# dynea

## **DYNEA PAKISTAN LIMITED**

30th Annual Report For the year ended 30th June, 2012



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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Board of Directors:** 

Mr. Per Haga Chairman

Mr. Shabbir Abbas Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Donald John Jenkin Mr. Alireza M. Alladin Mr. Chew Teck Liong Mr. Altaf Nazim Mr. Sajid Hassan

**Audit Committee:** 

Mr. Alireza M. Alladin
Mr. Donald John Jenkin
Mr. Altaf Nazim

Chairman
Member
Member

**Human Resource Committee:** 

Mr. Donald John Jenkin
Mr. Alireza M. Alladin
Mr. Shabbir Abbas

Chairman
Member
Member

#### Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary:

Mr. Muhammad Shakeel Uddin

#### **Head of Internal Audit**

Mr. Adnan Husseini

#### Bankers:

M/s. Habib Bank Limited

M/s. Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd.

M/s. NIB Bank Limited

M/s. Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

M/s. United Bank Limited

#### Auditors :

M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants

#### Legal Advisors:

M/s.Sayeed & Sayeed, Advocates & Legal Consultants M/s.Shahid Anwar Bajwa Law Associates M/s.Zahid & Tariq Advocates

#### Share Registrar:

Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Limited, 1st Floor, House of Habib (Siddiqsons Tower) 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350. Ph: (92-21) 34325482 - 487 Fax: (92-21) 34325442

#### Registered Office :

1stFloor, House of Habib (SiddiqsonsTower) 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350. Ph: (92-21) 34520132 - 136 Fax: (92-21) 34392182

#### Factories :

#### **Hub Unit**

 A101 - A105, A132 - A136, Lasbella Industrial Estate Development Authority, Hub Chowki, Distt. Lasbella, Baluchistan. Ph: (92-853) 363706 - 09 Fax: (92-853) 363907

#### **Gadoon Unit**

 34-A, R-3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai, District Swabi, K.P. Ph: (92-938) 270150 - 52 Fax: (92-938) 270246



#### VISION AND MISSION STATEMENTS

## Vision

Dynea Pakistan is Market Leader in its core and diversified business, delighting its customers by providing quality products at competitive price through development of Market, product range, technology and human capital whilst ensuring sound return to stakeholders.

## Mission

Maximize productivity and sales of Formaldehyde, Amino Resins and Aminoplast Moulding Compounds and provide satisfaction to customers.



#### **NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

Notice is hereby given that the 30<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held on Thursday, October 25, 2012 at 12:00 p.m.at the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi to transact the following business:

- 1. To receive and adopt the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2012 together with the Report of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- 2. To approve a cash dividend of 30% (i.e. Rs.1.50 per share) as recommended by the Directors.
- 3. To appoint Auditors for the year 2012-13 and to fix their remuneration, the present auditors M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.

By Order of the Board

MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL UDDIN Company Secretary

Karachi: September 24, 2012

#### Notes:

- i) The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Friday, October 19, 2012 to Thursday, October 25, 2012 (both days inclusive) and the final dividend will be paid to the shareholders whose names will appear in the Register of members on October 18,2012. Shareholders (Non-CDC) are requested to promptly notify the Company's Registrar of any change in their addresses and submit, if applicable to them, the Non-deduction of Zakat Form CZ-50 with the Registrar of the Company M/S. Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Ltd.,1<sup>st</sup> Floor, House of Habib (Siddiqsons Tower) 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi. Tel: (92-21)34325482-87 (6 lines) Fax: (92-21)34325442. All the Shareholders holding the shares through the CDC are requested to please update their addresses and zakat status with their participants. This will assist in the prompt receipt of dividend.
- ii) A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote for him/her. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the Company.
- iii) Member who have not yet submitted photocopy of their computerized national identity card to the Company are requested to send at their earliest.

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated 26 January 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### A. For Attending the Meeting:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC), or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.



#### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

#### B. For Appointing Proxies:

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail is uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- ii. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv. The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- v. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) alongwith proxy form to the Company.



#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the Annual Audited Accounts of the company together with Auditors' Report thereon for the financial year ended June 30, 2012.

By the grace of Almighty Allah, during the year both our Resin and Aminoplast Moulding Compound Divisions at Hub and Gadoon performed efficiently and our customers' response for our products was encouraging, resulting in significant improvement in our profitability.

Summary of Financial Performance:	2012	2011	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Turnover Gross Profit	2,151,496 354,784	1,727,550 249,008	
Gross Profit as a % of Turnover	16.49%	14.41%	
Profit before Tax	161,872	77,699	
Profit after Tax	102,908	51,559	
Basic earnings per share	5.45	2.73	

#### **Resin Division**

Turnover in Resin Division amounted to a sum of Rs. 1,097.674 million as compared to that of Rs. 838.038 million in the previous financial year. Sales volume however, increased to the extent of 8.45% to a level of 34,361 Metric Tons as compared to that of 31,683 Metric Tons in previous year. Gross Profit on sale of Resin was recorded at Rs. 209.985 million as compared to that of Rs. 165.233 million for the previous financial year.

#### **Aminoplast Division**

Aminoplast Division generated turnover amounting to Rs. 1,053.822 million as against Rs. 889.512 million that was achieved during the previous financial year, showing an improvement of 18.47%. This division earned a gross profit of Rs. 144.799 million as compared to Rs. 83.776 million during the previous financial year.

Improvement in profitability was due to increase both in volumes and in average selling price of our products and reduction in cost of production owing to better plant efficiencies and effective implementation of our procurement policies.

#### **Future Outlook**

Competition for market share is likely to become very intense as market is expected to remain dull due to severe load shedding and additional capacities installed by our competitors both in Resin and Aminoplast Division. The operating environment in Pakistan continues to be challenging, because of slow progress in economy and security conditions. However, your management shall continue to make every effort to achieve its business objectives through effective and efficient planning and its execution. We will continue to improve production efficiencies and expand our customers' base to ensure long term sustainability of the Company.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Company fosters not only the culture of mutual respect among both officers and workers but also encourages them to share their valuable input towards improving the quality of work environment.

Company runs a well maintained primary school at the Jenson village. This school has been established primarily for company employees but children of the locality are allowed to study at that school. Presently there are 105 students out of whom 39 come from the local community. The company has provided computers at the school. Teachers were sent for Teacher Training Program at Al Murtaza Professional Development Center in Karachi in order to enhance their teaching skills.



#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

One percent of profit before taxation is donated to a Trust engaged in social welfare activities. Workers profit Participation Fund & Workers Welfare Fund are being regularly paid.

#### Contribution to the Exchequer

Our contribution to the national exchequer in the form of various taxes and levies for the year under review was Rs. 409 million (2011: Rs. 330 million).

