

DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED

29th Annual Report For the year ended 30th June, 2011



COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors:

Mr. Per Haga

Mr. Shabbir Abbas

Mr. Donald John Jenkin

Mr. Alireza M. Alladin

Mr. Chew Teck Liong

Mr. Altaf Nazim

Mr. Sajid Hassan

Chairman

Chief Executive Officer

Audit Committee :

Mr. Alireza M. Alladin Mr. Donald John Jenkin

Mr. Altaf Nazim

Chairman Member Member

Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary:

Mr. Muhammad Shakeel Uddin

Bankers:

M/s. Habib Bank Limited

M/s. Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd.

M/s. NIB Bank Limited

M/s. Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

M/s. United Bank Limited

Auditors:

M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors:

M/s. Sayeed & Sayeed, Advocates & Legal Consultants

M/s. Shahid Anwar Bajwa Law Associates

M/s. Zahid & Tariq Advocates

Share Registrar:

Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Limited, 1st Floor, House of Habib (Siddiqsons Tower) 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350.

Ph: (92-21) 34325482 - 487 Fax: (92-21) 34325442

Registered Office:

1st Floor, House of Habib (Siddiqsons Tower) 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350.

Ph: (92-21) 34520132 - 136 Fax: (92-21) 34392182

Factories:

Hub Unit

 A101 - A105, A132 - A136, Lasbella Industrial Estate Development Authority, Hub Chowki, Distt. Lasbella, Baluchistan. Ph: (92-853) 363706 - 09 Fax: (92-853) 363907

Gadoon Unit

 34-A, R-3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai, District Swabi, N.W.F.P.
 Ph: (92-938) 270150 - 52 Fax: (92-938) 270246



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VISION AND MISSION STATEMENTS

Vision

Dynea Pakistan is Market Leader in its core and diversified business, delighting its customers by providing quality products at competitive price through development of Market, product range, technology and human capital whilst ensuring sound return to stakeholders.

Mission

Maximize productivity and sales of Formaldehyde, Amino Resins and Aminoplast Moulding Compounds and provide satisfaction to customers.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-ninth Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held on Monday, October 17, 2011 at 4:30 p.m. at the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi to transact the following business:

- To receive and adopt the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2011 together with the Report of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- To approve a cash dividend of 20% (i.e. Rs. 1.00 per share) as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- To appoint Auditors for the year 2011-12 and to fix their remuneration, the present auditors M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

By the Order of the Board

MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL UDDIN Company Secretary

Karachi: September 16, 2011

Notes:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, October 11, 2011 to Monday, October 17, 2011 (both days inclusive) and the final dividend will be paid to the shareholders whose names will appear in the Register of members on October 10, 2011. Shareholders (Non-CDC) are requested to promptly notify the Company's Registrar of any change in their addresses and submit, if applicable to them, the Non-deduction of Zakat Form CZ-50 with the Registrar of the Company M/S. Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Ltd., 1st Floor, House of Habib (Siddigsons Tower) 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi. Tel: (92-21)34325482-87 (6 lines) Fax: (92-21)34325442. All the Shareholder holding the shares through the CDC are requested to please update their addresses and Zakat status with their participants. This will assist in the prompt receipt of Dividend.
- ii) A Member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote for him/her. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the company.
- iii) Member who have not yet submitted photocopy of their computerized national identity card to the Company are requested to send at their earliest.

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated 26 January 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For Attending the Meeting:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC), or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

B. For Appointing Proxies:

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail is uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv. The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- v. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of your company are pleased to welcome you to the twenty ninth Annual General Meeting of your Company and place before you the Annual Report with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2011.

The summarized results are as under:	2011	2010
	Rs. '000	Rs. '000
Turnover	1,727,550	1,355,658
Gross Profit	249,008	209,269
Profit before taxation	77,699	77,392
Provision for taxation	26,140	26,837
Profit /(loss) after taxation	51,559	50,555
Basic earnings per share	2.73	2.68

By the grace of Almighty Allah, during the first eight months of its operations, the Chinese Aminoplast Moulding Compound plant performed very well and our customer's response for its products was encouraging. The Plant & its products contributed significantly towards maintaining our profitability at last year's level and it absorbed a decrease in profits in the Resin Division as well as financial costs involved on its establishment.

Resin Division

Sales in Resin division amounted to a sum of Rs.838.038 million as compared to that of Rs.814.736 million in previous financial year. Sale volume however, declined to the extent of 11.16% to a level of 31,683 Metric Tons as compared to that of 35,664 Metric Tons that was achieved previous year. Gross Profit on sale of resin was recorded at Rs 165.233 million as compared to that of Rs.198.114 million for the previous financial year, which was mainly due to higher prices of imported raw materials, which could not be fully passed over to our customers.

Aminoplast Division

Aminoplast Moulding division generated sales revenue amounting to Rs. 889.512 million as against Rs. 540.922 million that was achieved during the same period in the previous financial year, showing an improvement of 64.44%. This division earned a gross profit of Rs.83.776 million as compared to Rs. 11.155 million during the same period in the previous financial year. Improvement in profitability was due to increase in sales price and greater sales volumes achieved after commencement of production at our recently established Chinese Aminoplast Moulding Compound plant.

Future Outlook

Continuous energy load shedding coupled with higher tariff, tight monetary policy and higher interest rates are the factors that are affecting economic activities in the country. Prices of methanol, melamine, cellulose and urea that are our basic raw materials are showing significant upward trends. However your management plans to offset some of these elements through effective inventory management and process planning and its execution. We will also continue to improve production efficiencies and expand our customer base to ensure long term sustainability of the Company.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Company runs a well maintained primary school at the Jenson village. This school has been established primarily for company employees but children of the locality are allowed to study at that school. Presently there are 85 students out of whom 26 come from the local community. One percent of profit before taxation is donated to a Trust engaged in social welfare activities. Workers Profit Participation Fund & Workers Welfare Fund are being regularly paid.

Contribution to the Exchequer

Our contribution to the national exchequer in the form of various taxes and levies for the year under review was Rs 330 million. (2010: Rs. 318 million)



DIRECTORS' REPORT

Corporate Governance

The Directors of your Company confirm compliance with the Corporate and Financial Reporting Frame work of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's Code of Corporate Governance for the following:

- a) The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present fairly the Company's state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- b) Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and the accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of the financial statement and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.
- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f) There are no significant doubts upon the Company ability to continue as a going concern unless final decision comes against us in respect of the Vend fee and Permit fee case mentioned below.
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h) We have prepared and circulated a statement of ethics and business practices to every Director and employee.
- i) The Board of Directors has adopted Vision and Mission statement.
- j) Information about taxes and levies is given in the notes to the accounts.
- k) Value of investment in the Company's provident fund scheme based on un-audited accounts for the year ended June 30, 2011 stands at Rs.72.799 million.
- I) Statements are annexed in respect of the following:
 - Key financial data for the last six years.
 - Pattern of Shareholding.
- m) During the year under review, five meetings of the Board of Directors were attended as under:

Directors	Attended
Mr. Per Haga	3/5 (all by alternate director)
Mr. Donald John Jenkin	5/5
Mr. Shabbir Abbas	5/5
Mr. Alireza M. Alladin	5/5
Mr. Chew Teck Liong	5/5 (all by alternate director)
Mr. Sajid Hassan	5/5
Mr. Altaf Nazim	4/5

Vend Fee and Permit Fee

As regards Vend and Permit Fee case, Sindh High Court has already pronounced very strong and favorable decisions. Presently the case is pending with the learned Supreme Court of Pakistan. So far the Court has had two hearings in the case and next date for hearing will be notified. In view of the merits of the case and previous two favourable decisions of the Sindh High Court, the management is expecting a favourable decision from the apex Court and is making necessary efforts to continue as a going concern.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

Appointment of Auditors

The retiring auditors M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the ensuing year. They have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Dividend

The Board of Directors is pleased to propose a dividend of Rs. 1.00 per share (20%)

Acknowledgment

The Directors wish to acknowledge and appreciate the dedication and efforts of all its employees for achieving satisfactory results for the year. The support and cooperation received from the financial institutions, customers and other institutions associated with the Company is also gratefully acknowledged.

Lastly, the Board wishes to acknowledge the contribution over many years of Mr. Farooq Hassan who retired as a director during the year.

