washing before meal

Percent distribution of household population according to hands washing before meal, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Hand washing before meal					Proper hand washing	Number of households
	All with soap	All without soap	Some with soap	Some without soap	No one		
Punjab	44.5	12.2	31.1	6.8	5.4	56.5	592,843
District							
Rajanpur	15.6	17.2	37.5	10.4	19.3	32.8	7,935
Tehsil							
Jampur	11.5	14.2	37.0	10.1	27.2	25.7	3,932
Rajanpur	25.5	13.9	45.1	8.2	7.3	39.4	2,691
Rojhan	7.9	33.0	23.7	15.5	19.9	40.9	1,312
Area of residence							
Rural	9.4	17.5	40.5	11.0	21.6	26.8	6,711
All Urban	50.0	15.8	21.0	7.0	6.3	65.8	1,224
Other Urban	50.0	15.8	21.0	7.0	6.3	65.8	1,224
Education of head of household							
None	7.5	20.0	37.3	10.1	25.1	27.5	5,215
Primary	21.4	17.3	34.6	12.5	14.2	38.8	780
Middle	21.6	12.0	43.4	14.3	8.7	33.6	619
Secondary	35.7	10.0	38.5	10.9	4.9	45.7	818
Higher	51.5	6.1	35.2	4.1	3.0	57.6	499
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5
Wealth index quintiles							
Lowest	3.0	22.2	32.8	11.6	30.4	25.1	4,469
Second	12.6	13.2	54.1	11.7	8.5	25.8	1,717
Middle	40.2	9.5	38.7	9.1	2.5	49.8	1,019
Fourth	60.0	8.6	29.4	2.0	0.0	68.5	554
Highest	84.1	2.5	13.4	0.0	0.0	86.6	176

Table EN.12B: Hands washing after using latrine

Percent distribution of household population according to hands washing after using latrine, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Hand washing after latrine						Proper hand washing	Number of households
	All with soap	All without soap	Some with soap	Some without soap	No one	No response/DK		
Punjab	57.8	8.2	25.4	6.2	2.4	0.1	65.9	592,843
District								
Rajanpur	19.7	16.2	37.8	11.3	15.0	-	35.8	7,935
Tehsil								
Jampur	16.9	12.7	35.9	11.9	22.6	-	29.6	3,932
Rajanpur	28.5	11.5	47.1	8.9	4.0	-	40.0	2,691
Rojhan	9.7	36.0	24.7	14.5	15.1	-	45.7	1,312
Area of residence								
Rural	10.9	18.1	42.1	12.1	16.8	-	29.0	6,711
All Urban	67.5	5.6	14.6	7.3	5.1	-	73.1	1,224
Other Urban	67.5	5.6	14.6	7.3	5.1	-	73.1	1,224
Education of head of household								
None	10.3	19.8	39.6	11.3	19.0	-	30.1	5,215
Primary	26.3	12.4	34.7	13.7	12.8	-	38.8	780
Middle	28.4	8.4	40.6	15.4	7.2	-	36.8	619
Secondary	41.6	9.5	33.5	9.2	6.1	-	51.2	818
Higher	60.7	3.2	28.4	6.4	1.2	-	63.9	499
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	100.0	5
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	4.6	22.7	36.1	12.7	23.8	-	27.4	4,469
Second	16.0	11.0	53.7	12.3	7.0	-	27.0	1,717
Middle	47.3	5.7	36.1	9.9	1.0	-	53.1	1,019
Fourth	77.3	3.6	16.1	3.0	0.0	-	80.9	554
Highest	95.1	0.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	-	95.1	176

Table RH.1: Use of contraception

Percentage of women aged 15-49 years currently married who are using (or whose partner is using) a contraceptive method, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percent of women (currently married) who are using:													Number of women currently married			
	Not using any method	Female sterilization	Male sterilization	Pill	IUD	Injections	Condom	Foam/jelly	LAM	Periodic abstinence	Withdrawal	Other	Total		Any modern method	Any traditional method	Any method*
Punjab	67.8	7.7	0.1	2.4	3.7	2.5	8.6	0.1	2.3	2.2	2.4	0.2	100.0	25.1	7.1	32.2	83,589
District																	
Rajapur	87.0	3.5	0.1	1.8	2.2	1.9	1.7	-	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.0	100.0	11.3	1.7	13.0	1,121
Tehsil																	
Jampur	83.8	4.1	0.3	2.3	3.8	1.6	2.0	-	0.5	1.2	0.4	0.0	100.0	14.1	2.1	16.2	538
Rajapur	86.9	3.9	0.0	1.5	1.0	2.5	2.2	-	0.0	0.4	1.5	0.1	100.0	11.1	2.0	13.1	380
Rojhan	95.5	1.3	0.0	1.2	0.3	1.4	0.1	-	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	100.0	4.3	0.2	4.5	204
Area of residence																	
Rural	90.5	2.7	0.0	1.5	2.1	1.9	0.9	-	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	100.0	9.0	0.6	9.5	971
All Urban	64.5	9.2	1.0	4.0	3.4	1.6	7.1	-	1.4	4.0	3.6	0.2	100.0	26.3	9.2	35.5	151
Other Urban	64.5	9.2	1.0	4.0	3.4	1.6	7.1	-	1.4	4.0	3.6	0.2	100.0	26.3	9.2	35.5	151
Age																	
15-19	99.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.6	0.0	0.6	76
20-24	95.5	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.6	0.3	1.2	-	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.0	100.0	2.7	1.8	4.5	165
25-29	91.1	0.5	0.0	2.3	1.5	2.0	1.2	-	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.0	100.0	7.6	1.3	8.9	277
30-34	82.4	3.8	0.1	2.3	2.6	3.6	2.7	-	0.4	1.1	1.0	0.0	100.0	15.1	2.4	17.6	206
35-39	78.0	7.3	0.5	2.8	4.3	2.2	2.7	-	0.0	1.5	0.7	0.2	100.0	19.7	2.3	22.0	176
40-44	80.2	7.8	0.3	1.6	4.0	2.1	1.6	-	0.0	1.8	1.8	0.0	100.0	17.3	2.5	19.8	108
45-49	84.7	8.1	0.2	1.8	2.1	1.1	1.1	-	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	100.0	14.4	0.8	15.3	112
Number of living children																	
0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	153
1-2	94.2	0.5	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	1.5	-	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.0	100.0	4.3	1.5	5.8	292
3-4	85.7	3.1	0.0	2.1	3.1	2.8	1.1	-	0.2	0.9	1.0	0.1	100.0	12.2	2.1	14.3	287
4+	77.4	7.5	0.4	2.8	3.4	3.1	3.0	-	0.3	1.2	0.8	0.0	100.0	20.3	2.3	22.6	387
Missing	75.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	25.0	0.0	25.0	2
Mother's Education																	
None	89.7	3.3	0.1	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.0	-	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.0	100.0	9.5	0.8	10.3	978
Primary	71.9	7.8	0.4	1.4	6.8	1.8	5.2	-	0.0	1.5	2.6	0.5	100.0	23.4	4.7	28.1	54
Middle	71.2	1.4	0.0	0.0	7.1	2.3	3.0	-	1.3	4.9	8.9	0.0	100.0	13.7	15.2	28.8	23
Secondary	64.9	3.9	0.0	3.7	3.9	7.0	8.7	-	1.0	3.7	3.3	0.0	100.0	27.2	8.0	35.1	33
Higher	64.6	3.5	0.0	4.0	8.7	1.3	8.4	-	2.8	3.9	2.7	0.0	100.0	25.9	9.4	35.4	34
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles																	
Lowest	93.5	2.1	0.0	1.2	0.5	1.7	0.7	-	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	6.3	0.2	6.5	652
Second	87.5	4.9	0.2	1.6	3.6	0.8	0.5	-	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.0	100.0	11.6	0.9	12.5	236
Middle	72.1	5.7	0.4	4.3	5.6	2.9	3.7	-	0.7	1.6	2.9	0.0	100.0	22.6	5.3	27.9	136
Fourth	65.1	7.1	0.6	3.0	4.2	3.9	8.3	-	1.5	2.8	3.6	0.0	100.0	27.0	7.9	34.9	71
Highest	56.6	5.6	0.0	3.9	8.5	4.4	9.1	-	1.0	7.4	2.4	1.0	100.0	31.5	11.9	43.4	26

Table RH1A: Contraceptive drop out

Married women aged 15-49 years who used contraception previously but do not currently, Punjab MICS 2007-08.

	Percentage of women ever used but are not currently using contraceptives	Reason for discontinuing contraception										Total	Number of women who ever used but are not currently using contraceptives	
		Number of women	Religious reasons	Want another child	Want a son	Contraceptive products too expensive	Woman/husband is ill	Terminated temporarily	Side effects	Menopause	No reason/Other			Missing
Punjab	4.3	83,389	11.3	35.8	9.3	1.0	3.5	7.3	6.2	7.3	9.5	8.7	100.0	3,601
District														
Rajampur	3.1	1,121	11.2	35.5	10.4	4.4	8.9	1.2	11.4	7.8	3.5	5.6	100.0	34
Tehsil														
Jampur	4.1	538	14.9	37.5	2.4	6.0	7.4	2.2	16.2	7.9	2.5	3.1	100.0	22
Rajampur	2.6	380	8.1	35.1	25.3	3.0	13.3	0.0	6.6	0.0	6.0	2.6	100.0	10
Rojhan	1.4	204	0.0	23.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.5	0.0	35.6	100.0	3
Area of residence														
Rural		971	14.6	41.5	10.1	5.5	6.8	0.0	6.7	9.9	0.0	4.9	100.0	22
All Urban	8.0	151	5.9	26.4	10.9	2.7	12.1	3.1	18.6	4.6	8.9	6.8	100.0	12
Other Urban	8.0	151	5.9	26.4	10.9	2.7	12.1	3.1	18.6	4.6	8.9	6.8	100.0	12
Number of living children														
0	1.2	153	0.0	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.8	2
1-2	1.6	292	0.0	4.7	1.2	1.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	9.3	5
3-4	4.1	287	1.1	10.4	4.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	2.4	2.6	1.1	3.0	28.9	12
4+	4.2	387	10.1	12.5	5.3	3.3	3.2	1.2	9.0	5.2	1.4	2.7	53.9	16
Missing	0.0	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Mother's Education														
None	2.7	978	13.4	30.1	11.0	5.9	4.6	1.6	13.5	9.0	4.7	6.2	100.0	27
Primary	5.1	54	10.1	80.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	3
Middle	4.6	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
Secondary	7.9	33	0.0	45.4	9.8	0.0	31.8	0.0	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	3
Higher	3.9	34	0.0	0.0	25.2	0.0	54.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.2	100.0	1
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles														
Lowest	2.0	652	10.6	43.2	18.3	3.2	0.0	0.0	5.6	10.2	0.0	8.9	100.0	13
Second	4.4	236	11.1	35.8	4.0	10.2	15.5	0.0	10.8	0.0	7.4	5.3	100.0	10
Middle	4.7	136	14.1	25.2	4.8	0.0	6.8	6.3	18.6	18.6	5.6	0.0	100.0	6
Fourth	5.6	71	9.5	33.9	6.8	0.0	18.9	0.0	18.0	6.0	0.0	7.0	100.0	4
Highest	1.8	26	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0

Table RH.2: Unwilling pregnancy

Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years currently married by desire to get pregnant, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Wanted to get pregnant?				Percentage of unwilling pregnancy	Number of pregnant women
	Now	Later	Did not want more children	Missing		
Punjab	67.0	21.2	4.3	7.6	25.5	9,272
District						
Rajanpur	66.6	20.6	6.0	6.8	26.7	159
Tehsil						
Jampur	60.2	27.8	7.8	4.2	35.7	75
Rajanpur	75.9	14.4	3.9	5.8	18.3	46
Rojhan	67.9	14.1	5.0	12.9	19.1	38
Area of residence						
Rural	68.7	18.5	6.0	6.8	24.5	138
All Urban	52.6	34.8	6.0	6.6	40.9	21
Other Urban	52.6	34.8	6.0	6.6	40.9	21
Number of living children						
0	86.7	5.7	3.0	4.6	8.7	31
1-2	69.5	21.3	1.1	8.1	22.4	56
3-4	57.4	29.1	3.2	10.3	32.3	42
4+	54.4	21.5	22.3	1.7	43.9	30
Missing	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1
Mother's Education						
None	65.8	21.0	6.2	7.0	27.2	135
Primary	68.5	20.3	3.5	7.7	23.8	13
Middle	71.5	14.6	13.9	0.0	28.5	4
Secondary	78.2	15.1	6.7	0.0	21.8	4
Higher	70.2	21.3	0.0	8.5	21.3	3
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	67.7	18.6	6.8	7.0	25.4	91
Second	62.8	24.7	6.7	5.7	31.5	35
Middle	68.3	20.4	3.6	7.6	24.0	19
Fourth	61.8	27.2	2.5	8.4	29.8	11
Highest	89.2	10.8	0.0	0.0	10.8	2

Table RH.3: Antenatal care Provider

Persons providing antenatal care to women aged 15-49 who gave birth in the preceding two years, Punjab MICS 2007-08.