#### **Code of Corporate Governance**

The management of the company is committed to good corporate governance and complying with best practices. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, the Directors are pleased to state as follows:

- 1. The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present fairly the Company's state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- 3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and the accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- **4.** International Financial Reporting Standards have been followed in preparation of the financial statement and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- **6.** There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern unless final decision comes against us in respect of the Vend and Permit Fee case mentioned below.
- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- 8. We have prepared and circulated a Code of Conduct to every director and employee.
- 9. The Board of Directors has adopted Vision and Mission statement.
- 10. Information about taxes and levies is given in the notes to the accounts.
- 11. Value of investment in the Company's provident fund scheme based on un-audited accounts for the year ended June 30, 2012 stands at Rs.78.361 million.
- 12. Statements are annexed in respect of the following:
  - Key financial data for the last six years.
  - Pattern of Shareholding.
- 13. During the year under review, five meetings of the Board of Directors were attended as under:

<u>Directors</u>	<u>Attended</u>
Mr. Per Haga	5/5 (all by alternate director)
Mr. Donald John Jenkin	5/5
Mr. Shabbir Abbas	5/5
Mr. Alireza M. Alladin	5/5
Mr. Chew Teck Liong	5/5 (all by alternate director)
Mr. Sajid Hassan	5/5
Mr. Altaf Nazim	3/5

Mr. Shabbir Abbas, Mr. Alireza M. Alladin and Mr. Donald John Jenkin are Certified Directors of Corporate Governance from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).



#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **Vend Fee and Permit Fee**

As regards Vend and Permit Fee case, Sindh High Court has already pronounced very strong and favorable decisions. Presently the case is pending with the learned Supreme Court of Pakistan. In view of the merits of the case and previous two favourable decisions of the Sindh High Court, the management is expecting a favourable decision from the apex Court and is making necessary efforts to continue as a going concern.

#### **Appointment of Auditors**

The retiring auditors M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the ensuing year. They have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

#### **Dividend and Appropriations:**

The Director's propose the following appropriations out of the profit for the current year:

- Cash dividend of Rs 1.50 per share i.e. 30%.
- Recommends an appropriation of Rs 300 million from unappropriated profit to General Reserve.

#### Acknowledgement

The Directors wish to acknowledge and appreciate the dedication and efforts of all its employees for achieving satisfactory results for the year. The support and cooperation received from the financial institutions, customers and other institutions associated with the Company is also gratefully acknowledged.

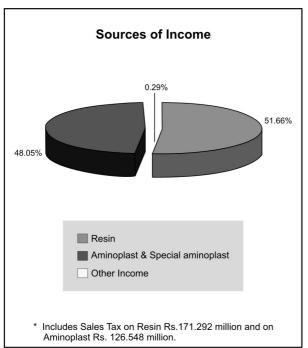
On behalf of the Board of Directors

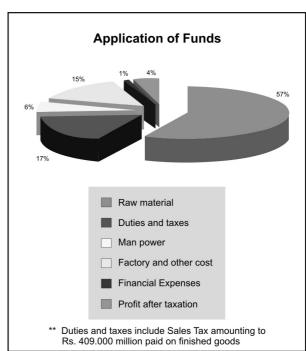


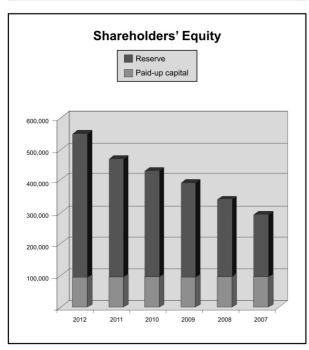
## KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

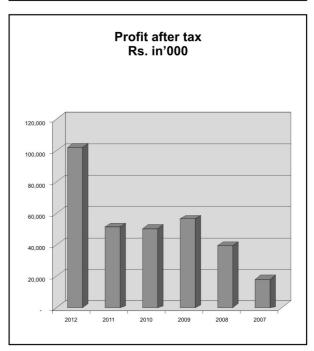
	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07
			Rupees i	n thousands		
FINANCIAL POSITION:						
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	550,483	466,448	429,043	392,642	336,368	296,523
TOTAL ASSETS	930,695	854,305	651,076	499,282	652,291	543,891
OPERATING RESULTS:						
TURNOVER	2,151,496	1,727,550	1,355,658	1,296,974	1,261,973	1,174,891
PROFIT / (LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	161,872	77,699	77,392	77,196	64,632	27,119
TAXATION	(58,965)	(26,140)	(26,836)	(20,922)	(24,787)	(9,409)
PROFIT / (LOSS) AFTER TAXATION	102,908	51,559	50,556	56,274	39,845	17,710
EARNING / (LOSS) PER SHARE Rs.	5.45	2.73	2.68	2.98	2.11	0.94
CASH DIVIDEND DECLARED %	<b>30%</b> (proposed)	20%	15%	15%	-	15%

## dynea











#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) contained in the Listing Regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The purpose of the Code is to establish a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interest on its Board of Directors (the Board). At present, the Board comprises of seven directors which includes six non-executive directors.
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including the Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. No casual vacancy occurred in the Board during the year.
- 5. The Company has prepared a 'Code of Conduct', and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the director elected by the directors present in the meeting due to the absence of the Chairman. The Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. Three directors of the Company are duly certified directors. In future arrangements will also be made for other directors for acquiring certification under the Directors Training Program where applicable.
- 10. The Board has approved the appointment of Head of Internal Audit and subsequent to the balance sheet date the Head of Internal Audit has been appointed. No new appointment of CFO and Company Secretary has been made during the year while a change in the remuneration was approved by the Board.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.



#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an audit committee which comprises of three non-executive directors.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company as required by the Code. The term of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed an HR and remuneration committee it comprises of two non-executive directors and one executive director. The chairman of the committee is a non-executive Director.
- 18. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a full time basis.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The close period ,prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, Executive and Stock Exchanges.
- 22. Material price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with except that the position of the Company Secretary and CFO is held by the same person. The said decision has been taken by the Board keeping in view the size of the Company.

SHABBIR ABBAS Chief Executive DONALD JOHN JENKIN Director

Karachi: September 11, 2012



#### REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

#### WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) for the year ended 30 June 2012 prepared by the Board of Directors of Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) to comply with the Listing Regulations No. 35 (chapter XI) of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquire of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, the Listing Regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges require the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval of related party transactions, distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price, recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the Audit Committee of the Company. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the Audit Committee of the Company. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code.

Karachi : September 11, 2012 Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder
Chartered Accountants



#### **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **Dynea Pakistan Limited** (the Company) as at **30 June 2012** and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:
  - the balance sheet and profit and loss account, together with the notes thereon, have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company.
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2012 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

We draw attention to note 20.1.1 to the financial statements which describes that the Company is defendant in a lawsuit alleging non-payment of vend and permit fee of Rs. 994.099 million on methanol to the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh. The ultimate outcome of the matter cannot presently be determined and no provision for any liability that may result has been made in these financial statements. In the event of an unsuccessful outcome, there is a substantial doubt as to whether the Company will be able to continue as a going concern. Our report is not qualified in respect of above matter.