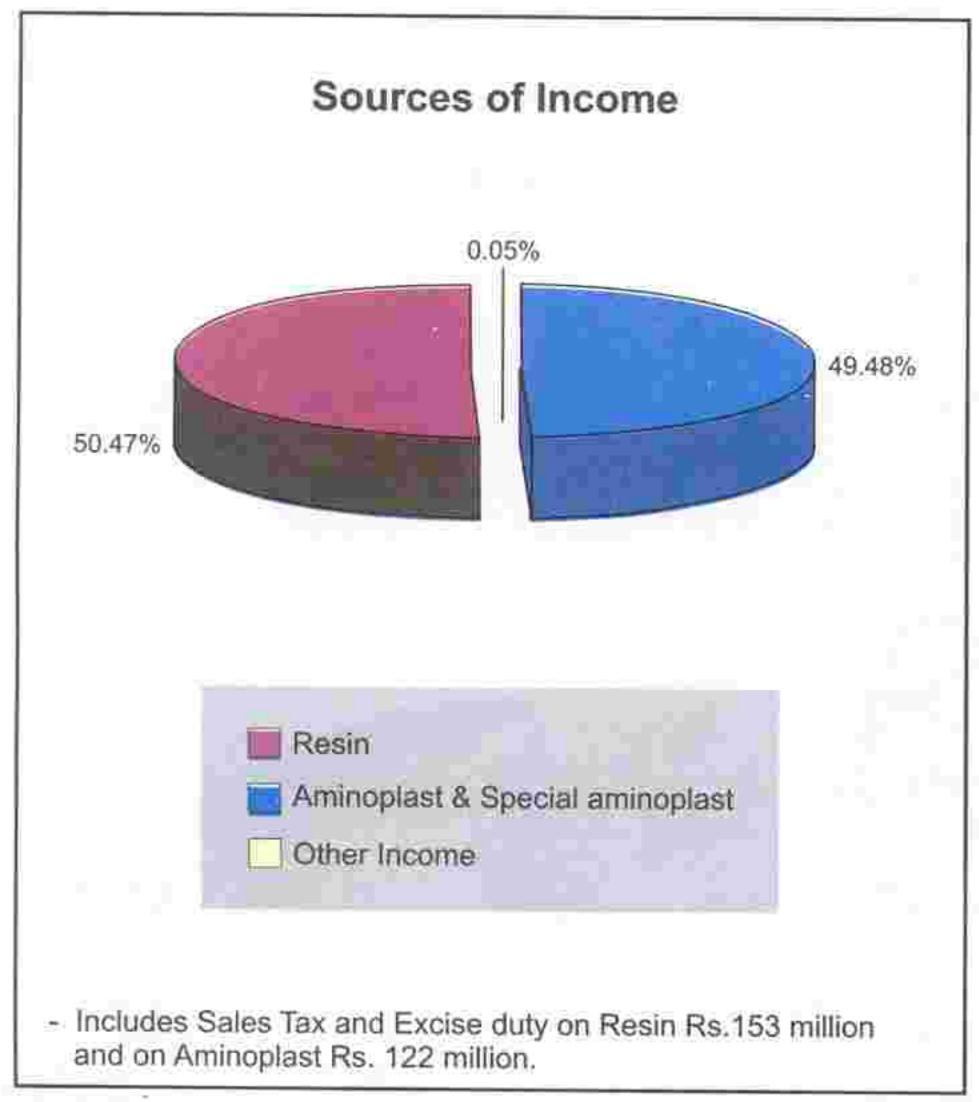
On behalf of the Board of Directors

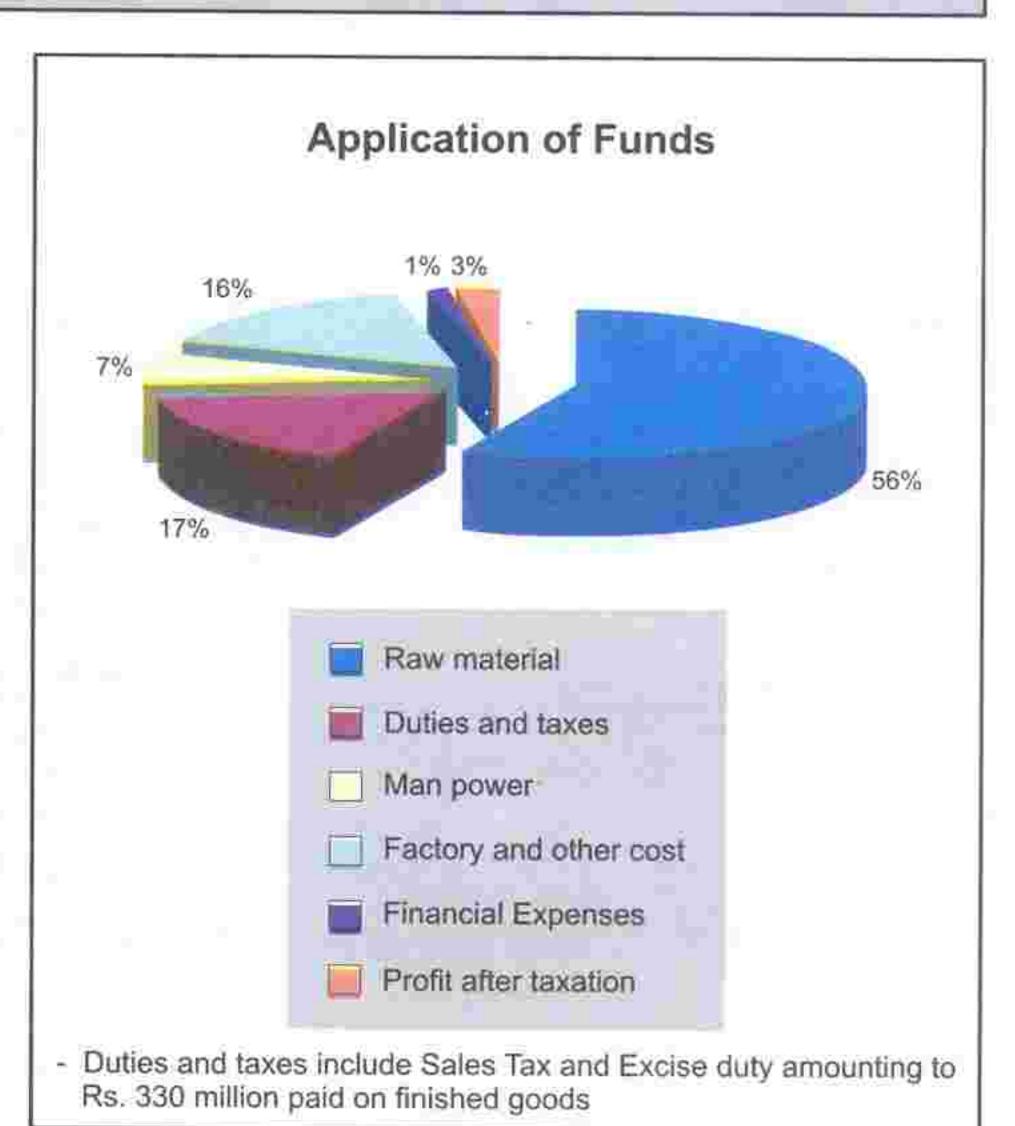


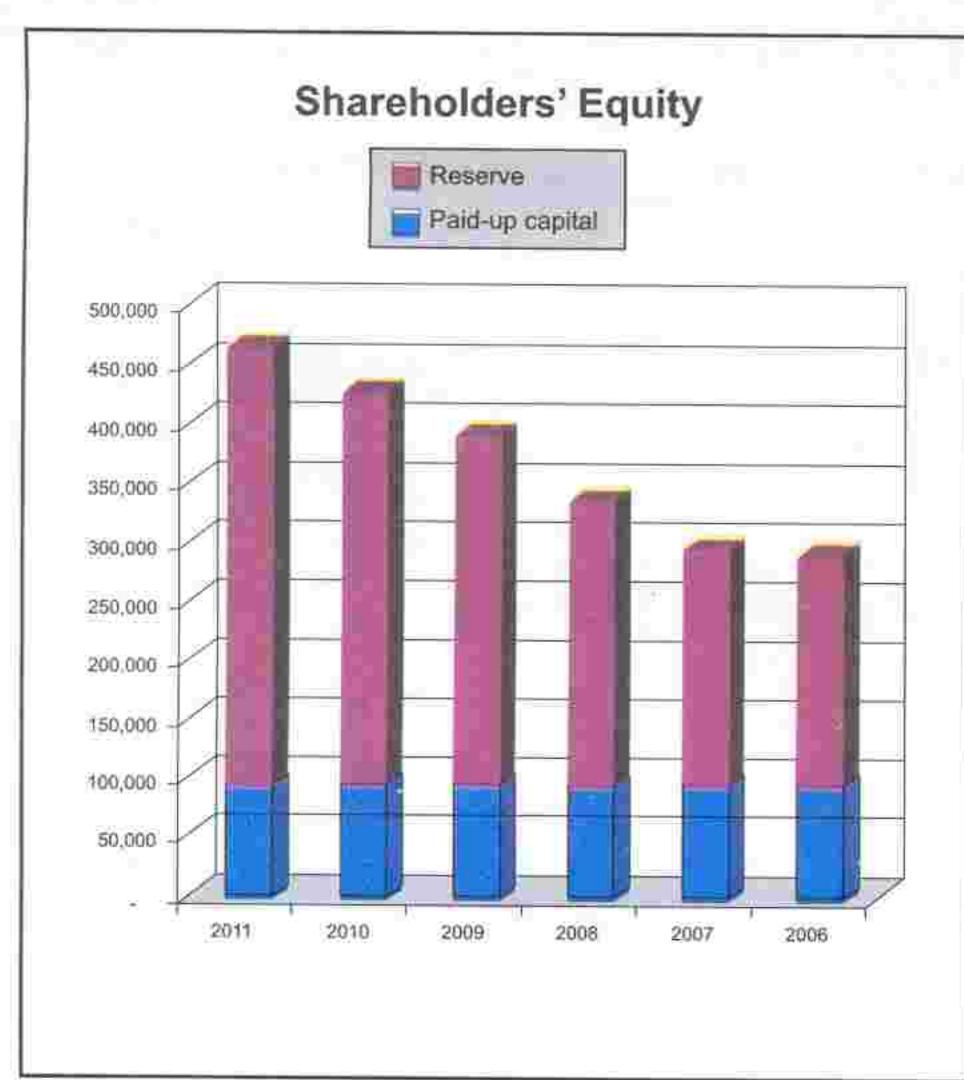
KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

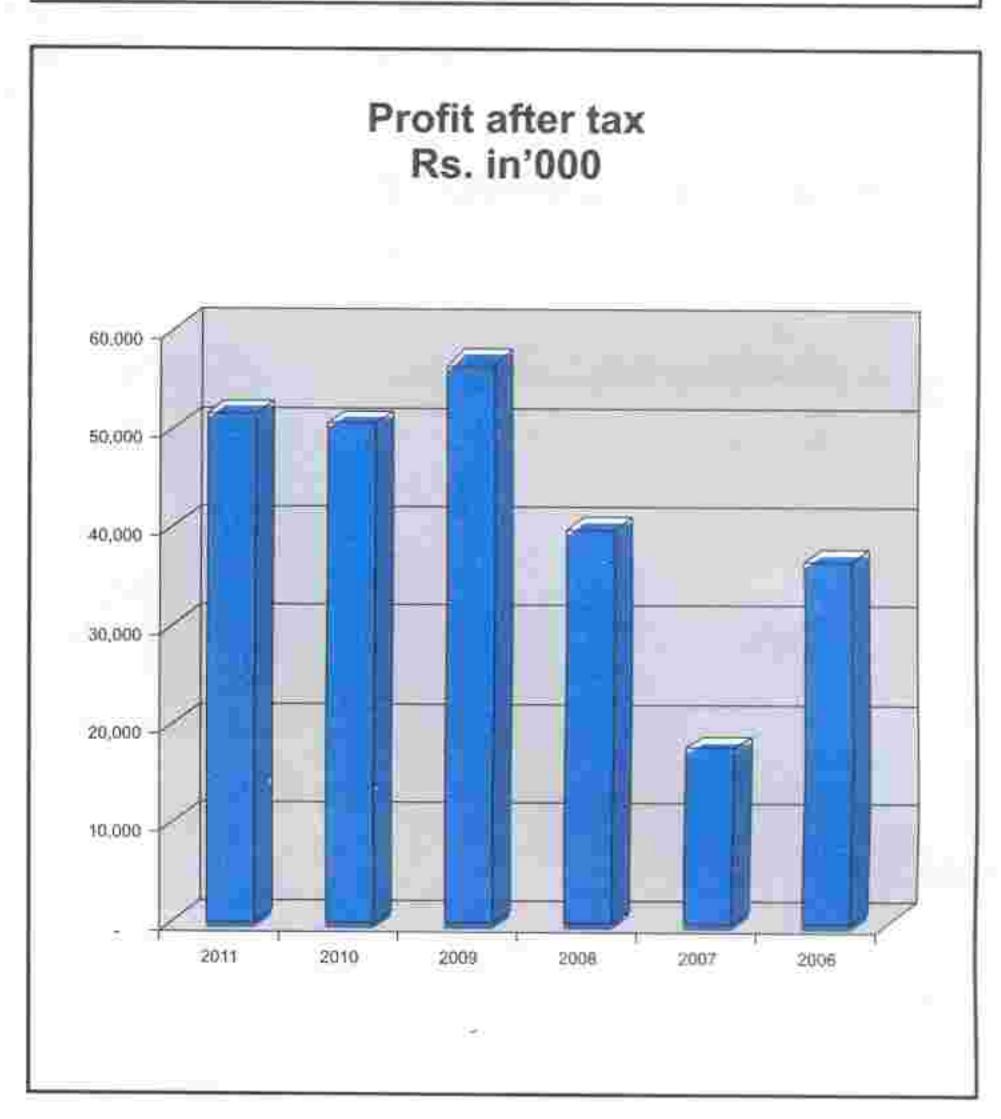
	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06
;a			Rupees i	n thousands		
FINANCIAL POSITION:						
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	466,448	429,043	392,642	336,368	296,523	292,967
TOTAL ASSETS	854,305	651,076	499,282	652,291	543,891	592,369
OPERATING RESULTS:						
TURNOVER	1,727,550	1,355,658	1,296,974	1,261,973	1,174,891	1,114,079
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	77,699	77,392	77,196	64,632	27,119	60,195
TAXATION	(26,140)	(26,836)	(20,922)	(24,787)	(9,409)	(23,671)
PROFIT / (LOSS) AFTER TAXATION	51,559	50,556	56,274	39,845	17,710	36,524
EARNING / (LOSS) PER SHARE Rs.	2.73	2.68	2.98	2.11	0.94	1.94
CASH DIVIDEND DECLARED %	20% (proposed)	15%	15%		15%	













STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) contained in the Listing Regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The purpose of the Code is to establish a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interest on its Board of Directors (the Board). At present, the Board comprises of seven directors which includes six non-executive directors.
- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including the Company.
- All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year, Mr. Sajid Hassan was appointed as Director on the Board in place of Mr. Farooq Hassan.
- The Company has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practices', which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including
 appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and
 other executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the director elected by the directors present in the meeting due to the absence of the Chairman. The Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- The Company has maintained proper records in respect of related party transactions. All the related party transactions and the related pricing method have been reviewed and approved by the Board.
- 10. The Company has arranged an orientation course for its directors during the year to apprise them of the duties and responsibilities. Further, two directors of the Company have acquired certification under "Corporate Governance Leadership Skills - Director Education program" offered by the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.
- 11. No new appointment of CFO and Company Secretary has been made during the year.
- 12. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 13. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 14. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- 15. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- The Board has formed an audit committee which comprises of three non-executive directors.
- 17. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company as required by the Code.
- 18. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a full time basis.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with except that the position of the Company Secretary and CFO is held by the same person. The said decision has been taken by the Board keeping in view the size of the Company.

SHABBIR ABBAS Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JOHN JENKIN Director

Karachi: September 08, 2011



REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) to comply with the Listing Regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquire of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, the Listing Regulations require the company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval of related party transactions, distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price, recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the Audit Committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code, as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Karachi: September 08, 2011

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder
Chartered Accountants



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) as at 30 June 2011 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account, together with the notes thereon, have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2011 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

We draw attention to note 20.1 to the financial statements which describes that the Company is defendant in a lawsuit alleging non-payment of vend and permit fee of Rs. 930.390 million on methanol to the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh. The ultimate outcome of the matter cannot presently be determined and no provision for any liability that may result has been made in these financial statements. In the event of an unsuccessful outcome, there is a substantial doubt that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern. Our report is not qualified in respect of above matter.