	Person providing antenatal care**							No antenatal care received	Total	Any skilled person nel*	Number of women who gave birth in the preceding
	Medical doctor	Nurse/ midwife	Lady health visitor	Lady health worker	Traditional birth attendant	Relative/ Friend	Other/ missing				
Punjab	41.2	6.6	4.9	0.8	26.4	0.4	2.3	17.4	100.0	52.7	29,696
District											
Rajanpur	33.9	0.8	2.4	-	25.1	2.2	1.2	34.4	100.0	37.1	469
Tehsil											
Jampur	36.7	0.6	3.1	-	32.9	3.4	1.7	21.6	100.0	40.4	220
Rajanpur	40.1	1.6	1.0	-	17.5	0.0	0.9	38.9	100.0	42.8	160
Rojhan	15.6	0.0	2.8	-	19.8	3.3	0.6	57.9	100.0	18.4	89
Area of residence											
Rural	30.4	0.3	2.4	-	26.8	2.5	1.3	36.3	100.0	33.1	412
All Urban	59.1	4.7	2.2	-	13.3	0.0	0.5	20.3	100.0	66.0	56
Other Urban	59.1	4.7	2.2	-	13.3	0.0	0.5	20.3	100.0	66.0	56
Age											
15-19	32.8	2.0	2.9	-	24.1	0.0	1.0	37.2	100.0	37.7	27
20-24	38.3	0.7	4.2	-	20.3	5.4	1.4	29.6	100.0	43.2	89
25-29	33.7	0.8	2.5	-	26.9	2.1	0.5	33.5	100.0	37.1	145
30-34	35.9	0.4	1.9	-	23.6	0.9	2.6	34.7	100.0	38.2	97
35-39	33.9	1.0	0.4	-	28.9	0.8	0.0	35.1	100.0	35.3	64
40-44	27.1	0.0	3.1	-	28.5	4.0	3.4	33.8	100.0	30.2	27
45-49	14.9	2.8	0.0	-	26.4	0.0	0.0	55.9	100.0	17.7	19
Mother's Education											
None	27.5	0.8	2.6	-	27.1	2.5	1.3	38.1	100.0	30.9	408
Primary	59.0	1.4	0.0	-	18.5	0.0	0.0	21.1	100.0	60.4	18
Middle	64.3	2.2	4.3	-	15.9	0.0	0.0	13.3	100.0	70.8	12
Secondary	86.2	1.4	0.0	-	10.6	0.0	1.8	0.0	100.0	87.6	15
Higher	98.5	0.0	0.0	-	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	98.5	15
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0
Wealth index quintiles											
Lowest	19.9	0.4	2.7	-	30.8	3.3	1.5	41.4	100.0	23.0	295
Second	44.5	1.5	2.4	-	19.2	0.6	0.8	30.9	100.0	48.4	89
Middle	58.2	0.5	1.6	-	18.8	0.0	0.8	20.1	100.0	60.3	48
Fourth	85.0	4.7	0.8	-	2.8	0.0	1.0	5.7	100.0	90.5	27
Highest	97.7	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	100.0	97.7	10

Table RH.5: Assistance during delivery

Percent distribution of women aged 15-49 with a birth in two years preceding the survey by type of personnel assisting at delivery, MICS Puniab, 2007-08

	Person assisting at delivery								Total	Any skilled personnel*	Delivered in health facility*	Number of women who gave birth in preceding two years
	Medical doctor	Nurse/midwife	Lady health visitor	Lady health worker	Traditional birth attendant	Relative/friend	Other/missing	No attendant				
Punjab	32.8	6.0	3.8	0.6	54.5	1.0	1.0	0.4	100.0	42.6	38.3	29,696
District												
Rajanpur	10.2	0.6	0.9	0.2	81.4	6.0	0.3	0.4	100.0	11.7	10.1	469
Tehsil												
Jampur	12.3	0.1	1.2	0.0	78.0	7.5	0.5	0.4	100.0	13.6	11.9	220
Rajanpur	11.3	1.0	0.4	0.0	86.3	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	12.7	11.1	160
Rojhan	3.0	0.9	1.3	1.2	80.6	11.2	0.6	1.3	100.0	5.2	4.0	89
Area of residence												
Rural	8.1	0.1	0.9	0.2	83.1	6.8	0.4	0.4	100.0	9.1	7.6	412
All Urban	25.6	4.0	1.2	0.0	68.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0	30.8	28.4	56
Other Urban	25.6	4.0	1.2	0.0	68.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	100.0	30.8	28.4	56
Age												
15-19	14.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.2	9.0	0.0	2.4	100.0	14.3	14.3	27
20-24	10.1	1.1	0.9	0.0	76.5	11.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	12.1	10.9	89
25-29	9.3	0.7	0.0	0.4	83.5	5.7	0.0	0.5	100.0	10.0	9.6	145
30-34	12.3	0.0	1.8	0.5	82.0	2.3	1.0	0.0	100.0	14.1	11.2	97
35-39	12.4	1.0	1.4	0.0	82.6	1.8	0.8	0.0	100.0	14.8	12.0	64
40-44	2.9	0.0	3.1	0.0	83.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	6.0	2.9	27
45-49	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	88.0	4.6	0.0	3.5	100.0	3.9	2.8	19
Mother's Education												
None	6.5	0.5	0.9	0.3	84.1	6.9	0.4	0.4	100.0	7.9	6.4	408
Primary	22.4	1.2	1.3	0.0	73.9	0.0	0.0	1.1	100.0	24.9	21.3	18
Middle	22.5	2.2	2.0	0.0	73.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	26.7	17.5	12
Secondary	28.8	1.9	0.0	0.0	69.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	30.7	34.4	15
Higher	65.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	34.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	65.9	65.9	15
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0
Wealth index quintiles												
Lowest	4.4	0.1	0.5	0.3	84.7	9.1	0.5	0.4	100.0	5.0	4.1	295
Second	11.4	0.5	2.3	0.0	83.3	1.5	0.0	1.0	100.0	14.2	13.3	89
Middle	22.3	0.0	0.5	0.0	77.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	22.8	16.3	48
Fourth	26.8	6.0	1.7	0.0	65.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	34.5	33.0	27
Highest	69.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	27.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	72.8	69.9	10

Table RH.5A: Postnatal care provider

Persons providing postnatal care to women aged 15–49 who gave birth in the preceding two years, Punjab MICS 2007–08.

Person providing postnatal care										Number of women who gave birth in the preceding two years	
Medical doctor	Nurse/midwife	Lady health visitor	Lady health worker	Traditional birth attendant	Relative/Friend	Other/missing	No postnatal care received	Total	Any skilled personnel*		
Punjab	31.7	5.6	3.6	0.7	51.8	1.0	1.6	4.0	100.0	40.9	29,696
District											
Rajapur	10.1	0.6	0.8	0.2	63.6	5.1	1.1	18.5	100.0	11.5	469
Tehsil											
Jampur	12.3	0.1	1.0	0.0	68.1	6.7	1.7	10.0	100.0	13.4	220
Rajapur	11.1	1.0	0.4	0.0	58.9	1.0	0.5	27.2	100.0	12.5	160
Rojhan	3.0	0.9	1.3	1.2	60.7	8.5	0.6	23.9	100.0	5.2	89
Area of residence											
Rural	8.1	0.1	0.7	0.2	63.5	5.8	1.2	20.3	100.0	8.9	412
All Urban	25.1	4.0	1.7	0.0	63.9	0.0	0.0	5.3	100.0	30.8	56
Other Urban	25.1	4.0	1.7	0.0	63.9	0.0	0.0	5.3	100.0	30.8	56
Age											
15-19	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	59.1	9.0	2.2	17.6	100.0	12.1	27
20-24	10.6	1.1	0.9	0.0	64.4	8.9	0.9	13.2	100.0	12.6	89
25-29	9.6	0.7	0.2	0.4	63.9	5.2	0.5	19.6	100.0	10.5	145
30-34	12.4	0.0	1.8	0.5	56.8	1.8	1.0	25.7	100.0	14.2	97
35-39	11.2	1.0	0.4	0.0	69.6	0.8	3.1	14.0	100.0	12.6	64
40-44	2.9	0.0	3.1	0.0	64.9	11.0	0.0	18.1	100.0	6.0	27
45-49	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.5	4.6	0.0	16.0	100.0	3.9	19
Mother's Education											
None	6.4	0.5	0.8	0.3	65.4	5.9	1.2	19.5	100.0	7.7	408
Primary	22.4	1.2	1.3	0.0	61.7	0.0	0.0	13.4	100.0	24.9	18
Middle	26.6	2.2	2.0	0.0	44.5	0.0	0.0	24.7	100.0	30.8	12
Secondary	28.8	1.9	0.0	0.0	62.8	0.0	0.0	6.4	100.0	30.7	15
Higher	63.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.6	0.0	0.0	3.6	100.0	63.8	15
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0
Wealth index quintiles											
Lowest	4.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	65.3	7.5	1.4	20.6	100.0	4.9	295
Second	11.7	0.5	1.6	0.0	64.9	1.5	1.1	18.7	100.0	13.8	89
Middle	19.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	65.6	1.0	0.0	13.1	100.0	20.2	48
Fourth	30.1	6.0	2.6	0.0	51.7	0.0	0.0	9.6	100.0	38.7	27
Highest	69.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	21.9	0.0	0.0	5.2	100.0	72.8	10

Table RH.7: Currently married women by age

Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years by age, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Age group in years							Total	Number of married women 15-49 years
	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49		
Punjab	3.2	13.9	21.5	18.8	18.3	14.2	10.2	100.0	83,389
District									
Rajanpur	6.8	14.7	24.7	18.4	15.7	9.7	10.0	100.0	1,121
Tehsil									
Jampur	6.1	15.4	25.1	18.5	14.8	10.3	9.8	100.0	538
Rajanpur	7.2	13.6	23.9	17.6	18.2	9.1	10.5	100.0	380
Rojhan	8.1	14.9	25.4	19.7	13.5	9.0	9.4	100.0	204
Area of residence									
Rural	7.1	14.7	25.2	18.8	15.3	8.9	10.0	100.0	971
All Urban	5.1	15.1	21.5	15.7	18.2	14.8	9.6	100.0	151
Other Urban	5.1	15.1	21.5	15.7	18.2	14.8	9.6	100.0	151
Mother's Education									
None	6.9	14.1	24.2	17.8	16.1	9.9	11.0	100.0	978
Primary	7.4	20.5	25.4	16.4	14.6	11.4	4.2	100.0	54
Middle	9.8	25.2	20.0	21.7	11.7	6.6	5.0	100.0	23
Secondary	3.3	19.2	34.6	22.3	12.1	5.4	3.0	100.0	33
Higher	3.7	11.8	31.7	32.6	12.5	7.0	0.6	100.0	34
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0
Wealth index quintiles									
Lowest	7.5	14.7	25.9	18.1	15.3	8.5	9.9	100.0	652
Second	8.0	14.1	20.5	19.8	16.3	10.5	10.7	100.0	236
Middle	3.6	16.8	22.9	18.6	16.9	12.4	8.7	100.0	136
Fourth	2.4	14.8	32.5	13.5	15.3	10.2	11.3	100.0	71
Highest	6.5	9.1	21.0	26.2	16.6	13.9	6.7	100.0	26

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Table ED.8A: Literacy rate (10 years and older)