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner : Shariq Ali Zaidi



## BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	6	170,052,552	163,917,702
Long-term loans	7	75,104	53,938
Long-term deposits	8	1,717,526	1,711,526
		171,845,182	165,683,166
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	9	9,771,875	8,257,175
Stock-in-trade	10	400,046,840	339,106,271
Trade debts	11	231,319,088	207,661,230
Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	12	13,811,305	16,981,051
Sales tax adjustable		17,124,460	11,608,092
Taxation – net		24,200,206	41,307,107
Cash and bank balances	13	62,576,362	63,701,230
		758,850,136	688,622,156
TOTAL ASSETS		930,695,318	854,305,322
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital 40,000,000 (2011: 40,000,000) ordinary			
shares of Rs.5/- each	:	200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	14	94,362,065	94,362,065
Reserves		456,121,299	372,086,073
		550,483,364	466,448,138
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financing	15	45,675,000	50,375,000
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	16	1,244,639	2,926,824
Deferred taxation	17	11,502,445	6,197,323
	,	58,422,084	59,499,147
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	18	220,779,635	214,548,044
Accrued mark-up		4,399,183	4,715,434
Short-term borrowings	19	74,641,419	95,706,104
Current portion of			
- long-term financing	15	20,300,000	11,625,000
<ul> <li>liabilities against assets subject tofinance lease</li> </ul>	16	1,669,633	1,763,455
		321,789,870	328,358,037
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		930,695,318	854,305,322

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SHABBIR ABBAS
Chief Executive

DONALD JOHN JENKIN



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## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
Turnover – net	21	2,151,496,044	1,727,550,342
Cost of sales	22	(1,796,711,989)	(1,478,541,997)
Gross profit		354,784,055	249,008,345
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	23 24	(126,411,697) (39,503,913) (165,915,610)	(113,627,910) (33,032,662) (146,660,572)
Other operating income	25	7,188,941	941,011
Operating profit		196,057,386	103,288,784
Finance costs Other charges	26 27	(22,379,912) (11,805,086) (34,184,998)	(19,830,727) (5,758,606) (25,589,333)
Profit before taxation		161,872,388	77,699,451
Taxation	28	(58,964,749)	(26,140,122)
Profit after taxation		102,907,639	51,559,329
Basic and diluted earnings per share	29	5.45	2.73

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SHABBIR ABBAS
Chief Executive

DONALD JOHN JENKIN
Director



## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

2012 2011 Rupees Rupees

**Net profit for the year** 102,907,639 51,559,329

Other comprehensive income - -

Total comprehensive income for the year 102,907,639 51,559,329

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SHABBIR ABBAS
Chief Executive

DONALD JOHN JENKIN



## Cash flow statement for the year ended june 30, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
Profit before taxation		161,872,388	77,699,451
Adjustments for : Depreciation Provision for doubtful debts – reversed Finance costs Gain on disposal of fixed assets	6.3 11.1 26 25	29,627,716 (4,942,415) 22,379,912 (83,532) 46,981,681 208,854,069	23,755,689 - 19,830,727 (116,762) 43,469,654 121,169,105
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			,
Stores and spares Stock-in-trade Trade debts Sales tax adjustable Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receiva	bles	(1,514,700) (60,940,569) (18,715,443) (5,516,368) 3,169,746 (83,517,334)	(1,519,982) (137,013,604) (30,353,391) (11,309,764) (7,098,890) (187,295,631)
Trade and others payables		8,033,504	69,324,476
		133,370,239	3,197,950
Finance costs paid Income tax paid Long-term loans and deposits		(22,696,163) (38,502,230) (27,166)	(17,227,549) (41,752,760) (492,500)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		72,144,680	(56,274,859)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(22 122 222)	
Fixed capital expenditure Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		(36,127,786) 448,752	(22,439,042) 1,285,320
Net cash used in investing activities		(35,679,034)	(21,153,722)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipt of long-term loan Lease rentals paid Dividend paid		3,975,000 (1,776,007) (18,724,822)	62,000,000 (3,896,495) (14,040,060)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(16,525,829)	44,063,445
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		19,939,817	(33,365,136)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		(32,004,874)	1,360,262
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year		(12,065,057)	(32,004,874)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE:	13	62 576 262	62 701 220
Cash and bank balances Short-term borrowings	13	62,576,362 (74,641,419)	63,701,230 (95,706,104)
		(12,065,057)	(32,004,874)

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SHABBIR ABBAS
Chief Executive

**DONALD JOHN JENKIN** 



### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Issued,				
	subscribed and paid-up capital	General reserve	Unappropriated Profit	Total	Total
			Rupees		
Balance as at June 30, 2010	94,362,065	101,000,000	233,681,054	334,681,054	429,043,119
Final dividend for the year ended					
June 30, 2010 @ Re. 0.75 per share	-	-	(14,154,310)	(14,154,310)	(14,154,310)
Net profit for the year	-	-	51,559,329	51,559,329	51,559,329
Other comprehensive income	_	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	51,559,329	51,559,329	51,559,329
Balance as at June 30, 2011	94,362,065	101,000,000	271,086,073	372,086,073	466,448,138
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2011 @ Re. 1 per share	-	-	(18,872,413)	(18,872,413)	(18,872,413)
Net profit for the year	_	_	102,907,639	102,907,639	102,907,639
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	102,907,639	102,907,639	102,907,639
Balance as at June 30, 2012	94,362,065	101,000,000	355,121,299	456,121,299	550,483,364

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**SHABBIR ABBAS** 

Chief Executive

**DONALD JOHN JENKIN** 



#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

#### 1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Dynea Pakistan Limited (the Company) was incorporated on June 20, 1982, in Pakistan as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984) and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore stock exchanges in Pakistan. It is engaged in the manufacture and sale of formaldehyde, urea/melamine formaldehyde and aminoplast compound. The registered office of the Company is situated at 1st Floor, House of Habib (Siddiqsons Tower), 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block-7/8, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are as notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

#### 2.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards and amendments with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standards	Effective date (accounting
	periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 7	<ul> <li>Financial Instruments: Disclosures - (Amendments)</li> <li>Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities</li> </ul>	01 January 2013
IAS 1	- Presentation of Financial Statements - Presentation of Items of comprehensive income	01 July 2012
IAS 12	- Income Taxes (Amendment) - Recovery of Underlying Assets	01 January 2012
IAS 19	- Employee Benefits - (Amendment)	01 January 2013
IAS 32	- Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities - (Amendment)	01 January 2014

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revisions and amendments of the standards will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.



IASB effective

#### **N**OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Standards

date
(accounting periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement
IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements
IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements
IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement

date
(accounting periods beginning on or after)

01 January 2015
01 January 2013
01 January 2013

#### 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- **3.2** These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4.1 New and amended standards and interpretations

The Company has adopted the following new and amended IFRS and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations which became effective during the year:

IFRS 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amendment)

IAS 24 - Related Party Disclosures (Revised)

IFRIC 14 - Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (Amendment)

In May 2010, International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued amendments to various standards primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. These improvements are listed below;

IFRS 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Clarification of disclosures

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

Clarification of statement of changes in equity

IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting

Significant events and transactions

IFRIC 13 - Customer Loyalty Programmes

Fair value of award credits

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any material effect on the financial statements.



#### 4.2 Property, plant and equipment

#### Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any, except for freehold land and capital work-in-progress which are stated at cost. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account using the straight line method, other than freehold land which is determined to have an indefinite life, at the rates specified in note 6.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month of addition and in case of deletions upto the month of disposal. Leasehold land is amortized in equal installments over the lease period.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are taken to profit and loss account currently.

#### Leased

Assets held under finance leases are capitalized at the lower of present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and the fair value of leased assets. The related obligations under finance lease less finance charges allocated to future periods are shown as liabilities. Finance cost is calculated at the rate implicit in the lease and is charged to profit and loss account. Depreciation is charged to income on the same basis as for owned assets.

#### 4.3 Impairment of assets

The carrying value of assets is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets or related cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amounts Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

#### 4.4 Stores and spares

These are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). Provision is made for slow moving items when considered necessary.

#### 4.5 Stock-in-trade

These are stated at the lower of NRV and cost determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials

- Weighted average cost

Finished goods

Cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads

Goods in transit and stock in bonded warehouse

Invoice price plus other charges paid thereon

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.