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder
Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: Shariq Ali Zaidi

Karachi: September 08, 2011



BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30,

ASSETS	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
		A LOCATION AND A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF TH	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Proporty plant and equipment	~	462 047 702	166 402 007
Property, plant and equipment	6	163,917,702	166,402,907 19,438
Long-term loans	,	53,938	1,253,526
Long-term deposits	8 9	1,711,526	1,804,065
Deferred taxation	.9.	165,683,166	169,479,936
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	10	8,257,175	6,737,192
Stock-in-trade	11	339,106,271	202,092,667
Trade debts	12	207,661,230	177,307,839
Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and			
other receivables	13	16,981,051	9,882,161
Sales tax adjustable		11,608,092	298,329
Taxation - net		41,307,107	17,594,257
Cash and bank balances	14	63,701,230	67,683,304
		688,622,156	481,595,749
TOTAL ASSETS		854,305,322	651,075,685
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital 40,000,000 (2010: 40,000,000) ordinary			
shares of Rs.5/- each		200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	15	94,362,065	94,362,065
Reserves		372,086,073	334,681,054
		466,448,138	429,043,119
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financing	16	50,375,000	*
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	17	2,926,824	1,210,333
Deferred taxation	9	6,197,323	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		59,499,147	1,210,333
CURRENT LIABILITIES	40	044 540 044	440 447 404
Trade and other payables	18	214,548,044	149,117,494
Accrued mark-up	40	4,715,434	2,112,256
Short-term borrowings	19	95,706,104	66,323,042
Current maturity of	10	11,625,000	
- long-term financing	16 17	1,763,455	3,269,441
 liabilities against assets subject to finance lease 	111	328,358,037	220,822,233
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		854,305,322	651,075,685

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
Turnover – net	21	1,727,550,342	1,355,658,203
Cost of sales	22	(1,478,541,997)	(1,146,389,604)
Gross profit		249,008,345	209,268,599
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	23 24	(113,627,910) (33,032,662) (146,660,572)	(88,698,328) (29,459,534) (118,157,862)
Other operating income	25	941,011	333,417
Operating profit		103,288,784	91,444,154
Finance costs Other charges Profit before taxation	26 27	(19,830,727) (5,758,606) (25,589,333) 77,699,451	(8,126,436) (5,925,386) (14,051,822) 77,392,332
Taxation	28	(26,140,122)	(26,836,720)
Profit after taxation		51,559,329	50,555,612
Basic and diluted earnings per share	29	2.73	2.68

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SHABBIR ABBAS Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JOHN JENKIN

Director



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
Net profit for the year	51,559,329	50,555,612
Other comprehensive income	***	; - :
Total comprehensive income for the year	51,559,329	50,555,612

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SHABBIR ABBAS
Chief Executive Officer

DONALD JOHN JENKIN

Director



CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		77,699,451	77,392,332
Adjustments for :			
Depreciation		23,755,689	21,182,340
Finance costs		19,830,727	8,126,434
Gain on sale of fixed assets		(116,762)	(445,627)
		43,469,654	28,863,147
		121,169,105	106,255,479
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Stores and spares		(1,519,982)	(659,821)
Stock-in-trade		(137,013,604)	(47,202,183)
Trade debts		(30,353,391)	(14,761,178)
Sales tax refundable		(11,309,764)	40 770 704
Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(7,098,890)	13,773,731
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		(187,295,631)	(48,849,451)
Trade and others payables		69,324,476	64,850,617
Sales tax payable		03,324,470	(3,735,556)
		69,324,476	61,115,061
		3,197,950	118,521,089
Finance costs paid		(17,227,549)	(6,875,869)
Income tax paid		(41,752,760)	(45,023,006)
Long-term loans and deposits		(492,500)	37,466
Net cash (used in) / inflow from operating activities		(56,274,859)	66,659,680
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure		(22,439,042)	(62,721,229)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		1,285,320	814,000
Net cash used in investing activities		(21,153,722)	(61,907,229)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipt of long-term loan		62,000,000	
Lease rentals paid		(3,896,495)	(3,161,559)
Dividend paid		(14,040,060)	(13,987,654)
Net cash inflow from / (used in) financing activities		44,063,445	(17,149,213)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(33,365,136)	(12,396,762)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		1,360,262	13,757,024
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year		(32,004,874)	1,360,262
			11023000 0570000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE:			
Cash and bank balances	14	63,701,230	67,683,304
Short-term borrowings	19	(95,706,104)	(66,323,042)
	Sairc'	(32,004,874)	1,360,262

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR

ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

			Revenue reserves		
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	General	Unappropriated profit	Total	Total
	***		Rupees	******	**********
Balance as at June 30, 2009	94,362,065	101,000,000	197,279,752	298,279,752	392,641,817
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2009 @ Re. 0.75/-			(14 154 240)	/1.4.1.5.4.2.1.0\	(14 154 210)
per share			(14,154,310)	(14,154,310)	(14,154,310)
Other comprehensive income	+		50,555,612	50,555,612	50,555,612
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	14	50,555,612	50,555,612	50,555,612
Balance as at June 30, 2010	94,362,065	101,000,000	233,681,054	334,681,054	429,043,119
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2010 @ Re. 0.75/-					
per share	-	=	(14,154,310)	(14,154,310)	(14,154,310)
Net profit for the year Other comprehensive income		-	51,559,329	51,559,329	51,559,329
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	51,559,329	51,559,329	51,559,329
Balance as at June 30, 2011	94,362,065	101,000,000	271,086,073	372,086,073	466,448,138

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

SHABBIR ABBAS DONALD JOHN JENKIN

Director



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR

ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) was incorporated on June 20, 1982, in Pakistan as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984) and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore stock exchanges in Pakistan. It is engaged in the manufacture and sale of formaldehyde, urea/melamine formaldehyde and aminoplast compound. The registered office of the Company is situated at 1st Floor, House of Habib (Siddiqsons Tower), 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block-7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are as notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standards or interpretation

Effective date (accounting periods beginning on or after)

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments to revise	
the way other comprehensive income is presented	July 01, 2012

IFRS 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Amendments
enhancing disclosures about transfers of financial assets

July 01, 2011

IAS 12 - Income Taxes (Amendment) Deferred Taxes:
Recovery of Underlying Assets
January 01, 2012

IAS 19 - Employee Benefits - Amended Standard resulting from the Post-Employment Benefits and Termination Benefits projects

January 01, 2013

IAS 24 - Related Party Disclosures (Revised)

January 01, 2011

IFRIC 14 - Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (Amendment) January 01, 2011

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revisions, amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, amendments to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2011. The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.



Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard (accounting periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments	January 01, 2013
IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements	January 01, 2013
IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements	January 01, 2013
IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	January 01, 2013
IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement	January 01, 2013

3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- 3.2 These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 New and amended standards and interpretations

The Company has adopted the following new and amended IFRSs and IFRIC interpretations which became effective during the year:

IFRS 2 - Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Arrangements

IAS 32 - Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issues (Amendment)

IFRIC 19 - Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

Improvements to various standards issued by IASB

Issued in 2009

IFRS 5 - Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

IFRS 8 - Operating Segments

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

IAS 7 - Statement of Cash flows Presentation of Financial Statements

IAS 17 - Leases

IAS 36 - Impairment of Assets

IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

Issued in May 2010

IFRS 3 - Business Combinations

IAS 27 - Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

The adoption of the above standards, amendments / improvements and interpretations did not have any effect on the financial statements of the Company.



4.2 Property, plant and equipment

Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any, except for freehold land and capital work-in-progress which are stated at cost. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account using the straight line method, other than freehold land which is determined to have an indefinite life, at the rates specified in note 6.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month of addition and in case of deletions upto the month of disposal. Leasehold land is amortized in equal installments over the lease period.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are taken to profit and loss account currently.

Leased

Assets held under finance leases are capitalized at the lower of present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and the fair value of leased assets. The related obligations under finance lease less finance charges allocated to future periods are shown as liabilities. Finance cost is calculated at the rate implicit in the lease and is charged to profit and loss account. Depreciation is charged to income on the same basis as for owned assets.

4.3 Impairment of assets

The carrying values of assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets or related cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amounts Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

4.4 Stores and spares

These are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). Provision is made for slow moving items when considered necessary.

4.5 Stock-in-trade

These are stated at the lower of NRV and cost determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials

Finished goods

Goods in transit and stock in bonded warehouse

Weighted average cost.

 Cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads.

 Invoice price plus other charges paid thereon.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.6 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts originated by the Company are recognized and carried at original invoice amount less provision for impairment. Other receivables are carried at cost less provision for impairment. Provision for impairment is based on management's assessment of customers outstanding, and credit worthiness. Bad debts are written off as and when identified.



4.7 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances net off short-term borrowings.

4.8 Long and short-term borrowings

These are recorded at the proceeds received. Installments due within one year are shown as a current liability and mark-up on borrowings is charged as an expense on an accrual basis.

4.9 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

4.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the balance sheet where the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

4.11 Financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets are realised, expired or surrendered. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the profit and loss account.

4.12 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to recognize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.13 Staff benefits

Provident fund

The Company operates a recognized provident fund for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Company and the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The Company has no further obligation once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Company are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Compensated absences

The Company accounts for these benefits in the accounting period in which the absences are earned.



4.14 Taxation

Current

Provision for taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of tax after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduces to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax loss) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

4.15 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

4.16 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded when goods are dispatched to customers.

Profit on bank deposits is recognized on accrual basis.

4.17 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.



4.18 Dividends and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to the reserves are recognized in the period in which these are approved.

4.19 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to decision-maker. The decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

	Note
 determining the residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment valuation of inventories provision for impairment of trade debts provision for deferred tax contingencies 	4.2, 4.3 & 6 4.4, 4.5, 10 & 11 4.6 & 12 4.14, 9 & 28 20

		Note	2011 Rupees	Rupees
6.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		ē.	
	Operating fixed assets	6.1	163,917,702	104,942,848
	Capital work-in-progress		-	61,460,059
			163,917,702	166,402,907



6.1 Operating Fixed Assets

		co	OST			DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION			VALUE	
	As at July 01, 2010	Additions / transfers *	Disposals	As at June 30, 2011	Rate	As at July 01, 2010	Charge for the year / transfers *	Disposats	As at June 30, 2011	As at June 30, 2011
	3	Rup	ees			***************************************	Rup	es		Rupees
Owned	Week way			(deep any day of the						Week State
Freehold land	659,961			659,961	. 65	*	(E.	Get 13	-	659,961
Leasehold land	4,164,884		.185	4,164,884	99 years	556,206	42,062		598,268	3,566,616
Buildings on freehold land	20,307,457		-	20,307,457	10%	15,043,603	526,386	:∓:	15,569,989	4,737,468
Buildings on leasehold land	38,373,911	18,375,753	(es	56,749,664	10%	24,843,199	2,531,081		27,374,280	29,375,384
Plant and machinery	311,123,433	60,088,948 6,550,000*	:*	377,762,381	16.67%	244,478,954	18,032,564 2,497,733*		265,009,251	112,753,130
		al and large					2,407,700	-		
Electrical installations	16,338,433	4	12	16,338,433	16.67%	14,051,958	381,081		14,433,039	1,905,394
Furniture and fittings	178,134	290,700	14	468,834	20%	32,170	87,333	.74	119,503	349,331
Office equipments	1,847,295	470,800	19	2,318,095	20%	1,185,348	226,203	- 20	1,411,551	906,544
Computers and accessories	2,704,558	422,400		3,126,958	33%	2,414,414	120,188	- 50	2,534,602	592,356
Vehicles	7,501,710	143,500 2,547,000*	(2,600,846)	7,591,364	20%	3,925,024	789,151 1,642,363*	(1,432,288)	4,924,250	2,667,114
Storage tanks	2,507,035			2,507,035	20%	2,014,934	98,420		2,113,354	393,681
	405,706,811	79,792,101 9.097,000°	(2,600,846)	491,995,066		308,545,810	22,834,469 4,140,096*	(1,432,288)	334,088,087	157,906,979
Leased										
Plant and machinery	6,550,000	(6,550,000)*			20%	2,497,733	(2,497,733)*			
Vehicles	5,838,351	4,107,000 (2,547,000)*	080	7,398,351	20%	2,108,771	921,220 (1,642,363)*	- F	1,387,628	6,010,723
	12,388,351	4,107,000	-	7,398,351		4,606,504	921,220	120	1,387,628	6,010,723
2011	418,095,162	(9,097,000)*	/2 600 9461	400 202 447		242 452 244	(4,140,096)*	(4.420.000)	205.475.745	400 047 700
2011	410,093,102	83,899,101	(2,600,846)	499,393,417		313,152,314	23,755,689	(1,432,288)	335,475,715	163,917,702

- 6.1.1 During the year, borrowing costs have been capitalized amounting to Rs.2.582 million (2010: Nil) by using weighted average capitalization rate of 13.68% (2010: Nil).
- 6.1.2 During the year, the Company, in view of recent technological developments, revised the accounting estimate relating to the useful lives of assets as follows:
 - the assets are now depreciated on straight line basis, whereas, previously these were depreciated on the basis of reducing balance method.
 - plant and machinery and electrical installation are now depreciated at the rate of 16.67 % per annum, whereas, previously they were depreciated at the rate of 20 % per annum.

Had the estimate not been revised, the depreciation charge for the year would have been higher and carrying value of fixed assets would have been lower by Rs. 3,741,793 and profit before tax would have been lower by Rs. 3,671,967.



COST					DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION				VALUE	
	As at July 01, 2009	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2010	Rate	As at July 01, 2009	Charge for the year	Disposals	As at June 30, 2010	As at June 30, 2010
5	; 	Rup	ees		-	***************************************	Rup	00S		Rupees
Owned Freehold land	659,961	*		659,961			5 5	* ()	=	659,961
Leasehold land	4,164,884	Η :	35	4,164,884	99 years	514,144	42,062	*	556,206	3,608,678
Buildings on freehold land	20,307,457	41		20,307,457	10%	14,458,731	584,872	-	15,043,603	5,263,854
Buildings on leasehold land	38,373,911	3	×:	38,373,911	10%	23,339,788	1,503,411	9	24,843,199	13,530,712
Plant and machinery	311,562,643	865,700	(1,304,910)	311,123,433	20%	230,173,821	15,531,724	(1,226,591)	244,478,954	66,644,479
Electrical installations	16,338,433	34	×	16,338,433	20%	13,480,340	571,618	9	14,051,958	2,286,475
Furniture and fittings	139,054	39,080	×:	178,134	20%	4,635	27,535	×1	32,170	145,964
Office equipments	2,181,666	31	(334,371)	1,847,295	20%	1,263,245	183,687	(261,584)	1,185,348	661,947
Computers and accessories	2,641,868	167,690	(105,000)	2,704,558	50%	2,312,410	197,160	(95,156)	2,414,414	290,144
Vehicles	7,813,335	188,700	(500,325)	7,501,710	20%	3,336,349	881,577	(292,902)	3,925,024	3,576,686
Storage tanks	2,507,035	5 4 13	40	2,507,035	20%	1,891,909	123,025	54	2,014,934	492,101
	406,690,247	1,261,170	(2,244,606)	405,706,811	100000	290,775,372	19,646,671	(1,876,233)	308,545,810	97,161,001
Leased assets										
Vehicles	3,871,351	1,967,000	3	5,838,351	20%	1,586,169	522,602		2,108,771	3,729,580
Plant and machinery	6,550,000	a	-	6,550,000	20%	1,484,666	1,013,067		2,497,733	4,052,267
	10,421,351	1,967,000		12,388,351		3,070,835	1,535,669	-	4,606,504	7,781,847
2010	417,111,598	3,228,170	(2,244,606)	418,095,162		293,846,207	21,182,340	(1,876,233)	313,152,314	104,942,848

6.2 The following fixed assets were disposed off during the year:

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Sale proceeds	Gain	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyers
	1		Rupees				
Vehicle (Toyota Corolla)	1,209,946	511,297	698,649	774,325	75,676	As per Company's policy	Mr. Shabbir Abbas (Chief Executive)
Vehicle (Toyota Corolla)	969,000	667,354	301.646	319,770	18,124	As per Company's policy	Mr. Tahir Mukhtar (employee)
Vehicle (Coure CL)	359,000	246,509	112,491	128,325	15,834	As per Company's policy	Mr. Tabasum Pervaiz (employee)
Vehicle (Honda CD-70)	62,900	7,128	55,772	62,900	7,128	Insurance claim	Habib Insurance Company Ltd.
2011	2,600,846	1,432,288	1,168,558	1,285,320	116,762		
2010	2,244,606	1,876,233	368,373	814,000	445,627		