Percentage of household members aged 10 years or more who are literate, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Literacy rate*	Number of Household members	Literacy rate*	Number of Household members	Literacy rate*	Number of Household members
Punjab	68.7	227,607	49.5	217,054	59.3	444,661
District						
Rajanpur	43.8	2,856	21.2	2,547	33.1	5,404
Tehsil						
Jampur	45.4	1,421	21.5	1,265	34.2	2,686
Rajanpur	50.2	974	27.2	885	39.2	1,858
Rojhan	25.1	462	6.9	397	16.7	859
Area of residence						
Rural	38.1	2,385	13.5	2,104	26.6	4,490
All Urban	72.4	471	57.5	443	65.2	914
Other Urban	72.4	471	57.5	443	65.2	914
Age						
10 - 14	54.1	609	36.8	486	46.4	1,095
15 - 19	55.0	442	32.9	427	44.2	868
20 - 24	52.5	296	28.9	262	41.4	558
25 - 29	50.8	244	17.3	307	32.1	551
30 - 34	41.6	229	16.8	212	29.7	441
35 - 39	39.9	217	11.7	183	27.0	400
40 - 44	33.7	166	11.9	114	24.9	280
45 - 49	39.6	120	4.6	117	22.3	237
50 - 54	29.9	112	3.9	152	14.9	265
55 - 59	30.6	91	4.4	120	15.7	210
60 - 64	19.0	154	3.0	76	13.7	230
65 - 69	18.0	44	4.9	32	12.5	76
70 - 74	14.1	87	1.7	35	10.6	121
75 +	4.3	46	0.0	25	2.7	71
Education						
None	22.2	1,889	9.6	1,659	16.3	3,548
Primary	81.3	283	29.9	239	57.7	523
Middle	82.6	226	39.3	208	61.9	434
Secondary	87.8	294	44.2	278	66.6	572
Higher	95.6	161	63.7	161	79.6	322
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	2	66.7	2	83.3	5
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	25.5	1,575	6.0	1,379	16.4	2,954
Second	51.6	631	20.9	553	37.3	1,184
Middle	73.7	369	43.4	352	58.9	721
Fourth	86.7	212	69.2	197	78.3	409
Highest	95.9	70	77.6	67	86.9	136

Table ED.8B: Literacy rate (15 years and older)

Percentage of household members aged 15 years or more who are literate, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Literacy rate*	Number of Household members	Literacy rate*	Number of Household members	Literacy rate*	Number of Household members
Punjab	66.1	189,685	44.7	182,312	55.6	371,997
District						
Rajanpur	41.0	2,248	17.5	2,061	29.7	4,309
Tehsil						
Jampur	43.0	1,101	18.0	1,023	31.0	2,124
Rajanpur	46.6	787	22.4	714	35.1	1,500
Rojhan	22.3	360	5.1	325	14.1	685
Area of residence						
Rural	35.2	1,870	10.3	1,699	23.3	3,569
All Urban	69.3	378	51.5	362	60.6	740
Other Urban	69.3	378	51.5	362	60.6	740
Age						
15 - 19	55.0	442	32.9	427	44.2	868
20 - 24	52.5	296	28.9	262	41.4	558
25 - 29	50.8	244	17.3	307	32.1	551
30 - 34	41.6	229	16.8	212	29.7	441
35 - 39	39.9	217	11.7	183	27.0	400
40 - 44	33.7	166	11.9	114	24.9	280
45 - 49	39.6	120	4.6	117	22.3	237
50 - 54	29.9	112	3.9	152	14.9	265
55 - 59	30.6	91	4.4	120	15.7	210
60 - 64	19.0	154	3.0	76	13.7	230
65 - 69	18.0	44	4.9	32	12.5	76
70 - 74	14.1	87	1.7	35	10.6	121
75 +	4.3	46	0.0	25	2.7	71
Education						
None	16.6	1,467	6.8	1,334	11.9	2,802
Primary	82.7	232	25.7	202	56.1	434
Middle	83.9	179	31.0	162	58.8	341
Secondary	87.7	237	39.1	230	63.8	467
Higher	96.2	130	59.0	130	77.6	260
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	2	66.7	2	83.3	5
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	22.4	1,226	3.6	1,110	13.5	2,336
Second	47.3	488	15.4	444	32.1	932
Middle	70.5	301	36.2	283	53.8	584
Fourth	84.3	177	64.0	166	74.5	342
Highest	95.0	56	74.9	58	84.8	115

Table ED.8C: Literacy rate (15-24 years)

Percentage of household members aged 15-24 years who are literate, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Literacy rate	Number of Household members	Literacy rate	Number of Household members	Literacy rate	Number of Household members
Punjab	79.0	64,064	67.7	63,807	73.3	127,872
District						
Rajampur	54.0	737	31.4	689	43.1	1,426
Tehsil						
Jampur	56.2	386	31.8	354	44.5	740
Rajampur	59.4	252	37.8	244	48.8	496
Rojhan	32.1	100	12.6	90	22.8	190
Area of residence						
Rural	48.2	589	19.3	539	34.4	1,128
All Urban	77.2	148	75.1	149	76.2	298
Other Urban	77.2	148	75.1	149	76.2	298
Age						
15 - 19	55.0	442	32.9	427	44.2	868
20 - 24	52.5	296	28.9	262	41.4	558
Education						
None	36.2	451	16.1	424	26.5	875
Primary	71.4	92	44.0	74	59.2	166
Middle	77.7	70	49.2	61	64.4	131
Secondary	90.1	82	60.7	86	75.1	168
Higher	96.3	42	76.0	43	86.0	84
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	1	100.0	1	100.0	2
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	35.0	370	7.8	338	22.0	709
Second	57.0	164	29.4	154	43.7	318
Middle	80.8	114	62.4	107	71.9	221
Fourth	91.9	70	86.4	68	89.2	137
Highest	97.0	20	88.9	22	92.7	42

Table ED.1: Pre-school attendance

Percentage of children aged 3-4 years who are attending pre-school, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Percentage of children aged 3-4 years currently attending preschool	Number of children aged 3-4 years	Percentage of children aged 3-4 years currently attending preschool	Number of children aged 3-4 years	Percentage of children aged 3-4 years currently attending preschool	Number of children aged 3-4 years
Punjab	13.8	14,977	13.2	14,323	13.5	29,300
District						
Rajanpur	3.6	276	4.6	263	4.1	539
Tehsil						
Jampur	3.7	131	4.7	139	4.2	270
Rajanpur	4.5	93	3.5	83	4.1	176
Rojhan	1.7	53	6.6	41	3.8	94
Area of residence						
Rural	2.5	244	2.6	231	2.5	474
All Urban	11.9	33	18.9	33	15.4	65
Other Urban	11.9	33	18.9	33	15.4	65
Age						
3	1.1	140	1.4	146	1.2	286
4	6.2	137	8.7	117	7.3	254
Education						
None	2.9	248	3.5	233	3.2	481
Primary	4.3	10	10.9	10	7.6	20
Middle	0.0	3	0.0	4	0.0	7
Secondary	21.8	9	11.4	10	16.3	20
Higher	4.0	7	29.4	5	14.9	12
Madrasa/NSC	.	0	100.0	0	100.0	0
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	1.4	168	1.1	156	1.3	325
Second	6.0	59	9.3	56	7.6	115
Middle	3.8	28	8.6	35	6.4	63
Fourth	16.6	16	8.8	12	13.1	28
Highest	5.7	5	30.8	4	17.0	9

Table ED.2: Primary school entry

Percentage of children of primary school entry age attending grade 1*, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percentage of children of primary school entry age (5 years) currently attending grade 1*	Number of children of primary school entry age** (5 years)	Percentage of children of primary school entry age (6 years) currently attending grade 1*	Number of children of primary school entry age** (6 years)
Punjab	18.9	14,684	38.4	16,234
District				
Rajanpur	7.6	275	17.4	257
Tehsil				
Jampur	6.1	124	11.7	140
Rajanpur	10.6	101	30.6	74
Rojhan	5.4	51	13.1	43
Gender				
Male	7.5	130	19.1	128
Female	7.7	144	15.7	129
Area of residence				
Rural	6.3	243	13.7	226
All Urban	17.5	32	43.6	32
Other Urban	17.5	32	43.6	32
Age of child				
5 or 6	7.6	275	17.4	257
Mother's education				
None	4.9	248	13.8	228
Primary	22.8	9	28.8	11
Middle	33.6	7	29.9	4
Secondary	43.6	7	69.7	8
Higher	42.3	3	59.0	6
Wealth index quintiles				
Lowest	2.1	169	8.7	145
Second	6.9	54	21.2	58
Middle	26.4	34	35.6	33
Fourth	24.3	16	37.4	17
Highest	44.4	2	42.2	4

Table ED.3A: Primary school net attendance ratio (5-9 years)

Percentage of children of primary school age (5-9 years) attending primary or secondary school (NAR), MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Net attendance ratio	Number of children	Net attendance ratio	Number of children	Net attendance ratio*	Number of children
Punjab	54.0	39,519	51.8	37,026	52.9	76,545
District						
Rajanpur	29.8	692	23.5	648	26.8	1,340
Tehsil						
Jampur	26.1	337	19.1	322	22.7	659
Rajanpur	39.9	241	36.1	198	38.1	440
Rojhan	19.4	113	15.0	128	17.1	241
Area of residence						
Rural	26.8	611	18.5	566	22.8	1,177
All Urban	52.3	81	58.1	82	55.2	163
Other Urban	52.3	81	58.1	82	55.2	163
Age						
5	7.9	130	7.7	144	7.8	275
6	19.5	128	16.2	129	17.9	257
7	31.1	177	28.3	157	29.8	333
8	42.7	167	30.1	143	36.9	310
9	49.9	89	43.9	75	47.2	165
Mother's education						
None	26.7	630	18.3	581	22.7	1,211
Primary	47.9	22	61.3	25	55.1	48
Middle	66.7	12	65.0	12	65.9	24
Secondary	67.0	16	75.3	17	71.3	33
Higher	71.5	12	89.4	11	80.2	23
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	18.4	410	9.6	387	14.1	796
Second	38.4	151	32.8	136	35.7	286
Middle	54.7	86	47.8	76	51.5	162
Fourth	51.2	36	67.4	41	59.7	77
Highest	76.8	10	77.8	9	77.2	18

Table ED.3B: Primary school gross attendance ratio (5-9 years)

Percentage of children of primary school age (5-9 years) attending primary or secondary school (GAR),

	Male		Female		Total	
	Gross attendance ratio*	Number of children	Gross attendance ratio*	Number of children	Gross attendance ratio*	Number of children
Punjab	101.6	39,519	92.5	37,026	97.2	76,545
District						
Rajanpur	64.8	692	43.6	648	54.5	1,340
Tehsil						
Jampur	64.2	337	37.9	322	51.4	659
Rajanpur	74.2	241	66.4	198	70.7	440
Rojhan	46.2	113	22.6	128	33.7	241
Area of residence						
Rural	58.8	611	34.3	566	47.1	1,177
All Urban	109.3	81	107.9	82	108.6	163
Other Urban	109.3	81	107.9	82	108.6	163
Mother's education						
None	59.2	630	35.0	581	47.6	1,211
Primary	88.2	22	109.3	25	99.5	48
Middle	97.8	12	100.5	12	99.1	24
Secondary	97.9	16	100.0	17	99.0	33
Higher	98.9	12	112.0	11	105.3	23
Madrasa/NSC	.	0	.	0	.	0
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	44.5	410	20.1	387	32.7	796
Second	84.1	151	61.0	136	73.1	286
Middle	106.1	86	90.7	76	98.9	162
Fourth	99.8	36	105.7	41	102.9	77
Highest	124.0	10	113.2	9	118.9	18

Table ED.3C: Public and private primary school attendance rate

Percentage of children age 5-9 years attending primary schools by type of school, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Attending public primary school	Attending private primary school	Attending Madrasa/NSC	Attending primary school but DK type of school or type is missing	Total	Number of children 5-9 years old
Punjab	55.9	43.0	0.2	0.9	100.0	40,501
District						
Rajapur	76.5	21.1	2.5	-	100.0	358
Tehsil						
Jampur	74.3	23.7	2.0	-	100.0	150
Rajapur	76.8	21.4	1.7	-	100.0	168
Rojhan	82.9	10.2	6.9	-	100.0	41
Area of residence						
Rural	84.3	12.8	3.0	-	100.0	269
All Urban	53.2	45.9	0.9	-	100.0	90
Other Urban	53.2	45.9	0.9	-	100.0	90
Age						
5	68.9	26.4	4.7	-	100.0	21
6	70.8	25.6	3.6	-	100.0	46
7	78.5	19.2	2.4	-	100.0	99
8	78.6	19.2	2.2	-	100.0	114
9	76.3	22.1	1.6	-	100.0	78
Mother's education						
None	85.1	12.6	2.3	-	100.0	275
Primary	60.3	39.7	0.0	-	100.0	26
Middle	65.8	23.4	10.8	-	100.0	16
Secondary	47.0	53.0	0.0	-	100.0	24
Higher	17.3	78.7	4.1	-	100.0	18
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	93.4	6.5	0.2	-	100.0	113
Second	76.9	17.6	5.5	-	100.0	102
Middle	72.6	24.1	3.3	-	100.0	83
Fourth	52.4	47.6	0.0	-	100.0	46
Highest	39.7	58.3	1.9	-	100.0	14