#### 4.6 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts originated by the Company are recognized and carried at original invoice amount less provision for impairment. Other receivables are carried at cost less provision for impairment. Provision for impairment is based on management's assessment of customers outstanding, and credit worthiness. Bad debts are written off as and when identified.

#### 4.7 liarah rentals

ljarah payments for assets under ljarah agreements are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the ljarah term.

#### 4.8 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances net off short-term borrowings.

#### 4.9 Long and short-term borrowings

These are recorded at the proceeds received. Installments due within one year are shown as a current liability and mark-up on borrowings is charged as an expense on an accrual basis.

#### 4.10 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 4.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the balance sheet where the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

#### 4.12 Financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets are realised, expired or surrendered. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.13 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to recognize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



#### 4.14 Staff benefits

#### **Provident fund**

The Company operates a recognized provident fund for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Company and the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The Company has no further obligation once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Company are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due.

#### Compensated absences

The Company accounts for these benefits in the accounting period in which the absences are earned.

#### 4.15 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of tax after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduces to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax loss) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### 4.16 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

#### 4.17 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded when goods are dispatched to customers.

Profit on bank deposits is recognized on accrual basis.



#### 4.18 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.19 Dividends and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to the reserves are recognized in the period in which these are approved.

#### 4.20 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to decision-maker. The decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

#### 5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

	<ul><li>determining the residual values and useful lives of proper</li><li>valuation of inventories</li><li>provision for impairment of trade debts</li></ul>	ty, plant a	and equipment	4.2, 4.3 & 6 4.4, 4.5, 9 & 10 4.6 & 11
	<ul><li>provision for deferred tax</li><li>contingencies</li></ul>			4.15, 17 & 28 20
		Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
6.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	6.1	170,052,552	163,917,702

Note



#### 6.1 Operating Fixed Assets

	COST					DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION				BOOK VALUE
	As at July 01, 2011	Additions / *transfers	Disposals	As at June 30, 2012	Rate	As at July 01, 2011	Charge for the year / *transfers	Disposals	As at June 30, 2012	As at June 30, 2012
Owned		Rup	ees				Rupe	es		Rupees
Freehold land	659,961	-	-	659,961	-	-	-	-	-	659,961
Leasehold land	4,164,884	-	-	4,164,884	99 years	598,268	42,062	-	640,330	3,524,554
Buildings on freehold land	20,307,457	-	-	20,307,457	10%	15,569,989	526,385	-	16,096,374	4,211,083
Buildings on leasehold land	56,749,664	6,579,117	-	63,328,781	10%	27,374,280	3,355,119	-	30,729,399	32,599,382
Plant and machinery	377,762,381	28,996,194	-	406,758,575	16.67%	265,009,251	22,457,776	-	287,467,027	119,291,548
Electrical installations	16,338,433	-	-	16,338,433	16.67%	14,433,039	381,078	-	14,814,117	1,524,316
Furniture and fittings	468,834	-	-	468,834	20%	119,503	87,333	-	206,836	261,998
Office equipments	2,318,095	72,000		2,390,095	20%	1,411,551	227,213	-	1,638,764	751,331
Computers and accessories	3,126,958	480,475	(89,010)	3,518,423	33%	2,534,602	342,753	(68,406)	2,808,949	709,474
Vehicles	7,591,364	*1,324,351	(1,836,500)	7,079,215	20%	4,924,250	881,912 *611,520	(1,491,884)	4,925,798	2,153,417
Storage tanks	2,507,035		-	2,507,035	20%	2,113,354	98,420		2,211,774	295,261
	491,995,066	36,127,786 *1,324,351	(1,925,510)	527,521,693		334,088,087	28,400,051 *611,520	(1,560,290)	361,539,368	165,982,325
Leased							,			
Plant and machinery	7,000,054	-	-	-	20%	-	-	-	-	
Vehicles	7,398,351	*(1,324,351)		6,074,000	20%	1,387,628	1,227,665 *(611,520)	-	2,003,773	4,070,227
	7,398,351	*(1,324,351)	-	6,074,000		1,387,628	1,227,665 *(611,520)	-	2,003,773	4,070,227
2012	499,393,417	36,127,786	(1,925,510)	533,595,693		335,475,715	29,627,716	(1,560,290)	363,543,141	170,052,552

## **6.1.1** During the year, borrowing costs have been capitalized amounting to Rs.0.919 million (2011: Rs. 2.582 million) by using weighted average capitalization rate of 13.14% (2011: 13.68%).

	COST					DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION				BOOK VALUE
	As at July 01, 2010	Additions / *transfers	Disposals	As at June 30, 2011	Rate	As at July 01, 2010	Charge for the year / *transfers	Disposals	As at June 30, 2011	As at June 30, 2011
0		Rup	ees				Rupe	es		Rupees
Owned Freehold land	659,961	-		659,961	-	-	-	-	-	659,961
Leasehold land	4,164,884	-	-	4,164,884	99 years	556,206	42,062	-	598,268	3,566,616
Buildings on freehold land	20,307,457	-	-	20,307,457	10%	15,043,603	526,386	-	15,569,989	4,737,468
Buildings on leasehold land	38,373,911	18,375,753	-	56,749,664	10%	24,843,199	2,531,081	-	27,374,280	29,375,384
Plant and machinery	311,123,433	60,088,948 *6,550,000	-	377,762,381	16.67%	244,478,954	18,032,564 *2,497,733		265,009,251	112,753,130
Electrical installations	16,338,433	-	-	16,338,433	16.67%	14,051,958	381,081	-1	14,433,039	1,905,394
Furniture and fittings	178,134	290,700		468,834	20%	32,170	87,333	-	119,503	349,331
Office equipments	1,847,295	470,800	-	2,318,095	20%	1,185,348	226,203	-	1,411,551	906,544
Computers and accessories	2,704,558	422,400	-	3,126,958	33%	2,414,414	120,188	-	2,534,602	592,356
Vehicles	7,501,710	143,500 *2,547,000	(2,600,846)	7,591,364	20%	3,925,024	789,151 *1,642,363	(1,432,288)	4,924,250	2,667,114
Storage tanks	2,507,035	-	-	2,507,035	20%	2,014,934	98,420	-	2,113,354	393,681
	405,706,811	79,792,101 *9,097,000	(2,600,846)	491,995,066		308,545,810	22,834,469 *4,140,096	(1,432,288)	334,088,087	157,906,979
Leased										
Plant and machinery	6,550,000	*(6,550,000)	-	-	20%	2,497,733	*(2,497,733)	-	-	-
Vehicles	5,838,351	4,107,000 *(2,547,000)	-	7,398,351	20%	2,108,771	921,220 *(1,642,363)	-	1,387,628	6,010,723
	12,388,351	4,107,000 *(9,097,000)	-	7,398,351		4,606,504	921,220 *(4,140,096)	-	1,387,628	6,010,723
2011	418,095,162	83,899,101	(2,600,846)	499,393,417		313,152,314	23,755,689	(1,432,288)	335,475,715	163,917,702
2011	,,	-	(=,530,040)	,,411			-	(.,,2,200)	225, 276,776	