6.3	Depreciation / amortization of	charge for the year has been
	allocated as follows:	

22	22,567,046	20,199,009
23	487,776	271,980
24	700,867	711,351
	23,755,689	21,182,340
	23	23 487,776 24 700,867

2010

Rupees

2011

Rupees

Note



		Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
7.	LONG-TERM LOANS - secured, considered good			
	Due from employees Less: Current portion	7.1 13	138,044 84,106 53,938	56,904 37,466 19,438
			33,330	19,430
	7.1 Interest free loans were granted for purchase of property, repurposes to the employees of the Company repayable in the against the retirement benefits of the employees.			
8.	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS			
	Water and Power Development Authority Lasbela Industrial Estate Development Authority Others		823,200 662,870 225,456 1,711,526	823,200 212,870 217,456 1,253,526
9.	DEFERRED TAXATION			
	Deferred tax liability / (asset) comprises temporary differences relating to:			
	 Accelerated tax depreciation Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Provisions Difference between turnover tax and taxable income 		21,632,249 462,155 (14,000,000) (1,897,081) 6,197,323	11,040,209 1,155,726 (14,000,000) - (1,804,065)
10.	STORES AND SPARES			
	Stores		3,993,157 4,264,018 8,257,175	4,488,016 2,249,176 6,737,192
11.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw material: In hand In bonded warehouse In transit		200,129,358 53,321,827 52,994,737 306,445,922	129,601,127 38,672,239 17,481,544 185,754,910
	Packing material		3,423,389	2,195,672
	Finished goods		29,236,960 339,106,271	14,142,085 202,092,667



12.	TRADE DEBTS – unsecured	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
	Considered good Considered doubtful	12.1	207,661,230 40,000,000	177,307,839 40,000,000
			247,661,230	217,307,839
	Less: Provision for impairment		40,000,000	40,000,000
			207,661,230	177,307,839

12.1 Includes Rs. Nil (2010: Rs. 15.62 million) due from Thal Limited (which was a related party till June 29, 2010).

13. LOANS, ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Loans - unsecured, considered good Current portion of long term loans	7	2,076,216	1,785,888
Advances - unsecured, considered good - Suppliers and contractors - Employees		12,660,297 228,748 12,889,045	6,266,004 45,897 6,311,901
Deposits		1,365,000	1,140,000
Prepayments		557,040	602,013
Other receivables		93,750	42,359
		16,981,051	9,882,161

13.1 Includes current portion of long-term loan to employees amounting to Rs. 84,106 (2010: Rs. 37,466).

14. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash in hand With banks		131,648	206,213
- current accounts - PLS saving account	14.1	49,222,697 14,346,885	40,045,502 27,431,589
		63,569,582	67,477,091
		63,701,230	67,683,304

14.1 This carries profit at the rate of 10.25% (2010: 10%) per annum.

15. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

Number of ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each				
201	1	2010		
8,31	6,000	8,316,000 Fully paid in cash	41,580,000	41,580,000
	6,413	10,556,413 Issued as fully paid bor		52,782,065
18,87	2,413	18,872,413	94,362,065	94,362,065

15.1 Related parties held 6,264,931 (2010: 6,264,931) ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each in the Company at year end.



	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
16. LONG-TERM FINANCING – secured			
Long-term loan Less: Current maturity	16.1	62,000,000 (11,625,000)	-
		50,375,000	*6

16.1 Represents utilized portion of loan facility obtained from a commercial bank amounting to Rs. 80 million carrying mark-up at the rate of three months' KIBOR plus 1.35% per annum, The loan is repayable in sixteen equal quarterly installments commencing from October 2011 and is secured against equitable mortgage and hypothecation of Company's fixed assets.

17. LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

	Minimum lease payments	Present value of MLP	Minimum Lease payments	Present value of MLP
	201	11	201	0
		Rup	ees	
Not later than one year	2,404,373	1,763,455	3,672,125	3,269,441
Later than one year but not later than five years	3,543,174	2,926,824	1,363,170	1,210,333
Total minimum lease payments	5,947,547	4,690,279	5,035,295	4,479,774
Less: Financial charges allocated to future periods	1,257,268		555,521	=
Present value of minimum lease payments	4,690,279	4,690,279	4,479,774	4,479,774
Less: Current maturity	1,763,455	1,763,455	3,269,441	3,269,441
	2,926,824	2,926,824	1,210,333	1,210,333

Represent finance leases entered into with a modaraba and a banking company for vehicles and plant and machinery respectively. The balance of the liability is payable by January 2013 in equal monthly installments. The above lease contracts contain a bargain purchase option. Monthly lease payments include finance charges ranging from three months' KIBOR+1% to six months' KIBOR+3% (2010: three months' KIBOR+1% to six months' KIBOR+3%) per annum, which is used as a discounting factor. The liability is partly secured by deposits of Rs. 0.132 million (2010: Rs. 0.386 million).

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Creditors		5,426,624	6,181,430
Creditors for capital expenditure			41,793,225
Bills payable		109,406,051	16,885,893
Accrued liabilities	18.1	54,478,987	48,277,251
Infrastructure cess payable	18.2	31,040,373	23,809,996
Workers' Welfare Fund		3,320,648	1,734,945
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	18.3	4,172,903	4,172,263
Vend / permit fee	18.4	4,552,438	4,552,438
Tax deducted at source		1,141,040	815,323
Unclaimed and unpaid dividend		893,802	894,730
Dividend payable		115,178	
		214,548,044	149,117,494



- 18.1 Include accrued for leave encashment of Rs. 8,523,322 (2010: Rs. 6,357,530) and bonus to employees of Rs. 10,362,786 (2010: Rs. 9,368,649).
- During the financial year 2009, the Honourable High Court of Sindh declared the levy of the Infrastructure cess / fee by the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh upto December 27, 2006 as ultra vires of the Constitution. However, the levy subsequent to December 27, 2006 was declared valid. The Company had filed an appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the above order of the High Court and as per the directions of the Supreme Court, approached the High Court by filing a fresh Constitution petition. During the current year, the High Court has granted stay on the said petition on the following terms:
- Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released upto November 27, 2006 shall be discharged and returned; and
- Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released after December 27, 2006 shall be
 encashed to the extent of 50% of the guaranteed/secured amount only and the bank
 guarantee/security for the balance amount will be kept alive till the disposal of the petitions.

In view of the interim nature of arrangement as provided in the above referred order of the High Court, the Company has retained full provision against the infrastructure cess fee payable for the period from December 2006 till June 2011.

The Company has provided a bank guarantee in favour of Excise and Taxation Department amounting to Rs. 34 million (2010: Rs. 26 million), out of which Rs. 2.96 million (2010: 2.19 million) remain un-utilized as of the year end.

18.3	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
	Balance at the beginning of the year Interest on funds utilized in the Company's business	26	4,172,263 118,354 4,290,617	4,148,244 127,534 4,275,778
	Allocation for the year	27	4,172,903 8,463,520	4,172,263 8,448,041
	Less: Payments made during the year Balance at the end of the year		4,290,617 4,172,903	4,275,778 4,172,263

18.4 Represents amount charged to certain customers in respect of vend and permit fee. Depending on the outcome of the law suit mentioned in note 20.1, the amount would either be paid to the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh or refunded to the customers. The Company has discontinued this practice of charging the fee from July 2002 in accordance with the industrial norms.

19. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS secured

Represent utilized portion of running finance facilities obtained from various banks amounting to Rs. 400 million (2010: Rs. 400 million). These are secured by hypothecation of stores and spares, stock-in-trade and trade debts of the Company. The rate of mark-up on these finances ranges from one months' KIBOR+0.75% to three months' KIBOR+1% (2010: one months' KIBOR+1.5%) per annum and payable quarterly.

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The facilities for foreign currency import financing obtained from banks amounting to Rs. 100 million (2010: Rs. 100 million) remained unutilized at the balance sheet date.

20. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

20.1 The Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh imposed vend and permit fee on methanol, a major raw material used by the Company in the production of formaldehyde. The Company filed a petition against the imposition of these levies in the High Court in August 1996. In June 2001, the High Court decided the case in the favour of the Company. However, the Department filed an appeal in the Supreme Court against the above judgement. The Supreme Court suspended the decision of the High Court and reverted the case back to the High Court for fresh hearing. High Court decided the case in favour of the Company.