Table ED.4: Middle/Secondary school net attendance ratio

Percentage of children of middle/secondary school age (10-14 years) attending secondary school or higher (NAR), MICS Puniab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Net attendance ratio	Number of children	Net attendance ratio	Number of children	Net attendance ratio*	Number of children
Punjab	29.6	37,922	27.8	34,743	28.7	72,665
District						
Rajanpur	14.1	609	10.1	486	12.3	1,095
Tehsil						
Jampur	13.8	320	10.2	242	12.2	562
Rajanpur	19.4	187	12.3	171	16.0	358
Rojhan	5.6	102	4.6	73	5.1	175
Area of residence						
Rural	11.1	515	5.8	405	8.8	920
All Urban	30.6	94	31.5	81	31.0	174
Other Urban	30.6	94	31.5	81	31.0	174
Age						
10	4.2	189	1.1	151	2.8	340
11	7.0	65	5.9	49	6.5	114
12	14.2	154	12.8	128	13.6	282
13	23.9	79	19.1	69	21.7	148
14	27.0	121	16.8	90	22.7	211
Mother's education						
None	11.9	565	7.4	441	9.9	1,005
Primary	36.8	19	23.6	20	30.1	39
Middle	27.7	7	34.7	8	31.5	15
Secondary	51.0	10	46.6	10	48.8	21
Higher	59.8	7	61.6	7	60.6	14
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	5.6	349	1.9	269	4.0	617
Second	17.5	143	9.2	109	13.9	252
Middle	27.2	69	23.5	69	25.3	138
Fourth	42.6	35	42.0	31	42.3	66
Highest	59.1	13	55.0	8	57.5	22

Table ED.4w: Secondary school age children attending primary school

Percentage of children of secondary school age (10-14 years) attending primary school, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Male		Female		Total	
	Percent attending primary school	Number of children	Percent attending primary school	Number of children	Percent attending primary school	Number of children
Punjab	46.3	37,922	40.4	34,743	43.4	72,665
District						
Rajapur	35.7	609	24.0	486	30.5	1,095
Tehsil						
Jampur	36.6	320	22.8	242	30.6	562
Rajapur	39.5	187	30.9	171	35.4	358
Rojhan	26.0	102	11.7	73	20.1	175
Area of residence						
Rural	33.7	515	19.2	405	27.3	920
All Urban	46.8	94	48.2	81	47.4	174
Other Urban	46.8	94	48.2	81	47.4	174
Age						
10	45.2	189	36.8	151	41.5	340
11	48.8	65	33.6	49	42.3	114
12	34.8	154	20.1	128	28.2	282
13	29.6	79	18.4	69	24.4	148
14	18.9	121	7.1	90	13.9	211
Mother's education						
None	35.1	565	21.3	441	29.1	1,005
Primary	38.9	19	60.9	20	50.1	39
Middle	54.2	7	50.9	8	52.4	15
Secondary	49.0	10	36.0	10	42.4	21
Higher	36.0	7	38.4	7	37.1	14
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	26.9	349	12.0	269	20.4	617
Second	43.6	143	32.7	109	38.9	252
Middle	56.9	69	44.9	69	50.9	138
Fourth	49.1	35	48.0	31	48.6	66
Highest	36.3	13	34.4	8	35.6	22

Table ED.7: Education gender parity

Ratio of females to males attending primary education and ratio of females to males attending secondary education, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Primary school net attendance ratio (NAR), females	Primary school net attendance ratio (NAR), males	Gender parity index (GPI) for primary school NAR*	Secondary school net attendance ratio (NAR), females	Secondary school net attendance ratio (NAR), males	Gender parity index (GPI) for secondary school NAR*
Punjab	51.8	54.0	0.96	27.8	29.6	0.94
District						
Rajapur	23.5	29.8	0.79	10.1	14.1	0.72
Tehsil						
Jampur	19.1	26.1	0.73	10.2	13.8	0.74
Rajapur	36.1	39.9	0.90	12.3	19.4	0.63
Rojhan	15.0	19.4	0.77	4.6	5.6	0.82
Area of residence						
Rural	18.5	26.8	0.69	5.8	11.1	0.53
All Urban	58.1	52.3	1.11	31.5	30.6	1.03
Other Urban	58.1	52.3	1.11	31.5	30.6	1.03
Mother's education						
None	18.3	26.7	0.68	7.4	11.9	0.62
Primary	61.3	47.9	1.28	23.6	36.8	0.64
Middle	65.0	66.7	0.97	34.7	27.7	1.26
Secondary	75.3	67.0	1.12	46.6	51.0	0.91
Higher	89.4	71.5	1.25	61.6	59.8	1.03
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	9.6	18.4	0.52	1.9	5.6	0.35
Second	32.8	38.4	0.85	9.2	17.5	0.53
Middle	47.8	54.7	0.87	23.5	27.2	0.86
Fourth	67.4	51.2	1.32	42.0	42.6	0.99
Highest	77.8	76.8	1.01	55.0	59.1	0.93

Table ED.9A: Physical access to primary schools, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Boys government school			Girls government school			Boys private school			Girls private school			Number of household members
	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	
Punjab	93.0	5.3	1.7	91.4	5.9	2.7	74.7	9.6	15.7	74.0	9.8	16.2	91,075
District													
Rajapur	78.9	7.9	13.2	73.8	9.2	17.0	46.9	15.4	37.6	45.2	15.3	39.5	2,388
Tehsil													
Jampur	83.1	7.5	9.4	77.8	9.9	12.3	52.4	13.1	34.6	51.4	13.3	35.3	980
Rajapur	85.7	5.6	8.7	81.8	8.0	10.2	56.0	21.2	22.8	52.7	20.6	26.7	932
Rojhan	56.6	13.5	29.9	49.9	10.3	39.8	18.4	9.1	72.6	18.4	9.1	72.6	476
Area of residence													
Rural	71.4	10.4	18.2	64.3	12.2	23.4	26.8	20.9	52.3	24.4	20.7	54.9	1,728
All Urban	98.5	1.4	0.2	98.5	1.4	0.2	98.3	1.5	0.2	98.3	1.5	0.2	660
Other Urban	98.5	1.4	0.2	98.5	1.4	0.2	98.3	1.5	0.2	98.3	1.5	0.2	660
Education of household head													
None	69.9	10.9	19.2	63.7	11.9	24.4	34.4	16.9	48.6	32.4	16.9	50.7	1,477
Primary	89.0	4.9	6.1	82.9	7.7	9.3	56.6	16.8	26.6	55.3	16.8	27.9	246
Middle	95.4	3.1	1.5	91.3	5.6	3.1	62.1	14.9	23.1	61.0	14.4	24.6	195
Secondary	92.9	3.4	3.7	90.6	4.5	4.9	67.3	13.7	19.0	65.8	13.3	20.9	267
Higher	98.0	0.5	1.5	97.0	1.0	2.0	83.1	6.0	10.9	82.1	6.0	11.9	202
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	1
Wealth index quintiles													
Lowest	63.6	11.8	24.6	55.0	13.6	31.4	22.3	18.1	59.6	20.2	17.9	61.9	1,195
Second	89.9	7.2	3.0	88.0	7.8	4.2	55.2	19.0	25.8	53.2	19.0	27.8	503
Middle	96.2	2.7	1.1	95.3	3.3	1.4	75.1	12.2	12.7	74.0	12.2	13.8	364
Fourth	98.3	0.8	0.8	96.3	2.5	1.3	90.4	4.6	5.0	89.6	4.2	6.3	240
Highest	98.8	0.0	1.2	98.8	0.0	1.2	94.2	3.5	2.3	94.2	3.5	2.3	86

Table ED.9B: Physical access to middle schools, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Boys government school			Girls government school			Boys private school			Girls private school			Number of household members
	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	
Punjab	62.6	23.2	14.2	62.8	21.0	16.3	65.5	13.1	21.5	65.3	13.1	21.7	91,075
District													
Rajapur	48.0	22.5	29.5	44.7	22.2	33.1	39.3	17.6	43.1	37.2	17.4	45.4	2,388
Tehsil													
Jampur	49.7	21.6	28.7	47.1	21.5	31.4	39.9	16.9	43.1	38.5	17.5	44.0	980
Rajapur	58.4	25.2	16.3	52.7	24.4	22.9	50.6	22.5	26.8	46.8	21.5	31.7	932
Rojhan	24.2	18.7	57.1	24.1	19.4	56.5	16.0	9.3	74.7	16.0	9.3	74.7	476
Area of residence													
Rural	29.9	29.4	40.7	25.3	29.1	45.7	17.8	22.5	59.6	14.9	22.3	62.8	1,728
All Urban	95.5	4.4	0.2	95.4	4.4	0.2	95.2	4.7	0.2	95.2	4.7	0.2	660
Other Urban	95.5	4.4	0.2	95.4	4.4	0.2	95.2	4.7	0.2	95.2	4.7	0.2	660
Education of household head													
None	34.1	26.1	39.8	31.5	25.7	42.8	26.2	19.4	54.4	24.7	19.3	56.0	1,477
Primary	61.0	22.0	17.1	55.3	21.1	23.6	51.2	16.8	32.0	47.3	16.0	36.6	246
Middle	65.1	20.0	14.9	62.1	20.0	17.9	53.6	17.5	28.9	51.5	16.5	32.0	195
Secondary	71.5	16.9	11.6	66.9	17.7	15.4	62.0	15.4	22.6	58.6	15.8	25.6	267
Higher	86.1	6.4	7.4	81.7	6.4	11.9	76.6	8.0	15.4	74.6	8.0	17.4	202
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1
Wealth index quintiles													
Lowest	22.4	28.0	49.5	19.6	27.3	53.1	14.2	20.4	65.4	13.1	20.0	66.9	1,195
Second	57.2	26.9	15.9	52.5	26.7	20.8	46.0	21.4	32.7	42.7	22.0	35.4	503
Middle	79.1	13.5	7.4	74.5	15.1	10.4	70.0	12.9	17.1	66.4	12.7	20.9	364
Fourth	91.7	6.3	2.1	89.2	5.4	5.4	84.2	7.9	7.9	82.5	7.1	10.4	240
Highest	96.5	2.3	1.2	96.5	2.3	1.2	93.0	3.5	3.5	89.5	4.7	5.8	86

Table ED.9C: Physical access to secondary schools, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Boys government school			Girls government school			Boys private school			Girls private school			Number of household members
	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	<2 km	2-5 km	>5 km	
Punjab	50.6	23.2	26.2	46.9	21.8	31.3	56.0	13.4	30.6	56.6	13.3	30.1	91,075
District													
Rajanpur	39.8	19.3	40.9	36.3	18.9	44.8	31.9	15.2	52.8	31.1	15.6	53.3	2,388
Tehsil													
Jampur	40.6	18.2	41.2	36.7	18.0	45.4	30.6	15.4	54.0	30.6	15.4	54.0	980
Rajanpur	48.9	23.4	27.7	44.4	22.7	32.8	43.1	18.5	38.4	41.2	19.4	39.4	932
Rojhan	20.0	13.7	66.3	19.6	13.3	67.1	12.7	8.7	78.6	12.5	8.7	78.8	476
Area of residence													
Rural	20.4	23.4	56.2	15.9	22.6	61.5	9.8	17.6	72.6	8.9	18.1	73.0	1,728
All Urban	90.5	8.6	0.9	90.0	9.1	0.9	90.2	8.9	0.9	90.0	9.1	0.9	660
Other Urban	90.5	8.6	0.9	90.0	9.1	0.9	90.2	8.9	0.9	90.0	9.1	0.9	660
Education of household head													
None	26.4	20.9	52.8	23.8	20.1	56.1	19.6	15.9	64.5	19.1	16.1	64.7	1,477
Primary	51.2	18.7	30.1	44.9	18.0	37.1	40.9	14.5	44.6	39.4	15.4	45.2	246
Middle	57.4	20.5	22.1	53.3	19.5	27.2	45.3	15.6	39.1	44.8	15.6	39.6	195
Secondary	61.4	17.2	21.3	58.1	18.4	23.6	54.2	16.3	29.5	52.5	17.5	30.0	267
Higher	77.7	10.4	11.9	71.8	11.4	16.8	69.5	9.5	21.0	68.7	9.6	21.7	202
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1
Wealth index quintiles													
Lowest	15.2	22.2	62.6	12.7	20.9	66.3	8.3	16.7	74.9	8.3	16.7	74.9	1,195
Second	48.7	19.5	31.8	42.2	20.5	37.3	37.1	15.5	47.4	36.0	16.3	47.7	503
Middle	67.6	18.4	14.0	64.0	18.1	17.9	58.3	15.6	26.1	57.3	15.9	26.8	364
Fourth	83.3	10.4	6.3	80.8	10.8	8.3	79.7	9.7	10.5	77.4	11.1	11.5	240
Highest	88.4	7.0	4.7	88.2	7.1	4.7	85.9	7.1	7.1	83.5	7.1	9.4	86