**6.2** The following fixed assets were disposed off during the year:

		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value Rupees	Sale proceeds	Gain/ (loss)	Mode of Disposal	Particul	ars of buyers
	Vehicle (Toyota Corolla)	879,000	662,978	216,022	290,100	74,078	As per Company's police	y Mr. Syed Minhaji	uddin (employee)
	Vehicle (Toyota Corolla)	879,000	756,587	122,413	134,652	12,239	As per Company's police	Mr.Muhammad S Company Secret	Shakeel Uddin(CFO & tary)
	Vehicle (Honda C G-125)	78,500	72,319	6,181	7,000	819	As per Company's police	y Mr. Muhammad	Ali (employee)
	Laptop	89,010	68,406	20,604	17,000	(3,604)	Negotiation	Icon Sourcing Se	ervices
	2012 2011	<b>1,925,510</b> 2,600,846	1,560,290 1,432,288	<b>365,220</b> 1,168,558	448,752 1,285,320	<b>83,532</b> 116,762			
6.3	Depreciation / a	mortizati	on charge	for the ye	ear has b	een allo	Note cated	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	as follows:								
	Distribution c	stribution costs 23 dministrative expenses 24					27,891,729 700,108 1,035,879 29,627,716	22,567,046 487,776 700,867 23,755,689	
7.	LONG-TERM L	OANS-	secured, c	onsider	ed good		=		
	Due from em Less: Current						7.1 12.1 _	177,539 102,435 75,104	138,044 84,106 53,938

7.1 Interest free loans are granted for purchase of property, motor vehicles and for miscellaneous purposes to the employees which are repayable within a maximum period of three years as per the Company's policy. These loans are secured against the retirement benefits of the employees.

8.	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Water and Power Development Authority Lasbela Industrial Estate Development Authority Others	823,200 662,870 231,456 1,717,526	823,200 662,870 225,456 1,711,526
9.	STORES AND SPARES		
	Stores Spares	5,863,197 3,908,678 9,771,875	3,993,157 4,264,018 8,257,175

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### **N**OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
10.	STOCK-IN-TRADE	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Raw material: In hand In bonded warehouse In transit  Packing material Finished goods		246,834,659 60,433,893 46,851,382 354,119,934 4,517,982 41,408,924 400,046,840	200,129,358 53,321,827 52,994,737 306,445,922 3,423,389 29,236,960 339,106,271
11.	TRADE DEBTS – unsecured			
	Considered good Considered doubtful Less: Provision for impairment	11.1	231,319,088 35,057,585 266,376,673 35,057,585 231,319,088	207,661,230 40,000,000 247,661,230 40,000,000 207,661,230
11.1	Reconciliation of provision for impairment of trade debts			
	Balance at the beginning of the year Reversal during the year Balance at the end of the year		40,000,000 (4,942,415) 35,057,585	40,000,000
12.	LOANS, ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Loans -unsecured, considered good			
	- Executives - Other staff	12.1	60,000 2,058,773 2,118,773	286,772 1,789,444 2,076,216
	Advances - unsecured, considered good			
	- Suppliers and contractors - Employees		9,916,525 106,195 10,022,720	12,660,297 228,748 12,889,045
	Deposits Prepayments		964,503 567,422	1,365,000 557,040
	Other receivables		137,887	93,750
			13,811,305	16,981,051

**12.1** Includes current portion of long-term loan to employees amounting to Rs. 0.102 million (2011: Rs. 0.084 million).



13.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Cash in hand With banks		149,691	131,648
	- current accounts		60,992,907	49,222,697
	<ul> <li>PLS saving account</li> </ul>	13.1	1,433,764	14,346,885
			62,426,671	63,569,582
			62,576,362	63,701,230

13.1 This carries profit at the rate of 10% (2011: 10.25%) per annum.

#### 14. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

Number of shares of R			
2012	2011		
8,316,000	8,316,000 Fully paid in cash	41,580,000	41,580,000
10,556,413 18,872,413	10,556,413 Issued as fully paid bonus shares 18,872,413	52,782,065 94,362,065	52,782,065 94,362,065

**14.1** A related party held 6,264,931 (2011: 6,264,931) ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each in the Company at year end.

15.	LONG-TERM FINANCING – secured		Rupees	Rupees
	Long-term loan	15.1	65,975,000	62,000,000
	Less: Current portion		20,300,000	11,625,000
			45,675,000	50,375,000

15.1 Represents utilized portion of loan facility obtained from a commercial bank amounting to Rs. 80 million carrying mark-up at the rate of three months' KIBOR plus 1.35% per annum. The loan is repayable in sixteen equal quarterly installments commencing from October 2011 and is secured against equitable mortgage and hypothecation of Company's fixed assets.

#### 16. LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

	Lease Payments (MLP)	Present value of MLP	Lease Payments (MLP)	Present value of MLP
	201	12	201	1
		Rup	ees	
Not later than one year	1,974,785	1,669,633	2,404,373	1,763,455
Later than one year but not later than five years	1,481,794	1,244,639	3,543,174	2,926,824
Total minimum lease payments	3,456,579	2,914,272	5,947,547	4,690,279
Less: Financial charges allocated to				
future periods	542,307	-	1,257,268	-
Present value of minimum lease payments	2,914,272	2,914,272	4,690,279	4,690,279
Less: Current portion	1,669,633	1,669,633	1,763,455	1,763,455
	1,244,639	1,244,639	2,926,824	2,926,824

Minimum

Minimum



Represent finance leases entered into with a modaraba and a banking company for vehicles and plant and machinery respectively. The balance of the liability is payable by April 2016 in equal monthly installments. The above lease contracts contain a bargain purchase option. Monthly lease payments include finance charges at the rate of six months KIBOR+2.75% (2011: three months' KIBOR+1% to six months' KIBOR+3%) per annum, which is used as a discounting factor.

17.	DEFERRED TAXATION	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Taxable temporary differences arising due to: - Accelerated tax depreciation - Assets subject to finance lease		25,265,097 404,583 25,669,680	21,632,249 462,155 22,094,404
	Deductable temporary differences arising due to: - Provisions - Difference between turnover tax and taxable income		(12,270,154) (1,897,081) (14,167,235) 11,502,445	(14,000,000) (1,897,081) (15,897,081) 6,197,323
18.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors Bills payable Accrued liabilities Infrastructure cess payable Workers' Welfare Fund Workers' Profits Participation Fund Vend / permit fee Tax deducted at source Unclaimed and unpaid dividend Dividend payable	18.1 18.2 18.3 18.4	5,780,168 105,525,107 65,702,250 24,921,865 3,121,212 8,683,874 4,552,438 1,336,150 964,217 192,354 220,779,635	5,426,624 109,406,051 54,478,987 31,040,373 3,320,648 4,172,903 4,552,438 1,141,040 893,802 115,178 214,548,044

- **18.1** Include accrual for leave encashment of Rs. 6.751 million (2011: Rs. 8.523 million) and bonus to employees of Rs. 15.843 million (2011: Rs. 10.363 million).
- During the financial year 2009, the Honourable High Court of Sindh declared the levy of the Infrastructure cess / fee by the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh upto December 27, 2006 as ultra vires of the Constitution. However, the levy subsequent to December 27, 2006 was declared valid. The Company filed an appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the above order of the High Court and as per the directions of the Supreme Court, approached the High Court by filing a fresh Constitution petition. The High Court granted stay on the said petition on the following terms:
  - Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released upto December 27, 2006 shall be discharged and returned; and
  - Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released after December 27, 2006 shall
    be encashed to the extent of 50% of the guaranteed/secured amount only and the bank
    guarantee/security for the balance amount will be kept alive till the disposal of the petitions.