The Department has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court which is pending final judgment / decision albeit having been heard at length on numerous dates.

Total alleged liability against vend and permit fee, as on 30 June 2011 works out at Rs. 930.390 million (2010: Rs. 863.713 million). Based on the legal advice, the Company is confident to get a favourable decision from the Supreme Court and, accordingly no provision for any liability has been made in these financial statements. Furthermore, management is making necessary efforts to resolve this matter and is confident that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern.

20.2 In 2007, the Taxation Officer issued an order for the recovery of Income Tax Credit amounting to Rs. 3.1 million pertaining to the assessment year 2002-03, allowed earlier u/s. 107AA of the Ordinance, on the plea that such credit could not be allowed in such cases where minimum tax u/s. 80D of the Ordinance, is leviable. Since in the said year the Company was subjected to minimum tax, the Taxation Officer passed orders for the recovery of previously refunded amount.

An appeal was filed with the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) against that order which has been vacated by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals). The Tax Department has filed an appeal with the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT), Karachi against the said order. The committee of ITAT has referred the case to Chairman ITAT for constitution of full bench. Appeal is kept pending till then.

As the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) has already decided the case in favour of the Company, the management is confident that the ultimate decision would be in its favour and therefore no provision has been made for the above demand in these financial statements.

Commitments	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
Outstanding letter of credits	148,364,263	87,502,000
Outstanding bank guarantees	7,485,147	3,314,000
Post dated cheques issued in favour of collector of customs	49,982,364	21,294,897



		Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
21.	TURNOVER - net			
	Sales Less: Sales tax Excise duty Sales return Trade discount		2,019,227,731 251,248,318 23,554,500 6,940,927 9,933,644 291,677,389 1,727,550,342	1,604,300,182 213,817,397 13,364,275 15,663,458 5,796,849 248,641,979 1,355,658,203
22.	COST OF SALES			
	Opening stock – raw and packing materials Purchases Inter division transfers-in Closing stock – raw and packing materials		131,796,799 1,260,879,789 240,283,515 1,632,960,103	108,049,907 914,134,166 149,033,610 1,171,217,683
	Inter division transfers-out		(203,552,747) (45,307,462)	(131,796,799) (19,685,485)
	Raw and packing materials consumed		1,384,099,894	1,019,735,399
	Manufacturing expenses			.81-1.33/235.
	Indirect material consumed Stores and spares consumed Fuel and power Salaries, wages and other benefits Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Repairs and maintenance Vehicles running and maintenance Postage, telephone and telex Storage and handling charges Traveling and conveyance Printing and stationery Depreciation and amortization Others Inter division transfers Cost of goods manufactured	6.3	5,228,145 21,933,540 105,745,079 110,218,401 420,614 3,159,198 18,840,053 2,607,557 561,004 10,135,885 2,426,099 406,039 22,567,046 4,435,083 308,683,743 1,692,783,637 (199,146,765) 1,493,636,872	8,749,654 20,145,640 81,954,672 89,063,960 122,500 2,733,715 17,022,552 2,090,481 626,966 10,432,034 563,593 288,889 20,199,009 2,880,238 256,873,903 1,276,609,302 (128,527,827) 1,148,081,475
	Finished goods		1,493,636,872	1,148,081,475
	Opening stock Closing stock		14,142,085 (29,236,960) (15,094,875) 1,478,541,997	12,450,214 (14,142,085) (1,691,871) 1,146,389,604



			2011	2010
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
23.	DISTRIBUTION COSTS		1.50	
	Salaries and other benefits		8,541,880	7,815,815
	Cartage and freight		98,875,547	75,614,562
	Rent, rates and taxes		675,271	622,305
	Insurance		115,092	142,022
	Repairs and maintenance		358,654	629,896
	Vehicles running and maintenance		1,128,065	906,635
	Postage, telephone and telex		496,819	466,946
	Traveling and conveyance		2,052,023	1,722,288
	Printing and stationery		14,647	19,028
	Electricity		375,973	10,851
	Depreciation	6.3	487,776	271,980
	Sales promotion		236,517	169,280
	Legal and professional charges		*	220,000
	Others		269,646	86,720
			113,627,910	88,698,328
0.4				
24.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries and other benefits		19,797,247	17,549,732
	Rent, rates and taxes			42,956
	Insurance		61,857	59,957
	Repairs and maintenance		1,337,546	1,222,786
	Vehicles running and maintenance		1,513,532	1,101,727
	Postage, telephone and telex		766,352	581,642
	Traveling and conveyance		1,933,142	2,041,585
	Printing and stationery		519,195	992,299
	Utilities		664,100	2.
	Depreciation	6.3	700,867	711,351
	Legal and professional charges		2,484,338	2,177,776
	Advertisement and publicity		138,663	243,588
	Charity and donations	24.1	784,000	778,000
	Auditors' remuneration	24.2	685,540	619,125
	ISO certification fees		409,055	417,626
	Others		1, 237,228	919,384
			33,032,662	29,459,534

24.1 Charity and donations

None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in any of the donees to whom donations were made during the year.

24.2 Auditors' remuneration

Audit fee	550,000	500,000
Fee for review of half yearly financial statements	55,000	50,000
Other certifications	27,500	25,000
Out of pocket expenses	53,040	44,125
	685,540	619,125



		Note	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
25.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME - net			
	Income from financial assets Profit on bank deposits		826,561	349,593
	Income from non-financial assets Scrap sales Gain on sale of fixed assets Insurance claim Exchange loss		358,704 116,762 423,214 (784,230) 114,450 941,011	377,444 445,627 763,936 (1,603,183) (16,176) 333,417
26.	FINANCE COSTS			
	Mark-up on: - Long-term financing - Short-term borrowings - Finance lease		6,029,967 11,082,052 688,363 17,800,382	5,462,687 665,258 6,127,945
	Interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank guarantees commission Bank charges	18.3	118,354 656,705 1,255,286 19,830,727	127,534 353,513 1,517,444 8,126,436
27.	OTHER CHARGES			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund	18.3	4,172,903 1,585,703 5,758,606	4,172,263 1,753,123 5,925,386
28.	TAXATION Current Prior Deferred		18,138,733 - 8,001,389	29,754,306 308,916 (3,226,502)
	Deletica		26,140,122	26,836,720

28.1 Provision for current taxation has been made on the basis of minimum tax on turnover under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance. Accordingly, tax expense reconciliation with the accounting profit is not presented.



29.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share which is based on :		
Profit after taxation (Rupees)	51,559,329	50,555,612
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	18,872,413	18,872,413
Earnings per share (Rupees)	2.73	2.68

30. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on their products and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- The resin division produces urea / melamine formaldehyde and formaldehyde; and
- The aminoplast division produces aminoplast compound.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of decisions making about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on certain key performance indicators, including business volume, gross profit and reduction in operating costs.

		2011			2010	
	Resin Division	Aminoplast Division Rupees	Total	Resin Division	Aminoplast Division Rupees	Total
Toronous and	929 A29 4EA	990 514 993	4 727 550 242	044 706 400	Employee about the Control of	LEGISLAND MANGETY STATE
Turnover – net	838,038,459	889,511,883	1,727,550,342	814,736,489	540,921,714	1,355,658,203
Cost of sales	(672,805,634)	(805,736,363)	(1,478,541,997)	(616,622,558)	(529,767,046)	(1,146,389,604)
Gross profit	165,232,825	83,775,520	249,008,345	198,113,931	11,154,668	209,268,599
Allocated distribution costs (Cartage and freight)	(86,974,944)	(11,900,603)	(98,875,547)	(68,756,641)	(6,857,921)	(75,614,562)
	78,257,881	71,874,917	150,132,798	129,357,290	4,296,747	133,654,037
Unallocated expenses:	013/4/4/50/01#19/5/4/			3 SSF 48 SS A SSF 2	01.00.00.00.00	1 3 m 2 m 2 m 1 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2
Administrative and distribution costs			(47,785,025)			(42,543,300)
Other operating income			941,011			333,417
Finance costs			(19,830,727)			(8,126,436)
Other charges			(5,758,606)			(5,925,386)
Taxation			(26,140,122)			(26,836,720)
Profit after taxation			51,559,329			50,555,612
		Occupant will			2000000000000	

		2011			2010	
	Resin Division	Aminoplast Division Rupees	Total	Resin Division	Aminoplast Division Rupees	Total
Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	313,972,260	354,104,036	668,076,296 186,229,026 854,305,322	291,161,725	254,641,688	545,803,413 105,272,272 651,075,685
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	76,066,349	5,647,380	81,713,729 306,143,455 387,857,184	30,483,048	90,522,307	121,005,355 101,027,211 222,032,566
Capital expenditure Unallocated capital expenditure Total capital expenditure	4,805,690	16,063,852	20,869,542 1,569,500 22,439,042	865,700	61,460,059	62,325,759 2,362,470 64,688,229
Depreciation Unallocated depreciation Total depreciation	9,984,393	12,582,653	22,567,046 1,188,643 23,755,689	14,730,825	5,468,184	20,199,009 983,331 21,182,340



30.1 Segment assets and liabilities

Segment assets include all operating assets by a segment and consist principally of property, plant and equipment, stock-in-trade and trade debts. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade and other payables.