Table CP.1: Birth registration

Percent distribution of children aged 0-59 months by whether birth is registered and reasons for non-registration, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Birth is registered*	Don't know if birth is registered	Number of children aged 0-59 months	Birth is not registered because:							Total	Number of children aged 0-59 months without birth registration
				Costs too much	Must travel too far	Didn't know child should be registered	Late, didn't want to pay fine	Doesn't know where to register	Other	Don't know		
Punjab	77.0	2.7	70,226	4.4	14.2	42.7	1.3	15.1	14.4	8.0	100.0	14,521
District												
Rajanpur	21.7	1.2	1,169	0.4	10.8	49.4	0.1	29.7	4.9	4.7	100.0	893
Tehsil												
Jampur	22.0	0.5	576	0.9	13.0	53.9	0.0	26.9	2.6	2.7	100.0	432
Rajanpur	28.6	2.2	385	0.0	2.9	41.5	0.5	39.0	6.9	9.3	100.0	272
Rojhan	8.2	1.3	207	0.0	17.2	50.5	0.0	22.5	7.0	2.7	100.0	189
Area of residence												
Rural	17.5	1.0	1,025	0.4	11.3	48.7	0.0	31.2	4.1	4.2	100.0	824
All Urban	51.9	2.6	144	0.4	4.8	57.8	1.8	10.9	13.6	10.7	100.0	69
Other Urban	51.9	2.6	144	0.4	4.8	57.8	1.8	10.9	13.6	10.7	100.0	69
Gender												
Male	23.0	1.2	593	0.7	9.9	49.7	0.2	29.9	5.4	4.2	100.0	444
Female	20.4	1.1	576	0.2	11.7	49.1	0.1	29.4	4.4	5.2	100.0	449
Age of child												
0-11 months	19.4	1.3	235	0.4	11.1	49.7	0.2	25.4	6.9	6.3	100.0	185
12-23 months	20.4	0.3	187	0.4	13.3	48.3	0.2	32.0	4.7	1.2	100.0	144
24-35 months	22.0	2.0	219	0.7	11.2	46.7	0.0	30.9	4.7	5.7	100.0	165
36-47 months	23.1	1.0	278	0.6	9.1	52.2	0.2	29.8	3.0	5.0	100.0	213
48-59 months	23.0	1.2	247	0.0	10.2	48.8	0.2	30.9	5.3	4.7	100.0	184
Missing/Inconsistent	28.3	0.0	2	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1
Mother's education												
None	16.5	1.1	1,035	0.5	11.0	50.4	0.0	29.4	4.4	4.3	100.0	842
Primary	55.2	0.9	43	0.0	6.4	32.0	1.9	32.2	14.1	13.3	100.0	19
Middle	51.3	3.5	22	0.0	7.9	40.3	0.0	42.7	6.2	2.8	100.0	10
Secondary	69.6	1.7	38	0.0	11.7	33.9	0.0	30.1	16.4	7.9	100.0	11
Higher	66.9	2.0	31	0.0	7.7	25.8	6.2	29.7	12.5	18.1	100.0	10
Madrassa/NSC	100.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles												
Lowest	11.7	1.1	703	0.4	13.4	51.8	0.1	26.2	4.4	3.8	100.0	602
Second	26.8	0.8	243	0.2	5.3	45.9	0.0	39.7	4.3	4.7	100.0	176
Middle	40.5	1.4	134	1.4	7.0	45.6	0.0	30.2	7.0	8.8	100.0	79
Fourth	56.5	3.5	66	0.0	3.7	34.1	3.0	38.6	11.9	8.7	100.0	29
Highest	66.2	0.0	22	0.0	3.3	41.2	0.0	29.0	3.7	22.8	100.0	7

Table CP.2: Child labour

Percentage of children aged 5-14 years who are involved in child labour activities by type of work, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Working outside household		Household chores for 28+ hours/ week	Working for family business	Total child labour*	Number of children aged 5-14 years
	Paid work	Unpaid work				
Punjab	0.6	1.0	0.8	2.9	5.1	149,210
District Rajanpur	0.8	0.7	0.4	3.0	4.2	2,435
Tehsil						
Jampur	0.8	1.0	0.2	2.4	3.8	1,221
Rajanpur	0.2	0.7	0.0	2.4	3.1	798
Rojhan	1.8	0.1	1.6	5.9	7.9	416
Area of residence						
Rural	0.8	0.5	0.4	3.2	4.2	2,097
All Urban	1.1	2.0	0.0	1.6	4.6	337
Other Urban	1.1	2.0	0.0	1.6	4.6	337
Gender						
Male	0.8	0.8	0.3	3.3	4.5	1,300
Female	0.8	0.6	0.5	2.7	3.9	1,134
Age of child						
5-11 years	0.5	1.0	0.2	3.1	4.4	1,794
12-14 years	1.7	0.0	0.9	2.7	3.7	641
Mother's education						
None	0.9	0.7	0.4	3.1	4.3	2,216
Primary	0.3	0.7	0.0	2.5	3.5	87
Middle	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.6	39
Secondary	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	54
Higher	0.0	3.8	0.0	1.6	5.3	37
Wealth index quintiles						
Lowest	1.1	0.5	0.6	4.4	5.5	1,414
Second	0.2	0.6	0.0	0.9	1.7	538
Middle	0.6	1.5	0.2	1.8	4.0	299
Fourth	0.2	0.8	0.0	0.5	1.5	143
Highest	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.7	2.7	40
School participation						
Yes	0.2	0.8	0.1	1.5	2.5	988
No	1.2	0.7	0.6	4.0	5.4	1,446

Table CP.3: Labourer students and student labourers

Percentage of children aged 5-14 years who are labourer students and student labourers, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percentage of children in child labour*	Percentage of children attending school***	Number of children 5-14 years of age	Percentage of child labourers who are also attending school**	Number of child labourers aged 5-14	Percentage of students who are also involved in child labour****	Number of students aged 5-14
Punjab	5.1	73.6	149,210	48.9	7,545	3.4	109,769
District							
Rajanpur	4.2	40.6	2,435	23.7	103	2.5	988
Tehsil							
Jampur	3.8	40.9	1,221	23.8	46	2.2	499
Rajanpur	3.1	49.2	798	36.8	24	2.3	392
Rojhan	7.9	23.3	416	13.8	33	4.6	97
Area of residence							
Rural	4.2	34.7	2,097	17.0	87	2.0	727
All Urban	4.6	77.5	337	61.5	15	3.6	261
Other Urban	4.6	77.5	337	61.5	15	3.6	261
Gender							
Male	4.5	46.0	1,300	28.7	58	2.8	598
Female	3.9	34.4	1,134	17.1	45	2.0	390
Age of child							
5-11 years	4.4	40.2	1,794	27.1	79	3.0	722
12-14 years	3.7	41.6	641	12.3	24	1.1	267
Mother's education							
None	4.3	36.3	2,216	20.1	96	2.4	804
Primary	3.5	78.5	87	70.1	3	3.1	68
Middle	3.6	80.8	39	60.0	1	2.6	31
Secondary	0.3	90.0	54	100.0	0	0.4	48
Higher	5.3	98.4	37	100.0	2	5.4	36
Wealth index quintiles							
Lowest	5.5	22.8	1,414	12.8	78	3.1	322
Second	1.7	53.7	538	41.0	9	1.3	289
Middle	4.0	72.6	299	62.4	12	3.5	217
Fourth	1.5	85.3	143	86.8	2	1.5	122
Highest	2.7	94.0	40	100.0	1	2.9	38

Table CP.10: Child disability

Percentage of children aged 2-9 years with disability reported by their mother or caretaker according to the type of disability, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Percentage of children aged 2-9 years with reported disability by type of disability										3-9 years		2 years		
	Delay in sitting, standing or walking	Difficulty seeing either in the daytime or at night	Appears to have difficulty hearing	No under-standing of instructions	Difficulty in walking, moving arms, weakness or stiffness	Have fits, become rigid, lose consciousness	Not learning to do things like other children his/her age	No speaking / cannot be understood in words	Appears mentally backward, dull, or slow	Percentage of children aged 2-9 years with at least one reported disability*	Number of children aged 2-9 years	Speech is not normal	Number of children aged 3-9 years	Cannot name at least one object	Number of children aged 2 years
Punjab	0.9	0.6	1.1	1.3	1.2	0.8	1.1	2.0	1.1	5.2	119,796	4.2	105,845	9.5	13,951
District															
Rajapur	0.8	0.3	1.5	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.9	2.3	1.0	5.8	2,100	2.6	1,879	13.0	220
Tehsil															
Jampur	1.0	0.3	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	3.0	1.5	7.2	1,042	2.4	929	16.4	113
Rajapur	0.7	0.4	2.3	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.5	1.2	0.4	4.5	687	3.2	616	8.0	72
Rohjan	0.4	0.0	0.1	1.3	0.8	0.4	0.9	2.6	0.6	4.4	370	2.1	335	12.5	36
Area of residence															
Rural	0.7	0.2	1.6	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.9	2.1	1.0	5.7	1,844	2.6	1,651	13.5	193
All Urban	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.6	0.6	0.9	0.8	4.1	0.5	6.9	255	2.7	228	10.1	27
Other Urban	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.6	0.6	0.9	0.8	4.1	0.5	6.9	255	2.7	228	10.1	27
Age of child															
2-4	1.1	0.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.2	3.8	1.3	6.7	760	3.2	539	13.0	220
5-6	0.5	0.4	1.9	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.8	1.8	1.3	5.7	532	2.5	532	.	0
7-9	0.6	0.2	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.7	1.3	0.4	5.1	808	2.3	808	.	0
Mother's education															
None	0.8	0.3	1.5	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.9	2.3	0.9	5.8	1,890	2.5	1,692	13.4	198
Primary	2.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.4	0.4	4.5	74	2.6	67	14.1	6
Middle	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	3.5	6.1	10.1	35	8.0	31	23.8	4
Secondary	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.0	1.1	2.8	0.0	4.9	58	0.9	53	0.0	6
Higher	0.0	1.1	1.5	0.6	0.6	0.0	1.3	4.8	1.3	6.7	41	4.6	35	4.2	6
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	.	0
Wealth index quintiles															
Lowest	0.8	0.2	1.6	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.0	2.3	1.2	5.7	1,250	2.7	1,121	14.7	129
Second	1.0	0.6	1.2	2.7	1.8	1.0	0.8	2.6	0.7	7.0	448	2.3	401	13.4	47
Middle	0.1	0.0	2.2	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	1.1	1.0	3.4	252	2.6	224	11.9	27
Fourth	1.7	1.3	0.7	0.3	0.0	1.1	1.4	3.6	0.0	8.1	119	2.7	105	0.0	14
Highest	0.8	0.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	1.7	3.4	1.7	5.2	31	3.9	28	7.6	3

Table HA.1: Knowledge of preventing HIV transmission

Percentage of women aged 15-49 years who know the main ways of preventing HIV transmission, MICS

	Heard of AIDS	Number of women	Percentage who know transmission can be prevented by:					Knows at least two ways	Doesn't know any way	Number of women who think a person can do something to avoid AIDS
			Safe sex	Safe blood transfusion	Disposable syringe	Knows all three ways	Knows at least two ways			
Punjab	29.5	86,148	23.0	20.9	21.7	18.0	22.2	74.7	22,470	
District										
Rajapur	14.4	1,133	9.8	6.9	6.9	5.6	7.1	89.0	136	
Tehsil/ town										
Jampur	14.4	542	9.7	8.6	8.2	6.7	8.3	88.6	63	
Rajapur	19.8	386	14.0	7.9	8.4	6.7	8.6	84.9	66	
Rojhan	4.0	205	2.3	0.8	0.8	0.6	1.0	97.6	7	
Area of residence										
Rural	10.2	978	6.3	3.9	4.0	2.8	3.9	92.4	81	
All Urban	40.8	155	31.5	26.2	25.2	23.0	27.1	67.3	55	
Other Urban	40.8	155	31.5	26.2	25.2	23.0	27.1	67.3	55	
Age										
15-19	9.5	76	7.1	4.1	3.0	2.7	4.1	92.5	6	
20-24	17.4	166	10.8	7.6	6.5	5.0	7.4	87.4	25	
25-29	15.5	279	12.4	8.2	7.5	6.5	8.3	86.8	38	
30-34	19.1	207	11.8	9.6	9.4	7.4	9.6	86.2	30	
35-39	13.0	180	8.6	6.1	8.0	6.1	6.6	90.0	19	
40-44	10.3	111	6.2	5.7	5.4	4.9	5.7	93.2	10	
45-49	8.1	115	5.4	2.8	4.1	2.8	3.0	93.5	8	
Education of household head										
None	6.9	988	3.6	1.9	2.1	1.2	1.9	95.6	50	
Primary	36.1	54	22.3	13.2	12.2	9.5	14.1	75.9	15	
Middle	68.4	24	48.3	37.3	35.9	27.7	37.3	43.5	14	
Secondary	80.9	33	64.6	55.7	56.1	46.8	57.5	27.9	25	
Higher	93.2	34	90.0	75.5	71.3	70.0	76.8	10.0	31	
Madrasa/NSC	100.0	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0	
Wealth index quintiles										
Lowest	3.6	656	2.2	1.3	1.2	0.5	1.3	97.1	22	
Second	14.0	239	6.1	4.3	4.0	2.8	4.0	92.4	21	
Middle	31.1	138	20.1	14.0	14.1	11.4	14.3	77.5	35	
Fourth	58.2	72	47.9	34.8	37.7	32.8	37.0	49.4	38	
Highest	76.0	27	70.3	56.7	52.9	49.5	57.8	27.5	20	