In view of the interim nature of arrangement as provided in the above referred order of the High Court, the Company has retained full provision against the infrastructure cess fee payable for the period from December 27, 2006 till June 30, 2012.



The Company has provided a bank guarantee in favour of Excise and Taxation Department amounting to Rs. 15.45 million (2011: Rs. 34 million), out of which Rs. 0.40 million (2011: Rs. 2.96 million) remained unutilized as of the year end.

18.3 Workers' Profits Particip	ation Fund	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
Balance at the beginning			4,172,903	4,172,263
Interest on funds utilized	in the Company's business	26	327,645	118,354
			4,500,548	4,290,617
Allocation for the year			8,683,874	4,172,903
		-	13,184,422	8,463,520
Less: Payments made d	uring the year		4,500,548	4,290,617
Balance at the end of the	year		8,683,874	4,172,903

18.4 Represents amount charged to certain customers in respect of vend and permit fee. Depending on the outcome of the law suit mentioned in note 20.1, the amount would either be paid to the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh or refunded to the customers. The Company has discontinued this practice of charging the fee from July 2002 in accordance with the industrial norms.

#### 19. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS - secured

Represents utilized portion of running finance facilities obtained from various banks amounting to Rs. 400 million (2011: Rs. 400 million). These are secured by hypothecation of stores and spares, stock-in-trade and trade debts of the Company. The rate of mark-up on these finances ranges from one months' KIBOR+0.75% to three months' KIBOR+1% (2011: one months' KIBOR+0.75% to three months' KIBOR+1%) per annum and payable quarterly.

The facilities for foreign currency import financing obtained from banks amounting to Rs. 100 million (2011: Rs. 100 million) remained unutilized at the balance sheet date.

#### 20. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 20.1 Contingencies

20.1.1 The Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh imposed vend and permit fee on methanol, a major raw material used by the Company in the production of formaldehyde. The Company filed a petition against the imposition of these levies in the High Court in August 1996. In June 2001, the High Court decided the case in the favour of the Company. However, the Department filed an appeal in the Supreme Court against the above judgement. The Supreme Court suspended the decision of the High Court and reverted the case back to the High Court for fresh hearing. High Court decided the case in favour of the Company.

The Department has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court which is pending final judgment / decision albeit having been heard at length on numerous dates.

Total alleged liability against vend and permit fee, as on 30 June 2012 works out at Rs. 994.099 million (2011: Rs. 930.390 million). Based on the legal advice, the Company is confident to get a favourable decision from the Supreme Court and, accordingly no provision for any liability has been made in these financial statements. Furthermore, the management is making necessary efforts to resolve this matter and is confident that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern.



20.1.2 In 2007, the Taxation Officer issued an order for the recovery of Income Tax Credit amounting to Rs. 3.1 million pertaining to the assessment year 2002-03, allowed earlier u/s 107AA of the Ordinance, on the plea that such credit could not be allowed in such cases where minimum tax u/s 80D of the Ordinance, is leviable. Since in the said year the Company was subjected to minimum tax, the Taxation Officer passed orders for the recovery of previously refunded amount.

An appeal was filed with the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) against that order which has been vacated by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals). The Tax Department has filed an appeal with the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT), Karachi against the said order. The committee of ITAT has referred the case to Chairman ITAT for constitution of full bench. Appeal is kept pending till then.

As the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) has already decided the case in favour of the Company, the management is confident that the ultimate decision would be in its favour and therefore no provision has been made for the above demand in these financial statements.

20.1.3 The Company exports Silver Catalyst for renovation/repair / maintenance purposes. On its re-import the Customs authorities refused to extend the benefit of zero rating of Customs Duty under PCT heading 9918 due to a change in the said heading. Earlier the term 'goods' provided exemption to all goods, however, through this amendment the scope of exemption has been restricted to 'machinery and equipment'.

Silver Catalyst broadly fall within the definition of plant and machinery as held by the Supreme Court of Pakistan in its decision (PTCL 2005 CL 622). This case has been referred to FBR for favourable decision against duties / taxes levied amounting to Rs. 2.257 million. In view of said judgment and based on the advice of the consultant, the Company is confident to get a favourable decision, hence no provision thereagainst has been made in the financial statements.

	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
20.2 Commitments		
20.2.1 Outstanding letters of credit	133,218,672	148,364,263
20.2.2 Outstanding bank guarantees	7,485,147	7,485,147
20.2.3 Post dated cheques issued in favour of Collector of Customs	55,077,546	49,982,364
20.2.4 Commitments for rental under Ijarah finance agreement		
Within one year	2,007,840	-
After one year but not more than five years	3,228,450 5,236,290	

Represent Ijarah finance facility entered into with First Habib Modaraba in respect of vehicles. Total Ijarah payments due under the agreement is Rs. 5,236,290/- and are payable in monthly installments latest by January 2015. These liabilities are secured by on demand promissory note for the entire amount of the lease rentals.



21.	TURNOVER – net	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	0.1			0.040.007.704
	Sales		2,463,685,929	2,019,227,731
	Less: Sales tax		297,839,585	251,248,318
	Excise duty			23,554,500
	Sales return		7,429,969	6,940,927
	Trade discount		6,920,331 312,189,885	9,933,644
			2,151,496,044	1,727,550,342
			2,101,400,044	1,727,000,042
22.	COST OF SALES			
	Opening stock – raw and packing materials		203,552,747	131,796,799
	Purchases		1,520,233,898	1,260,879,789
			1,723,786,645	1,392,676,588
	Closing stock – raw and packing materials		(251,352,641)	(203,552,747)
	Raw and packing materials consumed		1,472,434,004	1,189,123,841
	Manufacturing expenses			
	Indirect material consumed		4,600,483	5,228,145
	Stores and spares consumed		16,385,978	21,933,540
	Fuel and power		108,943,304 115,082,102	105,745,079 110,218,401
	Salaries, wages and other benefits Rent, rates and taxes		776,153	420,614
	Insurance		3,149,907	3,159,198
	Repairs and maintenance		34,403,398	18,840,053
	Vehicle running and maintenance		3,677,683	2,607,557
	ljarah rentals		542,932	-
	Postage, telephone and telex		567,723	561,004
	Storage and handling charges		8,520,059	10,135,885
	Traveling and conveyance		1,704,845	2,426,099
	Printing and stationery	6.3	790,395	406,039
	Depreciation / amortization Others	0.3	27,891,729 8,648,567	22,567,046 4,435,083
	Others		335,685,258	308,683,743
			1,808,119,262	1,497,807,584
	Inter division transfers - adjustment		764,691	(4,170,712)
	Cost of goods manufactured		1,808,883,953	1,493,636,872
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		29,236,960	14,142,085
	Closing stock		(41,408,924)	(29,236,960)
			(12,171,964)	(15,094,875)
			1,796,711,989	1,478,541,997