30.2 Administrative costs, distribution costs (excluding cartage and freight), other operating income, finance costs, other charges and taxation is managed on Company basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below.

31.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rate and foreign exchange rates.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in respect of long-term financing, short term borrowings and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease with floating interest rate. Management of the Company estimates that 1% increase in market interest rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would decrease the Company's profit before tax by Rs. 856,546 and a 1% decrease would result in the increase in the Company's profit before tax by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual result may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where payables exist due to transactions in foreign currency.

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk amounting to Rs.109,406,051. Management of the Company estimates that 10% increase in exchange rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would decrease the Company's profit before tax by Rs.10,940,605 and a 10% decrease would result in the increase in the Company's profit before tax by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual result may differ from sensitivity analysis.

31.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

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The Company is mainly exposed to credit risk on trade debts and bank balances. The Company seeks to minimise the credit risk exposure through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable.

The table below provides the analysis of the credit quality of financial assets on the basis of external credit rating or the historical information about counter party default rates.

	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
The analysis of trade debts is as follows		
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired	175,821,098	148,451,274
- 61 to 90 days	18,425,859	20,863,751
- 91 to 180 days	13,414,273	7,992,814
	207,661,230	177,307,839
Bank balances		
Ratings		
A1+	63,569,582	67,476,594
A1		497
	63,569,582	67,477,091
	7	

31.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its funding requirements. To guard against the risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind. The maturity profile is monitored to ensure that adequate liquidity is maintained.

2011	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
	*************	Rupees		******
Long term financing Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Trade and other payables Accrued markup Short term borrowings	1,296,499 178,955,233 4,715,434 	11,625,000 466,956 35,592,811 95,706,104 143,390,871	50,375,000 2,926,824 53,301,824	62,000,000 4,690,279 214,548,044 4,715,434 95,706,104 381,659,861
2010	Less than 3 Months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Trade and other payables Accrued markup Short term borrowings	929,384 147,382,549 2,112,256 - 150,424,189	2,340,057 1,734,945 66,323,042 70,398,044	1,210,333	4,479,774 149,117,494 2,112,256 66,323,042 222,032,566

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32. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to remain as a going concern and continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company is currently financing majority of its operations through long-term and short-term financing in addition to its equity. The Company has a gearing ratio of 41% (2010: 26%) as of the balance sheet date, which in view of the management is adequate considering the size of the operations.

34. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise companies with common directorship, retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Detail of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

	2011 Rupees	2010 Rupees
Sales	30)	80,416,203
Purchases	44,863	380,626
Insurance premium paid	*)	4,929,547
Insurance claims received	*/	1,411,669
Contribution to provident fund	4,025,285	3,627,471

35. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

	2011		2010		
	Chief		Chief		
	Executive	Executives	Executive	Executives	
		Rup	ees	****	
Managerial remuneration	2,633,381	4,753,891	2,166,497	3,045,365	
Retirement and other benefits	979,554	1,937,195	1,038,888	1,378,155	
House rent	975,017	1,845,888	753,541	1,241,940	
	4,587,952	8,536,974	3,958,926	5,665,460	
Number of persons	1	5	1	3	



- 35.1 In addition, the Chief Executive and certain executives are provided with free use of Company maintained cars.
- Fee paid to non-executive directors for attending the Board meetings amounts to Rs. 90,000 (2010: Rs. 8,000)

36. CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

		2011		20	2010	
	Note	Rated	Actual production M.	Rated capacity	Actual production	
Resin division						
Urea/Melamine formaldehyde Formaldehyde		34,000 39,000	33,537 34,562	34,000 39,000	33,633 35,594	
	36.1	73,000	68,099	73,000	69,227	
Aminoplast division						
Aminoplast compound	36.1	12,000	10,896	10,000	8,031	

^{36.1} The reason for shortfall in actual production is low demand during the year.

37. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 08, 2011 (i) proposed cash dividend of Rs. 1.00 per share (2010: Rs. 0.75 per share) for the year ended June 30, 2011 amounting to Rs. 18.872 million for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 17, 2011.

GENERAL

- 38.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.
- 38.2 There were no material reclassifications that could affect the financial statements.

DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on September 08, 2011 by the Board of Directors of the Company.



COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC & PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT JUNE 30, 2011

CATEGORY NO.	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	NO. OF SHARE HOLDERS	CATEGORY WISE SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE %
1	INDIVIDUALS		1,284	4,622,593	24.49
2	INVESTMENT COMPANIES		1	2,200	0.01
3	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		13	1,590,009	8.43
4	DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND		5	11,000	0.06
	THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN				
	MR. PER HAGA				
	MR. SHABBIR ABBAS	1,000			
	MR. ALIREZA M. ALLADIN	1,000			
	MR. CHEW TECK LIONG				
	MR. DONALD JOHN JENKIN				
	MR. ALTAF NAZIM	1,000			
	MR. SAJID HASSAN (NOMINEE NIT)	8,000			
5	EXECUTIVES		248	=6	.9€5
6	NIT / ICP		4	1,835,784	9.73
	NATIONAL INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED	46,034			
	INVESTMENT CORPORATION	640			
	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	1,500			
	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - TRUSTEE DEPTT. NI(U)T FUND	1,787,610			
7	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND		1	6,264,931	33.20
	RELATED PARTIES				
	DYNEAASA	6,264,931			
8	PUBLIC SETOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS			-	
9	BANKS, DFIs, NBFIs, INSURANCE COMPANIES,		7	1,579,469	8.37
	MODARABAS & MUTUAL FUNDS				
10	FOREIGN INVESTORS		12	2,963,726	15.70
41	CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES		1	2,701	0.01
12	CHARITABLE TRUSTS			-	9/1
13	OTHERS	IV.		-	:es
	TOTAL		1,328	18,872,413	100.00

DYNEAASA		FALL IN CAT.# 7	6,264,931	33.20
NAME(S) OF SHARE-HOLDER(S)		DESCRIPTION	NO. OF SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE %
10% OF THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY	1,887,241	SHARES		
TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY	18,872,413	SHARES		
SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING TEN PERCENT OR MORE VOTING INTEREST IN				



COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC & PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT JUNE 30, 2011

NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDERS	SUMBERIOU DINICE DE E/ ENOU			TOTAL SHARES HELD		
480 348 156 239 34 10 3 5 4 5 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 101 501 1,001 5,001 10,001 15,001 20,001 25,001 35,001 40,001 45,001 65,001 70,001 75,001 100,001 110,001 135,001 145,001 150,001 150,001 150,001 170,001 170,001 170,001 170,001 200,001 210,001 245,001 255,001 345,001		100 500 1,000 5,000 10,000 15,000 20,000 25,000 30,000 35,000 40,000 45,000 60,000 65,000 70,000 75,000 105,000 115,000 115,000 150,000 155,000 155,000 205,000 205,000 205,000 250,000 260,000	14,480 96,414 122,803 586,671 242,642 124,662 53,333 115,354 114,000 162,950 77,251 88,909 233,210 116,196 60,215 198,486 74,344 153,807 101,285 113,000 140,000 149,690 151,198 161,874 170,169 195,018 201,761 211,000 250,000 257,583		
1 1 2 1 1 1 1	365,001 370,001 385,001 405,001 625,001 1,105,001 1,785,001 6,260,001		350,000 375,000 390,000 410,000 630,000 900,000 1,110,000 1,790,000 6,265,000	350,000 368,500 372,634 1,547,832 816,986 625,213 895,233 1,105,169 1,787,610 6,264,931		
1,328				18,872,413		