Table HA.5: Attitudes toward people living with HIV/AIDS

Percentage of women aged 15-49 years who have heard of AIDS who express a discriminatory attitude towards people living with HIV/AIDS. MICS Puniab, 2007-08

	Percent of women who:						Number of women who have heard of AIDS
	Would not care for a family member who was sick with AIDS	If a family member had HIV would want to keep it a secret	Believe that a teacher with HIV should not be allowed to work	Would not buy food from a person with HIV/AIDS	Agree with at least one discriminatory statement	Agree with none of the discriminatory statements*	
Punjab	1.1	23.5	24.0	24.1	43.3	56.7	25,409
District							
Rajanpur	1.2	31.3	29.2	29.8	57.0	43.0	163
Tehsil/ town							
Jampur	1.9	21.1	32.9	33.6	53.3	46.7	78
Rajanpur	0.7	38.5	24.6	24.0	58.0	42.0	76
Rojhan	0.0	61.3	37.9	46.8	83.2	16.8	8
Area of residence							
Rural	1.2	27.7	27.9	29.2	54.2	45.8	100
All Urban	1.2	36.9	31.3	30.7	61.3	38.7	63
Other Urban	1.2	36.9	31.3	30.7	61.3	38.7	63
Age							
15-19	0.0	15.4	33.2	41.0	51.2	48.8	7
20-24	0.8	29.3	28.0	28.4	54.6	45.4	29
25-29	0.0	35.4	28.2	30.9	60.0	40.0	43
30-34	1.3	30.1	26.0	28.4	54.4	45.6	40
35-39	2.4	37.9	31.4	25.2	62.5	37.5	23
40-44	5.7	16.2	53.2	47.3	65.6	34.4	11
45-49	0.0	37.8	13.1	15.5	41.2	58.8	9
Education of household head							
None	1.0	33.6	35.0	33.3	62.0	38.0	68
Primary	0.0	23.1	32.4	37.9	61.5	38.5	20
Middle	5.1	24.0	37.2	34.0	57.5	42.5	16
Secondary	0.0	34.5	26.6	27.7	52.0	48.0	27
Higher	1.6	32.5	12.5	16.1	46.9	53.1	32
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles							
Lowest	0.0	25.9	37.3	47.8	63.6	36.4	24
Second	1.7	24.0	34.4	36.1	59.2	40.8	33
Middle	1.5	35.0	26.0	22.5	53.7	46.3	43
Fourth	1.2	36.4	30.8	28.6	61.8	38.2	42
Highest	1.3	31.2	15.1	16.5	42.9	57.1	21

Table HC.1: Prevalence of Cough, TB and Hepatitis

Percentage of population having cough more than last three weeks, diagnosed with Tuberculosis or with Hepatitis during last one year, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Had cough for more than last three weeks	Diagnosed with Tuberculosis during last one year	Diagnosed with Hepatitis during last one year	Total number of household members
Punjab	2.2	0.3	0.7	584,640
District				
Rajanpur	1.1	0.5	0.8	7,879
Tehsil/ town				
Jampur	1.6	0.7	1.1	3,890
Rajanpur	0.6	0.3	0.4	2,677
Rojhan	0.8	0.1	0.8	1,312
Area of residence				
Rural	1.1	0.4	0.9	6,659
All Urban	1.5	0.6	0.4	1,220
Other Urban	1.5	0.6	0.4	1,220
Gender				
Male	1.2	0.4	0.8	4,122
Female	1.1	0.6	0.9	3,757
Education of household head				
None	1.2	0.5	0.7	5,174
Primary	0.6	0.1	1.1	777
Middle	1.3	1.1	1.6	610
Secondary	1.0	0.3	0.8	815
Higher	0.9	0.3	0.6	499
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	0.0	5
Wealth index quintiles				
Lowest	1.3	0.5	1.0	4,424
Second	0.8	0.3	0.7	1,710
Middle	1.0	0.4	0.3	1,019
Fourth	1.0	0.7	0.7	552
Highest	0.6	0.0	0.0	174

Table HC.2: Care provided by Lady Health Worker (LHW)

Percentage of women reporting that a LHW visited the house during the past month, MICS Punjab, 2007-08.

	Visited by LHW	Total number of women	Purpose of Visit				DK/ Missing	Number of women visited by LHW
			For ORS, Vitamine and Medicines	Weighed the child	Provided useful info	Other		
Punjab	50.4	86,148	54.3	11.3	59.4	14.6	1.6	43,238
District								
Rajanpur	37.7	1,133	58.4	12.2	28.9	34.6	1.4	424
Tehsil/ town								
Jampur	48.4	542	55.6	17.2	37.4	39.0	0.4	260
Rajanpur	37.2	386	63.4	4.8	17.3	25.6	3.5	143
Rojhan	10.4	205	59.2		3.2	41.8		21
Area of residence								
Rural	31.0	64	65.8	16.2	29.8	26.9	1.8	300
All Urban	80.1	19	40.5	2.5	26.7	53.2	0.6	124
Other Urban	80.1	19	40.5	2.5	26.7	53.2	0.6	124
Woman education								
None	33.2	988	59.1	13.0	29.2	32.2	1.7	325
Primary	62.8	54	53.4	11.0	31.5	41.1	2.1	34
Middle	69.8	24	58.3	4.9	18.5	32.8		16
Secondary	75.4	33	61.1	9.5	26.0	40.3		25
Higher	70.3	34	52.6	11.2	31.9	53.5		24
Madrasa/NE	100.0	0	100.0			100.0		0
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	24.9	656	55.8	15.1	31.3	35.9	2.8	162
Second	45.6	239	66.9	15.6	27.4	28.6	0.7	108
Middle	59.5	138	61.1	7.1	29.0	29.9	0.7	81
Fourth	74.1	72	51.4	4.8	24.1	43.5	0.4	53
Highest	71.1	27	40.4	10.2	29.9	53.2		19

Table HC.3: Physical access to health facility

Percent distribution of household population according to physical access to health facility,
MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Type of nearest health facility			Distance to the nearest health facility (in minutes)				Number of household members
	Government	Private	Missing	Within 29 minutes distance	30-35 minutes distance	One hour or more	Missing	
Punjab	57.2	42.4	0.4	75.2	15.3	9.0	0.5	592,843
District								
Rajanpur	77.2	22.5	0.3	47.0	23.6	29.2	0.1	7,935
Tehsil/ town								
Jampur	77.9	21.9	0.3	48.5	25.5	25.9	0.2	3,932
Rajanpur	75.5	24.3	0.2	57.2	21.7	21.1	0.0	2,691
Rojhan	79.0	20.6	0.4	21.8	22.0	55.9	0.3	1,312
Area of residence								
Rural	82.3	17.4	0.3	39.5	25.8	34.5	0.1	6,711
All Urban	49.7	50.3	0.0	88.1	11.7	0.2	0.0	1,224
Other Urban	49.7	50.3	0.0	88.1	11.7	0.2	0.0	1,224
Education of household head								
None	78.6	21.3	0.2	38.4	24.1	37.4	0.1	5,215
Primary	74.1	25.9	0.0	59.4	25.1	15.5	0.0	780
Middle	79.5	19.9	0.6	62.3	23.8	12.8	1.1	619
Secondary	72.3	26.4	1.3	61.0	23.7	15.3	0.0	818
Higher	73.2	26.8	0.0	76.0	15.1	9.0	0.0	499
Madrassa/NE	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	5
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	78.3	21.5	0.1	30.5	26.1	43.2	0.1	4,469
Second	82.1	17.8	0.1	60.6	23.2	16.2	0.0	1,717
Middle	70.1	28.5	1.4	73.4	19.3	6.9	0.4	1,019
Fourth	68.5	31.5	0.0	76.8	16.7	6.5	0.0	554
Highest	71.0	29.0	0.0	86.0	11.8	2.2	0.0	176

Table HC.5: Unemployment rate

Percent distribution of population 15 years or more who are unemployed, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Employed	Unemployed and seeking job	Total	Total number of households 15 years or more in active labour force
Punjab	93.2	6.8	100.0	163,215
District				
Rajapur	94.9	5.1	100.0	1,894
Tehsil/ town				
Jampur	94.1	5.9	100.0	899
Rajapur	95.3	4.7	100.0	670
Rojhan	95.8	4.2	100.0	325
Area of residence				
Rural	95.5	4.5	100.0	1,565
All Urban	92.0	8.0	100.0	330
Other Urban	92.0	8.0	100.0	330
Age				
15-24	85.5	14.5	100.0	534
23-34	97.6	2.4	100.0	480
35-44	99.1	0.9	100.0	401
45-54	99.0	1.0	100.0	233
55-64	99.1	0.9	100.0	183
65-74	99.3	0.7	100.0	53
75+	100.0	0.0	100.0	10
Wealth index quintiles				
Lowest	95.6	4.4	100.0	1,058
Second	93.9	6.1	100.0	390
Middle	95.4	4.6	100.0	254
Fourth	90.9	9.1	100.0	142
Highest	95.8	4.2	100.0	50

Table HC.6: Family member working outside village

Percent distribution of population working outside village and place of work, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Members working outside village/ town	Number of household members	Place of work of members working outside village/ town					DK/ missing	Number of household members working outside village/ town
			Other village/ town	Other district	Other province	Overseas			
Punjab	11.6	592,843	21.2	26.8	11.5	38.8	1.7	68,593	
District									
Rajanpur	5.5	7,935	25.1	11.9	23.5	36.9	2.7	435	
Tehsil/ town									
Jampur	9.0	3,932	25.7	12.6	20.7	41.0		355	
Rajanpur	2.2	2,691	16.0	11.5	32.6	20.7	19.1	60	
Rojhan	1.4	1,312	42.6		46.3	11.0		19	
Area of residence									
Rural	5.9	6,711	25.2	11.8	24.1	35.9	2.9	393	
All Urban	3.4	1,224	24.2	12.3	17.6	45.9		42	
Other Urban	3.4	1,224	24.2	12.3	17.6	45.9		42	
Education of household head									
None	5.3	5,215	20.0	15.5	15.6	44.7	4.2	278	
Primary	5.1	780	32.7		60.7	6.6		40	
Middle	4.5	619	27.6		41.8	30.7		28	
Secondary	6.1	818	37.0	11.6	18.9	32.5		50	
Higher	7.9	499	35.9	7.2	34.5	22.4		39	
Madrassa/N ^c	0.0	5							
Wealth index quintiles									
Lowest	4.0	4,469	40.3	5.4	21.3	26.5	6.5	178	
Second	8.3	1,717	8.9	15.1	22.7	53.3		142	
Middle	7.0	1,019	28.5	23.3	22.1	26.1		72	
Fourth	5.9	554	5.8		49.4	44.8		33	
Highest	5.9	176	23.3	37.6		39.2		10	