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23.	DISTRIBUTION COSTS	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Salaries and other benefits Cartage and freight Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Repairs and maintenance Vehicle running and maintenance Postage, telephone and telex Traveling and conveyance Printing and stationery Electricity Depreciation Sales promotion Others	6.3	9,923,278 109,662,772 748,014 160,882 185,908 1,404,380 472,080 2,332,025 19,817 389,993 700,108 303,577 108,863	8,541,880 98,875,547 675,271 115,092 358,654 1,128,065 496,819 2,052,023 14,647 375,973 487,776 236,517 269,646
		-	126,411,697	113,627,910
24.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries and other benefits Insurance Repairs and maintenance Vehicle running and maintenance		23,333,660 97,367 1,068,748 1,738,193	19,797,247 61,857 1,337,546 1,513,532
	liarah rentals		293,488	-
	Postage, telephone and telex		816,027	766,352
	Traveling and conveyance		3,414,646	1,933,142
	Printing and stationery		446,286	519,195
	Utilities		840,000	664,100
	Depreciation	6.3	1,035,879	700,867
	Legal and professional charges		2,615,170	2,484,338
	Advertisement and publicity		33,360	138,663
	Charity and donations	24.1	1,621,000	784,000
	Auditors' remuneration	24.2	757,585	685,540
	ISO certification fees		214,903	409,055
	Others		1,177,601	1,237,228
			39,503,913	33,032,662

#### 24.1 Charity and donations

None of the directors or their spouses have any interest in any of the donees to whom donations were made during the year

24.2	Auditors' remuneration	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Audit fee Fee for review of half yearly financial statements Other certifications		605,000 60,000 30,000	550,000 55,000 27,500
	Out of pocket expenses	_	62,585 757,585	53,040 685,540



25.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME – net	Note	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
	Income from financial assets Profit on bank deposits		1,342,566	826,561
26.	Income from non-financial assets Scrap sales Gain on disposal of fixed assets Insurance claims Net exchange loss Provision for doubtful debts – reversed  FINANCE COSTS	11.1	393,769 83,532 1,314,884 (888,225) 4,942,415 5,846,375 7,188,941	358,704 116,762 423,214 (784,230) - 114,450 941,011
	Mark-up on: - long-term financing - short-term borrowings - finance lease		8,337,740 11,896,524 607,245 20,841,509	6,029,967 11,082,052 688,363 17,800,382
	Interest on Workers' Profits Participation Fund Bank guarantees commission Bank charges	18.3	327,645 265,581 945,177 22,379,912	118,354 656,705 1,255,286 19,830,727
27.	OTHER CHARGES			
	Workers' Profits Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund		8,683,874 3,121,212 11,805,086	4,172,903 1,585,703 5,758,606
28.	TAXATION			
	Current Prior Deferred		52,961,431 698,196 5,305,122 58,964,749	18,138,733 - 8,001,389 26,140,122
28.1	Relationship between accounting profit and tax expense	)		2012 Rupees
	Profit before taxation			161,872,388
	Tax @ 35%			56,655,336
	Effect of previous year tax charge Others			698,196 1,611,217
	Tax expense			58,964,749
	•			

**28.2** During the year ended 30 June 2011, provision for taxation was made on the basis of minimum tax on turnover under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly, tax expense reconciliation is not presented for previous year.



2012	2011
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#### 29. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share which is based on :

Profit after taxation (Rupees)	102,907,639	51,559,329
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	18,872,413	18,872,413
Earnings per share (Rupees)	5.45	2.73

#### 30. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Company is organized into business units based on their products and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- The resin division produces urea / melamine formaldehyde and formaldehyde; and
- The aminoplast division produces aminoplast compound.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of decisions making about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on certain key performance indicators, including business volume, gross profit and reduction in operating costs.

		2012			2011		
	Resin Division	Aminoplast Division Rupees-	Total	Resin Division	Aminoplast Division Rupees	Total	
Turnover – net	1,097,674,418	1,053,821,626	2,151,496,044	838,038,459	889,511,883	1,727,550,342	
Cost of sales Gross profit Allocated distribution costs	<u>(887,688,999)</u> 209,985,419	(909,022,990) 144,798,636	<u>(1,796,711,989)</u> 354,784,055	<u>(672,805,634)</u> 165,232,825	(805,736,363) 83,775,520	<u>(1,478,541,997)</u> 249,008,345	
(Cartage and freight) (Provision)/ reversal for doubtful debts	(100,225,437) 6,553,104	(9,437,335) (1,610,689)	(109,662,772) 4,942,415	(86,974,944)	(11,900,603)	(98,875,547)	
	116,313,086	133,750,612	250,063,698	78,257,881	71,874,917	150,132,798	
Unallocated expenses:							
Administrative and distribution costs Other operating income Finance costs Other charges Taxation Profit after taxation			(56,252,838) 2,246,526 (22,379,912) (11,805,086) (58,964,749) 102,907,639			(47,785,025) 941,011 (19,830,727) (5,758,606) (26,140,122) 51,559,329	
Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	412,507,080	387,121,739	799,628,819 131,066,499 930,695,318	313,972,260	354,104,036	668,076,296 186,229,026 854,305,322	
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	70,482,503	47,096,153	117,578,656 262,633,298 380,211,954	76,066,349	5,647,380	81,713,729 306,143,455 387,857,184	
Capital expenditure Unallocated capital expenditure Total capital expenditure	35,256,036	871,750	36,127,786 - 36,127,786	4,805,690	16,063,852	20,869,542 1,569,500 22,439,042	
Depreciation Unallocated depreciation Total depreciation	11,532,070	16,359,659	27,891,729 1,735,987 29,627,716	9,984,393	12,582,653	22,567,046 1,188,643 23,755,689	



#### 30.1 Segment assets and liabilities

Segment assets include all operating assets by a segment and consist principally of property, plant and equipment, stock-in-trade and trade debts. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade and other payables.

**30.2** Administrative costs, distribution costs (excluding cartage and freight), other operating income, finance costs, other charges and taxation is managed on Company basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

#### 31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below.

#### 31.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rate and foreign exchange rates.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in respect of long-term financing, short term borrowings and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease with floating interest rate. Management of the Company estimates that 1% increase in market interest rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would decrease the Company's profit before tax by Rs. 1,435,307/- and a 1% decrease would result in the increase in the Company's profit before tax by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual result may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

#### (ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where payables exist due to transactions in foreign currency.

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk amounting to Rs. 42,648,012/-. Management of the Company estimates that 5% increase in exchange rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would decrease the Company's profit before tax by Rs. 2,132,401/- and a 5% decrease would result in the increase in the Company's profit before tax by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual result may differ from sensitivity analysis.

#### 31.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.



The Company is mainly exposed to credit risk on trade debts and bank balances. The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable.

The table below provides the analysis of the credit quality of financial assets on the basis of external credit rating or the historical information about counter party default rates.

	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
The analysis of trade debts is as follows		
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired	179,871,144	175,821,098
- 61 to 90 days	36,896,197	18,425,859
- 91 to 120 days	9,763,279	11,254,978
- 121 to 180 days	4,788,468	2,159,295
	231,319,088	207,661,230
Bank balances		
Ratings		
A1+	62,426,671	63,569,582

#### 31.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its funding requirements. To guard against the risk, the Company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind. The maturity profile is monitored to ensure that adequate liquidity is maintained.

2012	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months Rupees -	1 to 5 Years	Total 
Long-term financing Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Trade and other payables Accrued markup Short-term borrowings	5,075,000 471,392 175,403,895 4,399,183  185,349,470	15,225,000 1,198,241 4,552,438 - 74,641,419 <b>95,617,098</b>	45,675,000 1,244,639 - - - - 46,919,639	65,975,000 2,914,272 179,956,333 4,399,183 74,641,419 <b>327,886,207</b>
2011	Less than 3 Months	3 to 12 months Rupe	1 to 5 years es	Total 
Long-term financing Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Trade and other payables Accrued markup Short-term borrowings	1,296,499 167,560,891 4,715,434	11,625,000 466,956 4,552,438 95,706,104	50,375,000 2,926,824 - - -	62,000,000 4,690,279 172,113,329 4,715,434 95,706,104



#### 32. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to remain as a going concern and continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company is currently financing majority of its operations through long-term and short-term financing in addition to its equity. The Company has a gearing ratio of 36% (2011: 41%) as of the balance sheet date, which in view of the management is adequate considering the size of the operations.