Table HC.7A: Main material of the floor

Percent distribution of household according to main material of floor, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	No Floor	Katcha floor	Pacca floor	Others/ Missing	Number of households
Punjab	1.9	40.6	57.4	0.1	91,075
District					
Rajapur	2.8	70.0	27.2	0.0	1,193
Tehsil/ town					
Jampur	1.0	72.7	26.4	0.0	577
Rajapur	1.3	61.1	37.6	0.0	401
Rojhan	10.5	79.5	10.0	0.0	216
Area of residence					
Rural	2.9	78.0	19.1	0.0	1,020
All Urban	2.5	22.8	74.8	0.0	173
Other Urban	2.5	22.8	74.8	0.0	173
Education of household head					
None	3.7	80.5	15.8	0.0	794
Primary	2.3	62.7	35.1	0.0	116
Middle	1.3	58.4	40.3	0.0	90
Secondary	0.2	44.0	55.7	0.0	116
Higher	0.3	26.4	73.3	0.0	77
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	1
Wealth index quintiles					
Lowest	4.5	92.6	2.9	0.0	697
Second	0.8	66.1	33.1	0.0	245
Middle	0.2	18.2	81.6	0.0	146
Fourth	0.0	1.8	98.2	0.0	78
Highest	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	27

Table HC.7B: Main material of the roof

Percent distribution of household according to main material of roof, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Natural roofing	Katcha roofing	Pacca roofing	Others/ Missing	Number of households enumerated
Punjab	0.3	15.8	83.5	0.4	91,075
District					
Rajanpur	2.0	50.9	47.1	0.0	1,193
Tehsil/ town					
Jampur	0.9	48.7	50.4	0.0	577
Rajanpur	3.1	41.9	55.0	0.0	401
Rojhan	3.1	73.3	23.6	0.0	216
Area of residence					
Rural	2.2	58.0	39.8	0.0	1,020
All Urban	0.8	9.1	90.2	0.0	173
Other Urban	0.8	9.1	90.2	0.0	173
Education of household head					
None	3.0	61.3	35.7	0.0	794
Primary	0.5	43.9	55.5	0.0	116
Middle	0.0	33.0	67.0	0.0	90
Secondary	0.0	23.4	76.6	0.0	116
Higher	0.0	16.1	83.9	0.0	77
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	1
Wealth index quintiles					
Lowest	3.4	74.1	22.5	0.0	697
Second	0.1	31.5	68.4	0.0	245
Middle	0.2	8.4	91.4	0.0	146
Fourth	0.0	1.5	98.5	0.0	78
Highest	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	27

Table HC.7C: Main material of the walls

Percent distribution of household according to main material of walls, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	No walls	Katcha walls	Pacca walls	Others/ Missing	Number of households enumerated
Punjab	1.5	22.0	76.2	0.2	91,075
District					
Rajapur	6.1	59.6	32.1	2.2	1,193
Tehsil/ town					
Jampur	3.0	65.9	30.6	0.4	577
Rajapur	3.7	51.0	44.1	1.1	401
Rojhan	18.9	58.5	13.8	8.9	216
Area of residence					
Rural	7.1	67.1	23.3	2.5	1,020
All Urban	0.2	15.3	84.4	0.2	173
Other Urban	0.2	15.3	84.4	0.2	173
Education of household head					
None	8.7	67.3	20.9	3.1	794
Primary	2.5	54.6	42.6	0.3	116
Middle	0.0	50.1	48.9	1.0	90
Secondary	0.0	43.0	57.0	0.0	116
Higher	0.8	23.7	75.2	0.4	77
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	1
Wealth index quintiles					
Lowest	10.3	77.5	8.5	3.7	697
Second	0.6	55.6	43.8	0.0	245
Middle	0.0	20.4	79.6	0.0	146
Fourth	0.0	5.4	94.2	0.4	78
Highest	0.0	1.9	98.1	0.0	27

Table HC.8.A: Household utilities
Proportion of household members using household utilities, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

		Utilities														Total number of households							
		Electricity	Gas	Radio	TV	Cable TV	Telephone	Mobile	Computer	Internet	Fridge/freezer	Airconditioner	Washing machine	Cooler/fan	Cooking range/mi crowave		Stitching Machine	Iron	Water filter	Donkey pump or turbine	No utility	None/ any two/ any three utilities	More than two utilities	More than three utilities
Punjab		92.5	26.4	40.0	63.2	20.8	15.9	71.0	8.5	4.8	40.3	6.6	48.8	86.4	6.0	72.7	80.2	3.4	54.5	3.6	93.4	88.5	592,843
District Rajanpur		64.9	0.4	28.6	36.9	12.2	4.2	55.2	2.9	0.9	15.2	2.5	27.5	58.1	2.0	48.5	47.1	1.0	17.7	16.8	70.1	59.1	7,935
Tehsil/ town																							
Jampur		72.0	0.4	28.9	35.4	10.7	3.0	47.7	2.9	0.7	15.5	2.2	27.1	64.4	2.6	50.1	50.3	1.0	16.9	18.2	72.7	61.9	3,932
Rajanpur		70.6	0.4	30.1	47.9	18.3	7.2	66.0	4.0	1.5	19.6	3.5	36.4	63.8	1.5	57.3	54.2	1.2	24.8	9.2	78.2	68.8	2,691
Rojhan		32.0	0.5	25.0	18.6	3.9	1.9	55.4	0.7	0.2	5.2	1.1	10.8	27.5	1.2	25.9	23.0	0.3	5.1	27.9	45.5	31.1	1,312
Area of residence																							
Rural		59.0	0.2	30.1	29.7	3.6	2.0	53.3	1.7	0.6	10.4	1.6	19.6	51.9	1.6	44.6	40.9	0.7	9.8	19.6	65.1	52.8	6,711
All Urban		97.6	1.5	20.6	76.0	59.2	16.6	65.7	9.2	2.3	41.5	7.4	71.1	92.1	4.1	69.9	81.4	2.3	61.0	1.3	97.4	93.7	1,224
Other Urban		97.6	1.5	20.6	76.0	59.2	16.6	65.7	9.2	2.3	41.5	7.4	71.1	92.1	4.1	69.9	81.4	2.3	61.0	1.3	97.4	93.7	1,224
Education of household head																							
None		53.5	0.0	24.7	24.9	6.3	0.8	45.7	0.9	0.1	6.1	0.5	14.8	46.4	0.4	37.6	34.8	0.5	7.7	23.3	59.1	46.3	5,215
Primary		80.8	0.0	34.3	48.5	14.4	3.6	61.8	2.2	0.6	19.9	4.0	36.4	71.3	2.9	58.7	58.3	1.7	24.4	6.9	84.6	73.6	780
Middle		87.7	0.5	34.6	52.1	19.4	3.8	66.9	2.3	0.5	19.4	1.9	43.6	81.2	2.0	64.0	64.8	0.5	28.5	4.5	91.8	83.4	619
Secondary		85.9	2.3	36.9	61.7	22.9	10.6	79.5	6.4	2.4	37.0	5.3	57.6	80.2	4.3	76.7	75.8	1.8	42.7	4.5	92.7	86.1	818
Higher		96.9	1.5	40.5	83.1	43.7	29.9	89.1	19.4	7.0	60.9	17.2	76.9	94.5	12.7	81.6	88.9	4.2	55.9	0.0	97.7	95.6	499
Madrasa/NSC		100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	5
Wealth index quintiles																							
Lowest		38.9	0.0	18.3	8.2	0.4	0.3	35.7	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.9	31.3	0.1	23.3	15.1	0.2	0.3	29.7	47.1	28.8	4,469
Second		97.3	0.2	43.5	58.5	8.7	1.1	71.8	1.0	0.0	9.5	0.3	35.5	88.9	1.1	75.0	80.3	1.0	14.5	0.2	99.3	96.4	1,717
Middle		99.5	0.4	39.0	83.6	30.5	2.5	82.1	1.7	0.0	40.1	1.8	76.4	94.4	3.3	83.8	94.6	1.5	50.1	0.0	100.0	99.8	1,019
Fourth		100.0	1.0	37.4	95.8	63.9	26.3	97.1	10.0	3.0	82.3	11.3	97.0	98.2	8.8	91.1	98.7	1.2	84.4	0.0	100.0	100.0	554
Highest		100.0	10.0	59.1	97.9	75.0	76.8	100.0	69.9	29.0	97.9	60.9	100.0	100.0	31.0	93.7	100.0	16.1	92.1	0.0	100.0	100.0	176

Table HC.8B: Household possessions

Proportion of household members having household possessions, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Possessions					None/ at least one possession		Total number of households
	Watch	Bicycle	Motorcycle/ scooter	car or other vehicle	Animal drawn-cart	No possession	At least one possession	
Punjab	89.0	53.9	26.9	8.9	7.6	5.6	94.4	592,843
District								
Rajampur	74.5	55.9	29.6	8.6	4.7	12.7	87.3	7,935
Tehsil/ town								
Jampur	76.0	59.3	29.4	6.6	5.3	12.5	87.5	3,932
Rajampur	79.1	57.4	28.2	10.6	4.3	8.3	91.7	2,691
Rojhan	60.4	43.0	33.0	10.5	3.4	22.4	77.6	1,312
Area of residence								
Rural	71.8	59.9	29.8	9.5	5.2	13.7	86.3	6,711
All Urban	89.2	34.2	28.6	3.8	1.8	7.5	92.5	1,224
Other Urban	89.2	34.2	28.6	3.8	1.8	7.5	92.5	1,224
Education of household head								
None	68.7	54.8	23.0	7.3	5.4	16.0	84.0	5,215
Primary	79.6	59.4	31.1	7.2	4.0	10.7	89.3	780
Middle	84.2	62.0	33.0	9.8	3.2	7.7	92.3	619
Secondary	87.6	60.7	49.6	12.4	3.2	4.6	95.4	818
Higher	92.7	46.4	59.7	16.7	2.2	1.1	98.9	499
Madrasa/NS	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5
Wealth index quintiles								
Lowest	60.3	54.1	17.1	5.9	4.5	20.4	79.6	4,469
Second	89.8	63.8	37.8	11.6	7.0	4.1	95.9	1,717
Middle	93.3	57.4	45.9	8.5	3.1	2.3	97.7	1,019
Fourth	99.2	45.4	56.4	10.0	3.3	0.5	99.5	554
Highest	98.9	50.7	86.3	43.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	176

Table HC.9: House, agricultural land and livestock ownership

Percent distribution of household population by ownership of house, agricultural land and livestock, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	House Ownership						Own agriculture land	Own livestock	Number of household members
	Own	Rented	Rent free/squatter/other	Govt./Subsidized rent	Own but mortgaged or pledged	Other/Missing			
Punjab	84.2	5.2	8.6	1.5	0.1	0.5	34.2	50.9	91,075
District									
Rajanpur	94.9	1.8	2.8	0.5	0.0	0.1	59.3	74.5	1,193
Tehsil/ town									
Jampur	95.9	1.7	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	58.3	73.5	577
Rajanpur	94.8	2.7	2.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	53.4	68.1	401
Rojhan	92.0	0.1	6.0	1.5	0.0	0.4	72.6	89.1	216
Area of residence									
Rural	96.3	0.5	2.7	0.4	0.0	0.1	66.7	83.5	1,020
All Urban	86.5	9.1	3.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	15.7	21.5	173
Other Urban	86.5	9.1	3.4	1.1	0.0	0.0	15.7	21.5	173
Education of household head									
None	94.5	1.2	3.5	0.6	0.0	0.2	61.7	82.5	794
Primary	96.1	2.3	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.3	66.7	116
Middle	96.0	3.2	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.1	64.6	90
Secondary	95.8	3.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	59.8	59.4	116
Higher	93.4	2.6	2.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	52.1	38.9	77
Madrassa/NE	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
Wealth index quintiles									
Lowest	95.2	0.5	3.6	0.6	0.0	0.2	65.1	86.5	697
Second	95.1	2.7	1.9	0.2	0.0	0.1	57.7	74.1	245
Middle	93.9	5.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	46.2	51.4	146
Fourth	94.3	3.0	2.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	38.7	29.4	78
Highest	91.0	4.2	0.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	54.4	24.2	27

Table HC.10: Household size and mean number of persons per room

	Number of household members						Total	Mean household size	Mean number of persons per room	Number of households
	1	2-3	4-5	6-7	8-9	10+				
Punjab	1.1	12.1	25.4	30.3	18.5	12.6	100.0	6.5	3.7	91,075
District										
Rajapur	0.1	12.6	24.9	26.7	20.0	15.6	100.0	6.7	4.1	1,193
Tehsil/ town										
Jampur	0.3	11.5	24.0	26.1	20.5	17.5	100.0	6.8	4.1	577
Rajapur	0.1	10.3	25.1	28.5	20.7	15.3	100.0	6.7	4.1	401
Rojhan	0.0	19.5	27.0	24.7	17.4	11.4	100.0	6.1	4.2	216
Area of residence										
Rural	0.1	13.1	25.5	26.8	19.6	15.0	100.0	6.6	4.1	1,020
All Urban	0.5	9.3	21.9	26.2	22.6	19.4	100.0	7.1	4.3	173
Other Urban	0.5	9.3	21.9	26.2	22.6	19.4	100.0	7.1	4.3	173
Sex of household head										
Male	0.1	12.6	24.8	26.7	20.2	15.7	100.0	6.7	4.2	1,186
Female	7.5	11.9	53.8	17.5	0.0	9.2	100.0	5.0	3.8	7