#### 34. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise companies with common directorship, retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Detail of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

	2012 Rupees	2011 Rupees
Purchases	97,229	44,863
Contribution to provident fund	4,377,366	4,025,285

#### 35. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

	2012		2011	
	Chief	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Chief	
	Executive	<b>Executives</b>	Executive	<b>Executives</b>
		Rup	ees	
Managerial remuneration	3,297,630	5,031,378	2,446,714	4,633,271
Retirement and other benefits	2,575,560	2,550,907	1,279,554	2,033,969
House rent	1,360,800	2,084,928	975,017	1,845,888
	7,233,990	9,667,213	4,701,285	8,513,128
Number of person(s)	1	5	1	5

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 35.1 In addition, the Chief Executive and certain executives are provided with free use of Company maintained cars.
- 35.2 Fee paid to non-executive directors for attending the Board meetings amounts to Rs. 0.115 (2011: Rs. 0.090) million.
- 35.3 Further, a non-executive director is provided fee for technical advisory services amounting to Rs. 1.543 million as per contractual arrangement.

#### **CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION** 36.

		20	012	2011	
	Note	Rated capacity	Actual production	Rated Capacity Tons	Actual production
Resin division					
Urea/Melamine formaldehyde		47,000	35,918	34,000	33,537
Formaldehyde		39,000	36,043	39,000	34,562
	36.1	86,000	71,961	73,000	68,099
Aminoplast division					
Aminoplast compound	36.1	12,000	11,598	12,000	10,896

36.1 The reason for shortfall in actual production is low demand during the year.

#### 37. NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 11 September 2012 has approved the following:

- transfer of Rs.300 million from unappropriated profit to general reserve.
- payment of cash dividend of Rs.1.50 per share for the year ended June 30, 2012 for approval of the (ii) members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 25, 2012.

#### 38. **GENERAL**

- 38.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.
- 38.2 There were no material reclassifications that could affect the financial statements.

#### 39. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 11 September 2012 by the Board of Directors of the Company.



## COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC & PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDINGS

## AS AT JUNE 30, 2012

CATEGORY NO.	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	CATEGORYWISE NO. OF SHARE HOLDERS	CATEGORYWISE SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE %
1	INDIVIDUALS		1,234	5,059,573	26.81
2	INVESTMENT COMPANIES		2	2,840	0.01
3	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		14	1,396,502	7.40
4	DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND		3	3,000	0.02
	THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN				
	MR. PER HAGA				
	MR. SHABBIR ABBAS	1,000			
	MR. ALIREZA M. ALLADIN	1,000			
	MR. CHEW TECK LIONG				
	MR. DONALD JOHN JENKIN				
	MR. ALTAF NAZIM	1,000			
	MR. SAJID HASSAN				
5	EXECUTIVES			-	-
l 6	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES		1	6,264,931	33.20
	DYNEA ASA	6,264,931			
7	PUBLIC SETOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS		-	-	-
1 8	BANKS, DFIS, NBFIS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, TAKAFUL, MODARABAS & PENSION FUND		7	381,770	2.02
9	MUTUAL FUNDS		2	2,682,843	14.22
	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - TRUSTEE DEPTT. NI(U)T FUND	1,787,610			
	GOLDEN ARROW SELECTED STOCKS FUND LIMITED	895,233			
10	FOREIGN INVESTORS		13	3,040,215	16.11
11	CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES		F	-	-
12	CHARITABLE TRUSTS		1	38,038	0.20
13	OTHERS		1	2,701	0.01
	TOTAL		1,278	18,872,413	100.00

SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING FIVE PERCENT OR MORE VOTING INTEREST IN	THE LISTED COM	PANY		
TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY	18,872,413	SHARES		
5% OF THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY	943,621	SHARES		
NAME(S) OF SHARE-HOLDER(S)		DESCRIPTION	NO. OF SHARES	PERCENTAGE
DYNEA ASA		FALL IN CAT.# 6	<b>HELD</b> 6,264,931	% 33.20
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - TRUSTEE DEPARTMENT NI(U)T FUND		FALL IN CAT.# 9	1,787,610	9.47
ROBERT FINANCE CORPORATION AG		FALL IN CAT# 10	1 105 160	5.85

TOTAL

48.52

9,157,710

# dynea

## COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC & PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDINGS

## AS AT JUNE 30, 2012

NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDERS	SHAREHOLDINGS RS.5/- EACH			TOTAL SHARES HELD	
498	1		100	14,738	
321	101		500	89,105	
138	501		1,000	106,910	
229	1,001		5,000	546,562	
25	5,001		10,000	168,206	
12	10,001		15,000	154,475	
4	15,001		20,000	70,237	
5	20,001		25,000	111,421	
2	25,001		30,000	56,500	
1	30,001		35,000	31,918	
3	35,001		40,000	115,289	
1	40,001		45,000	44,908	
7	45,001		50,000	331,023	
2	55,001		60,000	116,196	
1	60,001		65,000	60,215	
3	65,001		70,000	198,486	
3	75,001		80,000	230,296	
1	105,001		110,000	106,759	
1	110,001		115,000	115,000	
1	115,001		120,000	116,000	
1	130,001		135,000	134,660	
1	135,001		140,000	140,000	
1	160,001		165,000	161,874	
1	170,001		175,000	170,169	
1	190,001		195,000	194,885	
1	245,001		250,000	250,000	
4	385,001		390,000	1,547,832	
1	400,001		405,000	400,003	
2	405,001		410,000	816,986	
1	625,001		630,000	625,217	
1	705,001		710,000	708,600	
1	880,001		885,000	885,000	
1	895,001		900,000	895,233	
1	1,105,001		1,110,000	1,105,169	
1	1,785,001		1,790,000	1,787,610	
1	6,260,001		6,265,000	6,264,931	
1,278				18,872,413	



Company.

#### **FORM OF PROXY**

#### 30th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

I/We						
of						
being member(s) of D	ynea Pakistan Limi	ted, holding				
Ordinary Shares, her	eby appoint					
of	or	failing him / her				
of		who is/are also member(s) of Dynea Pakistan Limited				
as my/our proxy in my	/our absence to at	ttend and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the to be held on October 25, 2012 and/or any adjournment t				
As witness my/our hand/seal this		day of	2012			
Signed by the said						
in the presence of :	1.					
	2.					
Folio No. / CD	C A/c. No.	Signature on revenue stamp of appropriate value  The Signature should				
		agree with the specime registered with the	า			

#### IMPORTANT:

- 1. The proxy from duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company, i.e. 1st Floor. House of Habib, Siddigsons Tower, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting
- 2. No person shall act as proxy unless he/she himself/herself is a member of the Company, except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not a member.
- 3. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxy are deposited by any member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.

#### $For CDC Account Holders/Corporate \ Entitles:$

In addition to the above the following requirements have to be met:

- i) The proxy from shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and Computerized NIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- ii) Attested copies of Computerized NIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- $iii) \qquad \text{The proxy shall produce his original Computerized NIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.}$
- iv) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier along with proxy form to the Company.