Table HC.11A: Receiving remittance from Pakistan

Percent of households that received any remittance from Pakistan during the last year and median value of remittance received. Punjab, 2007-08

	households receiving remittances from Pakistan	Total number of household	Amount of remittances received from Pakistan (Rs.)						Median value of remittances from Pakistan (Rs.)	Total number of households receiving remittances from Pakistan
			less than 3,000	3,000 to less than 5,000	5,000 to less than 10,000	10,000 to less than 20,000	20,000 or more	Not specified		
Punjab	5.5	91,075	38.9	21.4	27.3	9.4	1.9	1.0	40,000	5,026
District										
Rajanpur	2.7	1,193	74.2	2.5	8.7	7.7	4.0	3.0	11,371	32
Tehsil/ town										
Jampur	4.0	577	71.7	1.9	7.4	10.6	4.3	4.1	11,000	23
Rajanpur	1.5	401	82.2	5.8	7.4	0.0	4.6	0.0	10,027	6
Rojhan	1.3	216	78.0	0.0	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17,022	3
Area of residence										
Rural	2.9	1,020	75.1	2.7	8.8	7.6	3.4	2.4	11,403	29
All Urban	1.7	173	65.5	0.0	8.0	8.8	9.4	8.4	19,985	3
Other Urban	1.7	173	65.5	0.0	8.0	8.8	9.4	8.4	19,985	3
Education of household head										
None	2.2	794	85.8	0.0	1.3	3.2	5.7	4.1	10,000	18
Primary	4.1	116	67.6	9.4	23.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19,600	5
Middle	2.3	90	63.5	0.0	0.0	36.5	0.0	0.0	37,394	2
Secondary	3.7	116	69.7	8.1	15.8	0.0	6.4	0.0	18,606	4
Higher	4.5	77	36.1	0.0	23.2	33.6	0.0	7.1	56,079	3
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Wealth index quintiles										
Lowest	2.4	697	89.8	0.0	5.7	4.5	0.0	0.0	11,000	17
Second	3.0	245	78.5	4.7	9.1	7.6	0.0	0.0	15,055	7
Middle	3.8	146	40.2	8.1	4.2	16.3	18.3	13.0	32,845	5
Fourth	2.2	78	45.2	0.0	54.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	40,584	2
Highest	2.8	27	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.2	35.3	31.4	.	1

Table HC.11B: Receiving remittance from abroad

Percent of households that received any remittance from abroad during the last year and median value of remittance

	households receiving remittances from abroad	Total number of household	Amount of remittances received from abroad (Rs.)						Median value of remittances from abroad (Rs.)	Total number of households receiving remittances from abroad
			less than 3,000	3,000 to less than 5,000	5,000 to less than 10,000	10,000 to less than 20,000	20,000 or more	Not specified		
Punjab										
	4.1	91,075	14.2	9.1	25.1	30.3	20.4	1.0	120,000	3,702
District										
Rajanpur	1.8	1,193	9.7	21.2	32.7	30.3	6.1	0.0	70,000	21
Tehsil/ town										
Jampur	3.2	577	11.1	20.5	35.3	27.6	5.4	0.0	70,000	19
Rajanpur	0.5	401	0.0	35.3	19.7	31.1	13.9	0.0	153,734	2
Rojhan	0.3	216	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	120,000	1
Area of residence										
Rural	1.8	1,020	5.9	22.3	33.4	32.9	5.6	0.0	70,000	18
All Urban	1.8	173	31.7	15.1	28.7	15.7	8.8	0.0	73,495	3
Other Urban	1.8	173	31.7	15.1	28.7	15.7	8.8	0.0	73,495	3
Education of household head										
None	1.8	794	9.7	18.7	34.8	29.9	7.0	0.0	68,005	15
Primary	0.2	116	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	200,000	0
Middle	1.6	90	19.1	23.5	31.3	26.2	0.0	0.0	120,079	1
Secondary	2.2	116	15.1	49.0	24.9	0.0	11.0	0.0	54,554	3
Higher	3.4	77	0.0	9.0	32.6	58.4	0.0	0.0	137,600	3
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Wealth index quintiles										
Lowest	0.8	697	0.0	32.4	42.7	24.9	0.0	0.0	60,000	5
Second	3.4	245	18.3	4.3	30.2	35.2	12.0	0.0	90,960	8
Middle	3.0	146	5.6	41.5	14.4	38.5	0.0	0.0	69,936	4
Fourth	3.4	78	0.0	23.5	57.2	8.9	10.4	0.0	90,460	3
Highest	2.0	27	52.0	0.0	0.0	48.0	0.0	0.0	.	1

Table HC.12: Cash donations

Percent of households that received any cash donation during the last year and median value of zakat/donations, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	households receiving cash donations	Total number of household	Amount received						Median value of zakat/donations	Total number of households receiving zakat/
			less than 3,000	3,000 to less than 5,000	5,000 to less than 10,000	10,000 to less than 20,000	20,000 or more	Not specified		
Punjab	1.4	91,075	83.1	5.5	4.4	2.5	0.9	3.6	5,000	1,300
District										
Rajanpur	0.9	1,193	95.3	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.0	2.2	3,000	10
Tehsil/ town										
Jampur	0.7	577	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,488	4
Rajanpur	0.8	401	92.2	0.0	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	5,138	3
Rojhan	1.3	216	92.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	1,775	3
Area of residence										
Rural	0.6	1,020	96.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	2,635	7
All Urban	2.1	173	92.8	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,000	4
Other Urban	2.1	173	92.8	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,000	4
Education of household head										
None	0.9	794	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,000	7
Primary	0.4	116	55.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.8	.	1
Middle	2.1	90	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,413	2
Secondary	0.7	116	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,000	1
Higher	0.3	77	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60,000	0
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0
Wealth index quintiles										
Lowest	0.9	697	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2,609	6
Second	0.6	245	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4,478	1
Middle	1.3	146	85.5	0.0	14.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3,000	2
Fourth	0.7	78	59.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.5	.	1
Highest	0.0	27	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	0

Table HC.13: Pension Benefits

Percentage of households receiving pension by source, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Receiving pension	Total number of households	Source of pension				Number of households receiving pension
			Govt	EOBI	Other	Missing	
Punjab	6.2	91,075	91.8	1.8	0.6	5.9	5,678
District							
Rajanpur	0.7	1,193	92.2	-	-	7.8	8
Tehsil/ town							
Jampur	0.6	577	81.2	-	-	18.8	3
Rajanpur	1.1	401	100.0	-	-	0.0	4
Rojhan	0.1	216	100.0	-	-	0.0	0
Area of residence							
Rural	0.3	1,020	79.1	-	-	20.9	3
All Urban	2.9	173	100.0	-	-	0.0	5
Other Urban	2.9	173	100.0	-	-	0.0	5
Education of household head							
None	0.2	794	100.0	-	-	0.0	2
Primary	0.0	116	0.0	-	-	0.0	0
Middle	0.3	90	100.0	-	-	0.0	0
Secondary	3.0	116	81.9	-	-	18.1	3
Higher	3.2	77	100.0	-	-	0.0	2
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	1	0.0	-	-	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles							
Lowest	0.2	697	100.0	-	-	0.0	1
Second	0.3	245	100.0	-	-	0.0	1
Middle	1.2	146	62.8	-	-	37.2	2
Fourth	3.5	78	100.0	-	-	0.0	3
Highest	5.2	27	100.0	-	-	0.0	1

Table HC.14A: Benefit from government social protection schemes, MICS Punjab, 2007-08
 Percentage of households benefiting from government social protection schemes, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	Received benefits from govt schemes of social protection	Total number of households	Benefits										Number of households getting benefits
			Zakat	Dearness allowance	Health subsidy	Education subsidy	Marriage grant	Subsidized food	Edu subsidy - Books	Edu subsidy - Cash	Other	Missing	
Punjab	15.6	91,075	1.4	1.0	7.0	21.2	0.1	0.8	53.8	12.0	1.6	1.1	14,241
District Rajanpur	1.6	1,193	19.9	18.9	6.7	30.5	-	1.1	4.7	13.5	3.4	1.4	19
Tehsil/town													
Jampur	1.0	577	4.1	7.3	0.0	8.8	-	0.0	0.0	6.4	0.0	1.4	6
Rajanpur	2.3	401	6.9	8.3	6.7	18.0	-	0.0	4.7	5.7	3.4	0.0	9
Rojhan	1.9	216	8.9	3.3	0.0	3.6	-	1.1	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	4
Area of residence													
Rural	1.3	1,020	17.4	22.2	0.0	33.3	-	0.0	5.3	16.5	5.3	0.0	13
All Urban	3.5	173	24.2	13.2	18.1	25.6	-	2.9	3.6	8.4	0.0	3.8	6
Other Urban	3.5	173	24.2	13.2	18.1	25.6	-	2.9	3.6	8.4	0.0	3.8	6
Education of household head													
None	1.3	794	20.7	29.2	0.0	33.9	-	2.2	0.0	7.0	7.0	0.0	10
Primary	2.2	116	10.7	9.5	0.0	49.5	-	0.0	0.0	30.3	0.0	0.0	3
Middle	1.9	90	59.7	0.0	16.8	10.7	-	0.0	12.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	2
Secondary	2.9	116	11.9	9.6	18.0	21.6	-	0.0	0.0	30.8	0.0	8.0	3
Higher	1.8	77	0.0	20.4	21.1	18.1	-	0.0	40.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1
Madrasa/NSC	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles													
Lowest	1.2	697	35.4	26.3	0.0	29.1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	0.0	8
Second	2.3	245	17.3	13.2	4.3	35.0	-	0.0	0.0	30.2	0.0	0.0	6
Middle	2.0	146	7.6	21.5	11.9	17.5	-	0.0	31.9	9.6	0.0	0.0	3
Fourth	2.3	78	0.0	0.0	15.0	47.7	-	9.6	0.0	15.1	0.0	12.7	2
Highest	2.1	27	0.0	49.1	50.9	0.0	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1

Table HC.14B: Purchasing goods from government utility stores

Percent distribution of households who are purchasing goods from government utility stores, MICS Punjab, 2007-08

	households purchasing goods from utility stores	Total number of households	How often purchase goods from utility stores			Considers govt utility stores as beneficial to a common man				Number of households purchasing goods from utility stores
			Regularly	Rarely	Missing	Yes	No	DK	Missing	
Punjab	11.8	91,075	16.8	79.4	3.8	20.9	69.7	8.6	0.9	10,780
District										
Rajanpur	4.5	1,193	15.9	78.6	5.4	8.6	85.6	5.5	0.3	54
Tehsil/ town										
Jampur	5.6	577	18.1	78.3	3.6	11.3	82.4	6.1	0.3	32
Rajanpur	5.0	401	13.0	79.1	7.9	6.9	86.9	6.0	0.2	20
Rojhan	0.8	216	10.5	79.0	10.5	4.8	91.7	2.9	0.7	2
Area of residence										
Rural	2.3	1,020	15.8	76.1	8.1	7.4	87.5	4.8	0.3	23
All Urban	17.7	173	16.0	80.6	3.4	15.7	74.1	9.8	0.4	31
Other Urban	17.7	173	16.0	80.6	3.4	15.7	74.1	9.8	0.4	31
Education of household head										
None	1.7	794	10.5	76.2	13.3	5.0	89.3	5.4	0.3	13
Primary	5.0	116	17.4	82.6	0.0	10.4	79.4	8.7	1.5	6
Middle	7.9	90	8.9	82.4	8.7	18.1	76.1	5.7	0.0	7
Secondary	13.3	116	18.0	82.0	0.0	17.8	78.6	3.6	0.0	15
Higher	16.1	77	22.6	73.0	4.4	18.8	77.4	3.9	0.0	12
Madrassa/NSC	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0
Wealth index quintiles										
Lowest	1.1	697	8.1	81.6	10.3	4.4	89.4	5.7	0.4	8
Second	3.6	245	3.5	87.0	9.5	11.3	81.9	6.4	0.4	9
Middle	10.4	146	17.0	78.1	4.9	15.2	80.8	4.0	0.0	15
Fourth	17.4	78	21.7	78.3	0.0	19.2	76.7	4.2	0.0	14
Highest	32.2	27	24.7	69.1	6.2	26.2	71.2	2.6	0.0	9



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